

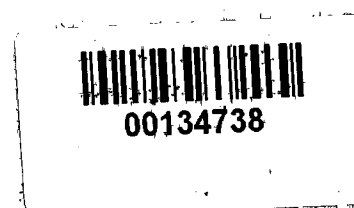
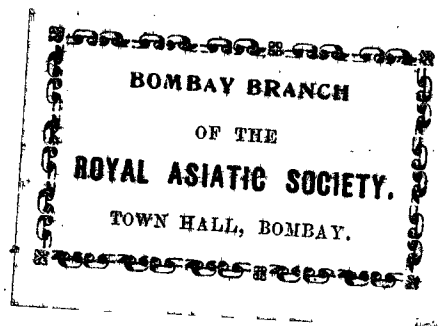
Akalkot State,
Administration report,

1886-87 to 1896-97

(Except. 1889-90)



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LETTER from WILLIAM ALLEN, Esquire, Collector and Political Agent, Sholapur, to A. T. CRAWFORD, Esquire, Commissioner, C. D., Poona, No. POL.—334, dated Sholapur Political Agent's Office, 30th July 1887.

IN conformity with the orders of Government contained in their Resolution No. 4723, Political Department, dated 16th August last, I have the honor to submit herewith 61* printed copies, including one for the use of the record of your office, of the report on the administration of the Akalkot State, for the year ending 31st March 1887, received from the Kárbhári Ráo Bahádur Vithal Raw Tickaji.

2. *The Chief and his family.*—With respect to the progress made by the young Chief in his studies, I am able to embody in this report, the following extract from a memorandum left on record by my predecessor Mr. Fleet:—

“Nothing of any importance has taken place during the year, except the selection of a more competent tutor for the Chief, and the appointment of an English Governess for the Chief's wife. The latter appointment, though rather a novelty, has been very successful hitherto, and should be continued for some time to come.

* * * * *
“He makes but very slow progress with his studies.” * * *

While the Kárbhári in his paragraph 2 reports that the young Chief appears to have made a fair progress in his studies.

From what I have myself seen of the Chief, I should judge that he was of an inactive temperament, both mentally and physically.

I am glad to be able to report for your information that on the 28th October last, the young Ráni Lakshumbái Sáheb Ráje Bhonslay gave birth to a daughter, who is called by the name of Fajrá-Ráje.

Government having been pleased to sanction in their Resolution No. 4157, Political Department, dated 28th ultimo, the proposal submitted by me in my letter No. 224, dated 1st idem, on the subject of granting the Chief partial authority in his State, the Khásgi Department was handed over to him from the 1st instant.

3. *Legislation.*—During the year under report Government were pleased to sanction in their Resolution No. 5531, Political Department, dated 21st September 1886, the formal introduction of certain selected Acts into the State.

4. *Police.*—The percentage of the stolen property recovered during the year under review having fallen from 31 to 25, the operations of the Police seem to be very unsuccessful, which is not satisfactory. The Chief Constable is almost blind, and is about to retire.

5. *Criminal Justice.*—I regret to see that there has been a considerable increase in the number of offences, though not in crime of heinous nature, and especially in the number of persons arrested, there being 91 of the former and 323 of the latter, more than the preceding year.

This increase is mainly due to the cases coming under the head of Voluntarily causing hurt, which cannot be satisfactorily accounted for.

6. *Prisons.*—From the Kárbhári's report under paragraphs 15 to 18, it appears that the administration of jail is satisfactory. A new building for the same is at present under construction, and the new carpet factory, which was introduced last year, appears to have been working well.

7. *Civil Justice.*—The number of suits instituted during the year has risen from 452 to 490, and thus there has been an increase of 38 cases. These, together with the number that remained undisposed of at the close of the preceding year amount to 530. Of these 452 have been disposed of, and the

balance remaining undisposed of at the close of the year was 38 in excess of the number that was awaiting disposal at the corresponding period of the preceding year. The number remaining undisposed of is still not very serious. It seems absurd to say that the real number is only 33, because for certain special reasons 45 could not be heard within the year. When the Subordinate Judge found he could not hear these he could have turned his attention to the 33 cases, and diminished the balance in that way.

8. *Weather and Crops.*—The rainfall, though sufficient, was irregular, and hence the outturn of *bājri* and linseed was deficient; but on the whole, the harvest was a good one. The total waste land during the year under review was 43,080 acres, as against 56,353 in the preceding year, giving a net decrease of 13,274 acres, which is satisfactory. From this it appears that the scheme proposed and introduced by Mr. Loch has been working well; but on the other hand 1,209 acres have fallen out of cultivation. The details of this are not given; it can hardly be supposed that eight (8) rayats, who relinquished land, had each an average holding of 150 acres.

9. *Forest.*—As forest lands have been only recently set apart, the financial result is likely to be a little disheartening for some years to come, but of course money is not the only consideration in the matter.

10. *Public Works.*—During the year under report the expenditure incurred under this head was Rs. 68,811, as against Rs. 45,801 in the preceding year. From the list of works given at paragraph 34 by the *Kārbhāri*, it will be observed that the progress made in connection with Local Fund works is satisfactory. New latrines have been put up. A grain market has been built at Akalkot. The new dam at Shirsi, referred to in paragraph 8 of my report on the administration for the year 1885-86, has been duly completed. A new jail, school-house, and the Rāni's wāda are at present under construction.

An important and useful object of public utility is to supply the town of Akalkot with water by gravitation, which will be undertaken as soon as funds are available; but the cost is so great that there is no present prospect of its being commenced.

11. *Revenue and Finance.*—I am glad to observe that there has been a satisfactory increase of Rs. 10,570, on account of Land Revenue and Local Fund, as compared with that of the last year. This is mainly attributed to waste land having been brought under cultivation. Since the last two years an alteration has been made in the dates of instalments, the last one falling due in April, and thus a new system introduced, and hence the outstanding balance, as it stood on the 31st March 1887, appears to be large, but part has been subsequently collected, and the outstanding amount reduced to Rs. 11,547, including the arrears of Rs. 856, due on account of former years. This, the *Kārbhāri* reports, will be collected before the end of the current month. There must be a want of proper energy, when the payment of so large an amount of revenue is allowed to fall into arrears in years in which the crops are not defective. The actual gross receipts amounted to Rs. 3,08,806, and the expenditure to Rs. 2,92,525, and the cash balance in hand at the close of the year was Rs. 1,45,730 or Rs. 16,271 more than the preceding year.

12. *Customs, &c.*—In order to introduce a free trade policy into the State, as desired by Government, the transit duties hitherto levied have been abolished as per Government Resolution No. 4107, Political Department, dated 19th July 1886, from the 1st of April 1887.

13. *Vital Statistics.*—During the year under report due care was taken in registering births and deaths, and the State was free from any epidemic. Fever, and diarrhoea dysentery constituted the causes of by far the largest proportion of deaths. On the whole, the general health was good.

14. *Instruction.*—There has been an increase in the average attendance of boys and girls, and as well as in the charges for the maintenance of schools, there being thirty-one (31) of the former, and rupees nine hundred and seventy-nine (979) of the latter, more than the preceding year.

15. In conclusion, I am glad to quote the following extract from a memorandum left by my predecessor Mr. Fleet, as to the manner in which Messrs. Vithal Raw Tickáji and Máhádeo Rámchandra Soman have performed their duties:—

“The Kárbhári, Ráo Bahádur Vithal Raw Thiekáji, and the Subordinate Judge, Mr. Máhádeo Rámchandra, have, during the year, discharged their duties with energy and intelligence, and are in every respect thoroughly satisfactory officials.

“The Khárbhári in particular is an extremely good and reliable officer to have in such a post.”

My short acquaintance with the Kárbhári had led me to believe him to thoroughly deserve the encomium passed on him by Mr. Fleet.—I have, &c.

No. 146—Pol. or 1887.

POLITICAL DEPARTMENT.

Poona, 18th August 1887.

Submitted to Government.

2. The year under review was marked by the appointment of a competent law teacher for the Chief and of a European Governess for the Ráni Sáheb. The Kárbhári thinks that the progress of the Chief in his studies was fair, but it is disappointing to find the Political Agent to be of a different opinion. The Commissioner hopes the Chief will shake off his lethargy and take to more active habits hereafter, especially as the time for his investiture with full authority over the State is drawing nigh.

3. The operations of the Police were not so successful as they might have been, the result being partly due to the incapacity of the present Chief Constable. He is about to retire and the Commissioner trusts he will be replaced by a young and energetic officer.

4. Mr. Allen correctly observes that in expending money on forest, the prospective, rather than the immediate, advantages should be looked to. But it is not explained in the Kárbhári's report why, while the expenditure during the year was greater, the receipts should be less even than those in the preceding year.

5. The observation of the undersigned on the important subject of water-supply recorded in his last year's review seems to have attracted the attention of the State authorities. But the project for bringing water to the town of Akalkot by gravitation is costly and there is no immediate prospect of the work being taken in hand.

6. The finances of the State during the year appear to have been satisfactory. The outstanding balance of Rs. 11,546 remaining at the end of May out of a revenue of Rs. 2,09,002 for collection appears rather large and some explanation should have been given by the Kárbhári. It is, however, expected that the whole amount will be collected before the close of the revenue year.

7. The large decrease in the number of patients treated at the Akalkot Dispensary is not explained as it should have been.

8. The Commissioner is glad to endorse the commendation bestowed by the Political Agent on the Kárbhári and the Subordinate Judge for the very satisfactory manner in which they have conducted their duties during the year under notice.

ARTHUR CRAWFORD,

Commissioner, C. D.

PART II.

Administration Report of the Akalkot State for 1886-87.

CHAPTER I—POLITICAL.

CHANGES IN THE ADMINISTRATION.

1. Mr. Vittal Tikaji Karbhari was in charge of the State during the year under report.

THE CHIEF AND HIS FAMILY.

2. Government having sanctioned the proposal for the entertainment of a Law Teacher to the Chief Mr. Govind Narayen Kelker B. A. L. L. B. has been appointed vide Government Resolution No. 3946 dated 12th. July 1886. The young Chief appears to have made a fair progress in his studies under his tuition. Since the appointment of Mr. Kelker the Chief has read the Indian Penal Code and the Civil Procedure Code. Besides he has read Tales from English History and some portions of the Arabian Nights. These latter he reads for improving his English. At present he reads the Civil Procedure Code and the Indian Evidence Act. He also attends the Courts of the Magistrate and the Sub Judge to learn practical work. He follows the cases that are tried in his presence intelligently. He reads newspapers regularly and seems to take interest in current events of a general nature. He also attends Karbhari's Office to learn office work and it is likely that by constant association he will begin to take real and intelligent interest in affairs connected with his State and subjects.

His conduct is good.

3. Shiwaji Raje of Kurla is now kept at Satara for Education and he has made a fair progress in his studies.

4. The appointment of Miss Moxon as Governess to the Rani Saheb of Akalkot has been made during the year under report vide Government Resolution No. 6774 dated 19th November 1886.

No other important changes have taken place in the expenses of the Khasgi Department under the year.

CHAPTER II—ADMINISTRATION OF THE LAND.

SURVEY & SETTLEMENT.

5. The Land Revenue having been settled for twenty years on the Survey System in 1871-72, its administration offers nothing for special notice. The course of the ordinary routine will appear under Chapters IV & V.

CHAPTER III—PROTECTION.

LEGISLATION.

6. The Registration Rules and certain Acts most of which are amendments of those already in vogue in this State came into force during the year under report vide Govt. R. No. 7623 dated 18th December 1885 and No. 5531 dated 21st September 1886.

POLICE.

7. As compared with the last year there has been no change in the Force during the year under report.

8. Besides the regular force there are 205 Shetsandis or village police who hold inam lands, value Rs- 4538-3-0 and receive cash payments to the amount of Rs 2171-6-0 a year.

9. The following table shows the total value of property stolen and recovered as compared with the previous year.

	1885—86	1886—87
Property stolen... ..	8,561	3,370
Property recovered	2,698	840
Percentage... ..	31	25

The percentage of property recovered is less than that of last year which is not satisfactory.

CRIMINAL JUSTICE.

10. The total number of offences committed during the year was 376, and of persons accused 688: This shows an increase of 91 in the No. of offences and of 323 in the No. of accused persons.

The result of the trial of persons accused is as follows:-

	1885—86	1886—87
Convicted	156	190
Discharged	136	445
Acquitted	65	36
Committed to the Sessions ...	3	17
Remaining at the end of the year ...	5	0
	365	688

11. The following are the offences alleged to have been committed:—

Attempt to commit murder... 1	Extortion... .. 2
Attempt to commit suicide... 3	Assault 17
Theft... .. 43	Housetress pass &c. 9
Robbery 3	Mischief 23
Dacoity 1	Nuisance 32
Receiving stolen property ... 7	Cheating 2
Criminal breach of trust ... 6	Miscellaneous ... 58
Voluntarily causing hurt ... 166	
Ditto Ditto grievous hurt 3	
	376

12. The details of the offences tried by the District Magistrate and the Subordinate Magistrates of Akalkot, Pilio and Kurla are given in Appendix C

13. The average detention of witnesses in criminal cases in the Sessions Court and in that of other courts of the State was 6 and .5 respectively.

14. The following table gives in opposite columns the details of trials held by the Sessions Court during the year under report and the previous year.

	1885—86	1886—87
Cases	1	3
Prisoners... ..	3	17
<i>of prisoners</i>		
Convicted... ..	2	13
Acquitted... ..	1	4
Remaining	"	"

There were two appeals presented to Government; in one conviction was confirmed but the sentence being severe was reduced; and the other was rejected.

PRISONS.

15. The total number of prisoners confined during the year was 69 consisting of 65 males and 4 females as compared with 75 (67 males and 8 females) for last year.

16. The cost of prisoners is given in Appendix D, the total for the year being Rs 1542-2-8. New Jail Building is under construction now. New carpet factory has been opened in the Jail and it is working well. Strong and durable carpets are manufactured in the factory.

17. The expenses of the Warders, repairs to the Jail and other Miscellaneous expenses connected with the Jail, amounted to Rs-874 as compared with Rs. 960 for last year.

18. The general health of the prisoners appears to have been good. The number of cases treated this and last year are as shown below:—

	1885—86		1886—87	
	males	females	males	females
Remaining ill on 31st March. ...	0	0	0	0
Admitted... ..	129	1	97	4
	129	1	97	4
Discharged cured	127	1	92	4
Died	2	0	2	0
Remaining	0	0	3	0
	129	1	97	4

Two prisoners died during the year, in Jail, of Dysentery.

CIVIL JUSTICE.

19- The Statistics of the Civil Suits in the year under report and the previous are as under:-

	1885—86	1886—87
Undisposed of at the beginning of the year	186	40
Filed during the year	452	490
	638	530
Disposed of	598	452
Remaining undisposed of	40	78
	638	530

This shows an increase of 38 in the number of suits instituted during the year under report- The number of suits undisposed of seems larger than that of the last year, but the real balance is only 33; the trials of the 25 suits have been stayed by order of the Political Agent pending departmental enquiry by the Karbhari into the subject of the suits and 20 suits were instituted after the 22nd of March and they have been instituted too late, could not come in for hearing during the year. Deducting these suits and those in which the proceedings have been stayed, the real balance at the end of the year was 33 (including Pilio and Kurla) which is not in excess of that of the last year-

20- The value of suits instituted and the cost of of litigation as compared with the previous year is as follows:-

	1885—86	1886—87
Suits value of... ..	56,105	42,969
Costs (including stamps) ...	8,003	5,813
<i>Percentage of cost</i>		
Akalkot... ..	14	14
Pilio... ..	10	12
Kurla... ..	13	3

21- In Appendix E is shown the number of Civil Suits and Miscellaneous Cases disposed of by the State Courts of Akalkot, Pilio and Kurla during the year under report, and the amount under litigation and the cost in each case.

22. Appendix F gives a similar account of the number of applications for the execution of decrees during the year and Statement G gives the details of appeals in Civil suits, which compared with the previous year show the following results.

	1885—86	1886—87
Balance... ..	29	36
Re-admitted	1	0
Instituted during the year... ..	31	20
Total	61	56
Disposed of	25	14
Balance on 31st. March	36	42

23- The total value of suits in which appeals were instituted was:—

	1885—86	1886—87
Value of suits	6,329	1,970
Cost of appeals	896	323
Average cost of each appeal	36	23
Average percentage	14	16

REGISTRATION.

24- The new Registration Rules which came into force from 1st April 1886- appear to work well.

25- The details of documents registered during the year are shown in Appendix H. Compared with the previous year the general result is as follows:—

	1885—86	1886—87
Number of documents registered	240	315
Value of registration... ..	43,961	48,676
Fees levied... ..	723	477

MILITARY.

26- A Jamadar, 2 Havaldars, 3 Naiks and 40 Sepoys constitute the only force entertained in the State. They are employed to guard the treasury, Raja Saheb's palace, and Jail.

CHAPTER IV—PRODUCE AND DISTRIBUTION.

AGRICULTURE, WEATHER AND CROPS.

27. The total arable land is 2,87,256 acres including waste. The distribution of crops during the year on the total khalsa cultivated land, in comparison with the previous year, was as under:—

Kharif.						Rabi.									
		Acres.		1885-86		1886-87				Acres.		1885-86		1886-87	
		1885-86	1886-87	1885-86		1886-87				1885-86	1886-87	1885-86		1886-87	
				a.	p.	a.	p.					a.	p.	a.	p.
Bajri	...	26,372	25,979	2	0	2	0	Jowari	...	1,01,257	1,04,426	8	0	7	9
Tobacco	...	510	669	0	1	0	1	Wheat	...	6,279	6,228	0	5	0	5
Sugar-cane.		376	496	0	1	0	1	Gram	...	5,359	6,179	0	4	0	6
Rice	...	3,489	3,583	0	2	0	3	Linseed	...	13,522	21,270	1	0	1	7
Matki	...	1,038	2,045	0	10	0	2	Uncultivated		14,093	17,565	1	0	1	3
Cotton	...	1,448	1,430	0	1	0	1								
Hulga	...	648	1,218	0	1	0	1								
Miscella-															
neous	...	24,306	22,002	1	11	1	9								
				5	3	4	6					10	9	11	6

The rain fall this year though plentiful was irregular and consequently linseed and bajri crops suffered much. On the whole the year was good.

The water supply was abundant through out the year.

28- The rain fall as shown by the rain guage at Akalkot was 36 inches and 41-cents or 5 inches and 56 cents less than last year.

29- The total waste land (including the Forest land acres 30,792-16 assessment Rs 22,571-13) is now 43,079 acres and 26 guntas assessed at Rs 30,782-13-0. The waste land taken up for cultivation since last year amounts to 14,483 acres and 1,209 acres have fallen out of cultivation. 8 Rayats relinquished their lands during the year, as against 5 last year.

30- The number of occupants is 5,674 and the average size of holding is 38 acres 8 guntas. The average assessment per acre is 13 annas 3 pies.

31. The following table shows the agricultural stock of the year under report and the previous year:—

	1885-86.	1886-87.		1885-86	1886-87.
Bullocks ..	21,199	23,001	Goats...	8,929	9,790
Cows ...	19,960	12,529	Camels...	70	76
Cow-buffaloes ..	4,676	4,901	Ploughs (2 bullocks)	729	615
Bull-buffaloes ...	2,777	2,907	do (4 bullocks)	2,357	2,499
Horses...	464	444	Carts...	556	587
Mares...	469	474	Wells with steps.....	1,358	1,358
Foals...	153	197	Canals from bandha		
Asses...	267	316	as temporary. ...	84	76
Sheep ..	18,934	15,728	Budkis ...	212	204

Increase in the number of agricultural stock and impliments is observable this year owing to good season.

PRICES OF PRODUCE AND LABOUR.

32. Details of the prices of produce and labour are given in Appendix I. The labour has remained almost Stationery, but it was dearer than former year's owing to several public works being in progress in the State.

HORTICULTURE AND FOREST.

33. The Settlement of the Forests in the State has already been made. Few occupied lands are to be acquired as yet; it is not likely that they would be got without recourse to the Land Acquisition Act.

The receipts from Forest revenue this year amount to Rs 1,374 and expenditure to Rs- 2,407 against Rs- 1,763 and Rs- 2,122 respectively on account of last year. Rs- 558-13-11 have been spent for planting and maintaining the roadside trees.

PUBLIC WORKS.

34- The following sums were spent on public works during the year under report.

New roads	...	...	...	...	21,195—9—0
Repairs to existing roads...	...	...	...	...	499—9—7
New chavadis	...	...	...	...	1,492—1—0
Repairs to ditto	...	...	...	...	204—5—11
New Dharmashalas	...	...	...	...	2,933—3—8
Repairs to ditto	...	...	...	...	46—8—10
Water works, wells and Bandharas...	...	...	...	...	3,368—15—0
Repairs to wells	...	...	...	...	83—1—6
New latrines	...	...	...	...	604—8—9
Grain market	...	...	...	...	1,983—8—2
Otherworks	...	...	...	...	7,274—0—1
Establishment	...	...	...	...	2,165—7—0
New school house at Akalkot	...	...	...	...	10,000—0—0
Wada for Rani Saheb at ditto...	...	...	...	...	10,000—0—0
New Jail at ditto	...	...	...	...	6,959—13—10
Total...					68,810—12—4

The roads being badly wanted in the State their construction is entrusted to Public Works Department. Their plans and estimates have not yet been received from the Executive Engineer Sholapur. The rent realized from the grain market is 8 per cent on the total outlay spent on the work and the said work can be considered as a productive work in all respects. The Bandhara at Sirsi is completed and this is one of the best water works the State has ever done before. The new School house and the Rani's Wada are now under construction and will look very splendid buildings when completed. It is under contemplation to bring water to the town of Akalkot by gravitation. The Project is a very big one and is likely to cost Rs- 1½ lakhs.

35. The Great Indian Peninsula Railway and the S. M. Railway pass through the State; the former with a station at Karabgaon, seven miles from Akalkot to which there is a metalled road, and the latter with a station at Tawdal. One feeder road will be made to this Station in 1887-88. Plan and estimate for this road are being prepared.

36. There is a Post Office at Akalkot managed and maintained by the British Government. There is also a Post Office at Kurla.

CHAPTER V—REVENUE & FINANCE.

37. The attached Statement J is an abstract statement which will show at a glance the fluctuations from year to year in each main head of receipts and expenditure. Statement K shows the items of Receipts and Expenditure in detail. The Budget Estimate for the current year was submitted in February last and sanctioned by Government under G. R. Political Department No. 2424 dated 11th April 1887. Separate Budget for Local Fund Receipts and Expenditure was submitted and sanctioned vide R. No. above quoted.

LAND REVENUE.

38. The total area of the Akalkot State excluding alienated villages and including Kurla is 3,12,250 acres and 28 guntas, but of this 24,994 acres and 24 guntas are unculturable. The remainder 2,87,256 acres and 4 guntas, which is, with the exception of 5,423 acres and 3 guntas, dry crop land, is assessed at Rs- 2,40,622-9-0.

From this must be deducted

	acres.	guntas.	assessed at Rs.
Inam land...	...18,355	—16	...15,250—9—0
Waste ...	...43,079	—21	...30,782—13—0
Private estate of the Raja (Sheriland) ...	...2,948	—20	...4,727—13—0
The village of Kurla ...	...6,007	—1	...4,585—4—0

leaving a total of 2,16,866-26 and assessment of Rs- 1,85,276-2-0. But of this Rs- 467-9-6 will only become due on the expiry of the leases which are given to many cultivators before the introduction of the Survey and Rs- 3,327-10-2 were deducted on account of 7/16 of the Survey assessment being due to the Sardeshmukhs and farmers of 6 villages, leaving a total of Rs- 1,81,480-14-4. The extra rent obtained from the Sheriland amounted to Rs- 1,182-3-0 and the Miscellaneous Receipts Rs- 7,557-13-2 making a total land revenue for the year Rs- 1,90,220-14-6.

The Local Fund cess amounted to Rs- 12,974-7-7.

39. The Miscellaneous receipts were as follows:—

No.	Miscellaneous Receipts.	Amount.		
		Rs	a.	p.
1	Sale of grazing or waste land ...	1155	11	0
2	Do. of right of occupancy &c. ...	4355	15	1
3	Do. of wood ...	508	4	3
4	House rent ...	131	7	6
5	Melon grounds &c. ...	91	13	10
6	Mangoes and other fruits sold by auction...	175	14	3
7	Receipts from Saranjami villages ...	47	1	9
8	Quit rent of village officers ...	470	1	6
9	Notice fee ...	626	8	0
	Total	7,557	13	2

40. A comparison with the receipts of last year shows that there is an increase in the following items:—

(1) On account of waste ...	...9,314—14—0
(2) Do. Falling of leases ...	... 418— 5—3
(3) Do. Private estate of the Raja ...	...1,048— 8—0
(4) Do. of 7/16 of the survey assessment due to the farmers of 6 villages. ...	... 57— 8—4
(5) Do. Local Fund cess ...	... 554— 7—6
(6) Do. Assessment of land received in the settlement of Hili Manur boundary dispute ...	... 35— 0—0
(7) Do. of Boregaon village Site ...	... 0— 6—0
	<u>Increase 11,429— 1—1</u>

and a decrease

(1) On account of extra rent from Sheri land ...	... 38— 8—0
(2) Do. Miscellaneous receipts ...	... 822—12—8
	<u>Decrease 859— 4—8</u>

There is thus a total increase of land revenue and Local Fund of Rs- 10,569-12-5. The revenue from sayer amounts to Rs- 5,808-14 same as last year.

41. On the 31st March 1887 the out standing balances were as follows:—

Year.	Land Revenue..			Sayer.			1 anna cess.			Total.		
	Rs.	a.	p.	Rs.	a.	p.	Rs.	a.	p.	Rs.	a.	p.
1886—87...	96,682	8	2	421	9	8	1,130	10	5	98,234	12	3
1885—86...	191	4	3	"	"	"	"	3	9	191	8	"
1884—85...	300	8	5	"	"	"	"	6	12	307	5	2
1883—84...	110	5	3	"	"	"	"	"	"	110	5	3
1880—81...	19	2	0	"	"	"	"	6	12	25	14	"
1878—79...	211	2	1	"	"	"	"	7	9	218	11	1
1877—78...	166	3	3	"	"	"	"	13	5	179	8	9
1876—77...	32	11	2	"	"	"	"	"	"	32	11	2
Total...	97,713	12	7	421	9	8	1,165	5	5	99,300	11	8

The large sum of outstanding balance at the end of the year was owing to the change introduced since last two years into the dates of the instalments, the last instalment falling due in April.

Of the outstanding balance of Rs- 99,300-11-8 Rs- 87,754-0-9 had been collected upto 31st May last leaving a balance of Rs- 11,546-10-11 including Rs- 855-15-5 on account of former year's balance. This will be collected before the end of July 1887.

ALIENATION.

42. During the year under report no alienations have been resumed.

TAKAVI.

43. Rs- 2,030 were advanced this year and Rs 4,084-11-7 out of the former advances were recovered, the balance now being Rs- 6,240-14-2.

CUSTOMS, SALT AND OPIUM.

44. The transit duties hitherto levied in the State have been abolished from 1st April 1887 vide G. R. No. 4107 dated 19th July 1886. The Abkari Department in the State is now managed by the British Government and this state of things will continue till the chief attains majority.

45. The State is now free from debt.

CHAPTER VI—VITAL STATISTICS AND MEDICAL SERVICES.

BIRTHS & DEATHS.

46. The Births during the past and previous years were as follows:—

	1885—86	1886—87
Boys	1285	1323
Girls	1247	1299
	2532	2622

47. The deaths were of adults 515. of children 683 as follows:—

	1885—86	1886—87
Men	333	269
Women	348	276
Boys	369	324
Girls	350	359
	1391	1228

48. The main causes of deaths are as follows:—

Small pox ... 1	Miscarriage ... 1
Fever ... 524	Abortion ... 4
Measles ... 66	Puerperal fever ... 8
Cholera ... 6	Puerperal consumption ... 12
Leprosy ... 4	Snake-bite ... 6
Phthisis pulmonalis ... 36	By lightning ... 2
Diarrhoea Dysentery ... 197	By drowning in wells ... 18
Hepatitis ... 13	Miscellaneous ... 315
Jaundice ... 15	
	1228

49. These deaths took place among the following castes:—

Mahomedans	145
Hindus	1004
Other castes	79
Total	1228

50. The marriages in the year under report numbered 655 of which 40 were amongst Mahomedans, 241 amongst other castes and 374 amongst Hindus.

MEDICAL RELIEF.

51. In the Dispensary at Akalkot 4,672 patients were treated during the year against 7,905 in the preceding year. The cost under this head is Rs-2,109-9-0.

SANITATION.

52. The cost of Conservancy was Rs- 771-7-0. The sanitary condition of the town of Akalkot has been much improved by employing more sweepers and by erecting more latrines.

VACCINATION.

53. There was only one death from small-pox during the year under report as against 10 in the previous year.

54. The Vaccination Return for the year under report is Appended, marked L compared with the previous year the vaccinations were as under:-

			1885-86	1886-87
Vaccinations	...	...	2472	2197
Successful	...	...	2042	1863
Doubtful	...	...	430	334

The people vaccinated during the year belonged to the following castes.

Hindus	...	...	1525
Mahomedans	...	...	345
Others	...	...	327
			<u>2197</u>

CHAPTER VII—INSTRUCTION.

55. The following table shows the number of schools and scholars:—

Description.	Number of schools.			Average attendance.			Cost.		
	Boys.	Girls.	Total.	Boys.	Girls.	Total.	Rs.	as	p.
Anglo Vernacular & Vernacular...	21	1	22	873.5	27.7	901.2	6025	14	4
Hindustani...	3	0	3	74.3	0	74.3	552	0	0
Total.	24	1	25	947.8	27.7	975.5	6,577	14	4

There has been an increase in the number of schools and the average attendance of scholars.

CONCLUDING REMARKS.

56. The rain fall was abundant in the year under report, but it was irregular. With the exception of Bajri and Linseed all other crops were good.

The accounts of all the villages in the state together with those in the Pilio and Kurla Mahals have been examined. The number of Receipt books examined during the year under report was 4,379 as against 3,913 last year. The Mahalkari's Kacheries at Pilio and Kurla were also examined. Visited all the schools in the State as well as those in the Pettas of Pilio and Kurla. Almost all the villages have chavadies- Dharmshallas have also been built in the villages much frequented by the travellers. When roads are made the State will be considered to have done its duty in respects of all the works of public utility. The only but large work of public utility which is badly wanted in the State is the water supply in the Akalkot town. This work is likely to cost Rs 1½ lakhs, and will be undertaken as soon as the roads are completed.

Akalkot }
25th June 1887. }

VITHAL TIKAJI
Karbhari.

POLITICAL RELATIONS.

APPENDIX A.—Form I.

Native States.

Name of State.	TRIBUTE IN MEN OR MONEY.		Estimated Population	Schools.	Persons being taught.	Persons who have been vaccinated.	Prevailing diseases.	Supposed gross revenue.	Military Force.	Transit duties or not.	Principle articles of produce, manufactures and mines. &c.
	Amount.	To whom payable.									
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
Akalkot.	Rs. 14,592 Commuted payment in lieu of contingent of horse.	British Government.	58,040 As per Census of 1881.	1 A. Vernacular School. 20 Vernacular schools. 1 girl's class. 3 Hindustani 25	1,201 boys 41 girls 1242	2,197	Malarious fever, rheumatic affections, diseases of eyes, of the respiratory system, of the stomach & bowels, & of the cutaneous system.	2,84,000	1 Jamadar. 2 Havaldars. 3 Naiks, 41 Sepoys.	Transit duties have been abolished vide G. R. No. 4107 dated 19th July 1886	A purely agricultural country, jowari, rice, sugar-cane, gram, wheat, linseed, kardi are the chief products. Saris, shelas, dupetas, cholis, turbans, are produced by weavers. Carpets are also manufactured in the Jail. There are no mines.

AKALKOT 25th. JUNE 1887.

VITHAL TIKAJI,
Karbhari.

B.—POLITICAL RELATIONS.

APPENDIX B.—Form II.

Native chiefs, principal male members of their Families, principal members of their Court.

Name of Individual, State, and Family to which he belongs	Residence	Present position.	Caste or race and religion	Age	how and where educated	Has sanad authorizing adoption or not.	How employed	Family follows Primogeniture or not	Has male heirs or not.	Remarks.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11
Shahaji Maleji <i>alias</i> Baba saheb Raje Bhonsle.	Akalkot.	Minor	M a r a t h a Hindu.	19 years and 4 months	At Kolhapur	Has sanad	...	F o l l o w s Primogeniture	...	Has a daughter aged 5 months on 31st March 1887.
Tulaji bin Fattasing <i>alias</i> Raje saheb Raje Bhonsle.	Poona.	Residence at Poona with his family ...	Ditto	35 years.	Privately and at Poona High School.	Has not	No employment...	Ditto	No.	

AKALKOT 25th JUNE 1887

VITHAL TIKAJI.
Karbhari.

C.—JUDICIAL.

Offences committed or tried by the District Magistrate and by the Subordinate Magistrates. Akalkot, Pilio and Kurla in 1886-87.

*Section.	Number of cases	Number of accus- ed.	Arrested	Convict- ed.	Acquitt- ed and discharg- ed.	Died.	Commit- ted.	Remain- ing.
<i>Cognizable Offences.</i>								
307...	1	1	1	0	0	0	1	0
309...	3	4	3	0	3	0	0	0
325...	3	4	3	0	3	0	0	0
379...	24	32	32	14	18	0	0	0
380...	19	10	8	1	7	0	0	0
392...	2	4	4	1	3	0	0	0
395...	1	0	13	0	0	0	13	0
395 | 109	0	0	2	0	0	0	2	0
406...	6	7	6	2	4	0	0	0
411...	7	10	10	3	7	0	0	0
429...	1	1	1	0	1	0	0	0
435...	1	2	2	0	2	0	0	0
436...	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
447...	3	4	4	1	3	0	0	0
448	1	2	2	0	2	0	0	0
456 | 511	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
457 | 380	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
554 | 380	2	3	3	0	3	0	0	0
224...	3	3	3	2	1	0	0	0
324...	2	5	5	0	5	0	0	0
225...	1	3	3	0	3	0	0	0
341...	4	6	6	0	6	0	0	0
433 | 511	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
376 | 511	1	1	1	0	1	0	0	0
394...	1	3	3	0	3	0	0	0
	92	105	115	24	75	0	16	0
<i>Non-cognizable Offences.</i>								
183...	2	2	2	0	2	0	0	0
193...	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0
265...	1	2	2	0	2	0	0	0
266...	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0
290...	32	32	31	28	3	0	0	0
323...	164	384	384	64	320	0	0	0
352...	17	25	25	5	20	0	0	0
384...	2	3	3	3	0	0	0	0
403...	6	9	9	5	4	0	0	0
417...	2	2	2	0	2	0	0	0
426...	17	29	29	13	16	0	0	0
497...	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0
160...	3	13	13	13	0	0	0	0
427...	1	2	2	0	2	0	0	0
506...	3	3	3	0	3	0	0	0
202...	1	2	2	1	1	0	0	0
186...	1	2	2	0	2	0	0	0
498...	4	6	6	1	5	0	0	0
312...	1	1	1	0	1	0	0	0
223...	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0
209...	1	1	1	0	1	0	0	0
510...	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0
494...	0	0	2	0	1	0	1	0
	263	523	524	138	385	0	1	0

C.—JUDICIAL.

Section.	Number of cases	Number of accus- ed.	Arrested	Convict- ed.	Acquitt- ed and discharg ed.	Died.	Commit ted.	Remain ing
Act I of 1871 Section 20 ...	2	3	3	0	3	0	0	0
Do. do 22...	4	7	7	1	6	0	0	0
Do. do 24...	5	18	18	10	8	0	0	0
Act V of 1878 Section 43..	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0
Do do 45...	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0
Act VII of 1867 Section 33.	3	8	8	5	3	0	0	0
Act VII of 1878 Sec. 25 (g).	2	6	6	5	1	0	0	0
Do do Sec. 25 ...	3	5	5	5	0	0	0	0
	21	49	49	28	21	0	0	0
	376	677	688	190	481	0	17	0

AKALKOT
25th. JUNE 1887- }

VITHAL TIKAJI,
Karbhari.

D

Statement of Prisoners in the Akalkot State for the year ending 31st March 1887.

Number	Name of Jail	Daily average number	RATIONS		FIXED ESTABLISHMENT.		CLOTHING		CONTINGENCIES		Grand total.	Total receipts from convict labour	Net cost or column 12 minus column 13	Total expenditure (column 12) per head of average strength	Net cost column (14) per head of average strength	
			Total Cost.	Cost per head of average strength.	Total cost.	Cost per head of average strength.	Total Cost.	Cost per head of average strength.	Total Cost.	Cost per head of average strength.						
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	
			Rs a. p.	Rs a. p.	Rs a. p.	Rs a. p.	Rs a. p.	Rs a. p.	Rs a. p.	Rs a. p.	Rs. a	Rs a. p.	Rs a. p.	Rs a. p.	Rs a. p.	
1	Akakot	30	678 8	422 9	10828 0	027 9	70 0	00 0	035 10	41 3	01542 2	8322 8	7719 10	1 51	6 6	23 15

Akalkot, 25th. June 1887.

VITHAL TIKAJI,
Karbhari

E

RETURN of Civil cases decided in the Akalkot Courts from 1st April 1886 to 31st March 1887.

Number	Nature of case.	ON ACCOUNT OF WHAT YEARS.										From 1st. April 1886. to 31st. March 1887.	Total.	Total decided.	Remain- ing.	Total amount under-litiga- tion.		Costs.										Amount of Cost of each cost per- cent.		Remarks.
		1880-81	1881-82	1882-83	1883-84	1884-85	1885-86	Total.	Rs.	a.	p.					Rs.	a.	p.	Rs.	a.	p.	Rs.	a.	p.	Rs.	a.	p.			
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20											

Akalkot, 25th June 1887.

VITHAL TIKAJI,
Karbhari.

F

RETURN of application for the execution of Decrees in the Akalkot State for the year 1886-87.

Number.	In the Court of	Arrears.	Received during the year.	Disposed of				Executions how carried out, and Number of Applications undisposed of										Details of Durkhast remaining undisposed.							
				Dismissed.	Executed in full.	Executed in part.	Total.	Executed by giving possession.			Executed by attachment.			Number of persons imprisoned.	Discharged on account of pauper.	Remaining.	1880-81.	1881-82.	1882-83.	1883-84.	1884-85.	1885-86.	1886-87.		
								Immovable property.	Moveable pro- perty.	Immovable and moveable.	Immovable moveable.	Immovable property.	Moveable pro- perty.											Immovable and moveable.	
1	Rao Sahab Madhao Rao Ranchandra Soman, Sub-Judge of Akalkot...	445	588	1,033	297	131	396	824	24	5	2	160	196	133	9	11	0	209	6	11	8	7	2	32	143
2	Mr. Vinayak Moreswar, Mahalkari, Pilio.	3	8	11	1	8	2	11	0	0	0	5	5	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
3	Mr. Balwant Krishna and	2	6	8	5	1	1	7	0	0	0	3	3	0	1	1	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	1
4	Mr. Kashinath Vithal Mahalkari of Kurla								0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	6	11	8	7	2	32	144
	Total.....	457	602	1,052	303	140	399	842	24	5	2	168	204	134	10	12	0	210	6	11	8	7	2	32	144

Akalkot, 25th June 1887.

VITHAL TIKAJI,
Karbhari.

G

RETURN of Appeals in Civil Suits remaining filed and decided in the Court of the Collector and Political Agent Sholapur from 1st April 1886 to 31st March 1887.

For disposal.				Disposed of					Appeals on the file at the close of the year.	Total amount under litigation in cases disposed of	Cost.	Cost of each appeal.	Amount of cost per cent.
Arrears.	Re-admitted on the file.	Instituted during the year.	Total.	On merits.	Ex-parte.	Remanded.	Dismissed for default &c.	Total.					
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14
36	...	20	56	11	...	2	1	14	42	1,969	323	23	16

AKALKOT
25th JUNE 1887.

VITHAL TIKAJI,
Karbhari.

H

RETURN showing the number of Documents registered in the Akalkot State during the year 1886-87.

Documents.	Immoveable.			Moveable.	Immoveable and Moveable.		Lands and Houses	Lands, Houses and Trees.	Total Documents.	Up to Rs. 109		Above Rs. 100.		Total.		Total Amount of fees levied.	Rates of Fees levied.
	Lands.	Houses.	Trees.		Documents.	Amount.				Documents.	Amount.	Documents.	Amount.				
1 Mortgage deeds	61	28	1	3	9	1	34	187	70	Rs. a. p. 4,365 0 0	6720,199-13-4	137	24,554 13 4	218 5 0	As per Schedule sanctioned by the Political Agent on the 15th of March 1886.		
2 Deeds of sale...	18	92	0	7	6	0	16	139	101	5,923 12 0	3813,804 8 0	139	19,728 4 0	194 3 0			
3 Deeds of gift...	0	2	0	0	3	0	1	6	4	290 0 0	2 800 0 0	6	1,090 0 0	10 7 0			
4 Other documents	22	6	0	0	2	0	3	33	*23	796 2 0	*8 2,507 0 0	*31	3,303 2 0	54 6 0			
Total.	101	128	1	10	20	1	54	315	196	11,364 14 0	115 37,311 5 4	313	48,676 3 4	477 5 0			

*Of other documents 2 documents bearing no value have been excluded from these columns.

AKALKOT
26th JUNE 1887- }

VITHAL TIKAJI,
Karbhari.

I.

Statement showing the prices of Produce and Labour in the Akalkot State for the Year 1886-87.

Table showing Labour.

Labourers.	Wages per day.
Carpenter...	From 12 annas to 8 annas.
Mason...	" 12 " to 4 "
Blacksmith...	" 12 " to 10 "
Sawyer...	" 12 " to 10 "
Coolies { Men ...	" 4 " to 3 "
{ Women ...	" 2 " to 1½ "
{ Boys ...	Two annas.
Carts...	From 12 annas to 10 annas.
Bhisti...	" 6 " to 5 "
Lime-burner...	" 12 " to 10 "
Corn-grinder...	1 anna per pāli.

Table showing Produce.

Produce	Sorts	Rate per Rupee	Produce	Sorts	Rate per Rupee
		Lbs.			Lbs.
Jowari...	Best.	72	Sugar.....	Best	6
Do.	Common	80	Do.....	Common	11
Wheat.....	Best.	32	Cocoanut	"	7
Do.	Common	36	Date (dry)	"	12
Rice.....	Best.	24	Do.....	"	12
Do.	Common	26	Salt.....	"	26
Do. (Kalabhat)	Best.	16	Chilli-pepper	"	10
Bajri.....	Common	32	Onions.....	"	96
Gram.....	"	48	Garlic.....	"	12
Rala.....	"	40	Turmeric.....	"	12
Urid.....	"	36	Clove.....	"	14
Dal (Masur)	"	24	Betel-nut	Best.	3
Do. (Lakh)	"	32	Do.....	Common	6
Do. (Tur)	"	36	Ginger:	"	4
Linseed.....	"	28	Black-pepper	"	2
Ambada.....	"	80	Tobacco.....	"	10
Mustard.....	"	18	Firewood.....	"	320
Methi.....	"	20	Mutton...	Best.	8
Castor-seed	"	32	Do.	Common.	10½
Ground-nut.....	"	40	Karbi, kats 3 per Rupee.		
Rajgira.....	"	24	Grass, bundles 200 do.		
Corriander-seeds	"	64	Cattle hides, from 1 to 5 Rs. each charas.		
Cotton (with seed)	"	24	Goats do. 2 annas each.		
Cotton (without seed)	"	5	Tiles, Rs. 4 to 3 per 1,000.		
Sawa...	"	32	Bricks, Rs. 8 to 7 per do.		
Til.....	"	24	Earthen Vessels Rs. 6 per 100.		
Mug...	"	32	Do. Pots, 40 to 32 per Rs.		
Karala...	"	40	Do. Pipes, 8 to 10 do.		
Kardi...	"	64	Quicklime, Rs. 50 per candi.		
Milk.....	"	24	Building stones, dressed (khandki) from Rs. 3½ to 6 per 100.		
Curds.....	"	48	Rubble stones, Rs. 3 to 4 per 100 c. ft.		
Gur.....	Best	12	Dressed stones on two sides, Rs. 13 to 15 per 100.		
Do.	Common	14	Paving stones, Rs. 6 to 5 per 100.		
Ghee.....	Best	3	Stones, chips, Rs. 4 to 3 per 100.		
Do.	Common	3½	Plinth stones, Rs. 7 to 10 per 100.		
Butter.....	"	3½	Loose stones, 6 to 4 carts per Rupee.		
Oil.....	"	10			
Oil Cake.....	"	60			

Akalkot, 25th June 1887 }

VITTAL TIKAJI
Karbhari.

Abstract Statement of Expenditure of the Akalkot State.

No.	Expenditure.	1885-86.	1886-87
		Rs.	Rs.
1	Expenses of the Raja, relations, dependents and private Establishment...	74,687	87,416
2	Religious and charitable allowances...	7,242	6,244
3	Hereditary allowances...	4,182	5,868
4	District Hereditary officers...	11,192	11,927
5	Village Hereditary officers...	13,314	12,338
6	Village servants and expenses	2,305	2,565
7	Political establishment	3,230	3,425
8	Civil Courts	7,246	7,271
9	Revenue establishment	16,089	13,927
10	Jail	12,510	4,813
11	Police	11,106	9,736
12	Sibandi	3,862	4,824
13	Judicial expenses	252	775
14	Stamps...	373	514
15	Commuted payment to British Government in lieu of Akalkot contingent	14,592	14,592
16	Pensions	6,263	6,615
17	Medical	1,942	2,110
18	Educational	6,573	7,863
19	Local Fund...	472	676
20	Public works	45,802	68,811
21	Registration account	61	52
22	Forest do...	2,122	2,407
23	Miscellaneous ...	14,589	1,716
		2,60,006	2,76,485
24	Advances, despoits &c.	21,620	16,050
	Grand total ...	2,81,626	2,92,535

Abstract Statement of Receipts of the Akalkot State

No.	Receipts.	1885-86	1886-87
		Rs.	Rs.
1	Land Revenue.....	1,90,861	1,85,369
2	Local Fund ...	19,709	18,397
3	Sayar...	44,495	55,071
4	Judicial receipts	2,578	2,440
5	Registration fees	624	375
6	Stamps...	7,000	7,491
7	Educational...	575	743
8	Jail...	911	1,237
9	Private Establishment.....	7,294	10,269
10	Miscellaneous.....	1,264	1,640
11	Forest...	1,763	1,374
12	Police Funds...	1,070	404
		2,78,144	2,84,810
13	Advances, Deposits...	26,448	23,996
	Grand Total....	3,04,592	3,08,806

Receipts and Expenditure and Balance at end of each year of the Akalkot State.

Year	Revenue.	Expenditure	Surplus.	Deficit	Balance.
1885-86...	3,04,592	2,81,626	22,966	...	1,29,459
1886-87...	3,08,806	2,92,535	16,271	...	1,45,730

Akalkot, 25th. June 1887.

VITHAL TIKAJI,
Karbhari

RECEIPTS and Disbursements of the Revenue of the Akakot State, from 1st April 1886 to 31st March 1887.

No.	Receipts	Amount	Amount	Total	No.	Disbursements	Amount	Amount	Total
No.		Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	No.		Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.
1	Balance in Treasury on 1st April 1886.		Rs. 1,29,459 6 5		1	Expenses of the Raja, relations dependents and private Establishment—			
	Land Revenue—								
1	Recoveries on account of former years	94,307 1 2			1	Stipend and Establishment of the Raja...	70,332 12 0		
2	Do. of current year...	86,740 1 6			2	Stipend of families at Pooja.....	10,800 0 0		
3	Rent of Sheri land...	3,863 9 10			3	Extra Expenditure	6,283 3 3		
4	Miscellaneous...	458 6 6					87,415 15 3		
2	Local Fund—		1,85,369 3 0		2	Religious and charitable allowances—			
	Sayer—		18,396 10 11		1	Dewasthan allowances...	3,916 12 6		
1	Recoveries of License Tax &c. on account of former years...	277 6 0			2	Varshasanadars.....	2,320 12 0		
2	Recoveries do. do current year	5,387 4 4			3	Kaji's allowances.	6 2 0		
3	Mokasabab...	28,901 14 0				Hereditary Allowances—		6,243 10 6	
4	Customs. { Commuted allowance in lieu of Import and Export	9,696 4 0			1	Nemnukdars...	5,626 10 6		
	Duties	4,390 0 0			2	Tashrifdars...	169 12 0		
5	Sheep tax ...	1,213 12 0			3	Deugidar...	71 8 0		
6	Cattle tax ...	1,246 8 0				District Hereditary officers—		5,867 14 6	
7	Miscellaneous receipts (Jakat chapa) &c.	1,030 9 9			1	Hakdar District Hereditary officers.	11,209 7 9		
8	Compensation on account of liquor contract due by the British Govt...	2,257 6 0			2	Sirdeshmukhi Uinal paid to British Government	596 4 0		
9	Opium contract ...	411 8 0			3	Darakdar...	121 3 0		
10	Blang, Ganja do, ...	168 2 0				Village hereditary Officers—		11,926 14 9	
11	Boja do. ...	19 0 0			1	Patti's allowances ...	4,946 2 3		
12	Compensation for the Salt Revenue relinquished by the state...	142 0 10			2	Kulkarni allowances.	7,392 4 8		
13	Chandol ...	19 0 0					12,338 6 11		
	Carried over.....		55,070 10 11						
			2,58,836 8 10			Carried over.		1,23,792 13 11	

No.	Receipts	Amount	Rs. a. p.	Amount	Total	No.	Disbursements.	Rs. a. p.	Amount.	Rs. a. p.	Total.
4	Brought forward...				Rs. a. p. 2,58,836 8 10	6	Brought forward			Rs. a. p. 1,23,792 13 11	
	Judicial—						Village Servants and Expenses—				
1	Fines	936 14 9					Shetsanadi sepoys.....	1 791 14 6			
2	Unclaimed property...	13 2 4					Contingent expenses, Oil, &c.	2 708 14 0			
3	Intestate estate	83 3 0					Naikwadi.....	3 64 1 0			
4	Batta...	1,171 1 0					Political Establishment.—			2,564 13 6	
5	Fees in Civil Courts ..	191 1 1					Estblishment...	1 2,154 0 0			
6	Miscellaneous...	45 1 9					Extra Expenditure.	2 1,271 5 8			
	Registration fees		2,440 8 9			8	Civil Court—				
	Stamps...		374 11 0				Sub-Judge's Establishment...	1 4,611 10 0			
	Educational		7,490 15 0				Nazir's Establishment	2 1,912 11 10			
	Jail...		743 8 8				Extra expenditure...	3 746 7 5			
9	Private Establishment—		1,237 1 5				Revenue establishment—			7,270 13 3	
	Miscellaneous...		10,269 1 7			9	Karbhari's establishment				
10	Profit account...	982 6 5					Mahalkari Pillo's do.	1 10,771 2 8			
	Lapsed watan...	5 4 0					Mokas Umal	2 1,080 0 0			
	Jamindars haks	191 13 8					Extra expenditure	3 88 0 0			
	Dispensary account...	5 0 9					Jail—	4 1,988 1 2			
	Public works account	13 10 6					Estblishment			13,927 3 10	
	Village servants account.	7 0 0					Substance to prisoners	1 789 3 7			
	Civil Court	16 12 0					Othing and Miscellaneous Jail	2 3,808 5 3			
	do	11 6 6					Expenses...	3 84 13 2			
	Political Agent do...	34 0 3					Extra expenditure	4 130 8 1			
	Revenue Establishment do.	1 13 0					Police—			4,812 14 1	
	Shibandi account	370 11 9					Estblishment				
	Miscellaneous		1,639 14 10				Extra expenditure	1 9,033 6 0			
11	Forest		1,373 12 9				Police fund account	2 694 6 3			
12	Police fund,—		404 3 6					3 7 14 6			
13	Advances, deposits, &c.—									9,735 10 9	
	Recoveries on account of Takavi...	40,84 11 7									
1	Do. advances...	13,988 2 1									
2	Do. do.	5,922 15 9									
3	Deposits.....		23,995 13 5								
	Total Receipts.				3,08,806 3 9						

No	No	Receipts	Amount.	Amount.	Total.	No	No	Disbursements.	Amount.	Amount.	Total.
		Brought forward...	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.			Brought forward...	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.
			4,38,265 10 2			4		Dharmashalas and wells ...	3,861 13 11	2,03,499 4 0	
						5		Roads ...	3,062 14 0		
						6		Extra expenditure ...	21,195 9 0		
						7		Grain Market...	3,398 7 2		
						8		New Latrines...	1,983 8 2		
						9		Post office repairs ..	604 8 9		
						10		Karbhari's quarter...	37 9 10		
						11		Fire Engine ...	1,899 4 2		
						12		Sub Judge's quarters	988 10 0		
						13		New schools at Akalkot and Pili...	1,099 10 6		
						14		Rani's residence ...	10,350 0 0		
						15		Shirsu bandhara ...	10,000 0 0		
						16		Bandhara at Jeur Shery	3,269 0 0		
						17		New jail at Akalkot	99 15 0		
						21		Registration account	6,959 13 10	68,810 12 4	
						22		Forest--	...	51 15 2	
						1		Establishment	1,645 0 9		
						2		Extra expenditure	761 14 10		
						23		Miscellaneous--		2,406 15 7	
						1		Loss (including remissions)	926 10 7		
						2		Refunds.	2 4 10		
						3		Village Expenses account	28 14 2		
						4		Extra expenditure	757 10 6		
						24		Advances, Deposits, etc.--		1,715 8 1	
						1		Takavi	2,030 0 0		
						2		Advances recoverable	8,899 11 6		
						3		Deposits...	5,129 9 2		
								Total Expenditure...	...	16,059 4 8	
								Balance in the Treasury	...	...	2,92,534 11 10
								Grand Total...	...	...	1,45,730 14 4
		Grand Total	4,38,265 10 2						...	...	4,38,265 10 2

L

RETURN of Vaccination in the Akalkot State for the year 1886-87.

By whom performed.	Boys.	Girls.	Total.	Under one year	Above one year	Successful.	Unsuccessful.	Unknown.	Total.	Hindu.	Mahomeden.	Other castes.
By the Hospital assistant Akalkot. ...	112	106	218	187	31	199	13	6	218	153	65	
By the Vaccinator of Akalkot ...	905	896	1801	1469	332	1647	81	73	1801	1241	268	292
By the Vaccinator of Malsiras in Pili Mahal ...	74	59	133	107	26	0	0	133	133	94	11	28
By the Vaccinator of Khatao in Kurba Mahal ...	25	20	45	30	15	17	19	9	45	37	1	7
Total.	1116	1081	2197	1793	404	1863	113	221	2197	1525	345	327

AKALKOT

25th JUNE 1887.

VITHAL TIKAJI,

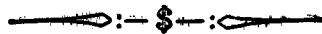
Karbhari

PART II.**Administration Report of the Akalkot State
for 1887-88.**

No. of Para- graph	Head note
1	Name of Officer in charge of the state during the year under report.
2	The Raja and his family.
3	Kurlekar family
4	Important changes in the Khasgi Expenditure
5	Survey and Settlement
6	Legislation
7	Police
8	Shet Sandi or Village Police
9	Value of property stolen and recovered
10	Number of offences committed
11	Detail of offences alleged to have been committed
12	Appendix C—Results of the working of the Magistracy in the State
13	Average detention of witnesses in Criminal cases
14	Details of trials held by the Sessions Court
15	Prisoners
16	Cost of prisoners and daily average number
17	Expenses connected with the Jail
18	General health of prisoners
19	Statistics of Civil suits
20	Value of suits instituted and the cost of litigation
21	Appendix D. Number of Civil suits and Miscellaneous cases disposed of
22	Appendix E and F giving account of applications for execution of decrees and details of appeals in civil suits respectively
23	Value of suits in which appeals were instituted
24	Working of new Registration Rules
25	Appendix G. Details of documents registered
26	Military force
27	Arable land in the State and distribution of crops.
28	Rainfall.
29	Waste land including Forest and number of rayats relinquishing their lands.
30	Number of occupants, average size of holding and average assessment per acre.
31	Agricultural stock.
32	Prices of Produce and Labour
33	Horticulture and Forest
34	Public and Local Fund works.
35	Railway.
36	Post Office
37	Appendix H and I giving abstract in each main head and details of Receipts and Expenditure respectively. Budget Estimates sanctioned by Government.
38	Land Revenue.
39	Details of Miscellaneous Receipts of Land Revenue.
40	Comparison of Land Revenue, Local Fund and sayar revenue receipts with the receipts of last year
41	Outstanding balances
42	Alienations
43	Takavi
44	Abkari Management
45	Debts
46	Births
47	Deaths.
48	Main causes of deaths
49	Detail of deaths by castes
50	Marriages
51	Medical relief
52	Sanitation
53	Deaths from Small pox
54	Vaccination
55	Instruction
56	Concluding Remarks.

PART II.

Administration Report of the Akalkot State for 1887-88.



CHAPTER I--POLITICAL.

CHANGES IN THE ADMINISTRATION.

- Name of officer
in charge of the
state during
the year.
1. Mr. Vithal Tikaji Karbhari was in charge of the state during the year under report.
 2. The Raja has been looking after the management of his state since April 1888. He first got Khasgi powers in July 1887. He managed the Khasgi work well and takes intelligent interest in the work of the Revenue, Judicial, and other miscellaneous Departments. If he continues to work hard as he does now he will be a good ruler. His conduct is very good. The tutor Mr. Govind Narayen Kelkar who was appointed by Government to teach laws &c. to the Raja saheb having got a Sub Judge's appointment in the British District has left Akalkot and his services are no longer required by the state.

The Raja and
his family.
 3. Shivaji Raje of Kurla is making good progress in his studies at Satara.

Kurlaker
Family.
 4. Lady Anandibai saheb the step grand-mother of the Raja saheb, died at Poona on the 19th April 1888. Besides this no other important changes have taken place in the expenses of the Khasgi Department during the year.

Important changes
in the Khasgi.
Expenditure.

CHAPTER II.

ADMINISTRATION OF THE LAND.

5. The Land Revenue having been settled for twenty years on the Survey system in 1871-72 its administration offers nothing for special notice. The course of the ordinary routine will appear under Chapters IV & V.—The question of introducing Revision Survey in the state is under consideration. The Survey officers have been written to on the subject.

Survey and
Settlement.

CHAPTER III--PROTECTION.

6. No new acts were introduced during the year under report with the exception of few sections of the Provincial Small Cause Court's Act IX of 1887.

Legislation.

7. As compared with the last year there has been no change in the Force during the year under report. The results of the working of Police are as follows:-

No. of offences reported to Police	135	1886-87	235	1887-88	No. of accused arrested	87	1886-87	155	1887-88	No. of accused sent for trial	74	1886-87	88	1887-88	No. of accused convicted	30	1886-87	40	1887-88	No. of accused acquitted or discharged	44	1886-87	48	1887-88	Percentage convicted of accused arrested	34	1886-87	26	1887-88	Percentage of convicted of accused sent for trial	40	1886-87	45	1887-88	No. of accused remaining at the end of	0	1886-87	0	1887-88
------------------------------------	-----	---------	-----	---------	-------------------------	----	---------	-----	---------	-------------------------------	----	---------	----	---------	--------------------------	----	---------	----	---------	--	----	---------	----	---------	--	----	---------	----	---------	---	----	---------	----	---------	--	---	---------	---	---------

8. Besides the regular force there are 205 Shet Saradis or village police who hold inam lands, value Rs. 4538-3-0 and receive cash payments to the amount of Rs. 2149-14-0 a year.

9. The following table shows the total value of property stolen and recovered as compared with the previous year.

	1886-87	1887-88
Property stolen.....	3,370	4,546
Property recovered	840	1010
Percentage	25	22

The percentage of property recovered is smaller than last year but it is hoped that more favourable results will come forth next year on account of the appointment of new and intelligent chief constable in place of the old one.

CRIMINAL JUSTICE

10. The total number of offences committed during the year under report was 495 and of persons accused 824 This shows an increase of 119 in the number of offences and of 136 in the number of accused persons. The result of the Trial of persons accused is as follows:—

	1886-87	1887-88
Convicted	190	213
Discharged	445	409
Acquitted	36	198
Committed to the Sessions.....	17	1
Transferred.....	0	1
Remaining at the end of the year.....	0	2
	688	824

Detail of offences
alleged to have
been committed,

11. The following are the offences alleged to have been committed:—

Attempt to commit suicide...	...	4	Nuisance...	...	25
Theft	...	77	Cheating	...	1
Robbery	...	12	Kidnaping	...	1
Dacoity	...	4	Rape	...	7
Receiving stolen property	...	6	Enticing a married women	...	5
Criminal breach of trust...	...	9	Adultery	...	1
Voluntarily causing hurt	...	142	Defamation	...	1
Do grievous hurt	...	4	Criminal intimidation	...	2
Assault	...	27	Miscellaneous	...	95
House trespass	...	43			
Mischief	...	29			495

Appendix C results of
the working of the
magistracy in the state

12. The results of the working of the magistracy in the state including Pilio and Kurla are given in Appendix C.

Average detention
of witnesses in
criminal cases.

13. The average detention of witnesses in criminal cases in the Sessions court and in that of other courts of the state was .4 and .5 respectively

Details of Trials
held by the
Sessions Court.

14. The following table gives in opposite columns the details of trials held by Sessions Court during the year under report and the previous year.

	1886—87	1887—88
Cases	3	1
Prisoners	17	1
OF PRISONERS		
Convicted	13	1
Acquitted	4	0
Remaining	0	0

There was one appeal presented to Government and the conviction and sentence was Reversed by Government Resolution No. 5511 of 31st August 1887 Political Department.

15. The total number of prisoners confined during the year was 64 consisting of 60 males and 4 females as compared with 69 (65 males and 4 females) for last year.

16. The total cost of prisoners during the year is Rs 1,509—12—6. The daily average number of prisoners is 29. Total cost for rations is Rs 591—3—3 and cost per head of average strength is Rs 20—6—2.

17. The expenses of warders, repairs to the Jail and other miscellaneous Expenses connected with the Jail amounted to Rs 849 as compared with Rs 874 for last year.

18. The General health of the prisoners appears to have been good. The number of cases treated this and last year are as shown below:—

	1886—87		1887—88	
	Males	Females	Males	Females
Remaining ill on 31st March.....	0	0	3	0
Admitted.....	97	4	92	1
	97	4	95	1
Discharged cured	92	4	91	1
Died.....	2	0	1	0
Remaining	3	0	3	0
	97	4	95	1

One prisoner died during the year in Jail, of ague.

CIVIL JUSTICE

Statistics of
civil suits

19. The statistics of the civil suits, in the year under report and the previous are as under:—

	1886—87	1887—88
Undisposed at the beginning of the year	49	78
Filed during the year.....	490	441
	539	519
Disposed of.....	452	444
Remaining undisposed of	78	75
	539	519

This shows a decrease of 49 in the number of suits instituted during the year under report. The average duration of civil suits is two months and 11 days.

Value of suits insti-
tuted and the cost
of litigation

20. The value of suits instituted and the cost of litigation as compared with the previous year is as follows:—

	1886—87	1887—88
Suits value of... ..	42,969	30,486
Costs (including Stamps)...	5,813	4,198
PERCENTAGE OF COST.		
Akalkot... ..	14	14
Pilto... ..	12	12
Kurla	13	16

21. In appendix D is shown the number of civil suits and miscellaneous cases disposed of by the state courts of Akalkot, Pilto and Kurla during the year under report, and the amount under litigation and the cost in each case.

Appendix D. No.
of civil suits and
miscellaneous
cases disposed of

22 Appendix E gives a similar account of the number of applications for the execution of decrees during the year and Statement F gives the details of appeals in civil suits, which compared with the previous year, show the following results.

Appendix E. and F. giving account of applications for execution of decrees and details of appeals in civil suits respectively.

	1886—87	1887—88
Balance	36	42
Re-admitted	"	1
Instituted during the year.....	20	15
TOTAL ...	56	58
Disposed of.	14	21
Balance on 31st March	42	37

In addition to 21 disposed of during the year under report 8 miscellaneous appeals have been decided under Regulation VIII. of 1827 and Act XX of 1864.

23. The total value of suits in which appeals were instituted was.

Value of suits in which appeals were instituted

	1886—87	1887—88
Value of Suits.....	1,970	4,699
Cost of Appeals...	323	1,285
Average cost of each appeal.....	23	61
Average percentage.	16	27

REGISTRATION.

24. The new Registration Rules appear to work well and the results are satisfactory.

25. The details of Documents registered during the year are shown in Appendix G. Compared with previous year the general result is as follows:-

Appendix G. Details of documents registered.

	1886—87	1887—88
Number of documents registered.	315	418
Value of Registration	48,676	50,840
Fees levied.	477	647

MILITARY.

26. A Jamadar, 2 Havaldars, 3 Naiks and 40 sepoy's constitute the only force entertained in the state. They are employed to guard the Treasury, Raja saheb's palace and Jail.

CHAPTER IV--PRODUCE AND DISTRIBUTION.

AGRICULTURE, WEATHER AND CROPS.

27. The total arable land is 2,87,256 acres and 16 Guntas including waste. The distribution of crops during the year on the total khalsa cultivated land, in comparison with the previous year was as under:—

Arable land in the state and distribution of crops.

Kharif.						Rabi.							
	Acres		1886-87	1887-88		Acres		1886-87	1887-88				
	1886-87	1887-88				1886-87	1887-88						
	a.	p.	a.	p.		a.	p.	a.	p.				
Bajri	25,979	26,124	2	0	2	0	Jawari ...	1,04,426	1,16,051	7	9	8	3
Tobacco ..	669	1,033	0	1	0	1	Wheat...	6,228	6,228	0	5	0	6
Sugercane	496	460	0	1	0	1	Gram.....	6,179	6,344	0	6	0	6
Rice.....	3,583	5,780	0	3	0	6	Linseed ...	21,270	14,153	1	7	1	1
Matki ...	2,045	2,087	0	2	0	2	Unculti-						
Cotton....	1,430	1,511	0	1	0	2	vated ..	17,565	13,628	1	3	1	0
Hulga ...	1,218	938	0	1	0	1							
Miscell a													
neous	22,002	21,967	1	9	1	7							
			4	6	4	8				11	6	11	4

The rainfall though not plentiful was sufficient for the crops and the year on the whole was good.

The water supply was abundant throughout the year.

28. The rainfall, as shown by the rain gauge at Akalkot was 29 inches and 90 cents or 6 inches and 51 cents less than last year.

29. The total waste land (including the Forest land acres 30,800-31, Waste land including Forest assessment Rs 22,580-5-0) is now acres 38,881-29 and number of rayats re- assessed at Rs. 27,944-11-0. finishing their lands.

The waste land taken up for cultivation since last year amounts to 4,684 acres and 487 acres have fallen out of cultivation. 23 rayats relinquished their lands during the year, as against 8 last year.

No. of occupants, average size of holding and average assessment per acre. 30. The number of occupants is 5,761 and the average size of holding is 38 acres 15 guntas. The average assessment per acre is 13 annas and 3 pies.

31. The following table shows the agricultural stock of the year under report and the previous year.

	1886—87	1887—88		1886—87	1887—88
Bullocks	23,001	24,487	Goats	9,790	7,657
Cows... ..	12,529	13,182	Camels	76	74
Cow-buffaloes	4,901	5,369	Ploughs (2 bullocks)	615	805
Bull-buffaloes... ..	2,907	3,238	Do. (4 do)	2,499	2,906
Horses... ..	444	536	Carts.....	587	550
Mares.	474	518	Wells with steps ...	2,042	2,064
Foals	197	210	Canals from bandha		
Asses..	316	354	ras temporary ...	76	76
Sheep.	15,728	14,415	Budkis.	204	215

32. The prices of produce and labour were rather dearer than previous years the former owing to large quantity of grain being exported from the State and the latter owing to several public works being in progress during the year under report. Rates per Rupee of chief products were as follows. Jawari 60 lbs., rice 28, gur 16, gram 44, wheat 29, linseed 28, and kardi 60 lbs.

33. The Settlement of the Forest in the State has been made long ago. Few occupied numbers have been taken up by paying compensation during the year under report. The receipts from Forest Revenue this year amounted to Rs 2,380-5-11 and expenditure to

Rs. 2,574-9-10 against Rs. 1374 and Rs 2,407 respectively on account of last year. Rs. 524-3-2 have been spent for planting and maintaining the road-side trees.

PUBLIC AND LOCAL FUND WORKS.

Public and Local
Fund Works.

34. The following sums were spent during the year under report.

PUBLIC WORKS.

Roads...	...	...	209	4	0
New Chavadis ...	...	...	2,421	13	0
Repairs to ditto...	...	...	45	0	0
New School house at Akalkot	...	...	13,915	13	0
Rani's Residence...	...	...	5,614	0	0
Repairs to grain market ...	...	...	23	10	0
Ditto to Post Office ...	...	...	42	2	3
Ditto to Vegetable Market	...	...	27	12	5
Other Works ...	...	...	1,560	2	1
Establishment...	...	...	2,201	8	3
TOTAL ..			26,061	1	0

The new roads could not be undertaken during the year under report owing to plans and estimates not having been received from the Executive Engineer. These have now been received sanctioned and the roads will be commenced at once. The two large buildings i. e. the new school house and the Rani's Residence at Akalkot have been completed this year.

LOCAL FUND WORKS.

Remuneration to cattle pound keepers ..	...	Rs	286	12	4
Vaccination ...	...	...	382	7	6
Refunds &c. ...	...	...	10	1	6
Cattle pound Repairs ...	...	...	24	8	9
Roads &c.....	...	...	1,714	5	6
Dharmashalas ...	...	...	2,439	0	10
Wells ..	...	...	1,382	12	8
TOTAL.....			6,240	1	1

TELEGRAPH AND RAILWAY

35. The Great Indian Peninsula Railway and the Southern Maratha Railway pass through the state, the former with a station at Karabgaon seven miles from Akalkot, to which there is a metalled road, and the latter with a station at Tadwal.

36. There is a post office at Akalkot managed and maintained by the British Government. There is also a post office at Kurla.

CHAPTER V. REVENUE & FINANCE

37. The attached Statement H. is an abstract statement which will show at a glance the fluctuations from year to year in each main head of Receipts and Expenditure. Statement I. shows the items of Receipts and Expenditure in detail. The Budget estimate for the current year was submitted in February last and sanctioned by Government under Government letter No. 3072 dated 30th April last. Separate budget for Local Fund Receipts and Expenditure was submitted and was sanctioned under the Government letter above quoted.

38. The total area of the Akalkot state excluding annexated villages and including Kurla is 3,12,250 acres and 28 guntas but of this Land Revenue. 24,994 acres and 12 guntas are unculturable. The remainder 2,87,256 acres and 16 guntas which is, with the exception of 5,423 acres and 3 guntas, dry crop land, is assessed at Rs 2,40,622-11-0.

From this must be deducted

	Acres	Guntas	Assessed at Rs.	
Inam land...	18,338	6	15,206	9 0
Waste.....	38,881	29	27,944	11 0
Private state of the Raja (Sheriland)	2,948	20	4,727	13 0
The village of Kurla	6,007	1	4,585	4 0

leaving a total of 2,21,081 acres and assessment of Rs 1,88,158-6-0. But of this Rs 123-9-6 will only become due on the expiry of leases, which are given to many cultivators before the introduction of the survey and Rs. 3,339-3-8 were deducted on account of 7/16th of the Survey assessment being due to the Sirdeshmukhs &c. farmers of 6 villages leaving a total of Rs. 1,84,695-8-10. The extra rent obtained from the Sheri land amounted to Rs 1,212-15-0 and the Miscellaneous receipts Rs 4,674-0-6 making a total land revenue for the year Rs 1,90,582-8-4. The Local Fund cess amounted to Rs. 13,081-9-1

Details of Miscellaneous
receipts of Land revenue

39. The Miscellaneous Receipts were as follows:—

No.	Miscellaneous Receipts	Amount.		
		Rs	a	p
1	Sale of grazing or waste land...	836	8	0
2	Do. of right of occupancy &c.	1,616	0	1
3	Do. of wood...	182	15	6
4	House rent...	189	14	0
5	Melon grounds &c.	55	15	10
6	Mangoes and other fruits sold by auction	631	13	3
7	Receipts from Saranjami villages	137	12	4
8	Quit rent of village officers	470	1	6
9	Notice fee	553	0	0
	Total...	4,674	0	6

Comparison of Land Revenue,
Local Fund & Sayar revenue
receipts with the receipts of
last year

40. A comparison with the receipts of last year shows that there is an increase in the following items:—

On account of Inam Land	44	0	0
Ditto waste	2,838	2	0
Do. falling in of leases...	344	0	0
Do. extra rent from Sheriland	30	12	0
Do. Local Fund cess...	57	1	6
Increase...	3,313	15	6

and a decrease

On account of 7/16th of the Survey Assessment due the farmers of 6 villages...	11	9	6
Ditto Miscellaneous Receipts...	2,883	12	8
Decrease...	2,895	6	2

There is thus a total increase of Land Revenue and Local Fund of Rs 418. 9-4. The revenue from sayar amounts to Rs 6,973-12-0, or Rs. 1,164-14-0 more than last years amount

Outstanding balances 41 On the 31st March 1888 the outstanding balances were as follows:-

Year.	Land Revenue			Sayer			I anna cess			Total.		
	Rs.	a.	p.	Rs.	a.	p.	Rs.	a.	p.	Rs.	a.	p.
1887-88...	94,024	7	8	421	12	0	779	3	11	95,225	7	7
1886-87...	49	7	7	1	0	0	10	15	3	61	6	10
1880-81...	19	2	0	"	"	"	6	12	0	25	14	0
1878-79...	126	0	8	"	"	"	"	0	0	126	0	8
1877-78...	102	15	9	"	"	"	13	5	6	116	5	3
1876-77..	32	11	2	"	"	"	"	0	0	32	11	2
Total...	94,354	12	10	422	12	0	810	4	8	95,587	13	6

The large sum of outstanding balance at the end of the year was owing to the change introduced since last three years into the dates of instalments, the last instalment falling due in April.

Of the outstanding balance of Rs.95,587-13-6 Rs 89,883-4-8 had been collected up to 31st May last leaving a balance of Rs 5,704-8-10 including Rs345-5-11 on account of former year's balance. Most of this balance has since been collected.

Alienations 42. During the year under report three alienations have been resumed as under-

	Inam land.						Cash Payment		
	Acreage.		Assessment						
	A.	G.	Rs.	a.	p.	Rs.	a.	p.	
Service Inam land made Khalsatt after enquiry held under Inam Rules.....	17	10	44	0	0	0	0	0	
Cash payment Ditto...	..	..	0	0	0	0	14	0	
Ditto Ditto	..	..	0	0	0	7	10	0	
Total ..	17	10	44	0	0	8	8	0	

43. Rs 2905 were advanced this year and Rs 2 991-13-6 out of former advances were recovered, the balance now being Rs 7,698-4-8

CUSTOMS SALT AND OPIUM

Abkari management. 44. The Abkari department in the state is now managed by the British Government and this system will continue till the Raja gets the entire powers.

Debts 45. The state is now free from debts.

CHAPTER VI. VITAL STATISTICS & MEDICAL SERVICES

BIRTHS AND DEATHS

Births 46. The births during the past and previous years were as follows:-

	1886-87	1887-88
Boys...	1323	1267
Girls...	1299	1233
	2622	2500

Deaths 47. The deaths were of adults 814 of children 815, as follows:—

	1886-87	1887-88
Men...	269	385
Women	276	429
Boys	324	444
Girls	359	371
	1228	1629

Main causes of deaths 48. The main causes of death are as follows:—

Small pox.....	11	Jaundice.....	15
Fever	504	Aborlian.....	2
Measles.....	60	Puerperal fever.....	8
Cholera	413	Puerperal consumption...	20
Leprosy.....	3	Snake bite.....	4
Phthisis pulmonalis ...	34	By drowning in wells	11
Diarrhoea Dysentery	215	Miscellaneous.....	314
Hepatitis.....	15		
			1629

Detail of deaths by castes. 49. These deaths took place among the following castes.

Mahomedans...	...	...	...	...	229
Hindus	...	...	...	...	1291
Other castes ...	...	...	...	...	109
			Total...		1,629

50. The marriages in the year under report numbered 565 of which 67 were amongst Mahomedans, 266 amongst other castes and 232 amongst Hindus.

51. In the dispensary at Akalkot 6,015 patients were treated during the year against 4,672 in the preceding year. The cost under this Medical relief head is Rs 2,416-5-5 against Rs 2,109-9-0 for last year. The increase in cost is mainly due to the large quantity of medicines brought during the year under report.

Sanitation. 52. The cost of conservancy was Rs 787-0-0. The sanitary condition of the town of Akalkot is better than before.

VACCINATION

Deaths from Small pox 53. There were eleven deaths from small pox during the year under report as against one in the previous year.

Vaccinations 54. The Vaccinations during the year as compared with the previous year were as under:—

	1886-87	1887-88
Vaccinations...	2,197	2,100
Successful...	1,863	1,790
Doubtful...	334	310

The people vaccinated during the year belonged to the following castes.

Hindus...	...	1,596
Mahomedans ...	...	227
Others...	...	277
		2,100

CHAPTER VII. INSTRUCTION.

55. The following table shows the number of schools and scholars.

Instruction.

Description	Number of Schools.			Average attendance.			Cost.		
	Boys.	Girls	Total.	Boys.	Girls	Total	Rs.	a.	p.
Anglo Vernacular & Vernacular...	22	1	23	928.1	31.2	959.3	6,487	4	8
Hindustani... ..	4	0	4	110.2	"	110.2	597	0	0
Total...	26	1	27	1,038.3	31.2	1,069.5	7,084	4	8

There has been an increase in the number of schools and the average attendance of Scholars.

A new school building has been erected at Akalkot at a cost of Rs 23,900 and the number of boys attending is 300

56. The rain-fall though not abundant was sufficient for the crops-
 Concluding With the exception of linseed all other crops were good. The ac-
 remarks counts of all the villages in the State together with those in the
 Pileo and Kurla Mahals have been examined. The number of Receipt Books
 examined during the year was 4,945 as against 4,379 last year. The accounts
 of Mahalkari's Katcherries at Pileo and Kurla, were also examined. Visited
 all the schools in the state as well as those in the Petas of Pileo and Kurla.

Akalkot }
 11th July 1887 }

VITHAL TIKAJI
 State Karbhari

POLITICAL RELATIONS

APPENDIX A FORM I.

Native State

Name of State.	TRIBUTE IN MEN OR MONEY		Estimated Population	Schools	Persons being taught	Persons who have been vaccinated	Prevailing diseases.	Supposed gross revenue	Military Force	Transit dues or not	Principal articles of produce, manufactures and mines &c.
	To whom payable	Amount.									
1	2	3	4	5	9	7	8	9	10	11	12
Akalkot.	Rs. 14,592 Computed payment in lieu of contingent of horse	British Government.	58,040 As per Census of 1881	1 A Vernacular School 21 Vernacular with 1 girl's class 4 Hindustani 27	1,367 boys 41 girls 1408	2,100	Malarious fever, Cholera, Dysentery, Diarrhoea, Ulcer and Diseases of cutaneous system.	2,61,600	1 Jamadar 2 Havildars 3 Nalks 40 sepoys	Transit duties have been abolished vide G. P. No. 4107 dated 19th July 1886	A purely agricultural country, jowari, rice, sugar-cane, gram, wheat, linseed, kardi are the chief products. Saris, sholas, dupetas, cholis, turbans, are produced by weavers. Carpets are also manufactured in the fall. There are no mines.

AKALKOT 11th JULY 1883.

VITHAL TIKAJI.
State Karbhari.

B-POLITICAL RELATIONS.

APPENDIX B--Form II.

Native chiefs, principal male members of their Families, principal members of their Court.

Name of Individual, State, and Family to which he belongs	Residence	Present position.	Caste or race and religion	Age	How and where educated.	Has sanad authorizing adoption or not.	How employed	Family follows Primogeniture or not.	Has male heirs or not.	Remarks
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11
Shahaji Maloji alias Baba saheb Raje Bhonsle	Akalkot.	Minor	Maratha Hindu	20 years and 4 months	At Kolhapur	Has sanad	Looking after the management of his state	Follows Primogeniture	...	Has a daughter aged 1 year and 5 months on 31st March 1888
Tulaji bin Fattasing alias Rajesahab Raje Bhonsle.	Poona	Residence at Poona with his family	Ditto	36 years	Privately and at Poona High School.	Has not	No employment	Ditto	No	

AKALKOT 11th JULY 1888

VITHAL TIKAJI
State Karbhari.

C.

Return showing the results of the working of the Magistracy in the Akalkot State for the year 1887 | 88.

No.	Under what Act.	Number of Cases.		Number of accused Reported.		Number of accused arrested		Convicted		Acquitted and discharged.		Transferred		Committed.		Remaining		Percentage of convicted of accused arrested or brought to trial	
		1887-88	1886-87	1887-88	1886-87	1887-88	1886-87	1887-88	1886-87	1887-88	1886-87	1887-88	1886-87	1887-88	1886-87	1887-88	1886-87	1887-88	1886-87
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20
1	Under Act XLV of 1860 Penal Code	197	92	256	120	202	115	58	24	144	75	..	..	..	16	..	..	28.71	20.87
2	1. Cognizable offences.	221	263	482	526	481	524	73	138	404	385	..	..	..	1	2	..	15.77	26.14
	2. Non-cognizable offences.	77	21	144	50	141	49	82	28	59	23	..	..	..	..	..	..	58.15	57.14
	Other Acts...																		
		495	376	882	1096	824	688	213	190	607	481	1	..	1	17	2	..	25.84	27.61

Akalkot 11th July 1888.

† This is the correct figure for last year instead of 677.

VITHAL TIKAJI,
State Karbhari.

D

Return of Civil Cases decided in the Akalkot Courts from 1st April 1887 to 31st March 1888.

Number	Nature of case	On account of what years.											Total	Total decided.	Remaining	Total amount under litigation	Costs			Amount of cost per cent	Cost of each suit	Remarks			
										Total.	1886-87	1885-86					1884-85	1883-84	1882-83				1881-82	1880-81	1879-80
		1879-80	1880-81	1881-82	1882-83	1883-84	1884-85	1885-86	1886-87																
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22				
Akalkot																									
1	Civil suits	3	1	0	0	0	0	0	66	68	416	484	416	6827,967	9 5	2,249	8 0	3,862	0 2	13	211				
3	Execution of Decrees	0	6	11	8	7	2	32	143	209	651	863	614	24959,783	9 8	354	6 0	812	14 0	1	5 2				
2	Miscellaneous	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	8	8	34	42	32	10 2,459	5 6	19	5 0	230	13 0	7	3 5				
Paleo																									
1	Civil suits	0	0	0	0	0	0	3	2	5	18	23	18	5 1,859	15 6	141	4 7	228	4 7	12	10 11				
2	Execution of decrees	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	10	10	8	2 686	2 10	6	7 0	8	7 0	1	0 10				
3	Miscellaneous	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...				
Kurla																									
1	Civil suits	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	5	5	7	12	10	2 658	7 0	65	6 0	108	0 6	16	9 7				
2	Execution of Decrees	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	5	6	5	1 234	12 0	4	7 0	7	7 0	2	15 10				
3	Miscellaneous	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...				
Total.....		1	7	11	8	7	2	35	225	296	1,144	1,440	1,103	337,93,649	13 11	2,831	2 0	5,257	14 3	5	9 10				

Akalkot }
11th July 1888 }

VITHAL TIKAJI
State Karbhari

E

Return of application for the execution of Decrees in the Akalkot State for the year 1887-88

Number	In the Court of	Arrears	Received during the year.			Disposed of				Executions how carried out, and number of Applications undisposed of										Details of Duskast remaining undisposed.							
			Total	Dismissed	Executed in full		Executed in part	Total	Executed by giving possi- tion			Executed by attach- ment	Executed by imprison- ment	Number of persons imprisoned.	Discharged on account of pauper.	Remaining.	1880—81	1881—82	1882—83	1883—84	1884—85	1885—86	1886—87	1887—88			
					Immoveable property	Moveable property			Immoveable and property	Immoveable property	Moveable property														Immoveable and property		
1	Sub-Judge of Akalkot...	...	209	654	863	211	101	302	614	1	3	1	117	162	110	5	6	...	249	4	7	6	5	2	9	19	197
2	Mahalkari Pilio.	...	...	10	10	1	5	2	8	7	1	0	...	...	...	...	...	...	2	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
3	Mahalkari Kuria.	...	...	5	6	2	2	1	5	3	0	2	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	Total.....	210	669	879	214	108	305	627	627	11	4	3	117	162	110	5	6	...	252	4	7	6	5	2	9	20	199

Akalkot }
11th July 1888 }

VITHAL TIKAJI
State Karbhari

F

RETURN of Appeals in Civil Suits remaining filed and decided in the Court of the Collector and Political Agent Sholapur from

1st April 1887 to 31st March 1888

Arrears.	For disposal			Disposed of:					Total amount under litigation in cases disposed of	Cost.	Cost of each appeal	Amount of cost per cent
	Re-admitted on the file	Instituted during the year	Total	On merits	Ex-parte	Remanded	Dismissed for default &c.	Total				
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	11	12	13	14
42	1	15	58	19	2	0	0	*21	37	1,284-9-0	61-2-8	27-5-4

*In addition to these 8 miscellaneous appeals have been decided under Regulation VIII of 1827 and Act XX. of 1864

Akalkot.
11th July 1888.

VITHAL TEKAJI
State Karbhari.

C

RETURN showing the number of Documents registered in the Akalkot State during the year 1887-88.

Number.	Documents	Immoveable.			Moveable.	Immoveable and Moveable.	Lands and Houses	Lands, Houses and Trees.	Total Documents.	Up to Rs. 100.		Above Rs. 100.		Total.		Total amount of fees levied.	Rates of fees levied.
		Lands	Houses.	Trees.						Documents	Amount.	Documents	Amount.	Documents	Amount.		
1	Mortgage deeds	32	49	2	2	46	7	9	147	88	Rs. 5,722 2 9	59	Rs. 13,986 12 9	147	Rs. 19,688 15 6	Rs. 244 11 0	As per Schedule sanctioned by the Political Agent on the 15th of March 1886.
2	Deeds of Sale...	32	86	...	7	47	2	16	183	135	Rs. 7,615 8 0	48	Rs. 14,275 8 0	183	Rs. 21,831 0 0	Rs. 265 7 0	
3	Deeds of gift ...	...	2	..	4	4	1	..	11	8	Rs. 527 12 0	3	Rs. 600 0 0	11	Rs. 1,127 12 0	Rs. 21 2 0	
4	Other documents	14	39	...	...	17	1	6	77	50	Rs. 1,571 0 0	26	Rs. 6,621 10 6	77	Rs. 8,192 70 6	Rs. 115 15 0	
Total..		78	176	2	13	107	11	31	418	281	Rs. 15,436 6 9	91	Rs. 35,403 15 3	418	Rs. 50,840 6 0	Rs. 647 3 0	

*Of other documents 1 document bearing no value has been excluded from these columns.

Akalkot, 11th July 1888.

VITHAL TIKAJI,
State Karbhar.

H.

Abstract Statement of Expenditure of the Akalkot State

No.	EXPENDITURE	1886—87	1887—88
		Rs.	Rs:
1	Expenses of the Raja; relations, Dependants and private establishment...	87,416	1,02,313
2	Religious and charitable allowances	6,244	5,922
3	Hereditary allowances...	5,868	6,154
4	District Hereditary officers	11,927	11,648
5	Village Hereditary officers	12,338	12,742
6	Village servants and expenses	2,565	2,508
7	Political establishment...	3,425	4,343
8	Civil courts...	7,271	7,679
9	Revenue establishment	13,927	13,661
10	Jail...	4,813	8,469
11	Police	9,736	9,826
12	Sibandhi...	4,824	4,434
13	Judicial expenses...	775	328
14	Stamps	514	390
15	Commuted payment to British Government in lieu of Akalkot contingent...	14,592	14,592
16	Pensions...	6,615	6,968
17	Medical...	2,110	2,416
18	Educational...	7,863	8,432
19	Local Fund	676	6,240
20	Public Works	68,811	26,061
21	Registration account	52	56
22	Forest	2,407	2,575
23	Miscellaneous	1,716	3,851
		2,76,485	2,61,608
24	Advances deposits &c.	16,050	13,043
	Grand Total.....	2,92,535	2,74,651

*Includes Expenses on account of Mahableshwar journey Rs 3471, Rs 7000 for purchase of Elephant, Rs. 8000 on account of the appointment of Governors to the Rani saheb

\$ Includes Rs 1194 on account of additions made to the Political Bangalow for the residence of Miss Moxon

Abstract Statement of Receipts of the Akalkot State

No.	RECEIPTS	1886—87	1887—88
		Rs	Rs
1	Land Revenue	1,85,369	1,93,811
2	Local Fund	18,397	16,986
3	Sayar	55,071	41,147
4	Judicial...	2,440	2,194
5	Registration...	375	580
6	Stamps	7,491	6,611
7	Educational...	743	971
8	Jail	1,237	749
9	Private establishment...	10,269	10,200
10	Miscellaneous...	1,640	2,010
11	Forest	1,374	2,380
12	Police Fund...	404	356
		2,84,810	2,77,995
13	Advances, Deposits &c.	23,996	17,430
	Grand Total.....	3,08,806	2,95,425

Receipts and Expenditure and balance at end of each year of the Akalkot State

Year	Revenue	Expenditure	Surplus	Dificit	Balance
1886—87	3,08,806	2,92,535	16,271	0	1,45,730
1887—88	2,95,425	2,74,651	20,774	0	1,66,504

Akalkot }
11th July 1888 }

VITHAL TIKAJI
State Karbhari

I.

RECEIPTS and Disbursements of the Revenues of the Akalkot State, from 1st April 1887 to 31st March 1888.

Sl. No.	RECEIPTS.	Amount		Total		DISBURSEMENTS.		Amount		Total	
		Rs.	a. p.	Rs.	a. p.			Rs.	a. p.	Rs.	a. p.
1	Balance in Treasury on 1st April 1887.			Rs. 1,45,730	14 4 1	Expenses of the Raja, relations dependents and private Establishment.					
	Land Revenue—					1 Stipend and Establishment of the Raja...		70,426	14 0		
	1 Recoveries on account of former years	97,895	8 2			2 Stipend of families at Poona...		10,800	0 0		
	2 Do. of current year...	4,127	14 1			3 Extra Expenditure...		21,085	11 10	1,02,312	9 10
2	Local Fund—			Rs. 1,93,811	6 7	Religious and Charitable Allowances—					
	1 Recoveries of License Tax &c. on account of former years...	...		16,986	0 3	1 Devasthan allowances		4,051	10 0		
	2 Recoveries do. do current year	437	3 5			2 Varchasanadars...		1,869	5 3		
	3 Mokasbak...	6,552	0 0			3 Kaji's Allowances...		14 0		5,921	13 3
	4 Customs, { Committed allowance in lieu of Import and Export Duties	19,040	7 3			Hereditary Allowances—					
	5 Sheep tax on account of former years	9,856	6 6			1 Nannakdars.....		5,845	7 0		
	6 Cattle tax	808	0 0			2 Tashrifdars.....		198	14 6		
	7 Miscellaneous receipts (Jakat chapa) &c.	480	4 0			3 Dengidar.....		109	12 0	6,154	1 6
	8 Compensation on account of liquor contract due by the British Govt...	661	1 9			District Hereditary Officers—					
	9 Opium Contract.....	2,316	2 5			1 Hakadar District Hereditary Officers		10,319	3 3		
	10 Bhang, Ganja Do...	458	6 0			2 Sardeshmukhi Uimal paid to British Government.....		1,261	5 3		
	11 Boja Do...	218	12 0			3 Darakdar.....		68	0 4	11,648	8 10
	12 Compensation for the Salt Revenue relinquished by the State	28	12 0			Village Hereditary Officers—					
	13 Chandol...	145	12 0			1 Patil's Allowances...		5,006	9 9		
		38	0 0			2 Kulkarni Allowances		7,735	11 1	12,719	4 10
				41,146	7 4						

4	Judicial—	794 15 0																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																							
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RECEIPTS.		DISBURSEMENTS		Total		Amount		Total	
Rs.	a. p.	Rs.	a. p.	Rs.	a. p.	Rs.	a. p.	Rs.	a. p.
Brought forward...	...	Rs. 4,41,155 7 6	...	Rs. 4,41,155 7 6	...	Rs. 1,89,699 5 2	...	Rs. 1,89,699 5 2	...
13		Judicial expenses—		Brought forward...		...		...	
1		Fines remitted etc.		...		156 8 0		...	
2		Batta to witnesses		...		35 10 0		...	
3		Prosecutor's Fees		...		70 0 0		...	
4		Miscellaneous		...		66 3 9		...	
14		Stamps—		...		328 5 9		...	
15		Commuted payment to British Government in lieu of Akalkot Contingent		...		390 0 10		...	
16		Pensions—		...		14,592 0 0		...	
1		Pensions to Akalkot Contingent ...		...		2,064 0 0		...	
2		Pensions		...		4,908 12 10		...	
17		Medical—		...		6,967 12 10		...	
1		Dispensary		...		2,416 5 5		...	
18		Educational—		...		...		...	
1		Establishment		...		7,084 4 8		...	
2		Extra Expenditure		...		1,347 10 10		...	
19		Local Fund—		...		8,431 15 6		...	
1		Remuneration to Cattle pound keepers.....		...		286 12 6		...	
2		Vaccination		...		382 7 6		...	
3		Refunds &c....		...		10 1 9		...	
4		Cattle pound repairs		...		24 8 6		...	
5		Roads &c.....		...		1,714 5 0		...	
6		Dharmshalas		...		2,439 0 18		...	
7		Wells ..		...		1,382 12		...	
						6,240 1 1			

[illegible]

VITHAL TIKAJI
Karbhari

Akalkei, 11th July 1888.

2

I N D E X

to

PART II.**Administration Report of the Akalkot State
for 1888-89.**

No. of Para- graph	Head note
1	Officer in charge of the state.
2	The Raja and his family.
3	Kurlekar family.
4	Important changes in the khasgi expenditure.
5	Survey and Settlement.
6	Legislation.
7	Police.
8	Shet Sanadi or Village Police.
9	Value of property stolen and recovered.
10	Number of offences committed.
11	Detail of offences alleged to have been committed.
12	Appendix C.— Results of the working of the Magistracy in the State.
13	Average detention of witnesses in Criminal cases.
14	Details of trials held by the Sessions Court.
15	Prisoners
16	Cost of prisoners and daily average number.
17	Expenses connected with the Jail.
18	General health of prisoners.
19	Statistics of Civil suits.
20	Value of suits instituted and the cost of litigation.
21	Appendix D. Number of Civil suits and miscellaneous cases disposed of.
22	Appendix E and F giving account of applications for execution of decrees and details of appeals in civil suits respectively.
23	Value of suits in which appeals were instituted.
24	Working of new Registration Rules.
25	Appendix G.— Details of documents registered.
26	Military force.
27	Arable land in the State and distribution of crops.
28	Rainfall.
29	Waste land including Forest and number of rayats relinquishing their lands.
30	Number of occupants, average size of holding and average assessment per acre.

II

31	Agricultural stock.
32	Prices of Produce and Labour.
33	Horticulture and Forest.
34	Public and Local-Fund works.
35	Railway.
36	Post office.
37	Appendix H and I giving abstract in each main head and details of Receipts and Expenditure respectively. Budget Estimates sanctioned by Government.
38	Land Revenue.
39	Details of Miscellaneous Receipts of Land Revenue.
40	Comparison of Land Revenue, Local Fund and sayar revenue receipts with the receipts of last year.
41	Outstanding balances.
42	Alienations.
43	Takavi.
44	Abkari Management.
44A	Taxes on trade.
45	Debts.
46	Births.
47	Deaths.
48	Main causes of deaths
49	Detail of deaths by castes.
50	Marriages.
51	Medical relief.
52	Sanitation.
53	Deaths from Small pox.
54	Vaccination.
55	Instruction.
56	Concluding Remarks.

9th JULY 1889

VITHAL TIKAJI
State Karbhari

PART II.

Administration Report of the Akalkot State for 1888-89.

CHAPTER I—POLITICAL

CHANGES IN THE ADMINISTRATION

1. The Raja saheb & Mr. Vithal Tikaji Karbhari were in charge of the state during the year under report the work being done jointly by them.
Officer in charge of the state
2. The Raja has been managing the State business Jointly with the Karbhari & has gained much experience. He has been doing the Khasgi work very well and has won the good opinion of his subjects.
The Raja & his family.
3. Shivaji Raja of Kurla is still at Satara and is studying well.
Kurlekar family
4. No important change has taken place in the Khasgi Department.
Important changes in the Khasgi expenditure.

CHAPTER II.

ADMINISTRATION OF THE LAND.

5. The land revenue having been settled for twenty years on the survey system in 1871—72, its administration offers nothing for special notice. The course of the ordinary routine will appear under chapters IV & V. The survey Department has been written to, to inform the cost of the revision survey & on receipt of this information steps will be taken to introduce the Revision survey into the state.
Survey and settlement.

CHAPTER III.

PROTECTION.

6. No new acts were introduced during the year under report.
Legislation.
7. As compared with the last year there has been no change in the Force during the year under report. The results of the working of Police are as follows:—
Police

	No. of offences reported to Police		No. of accused arrested		No. of accused sent for trial		No. of accused convicted		No. of accused acquitted or discharged		Percentage convicted of accused arrested		Percentage of convicted of accused sent for trial		No. of accused remaining at the end of	
	1887—88	1888—89	1887—88	1888—89	1887—88	1888—89	1887—88	1888—89	1887—88	1888—89	1887—88	1888—89	1887—88	1888—89	1887—88	1888—89
235	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16
	235	232	155	136	88	109	40	57	48	75	26	42	45	52	0	4

8 Besides the regular force there are 205 shetsandis or village police, who hold inamlands, Value Rs 4,538—3—0, and receive cash payments to the amount of Rs 2,178—14—0 a year.

Shetsandi or
village Police

9 The following table shows the total value of property stolen and recovered as compared with the previous year.

Value of property stolen
& recovered

	1887-88	1888-89
Property stolen.....	4,546	7,748
Property recovered.....	1,010	2,647
Percentage.....	22	34

The percentage of property recovered is larger than last year and as the police is now organized as per instructions conveyed by Government in para 3 of their Resolution No. 577 of the 23rd. January 1889 more favourable results will appear next year.

CRIMINAL JUSTICE.

10 The total number of offences committed during the year under report was 404, and of person accused 670. This shows a decrease of 91 in the number of offences and of 154 in the number of accused persons. The result of the trial of persons accused is as follows:—

Number of
offences
committed

	1887—88	1888—89
Convicted	213	220
Acquitted	409	318
Discharged	198	124
Committed to the Sessions.....	1	8
Transferred.....	1	0
Remaining at the end of the year.....	2	0
	824	670

This branch of the administration is likely to be much improved by the introduction of the court Fees act VII. of 1870 into the state.

Detail of offences
alleged to have
been committed

11 The following are the offences alleged to have been committed:—

Attempt to murder	1	Rape	5
Theft	39	Enticing a married woman ...	1
Robbery	1	Defamation	3
Receiving stolen property	9	Criminal intimidation	2
Criminal breach of trust... ..	4	Causing miscarriage and concealment of birth by secret disposal of dead body	1
Voluntarily causing hurt... ..	134	Rioting	2
Assault	22	Miscellaneous	140
House trespass &c.	20		
Mischief	16		
Cheating	3		
Kidnaping... ..	1		
			404

As compared with the preceding year there is a decrease in all the offences excepting miscellaneous the increase in which is owing to nuisance cases having been treated this year under act VII of 1867 instead of sec. 278 of the penal code:—

Appendix C.
Results of the
working of the
Majistracy in
the state

12. The results of the working of the Majistracy in the state including Pilio and Kurla are given in Appendix C.

Average deten-
tion of Witness
in criminal cases

13. The average detention of witnesses in criminal cases in the sessions court and in that of other Courts of the state was 6.9, and 75 respectively.

Details of trials
held by the
sessions Court

14. The following table gives in opposite columns the details of trials held by the sessions Court during the year under report and the previous year:—

	1887—88	1888—89
Cases	1	4
Prisoners	1	8
OF PRISONERS		
Convicted	1	2
Acquitted	0	6
Remaining.....	0	0

No appeal was presented to Government.

15. The total number of prisoners confined during the year was 61 consisting of 59 males and 2 females as compared with 64 (60 males and 4 females) for last year:—

16. The total Cost of prisoners during the year is Rs 1518-7-9 the daily average number of prisoners is 29 Total cost for ration is Rs 551-9-7 and cost per head of average strength is Rs. 19-0-4

17. The expenses of warders, repairs to the jail, and other miscellaneous expenses connected with the jail, amounted to Rs 1622-0-1 as compared with Rs 849 for last year:—

18. The general health of prisoners appears to have been good. The number of cases treated this and last year are as shown below:—

General health
of Prisoners.

	1887—88		1888—89	
	Males	Females	Males	Females
Remaining ill on 31st March.	3	0	3	0
Admitted.....	92	1	98	1
	95	1	101	1
Discharged cured.....	91	1	100	1
Died.....	1	0	1	0
Remaining.....	3	0	0	0
	95	1	101	1

One prisoner died during the year in Jail of cholera.

CIVIL JUSTICE.

19. The statistics of the civil suits in the year under report and the previous are as under.—

Statistics of
civil suits

	1887—88	1888—89
Undisposed of at the beginig of the year.	78	74
Filed during the year.....	441	411
	519	485
Disposed of.....	445	463
Remaining undisposed of.....	74	22
	519	485

This shows a decrease of 30 in the number of suits instituted and an increase of 18 in the number disposed of during the year under report.

The average duration of civil suits is 2 months and 17 days as against 2 Months and 11 days for last year

20. The value of suits instituted and the cost of litigation as compared with the previous year is as follows:—

Value of suits
instituted & the
cost of litigation

	1887—88	1888—89
Suits value of.....	30,486	39,719
Costs (including stamps)	4,198	6,178
PERCENTAGE OF COST		
Akalkot.....	14	15
Pilio.....	12	14
Kurla.....	16	19

Appendix D. No.
of civil suits and
miscellaneous
cases disposed of

21. In appendix D. is shown the number of Civil suits & miscellaneous cases disposed of by the state Courts of Akalkot Pilio and Kurla during the year under report, and the amount under litigation and the cost in each case.

22. Appendix E gives a similar account of the number of applications for the execution of decrees during the year and Statement F gives the details of appeals in civil suits, which compared with the previous year, show the following results.

Appendix E. and F.
giving account of
applications for
execution of decrees
and details of
appeals in civil
suits respectively

	1887—88	1888—89
Balance	42	37
Readmitted	1	0
Instituted during the year	15	37
Total	58	74
Disposed of	21	18
Balance on 31st March	37	56

23. The total value of suits in which appeals were instituted was.

Value of suits in which
appeals were institud

	1887—88	1888—89
Value of suits	4699	3474
Cost of Appeals.....	1285	327
Average cost of each appeal.....	61	18
Average percentage	27	9

REGISTRATION.

Working of new registration
rules

24. The new Rules are working satisfactorily:—

25. The details of Documents registered during the year are shown in Appendix G. compared with previous year the general result is as follows:—

Appendix G. Details
of Documents
registered

	1887—88	1888—89
Number of documents registered.	418	491
Value of Registration	50,840	80,659
Fees levied	647	675

26. 1 Jamadar, 2 Havalgars, 3 Naiks and 40 sepoys constitute the only force entertained in the state. They are employed to guard the Treasury, Raja saheb's Palace and the Jail.

Military
force.

CHAPTER IV.

PRODUCE AND DISTRIBUTION.

AGRICULTURE, WEATHER AND CROPS.

27. The total arable land is 2,87,245 Acres and 3 Guntas including waste. The distribution of crops during the year on the total Khalsa cultivated land, in comparison with the previous year was as under.

Arable land in
the state and
distribution of
crops.

Kharif.					Rabi								
	Acres		1887-88		1888-89			Acres		1887-88		1888-89	
	1887-88	1888-89	a.	p.	a.	p.		1887-88	1888-89	a.	p.	a.	p.
Bajri ...	26,124	22,827	2	0	1	9							
Tobacco	1,003	211	0	1	0	1							
Sugarcane	460	436	0	1	0	1	Jawari	1,16,051	1,36,477	8	3	9	11
Rice ...	5,780	3,984	0	6	0	4	Wheat	6,208	6,003	0	6	0	5
Matki...	2,087	1,312	0	2	0	1	Gram ...	6,344	5,596	0	6	0	4
Cotton	1,511	1,627	0	2	0	1	Linseed	14,153	8,627	1	1	0	7
Hulga...	938	560	0	1	0	1	Uncultivated	13,628	11,764	1	0	0	10
Miscellaneous	21,967	18,425	1	7	1	5							
			4	8	3	11				11	4	12	1

The rainfall was not sufficient for the Kharif crops and for the Rabi crops too it was not sufficient in some Southern villages of the State. The crops in villages situated on the Bhima river were not good and in all other villages they were good. The water supply was good throughout the year:—

28. The rain fall, as shown by the rain-guage at Akalkot was 22 inches and 38 cents or 7 inches and 52 cents less than last year:—

29. The total waste land (including the Forest land acres 30,897-11 assessment Rs 22,637-5-0) is now acres 38,725-19 assessed at Rs 27,767-3-0. The waste land taken up for cultivation since last year amounts to 1438 acres and 1282 acres have fallen out of cultivation. 36 Rayats relinquished their lands during the year, as against 23 last year.

30. The number of occupants is 6028 and average size of holding No. of occupants, average size of holding and average assessment per acre. is 36 acres 30 guntas. The average assessment per acre is 13 annas and 3 pies.

31. The following table shows the agricultural stock of the year under report and the previous year.

	1887-88			1888-89	
	1887-88	1888-89		1887-88	1888-89
Bullocks ...	24,487	25,527	Goats ...	7,657	6,671
Cows...	13,182	15,137	Camels ...	74	82
Cow-buffaloes...	5,369	5,432	Ploughs(2 bullocks)	805	725
Bull-buffaloes..	3,238	3,202	Do. (4 do)	2,906	2,774
Horses...	536	585	Carts.....	550	580
Mares...	518	524	Wells with steps ...	2,064	2,175
Foals ...	210	203	Canals from bandha-		
Asses ...	354	352	ras temporary ...	76	71
Sheep...	14,415	15,230	Budkis ...	215	207

32. The prices of produce and labour were rather dearer than previous year. Rates per rupee of chief products were as follows:—
 Prices of produce and labour. Jawari 56 lbs, rice 21 lbs, gur 16, gram 32, wheat 28, linseed 24, and kardi 44 lbs:—

33. The settlement of the Forest in the state has been made long ago. The receipts from Forest revenue this year amounts to Rupees 3,808-0-1 and Expenditure to Rs. 2,716-6-5 against Rupees 2,380-5-11 & Rs. 2,574-9-10 respectively on account of last year Rs. 849-6-4 have been spent for planting and maintaining the road side trees:—

Horticulture and Forest.

34. The following sums were spent during the year under report.

Public and Local Fund Works

ON PUBLIC WORKS.

Roads	Rs. 31,259	14	0
New chawdis	694	2	0
Wells	2,127	0	7
New School, houses at Chapalgaon and Karajgi }	973	11	9
New karbhari katcheri	1,098	14	6
Repairs to Post office	65	1	5
Ditto to Grain market	238	0	0
Ditto to Subjudge's quarters	76	2	6
Other works	1,888	13	1
Establishment	2,122	7	5

Total 40,544 3 3

The Executive Engineer cannot spend more than Rs. 30,000 a year on new roads for want of labourers and hence the state could not spend more money on Public Works.

LOCAL FUND WORKS.

Remuneration to cattle pound keepers...Rs.	395	3	9
Vaccination	352	8	3
Refunds &c.	2	9	10
Roads &c.	2,857	12	3
Dharmashala	788	13	2
Wells	1,554	11	10

TOTAL 5,951 11 1

TELEGRAPH AND RAILWAYS.

35. The Great Indian Peninsula Railway and the Southern Maratha Railway Pass through the state, the former with two stations one at Karabgaon seven miles from Akalkot, to which there is a metalled road, and the other at Boroti newly opened; and the latter with a station at Tadval.

36. There is a Post office at Akalkot managed and maintained by the British Government. There is also a post office at Kurla.

Post office

CHAPTER V.

REVENUE AND FINANCE.

37. The attached Statement H is an abstract statement which will show at a glance the fluctuations for the year under report and for the previous year in each main head of Receipts and Expenditure. Statement I. shows the items of Receipts and Expenditure in detail. The General & Local Fund Budget estimates for the current year were submitted in February last and sanctioned by Government under Government R. No. 2987 dated 30th. April 1889.

Appendix H and I giving abstract in each main head and details of receipts and expenditure respectively Budget estimates sanctioned by Government.

38. The total area of the Akalkot state including alienated villages and including Kurla is 3,12,240 acres and 38 guntas, but of this 24,995 acres and 30 guntas are unculturable. Land Revenue. The remainder 2,87,245 acres and 8 guntas, which is, with the exception of 5,423 acres and 3 guntas, dry crop land, is assessed at Rs. 2,40,610-11-0.

From this must be deducted.

	acres.	guntas.	assessed at Rs.
Inam land...	17,911	27	14,763-9-0
Waste...	38,725	19	27,767-3-0
Private Estate of the Raja (Sheriland) }	2,948	20	4,727-13-0
The village of Kurla...	6,007	1	4,585-4-0

leaving a total of 2,21,652 acres and 21 guntas and assessment of Rs. 1,88,766-14-0 But of this Rs. 72-5-0 will only become due on the expiry of the leases, which are given to many cultivators before the introduction of the survey and Rs. 3,339-3-8 were deducted on account of 7/16 of the survey assessment being due to the sirdeshmukhs &c. farmers of 6 villages, leaving a total of Rs. 1,85,355-5-4. The extra rent obtained from the sheriland amounted to Rs. 1,280-5-0 and the miscellaneous receipts Rs. 3,259-10-5 making a total land revenue for the year 1,89,895-4-9 The Local Fund cess amounted to Rs. 12,983-8-8.

Details of Miscellaneous receipts of land revenue

39 The Miscellaneous receipts were as follows:—

No.	Miscellaneous Receipts.	Amount
1	Sale of grazing or waste land...	962 9 0
2	Do right of occupancy &c. ...	571 5 2
3	Do of wood...	199 8 6
4	House rent ...	169 10 0
5	Melon grounds &c. ...	65 6 10
6	Mangoes and other fruits sold by auction...	398 14 4
7	Receipts from the Saranjami villages...	52 7 1
8	Quit rent of village officers...	470 1 8
9	Notice Fee...	369 12 0
	Total...	3,259 10 5

Comparison of land revenue, Local Fund and sayar revenue receipts with the receipts of last year.

40 A comparison with the receipts of last year shows that there is an increase in the following items:—

On account of Inam land...	Rs. 443-0-0
Ditto—waste...	177-8-0
Ditto—falling in of leases	51-4-6
Ditto—extra rent from sheri land	67-0-0
Increase	739-2-6

and a decrease

On account of Miscellaneous receipts...	Rs. 1,414-6-1
Ditto—Local Fund cess...	44-0-5
Ditto—Registers of the villages of Navindgi and Dharsang corrected by the Survey Department.	12-0-0

Decrease 14,74-6-6

There is thus a total decrease of land Revenue and Local Fund of Rs. 735—4—0. The Revenue from sayar amounts to Rs. 6,830—12—0 or Rs. 143 less than last year's amount.

41. On the 31 st. March 1889 the out standing balances were as follows:—

Year.	Land Revenue			Sayar			1 Anna cess			Total		
	Rs.	a.	p.	Rs.	a.	p.	Rs.	a.	p.	Rs.	a.	p.
1888—89	96,254	0	3	647	0	0	1,071	9	4	97,972	9	7
1887—88	445	14	8	29	14	0	37	4	3	513	0	11
1886—87	14	12	11	1	0	0	9	11	5	25	8	4
1878—79	89	5	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	89	5	2
1877—78	99	0	5	0	0	0	0	0	0	99	0	5
Total...	96,903	1	5	677	14	0	1,118	9	0	98,699	8	5

The large sum of out standing balance at the end of the year was owing to the change introduced since last four years into the dates of instalments falling due in April.

Of the out standing balance of Rs. 98,699—8—5 Rs. 89,330—3—6 had been collected up to 31st. May last leaving a balance of Rs. 9,369—4—11 including Rs. 723—14—10 on account of former year's balance. Most of this balance has since been collected.

42. During the year under report ten alienations have been resumed as under:—

		Inam land				Cash payment	
		Acreage		Assessment			
		A.	G.	Rs.	a. p.	Rs.	a. p.
Service Inam land made khalsa after inquiry held under Inam rules.....		94	1	83	8 0	0	0 0
Ditto	Ditto ...	3	12	3	0 0	0	0 0
Ditto	Ditto ...	9	23	14	0 0	0	0 0
Ditto	Ditto ...	113	26	119	8 0	0	0 0
Ditto	Ditto ...	19	9	23	0 0	0	0 0
Ditto	Ditto ...	122	5	141	0 0	0	0 0
Ditto	Ditto ...	64	23	59	0 0	0	0 0
Cash payment	Ditto ...	0	0	0	0 0	4	10 0
Ditto	Ditto ...	0	0	0	0 0	10	8 0
Ditto	Ditto ...	0	0	0	0 0	1	0 0
Total...		426	19	443	0 0	16	2 0

43. Rs. 2,280—0—0 were advanced this year and Rs. 2,781—2—9 out of former advances were recovered, the balance now being Rs. 7,197—1—11.

CUSTOMS, SALT AND OPIUM.

44. The Abkari Department in the state is now managed by the British Government and this system is to continue till the Raja gets entire powers of the state.

44. A. All the transit or other duties in the state have been abolished with the consent of the Raja from 1st April 1887 as per Government R. No. 4107 of 19th July 1886 and free trade has been established throughout the State. The agreement of the Raja has not yet been taken. It will be taken when he gets full powers:-

Debts. 45. The state is now free from debts:-

CHAPTER VI.

VITAL STATISTICS AND MEDICAL SERVICES.

BIRTHS & DEATHS.

- Births. 46. The births during the past and previous year were as following:-

	1887—88	1888—89
Boys...	1267	1285
Girls...	1233	1232
	2500	2517

- Deaths. 47. The deaths were of adults 583 of children 762, as follows:-

	1887—88	1888—89
Men...	385	272
Women...	429	311
Boys...	444	397
Girls...	371	365
	1629	1345

- Main causes of deaths. 48. The main causes of deaths are as follows:-

Smallpox	...	70	Jaundice	...	8
Fever...	...	475	Miscarriage	...	1
Measles...	...	4	Abortion	...	1
Cholera	...	43	Puerperal fever	...	9
Lepracy	...	6	Puerperal consumption	...	29
Phthisis pulmonalis	...	50	Snake-bite	...	6
Diarrhea	...	236	By drowning in wells	...	15
Dysentery	...	9	Miscellaneous	...	383
Hipatites	...				
			Total.		1345

- Details of deaths by castes. 49. These deaths took place among the following castes:-

Mahomedans	182
Hindus	1058
Other castes	105
Total	1345

50. The marriages in the year under report numbered 531 of which 66 were amongst Mahomedance 210 amongst other castes and 255 amongst Hindus.

Marriages.

51. In the dispensary at Akalkot 6,970 patients were treated during the year against 6,015 in the preceding year. The cost under this head is Rs. 2,441—8—9 against Rs. 2,416—5—5. This shows a slight increase in cost.
52. The cost of conservancy was Rs. 773—12—0. The Sanitary condition of the town of Akalkot is much better than before.
53. There were 70 deaths from small pox during the year under report as against eleven in the previous year. This is owing to the prevalence of small pox in the state this year.
54. The Vaccinations during the year as compared with the previous year were as under:—

	1887—88	1888—89
Vaccinations	2100	2288
Successful	1790	2080
Doubtful.....	310	208

The people vaccinated during the year belonged to the following castes:—

Hindus	...	...	...	1,507
Mahomedans	...	...	...	321
Other	...	...	...	460
				<u>2,288</u>

CHAPTER VII.

INSTRUCTION.

55. The following table shows the number of schools and scholars:—

Discription	Number of Schools			Average attendance.			Cost.		
	Boys.	Girls.	Total.	Boys.	Girls.	Total.	Rs.	a.	p.
Anglo Vernacular & Vernacular ...	26	1	27	1046.9	29.4	1076.3	7,088	4	1
Hindustani... ..	4	0	4	129	0	129	716	4	8
Total...	30	1	31	1175.9	29.4	1205.3	7,804	8	9

There has been an increase in the number of schools and in the average attendance of scholars. Two new school-houses have been erected one at Chapalgaon and the other at Karajgi.

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VITHAL TIKAJI
State Karbhari.

56. The rain-fall was not sufficient but the Rabi crops on the whole were good. The villages on the bank of the river Bhina had no sufficient rain and consequently the assessment to the extent of about Rs. 2,500 had to be postponed till next year.

The accounts of all the villages in the state together with those in the Pilio & Kurla Mahals have been examined. The number of Receipt Books examined during the year was 5,238 as against 4,945 last year. The accounts of Mahalkari's Katcherries at Pilio & Kurla were also examined. Visited all the schools in the state as well as those in the Petas of Pilio and Kurla.

9th JULY 1889

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POLITICAL RELATIONS

APPENDIX A FORM I

Native State

Name of State.	TRIBUTE IN MEN OR MONEY		Estimated Population	School	Persons being taught	Persons who have been vaccinated	Prevailing diseases.	Supposed gross revenue	Military Force	Transit dues or not	Principal articles of produce, manufactures and mines &c.
	Amount	To whom payable									
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
Akalkot.	Rs. 14,592 Commuted payment in lieu of contingent of horse	British Government.	58,040 As per Census of 1881	1 A. Vernacular School 25 Vernacular with 1 girl's class 4 Hindustani 31	1,649 boys 40 girls 1689	2,288	Malarious fever, Dysentery, Diarrhoea	2,72,629	1 Jambadar 2 Havaldars 3 Naiks and 40 sepoys	Transit duties have been abolished vide G. R. No 4107 dated 19th July 1886	A purely agricultural country, jowari, rice, sugar-cane, gram, wheat linseed, kardi are the chief products. Saris, shelas, dupetas, are produced by weavers. Carpets are also manufactured in the jail. There are no mines.

Akalkot, 9th Jnly 1889

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State Karbhari

B-POLITICAL RELATIONS

APPENDIX B—FORM II.

Native chiefs principal male members of their Families, principal members of their Court.

Name of Individual, State, and Family to which he belongs	Residence.	Present position.	Caste or race and religion	Age.	How and where educated	Has sanad authorizing adoption or not.	How employed.	Family follows Primageneration or not	Has male heirs or not.	Remarks.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11
Shahaji Malaji alias Baba saheb Raje Bhousle ...	Akalkot	Raja... ..	Maratha Hindu	21 years & 4 months.	At Kolapur	Has sanad ...	Looking after the management of his state	Follows Primageneration...	...	Has a daughter aged 2 years and 5 months on 31st March 1889
Tulaji bin Fattasing alias Raje saheb Raje Bhousle... ..	Poona...	Residence at Poona with his family	Ditto	37 years.	Privately and at Poona High school	Has not.....	No employment	Ditto	No	

Akalkot, 9th July 1889

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Return showing the results of the working of the Magistracy in the Akalkot State for the year 1888 | 89.

No.	Under what Act.	Number of Cases.		Number of accused Reported.		Number of accused arrested		Convicted		Acquitted and discharged.		Transferred		Committed.		Remaining		Percentage of convicted or accused arrested or brought to trial	
		1888-89	1887-88	1888-89	1887-88	1888-89	1887-88	1888-89	1887-88	1888-89	1887-88	1888-89	1887-88	1888-89	1887-88	1888-89	1887-88	1888-89	1887-88
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20
1	Under Act XLV of 1860 Penal Code																		
2	1. Cognizable offences. ...	94	197	171	256	163	202	53	58	107	144	...	...	8	...	...	...	31.54	28.71
	2. Non-cognizable offences. ...	188	221	344	482	331	481	29	73	302	404	...	...	...	1	...	2	8.76	15.17
	" Other Acts...	122	77	173	144	171	141	138	82	33	59	...	...	...	...	...	...	80.70	58.15
		404	495	688	882	670	824	220	213	442	607	...	1	8	1	...	2	32.83	25.84

Akalkot 11th July 1889

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State Karbhari

D

Return of Civil Cases decided in the Akalkot Courts from 1st April 1888 to 31st March 1889

Number	Nature of case	On account of what years												Total 1888 to 31st March 1889.	Total decided.	Remaining	Total amount under litigation	Costs			Amount of cost per cent	Cost of each suit	Remarks
																		Stamps	Other expenses	Total			
		1878-79	1880-81	1881-82	1882-83	1883-84	1884-85	1885-86	1886-87	1887-88	Total	12	13										

1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	
Akalkot																							
1	Civil suits	1	1	0	0	0	0	1	14	50	67	384	451	433	1836,659	Rs. 2,796	0	2,910	2	2	5706	Rs. 13	as. p. 210
2	Execution of Decrees	0	4	7	6	5	2	9	19	197	249	689	938	801	13764,427	469	8	718	10	0	1188	1	as. p. 43
3	Miscellaneous	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	12	13	68	80	71	9,5007	95	0	247	3	11	342	5	as. p. 05
Paleo																							
1	Civil suits	0	0	0	0	0	0	3	1	1	5	22	27	23	4	2,689	0	189	11	3	399	17	as. p. 56
2	Execution of decrees	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	2	2	5	7	6	1	549	3	9	11	6	13	2	as. p. 33
3	Miscellaneous	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	as. p. ...
Kurta																							
1	Civil suits	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	2	2	5	7	7	0	369	0	34	11	9	71	10	as. p. 311
2	Execution of Decrees	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	4	5	4	1	427	4	6	5	0	10	2	as. p. 113
3	Miscellaneous	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	as. p. ...
Total.....		1	5	7	6	5	2	13	34	265	338	1,177	1515	1345	1701,10,131	7,3615	8	4,116	7	7	7,761	15	as. p. 214

* Total arrears in Civil Suits for Akalkot was 67 for 1887-88 and not 68 as entered in the last year's return

Akalkot, 9th July 1889

VITHAL TIKAJI
State Karbhari

E

Return of application for the execution of Decrees in the Akalkot State for the year 1888-89

In the Court of	Arrears	Received during the year. 1888-89	Total	Disposed of				Executions how carried out, and number of Applications undisposed of										Details of Decree remaining undisposed									
				Dismissed	Executed in full	Executed in part	Total	Executed by giving posses- sion		Executed by attachment				Executed by imprisonment	Number of persons imprisoned	Discharged on account of pauper.	Remaining.	1880-81	1881-82	1882-83	1883-84	1884-85	1885-86	1886-87	1887-88	1888-89	
								Movable property	Immovable property	Immovable and movable property	Immovable and movable property																
Sub Judge of Akalkot...	249	689	938	19	254	528	801	53	38	7	12	...	...	14	15	...	137	4	9	7	5	7	5	3	3	94	
Mahalkari Pillo.	2	5	7	1	5	...	6	6	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	
Mahalkari Kurda.	1	4	5	4	...	...	4	...	...	...	2	2	...	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
Total.....	252	698	950	24	259	528	811	59	38	7	14	2	...	14	15	...	139	4	9	7	5	7	5	3	4	95	

Akalkot, 9th July 1889.

VITHAL TIKAJI
State Karbbari

F

RETURN of Appeals in Civil Suits remaining filed and decided in the Court of the Collector and Political Agent Sholapur from

1st April 1888 to 31st March 1889

Arrears	For disposal .			Disposed of					Appeals on the file at the close of the year.	Total amount under litigation in cases disposed of	Cost	Cost of each appeal	Amount of cost per cent
	Re-admitted on the file	Instituted during the year	Total	On merits	Ex parte	Remanded	Dismissed for default &c.	Total					
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14
37	...	37	74	13	5	0	0	18	*56	3473-9-0	326-10-9	18-2-5	9-6-4

* Of the 56, 25 appeals has been disposed of since 1st April 1889.

Akalkot
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VITHAL TIKAJI
State Karbbari.

G

RETURN showing the number of Documents registered in the Akalkot State during the year 1888-89

Number.	Documents.	Immoveable.			Moveable.	Immoveable and Moveable.	Lands and Houses	Lands, Houses and Trees.	Total Documents.	Up to Rs. 100		Above Rs. 100		Total.		Total Amount of fees levied.	Rates of Fees levied.
		Lands.	Houses.	Trees.						Documents.	Amount.	Documents.	Amount.	Documents.	Amount.		
1	Mortgage deeds	63	40	1	3	25	19	35	195	Rs. 7,347	a. p. 4 0	Rs. 92,33,699	a. p. 0 3	Rs. 19,541,046	a. p. 4 3	Rs. 313 2 0	As per Schedule Sanctioned by the political Agent on the 15th of March 1886.
2	Deeds of sale ..	21	129	3	8	13	8	25	207	Rs. 15,49,657	a. p. 4 0	Rs. 58,13,804	a. p. 0 0	Rs. 20,723,461	a. p. 4 0	Rs. 223 8 0	
3	Deeds of gift...	0	1	0	0	5	0	2	8	Rs. 525	a. p. 0 0	Rs. 400	a. p. 0 0	Rs. 925	a. p. 0 0	Rs. 9 2 0	
4	Other documents	40	29	0	4	6	1	1	51	Rs. 2,572	a. p. 5 3	Rs. 25,12,654	a. p. 1 11	Rs. 81,15,226	a. p. 7 2	Rs. 129 12 0	
	Total.	124	208	4	15	49	28	63	491	Rs. 31,92,101	a. p. 13 3	Rs. 1,72,60,557	a. p. 2 2	Rs. 49,18,065	a. p. 15 5	Rs. 675 8 0	

9th JULY 1889

VITHAL TIKAJI
State Karbhari

H.

Abstract Statement of expenditure of the Akalkot State

No.	Expenditure.	1887-88.	1888-89
1	Expenses of the Raja, relations dependants and private establishment	102313	135412
2	Religious and charitable allowances	5922	5401
3	Hereditary allowances	6154	5917
4	District Hereditary officers	11648	11281
5	Village Hereditary officers	12742	12381
6	Village servant and expenses	2508	2466
7	Political establishment	4343	2682
8	Civil Courts	7679	6568
9	Revenue establishment	13661	14067
10	Jail	8469	2970
11	Police	9826	9827
12	Shibandi	4434	4419
13	Judicial expenses	328	614
14	Stamps	390	435
15	Commuted payment to British Government in lieu of Akalkot contingent	14592	14592
16	Pensions	6968	7251
17	Medical	2416	2442
18	Educational	8432	8500
19	Local Fund	6240	5952
20	Public works	26061	40544
21	Registration	56	62
22	Forest	2575	2716
23	Miscellaneous	3851	1145
		261608	296684
24	Advances and Deposits	13043	6904
	Grand Total	274651	303588

Abstract Statement of Receipts of the Akalkot State

No.	Receipts.	1887-88	1888-89
1	Land Revenue	193811	187465
2	Local Fund	16986	15672
3	Sayar	41147	39658
4	Judicial	2194	2545
5	Registration	589	673
6	Stamped	6611	7645
7	Educational	971	904
8	Jail	749	645
9	Private establishment	10200	10105
10	Miscellaneous	2010	3165
11	Forest	2380	3808
12	Police Fund	356	344
		277995	272629
13	Advances and Deposits	17430	10355
	Grand Total	295425	282984

Receipts & Expenditure & Balance at the end of each year of the Akalkot State

Year	Revenue.	Expenditure	Surplus	Deficit	Balance
1887-88	295425	274651	20774		166504
1888-89	282984	303588		20604	145900

9th JULY 1889.

VITHAL TIKAJI
State Karbhahi.

RECEIPTS and Disbursements of the Revenues of the Akalkot State, from 1st April 1888 to 31st March 1889.

Receipts	Amount		Amount		Total		Disbursements	Amount		Amount		Total
	Rs.	a. p.	Rs.	a. p.	Rs.	a. p.		Rs.	a. p.	Rs.	a. p.	
Balance in Treasury on 1st April 1888	...	...	...	...	1,66,504	4 5 1	Expenses of the Raja relations, dependants & private Establishment	...	...	...	...	...
Land Revenue—												
Recoveries on account of former years	391	13 2					Stipend & Establishment of the Raja	1,13,912	7 5			
Ditto current year	1,82,981	1 5					Stipend of families at Poona	6,400	0 0			
Rent of Sheri land	4,092	2 0					Extra Expenditure	15,100	0 0			
Local Fund	...	...	1,87,465	0 7			Religious & Charitable allowances—	1,35,412	7 5			
Sayar...	...	...	15,672	0 2			Devasthan allowances	3,066	13 11			
Recoveries of License Tax on account of former year	8	0 0					Varshasandars	2,326	3 2			
Recoveries on account of current year	6,497	2 0					Kaji's allowances	7	12 0			
Mokasbab	19,593	2 5					Hereditary allowances—	5,400	13 1			
Customs { Commuted allowance in lieu of	9,606	4 0					Nemnukdars	4,775	7 0			
Miscellaneous receipts (Jakat chapa) &c...	661	1 9					Tashrifdars	169	12 0			
Compensation on account of liquor Contract due by the British Govt.	2,257	6 0					Dengidars	71	8 0			
Opium Contract...	572	2 0					District Hereditary Officers—	5,016	11 0			
Blang Ganja	263	4 0					Hakdar District Hereditary officers.	10,532	5 4			
Boja ... ditto	26	8 0					Sirdeshmukhi Umal paid to British Government	687	9 4			
Compensation for the salt Revenue relinquished by the state	142	0 10					Darakdar	60	9 6			
Chandel	31	0 0										
	...	...	39,657	15 0								
Carried over	...	...	2,42,794	15	91,66,504	4 5	Carried over	...	...	11,280	8 2	
										1,57,110	7 8	

No.	Receipts	Amount		Amount		Total	No.	Disbursement.	Amount		Amount		Total
		Rs.	a. p.	Rs.	a. p.				Rs.	a. p.	Rs.	a. p.	
4	Judicial—												
	Brought forward...			2,42,794	15 9	1,66,504 4 5					1,57,110	7 8	
1	Fines...	888	5 7				5	Village Hereditary Officers—					
2	Unclaimed property	31	4 3						4,816	0 6			
3	Intestate estate	10	14 3				1	Patils allowances					
4	Batta	1,419	10 11				2	Kulkarnis Do.	7,565	2 6			
5	Fees in Civil Courts	81	1 1					Village Servants & expenses—			12,381	3 0	
6	Miscellaneous	113	6 9				6						
5	Registration Fees—			2,544	10 10		1	Shetsandi sepoys	1,773	14 11			
6	Stamps—			673	4 0		2	Contingent Expenses oil &c.	692	7 0			
7	Educational—			7,645	2 0		7	Political establishment—			2,466	5 11	
8	Jail—			903	13 0		1	Establishment	1,789	0 0			
9	Private Establishment—			644	15 9		2	Extra Expenditure	892	8 6			
10	Miscellaneous—			10,105	7 0		8	Civil Court—			2,681	8 6	
1	Profit account...	1,031	2 0				1	Subjudge's Establishment	3,904	10 11			
2	Jamindars haks	193	6 2				2	Nazir's Do.	1,934	11 10			
3	Political establishment account	8	3 6				3	Extra Expenditure	729	0 6			
4	Public works account	1,187	10 10				9	Revenue Establishment—			6,568	7 3	
5	Civil Court Do.	224	0 2				1	Karbhari's Establishment	10,820	14 3			
6	Revenue Establishment account	27	5 10				2	Mahalkari Pilio's Do	1,085	0 0			
7	Shibandi account	6	12 0				3	Mekas Unal	53	0 0			
8	Village expenses	1	0 6				4	Extra Expenditure	2,048	8 9			
9	Miscellaneous	485	6 11				10	Jail—			14,007	7 0	
11	Forest			3,164	15 11			Establishment	780	0 0			
12	Police Fund			3,808	0 1		1	Subsistence to prisoners	1,348	5 10			
13	Advances, Deposits &c.—			343	4 7		2	Clothing expenses	113	7 0			
1	Recoveries on account of Takavi	2,781	2 9				3	Extra Expenditure	728	9 1			
2	Do Do advances...	6,259	4 8				4	Police—			2,970	5 11	
3	Deposits	1,315	1 5				1	Establishment	8,846	7 10			
				10,355	8 10		2	Extra expenditure	523	4 0			
	Total Receipts					2,82,984 1 9	3	Police Fund account	457	11 0			
											9,327	6 10	

	Shibandi—				
12	Establishment	4,174	4	11	
	Extra expenditure	244	4	9	
	Judicial expenses				4,418 9 8
	Fines remitted &c.	120	8	0	
1	Batta to witnesses	196	11	0	
2	Prosecutors Fees	170	0	0	
3	Miscellaneous	126	11	5	
4					613 14 5
14	Stamps—	...			434 11 0
	Commutd payment to British Govern- ment in lieu of Akalkot contingent...	...			14,592 0 0
16	Pensions—				
	Pensions to Akalkot Contingent ...	5,274	7	10	
1	Pensions	1,977	0	0	7,251. 7 10
17	Medical—				
	Dispensary				2,441 .8 9
18	Educational—				
	Establishment	7,804	8	9	
1	Extra expenditure	695	3	6	
2					8,499 12 3
19	Local Fund—				
	Remuneration to Cattle pound keepers	395	3	9	
1	Vaccination	352	8	3	
2	Refunds &c.	2	9	10	
3	Roads &c.	2,857	12	.3	
4	Dharmashalas	788	13	2	
5	Wells	1,554	11	10	
6					5,951 11 1
	Carried over.....	...			... 2,52,216 15 1
4,49,488	6	2			

Receipts	Amount		Total	Disbursements	Amount		Total
	Rs.	a. p. Rs.			Rs.	a. p. Rs.	
Brought forward	...	...	Rs. a. s. 4,49,488 6 2	Brought forward	...	...	Rs. a. p. 2,52,216 15 1
			20	Public works—			
				1 Establishment	1,348	11 6	
				2 Conservancy	773	12 0	
				3 Chawadis	694	2 0	
				4 Roads	31,259	14 0	
				5 Wells	2,127	0 7	
				6 Other works	1,888	13 1	
				7 New school houses at Chapalgaon and Karajgi	973	11 9	
				8 New Karbhari katcheri	1,098	14 6	
				9 Repairs to Grain market	238	0 0	
				10 Repairs to Post office	65	1 5	
				11 Repairs to Sub Judge's quarter	76	2 6	
			21	Registration amount	...	...	Rs. a. p. 40,544 3 3
			22	Forest amount—	...	...	61 14 4
				1 Establishment	2,064	13 6	
			2	Extra Expenditure	651	8 11	
			23	Miscellaneous—			Rs. a. p. 2,716 6 5
				1 Loss (including remissions)	168	6 8	
			2	Refunds	23	4 0	
			3	Extra expenditure	216	9 9	
			4	Maktabab	736	10 2	
			24	Advances, Deposits &c.—			Rs. a. p. 1,144 14 7
				1 Takavi	2,280	0 0	
			2	Advances recoverable	4,052	8 9	
			3	Diposits	571	6 2	
				Total Expenditure	...	...	Rs. a. p. 6,903 14 11
				Balance in the Treasury	...	...	3,03,588 4 7
Grand Total			4,49,488 6 2	Grand Total	...	...	Rs. a. p. 1,45,900 1 7
							4,49,488 6 2

REPORT
ON THE
ADMINISTRATION
OF THE
AKALKOT STATE

For the Year 1890-91.

Bombay:
PRINTED AT THE
SOCIETY'S STEAM PRESS, BYCULLA.

1891.

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V. R. KELKAR,
State Karbhari.

Akalkot, 14th July 1891.

No. 160 of 1891-92.

OFFICE OF THE STATE KARBHARI,
Akalkot, 14th July 1891.

From

RAO BAHADUR VISHNU RAGUNATH KELKAR,

State Karbhari, Akalkot;

To

P. C. H. SNOW, Esq., C.S.,

Collector and Political Agent,

Sholapur.

SIR,—I have the honour to submit the Annual Administration Report of the State for the year ending 31st March 1891.

2. The usual statements, Appendices Nos. I. to XVII., accompany the report.

CHAPTER I.—POLITICAL.

3. This State is under the supervision of the Collector and Political Agent, Sholapur. The Departments of Public Works, Police, Forests and Education are under the control of the respective British officers of that district. The Raje Saheb exercises the powers of the Sessions Judge conjointly with the State Karbhari. The Joint Court is not empowered to try criminal cases, punishable with 7 years' imprisonment or upwards, or with death or transportation. The Political Agent, Sholapur, exercises that jurisdiction. Appeals from the decisions of the Joint Court in criminal cases lie to the Political Agent and in civil cases to Government.

4. The Khasgi Department is entirely under the Raje Saheb's control.

5. The Raje Saheb made a tour in the south-western portion of the State in the middle of February 1891. The Raje Saheb returned to Akalkot from Mahableshwar by the middle of June 1890, and had to go back to Poona for a few days in July on account of his baby's (Putala Raje's) illness. The short stay at Poona did not improve the baby's health, and so the Raje Saheb had to stay in Poona from 30th August to 12th October as per advice of the medical advisers. The Raje Saheb was absent in Bombay during the Natal holidays, and had again to go and stay there from 30th January to 19th March 1891, with the permission of the Government, for the sake of the health of the Rani Saheb, who was under the treatment of Doctor Pechey-Phipson.

6. The Raje Saheb, though he was compelled to be absent from Akalkot on account of circumstances stated above, used to do his office work there, and took special trips in order to hear appeals on the appointed dates.

7. No domestic event, worthy of report, occurred in the Raje Saheb's family during the year.

CHANGES IN THE ADMINISTRATION.

8. Rao Bahadur Ramchandra Naroji Bagwe resigned the post of State Karbhari and Rao Bahadur Vishnu Raghunath Kelkar (the present incumbent) was appointed to the post. He received charge of the duties on the 8th November 1890.

Rao Saheb Gautam Motichanda Shaha, Sub-Judge and District Magistrate, resigned his post on the 1st June 1890. Rao Saheb Dattatraya Nagesh Phansalkar was appointed in his place. He took charge of the office on the 5th July 1890.

Hospital Assistant Mr. Gangadin reverted to his post in the British service and Doctor Ramchandra Shivaji Poredi, L.M.S., was appointed the Medical Officer on Rs. 125 per month from the 18th August 1890.

CHAPTER II.—ADMINISTRATION OF THE LAND.

9. The Revenue survey was made in 1869-70 and applied from the year 1870-71 for a period of 20 years. The term of the settlement expired during the year under report, and proposals for revision survey have been submitted to the Political Agent, as per Government Resolution No. 9109, dated 31st December 1890, Political Department. The mean amount of arrears of land revenue at the end of the revenue year for the last 5 years is Rs. 1,323, the net realizable land revenue being Rs. 1,92,718. This fact shows that the rayats do not find it difficult to pay the present assessment. There was also much demand for land as will be seen from the subjoined table :—

Extent of waste cultivable area for		Taken up in		Waste remaining at end of year		Percentage of cultivable land lying waste in	
1889-90.	1890-91.	1889-90.	1890-91.	1889-90.	1890-91.	1889-90.	1890-91.
8,213	5,835	2,378	2,341	5,835	3,533	2.3	1.3

The assessment on land yet remaining waste is Rs. 2,179-14-0.

10. There is only one special tenure, *viz.*, Maktâ tenure, in vogue in this State. The six villages of—(1) Borgâva, (2) Khairât, (3) Kumtâ, (4) Ningâva, (5) Râmpur and (6) Râmtirth are held by Sardeshmukhs, &c., under this tenure. The Sardeshmukhs, &c., or the Maktedârs used to claim these villages as *indm*, which claim the State did not admit. Mr. Percival, Collector and Political Agent Sholapur, proposed a settlement, founded on the survey

assessment of the villages, and Government were pleased to sanction it in their Resolution No. 5598, dated 30th November 1878, Political Department. The settlement is that the Maktedârs are required to annually pay to the State for these villages nine annas in the rupee of their survey assessment for the time being. The one anna cess is to be paid on the whole assessment.

There were three sharers in Râmpur, one of whom relinquished his one-third share to the state in the year 1886-87.

11. The Raje Saheb has lands in the State. Those, which are rent-free, are managed by the Raje Saheb through his Khasgi Department. The remaining lands are leased for a period of 5 to 10 years by auction by the State. The yearly rent thus secured is generally higher than the survey assessment and is credited to the State. The table below will show the rent-free and other lands of the Raje Saheb :—

Description of lands.	Survey numbers.	Area.	Assessment.	Rent.
		Acres. gs.	Rs. a.	Rs. a.
1. Rent-free lands	26	2,977 12	4,727 13	.....
2. Lands sold and leased by auction by the State for a period of 5 to 10 years.....	110	2,847 27	3,501 5	5,039 13
Total.....	136	5,824 39	8,229 2	5,039 13

12. There are now only 3 *kouls* in running, two of which will expire at the end of the year 1891-92. The third will expire at the end of the year 1897-98. The full assessment on the lands under the *kouls* is Rs. 161. The amount due, and paid to the State in the year under report, was Rs. 113-6-0. Thus the loss to the State was Rs. 47-10-0.

13. One *Inâm* land (Dharmâdâya), assessed at Rs. 18, was resumed under the *Inâm* Inquiry Rules on the death of the holder, Dharmadâs bin Shankar-dâs.

One *Hela* *Inâm*, assessed at Rs. 5, was resumed, as the holder did not for a long time do, and refused to do hereafter, service to the village cattle.

One Shetsandi *Inâm* in the *Maktâ* village of Râmpur and assessed at Rs. 19 was resumed, as instead of the Shetsandi, the Maktedâr himself was found to enjoy it. There is no Shetsandi in the village. By resumption of this *Inâm* is meant that the Maktedâr is to pay to the State 9 annas in the rupee of the assessment of the number as long as there is no Shetsandi appointed.

One *Inâm* (*Jât*), assessed at Rs. 83-8-0f was formerly resumed under the *Inâm* Inquiry Rules. The decision was upset in appeal by Government and the land was declared *Inâm*.

Two cash allowances amounting to Rs. 1-3-0 were entirely stopped under the Inâm Inquiry Rules.

Cash allowances (Devasthân, &c.) amounting to Rs. 440-3-3 were continued to 277 persons under the Inâm Inquiry Rules.

14. The present system of revenue accounts is based on Blaine's forms. There is only one Sub-Treasury at Pilio Mahal, a detached portion of the State in the Malsiras Taluka of the Sholapur District. It was found at the time of examining the Jamabundi papers this year that no village was provided with Form No. I. or *Shetwârpatrika*, though the system was in force for the last 25 years. The defect was at once remedied. Steps are being taken to introduce Symond's forms of revenue accounts into villages of the State from the year 1891-92.

15. Under Government Resolution No. 1550, dated 27th February 1889, the accounts of the State are annually examined and audited by an officer from the Account Office of the Sholapur Collectorate.

16. Including the balance at the end of the last year, the total number of boundary disputes was 74, of which none was settled during the year under report. A pensioned officer from the Revenue Survey Department of the Bombay Government has been lately appointed to aid the State Karbhari in settling the disputes, and it is hoped that they will all be disposed of in the year 1891-92.

17. The wards under the care of the State in the year under report were as shown in the Statement given below :—

Number.	Name.	Age.	Place of birth.	Place of education.	Balance in the beginning of the year.	Receipts.	Disbursements.	Balance at the end of the year.		Value of moveable property in hand.	Area of land under management.
								In cash.	In Government securities.		
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
					Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.		Rs. a. p.	Acs. gts.
1	Shivâji Raje	17	Kurla.	Satara.	1,307 8 9	5,983 0 7	7,035 12 0	254 8 4	.....	4,910 12 3	441 2
2	Sambhâji Raje	13	"	"	924 1 2	4,321 9 3	5,044 6 10	201 3 7	.....	445 4 0	219 23
3	Mâruti	13	Akalkot.	Akalkot.	110 8 2	Principal, 675 4 0 Interest, 84 5 0 House rent, 13 10 0 773 3 0	131 6 6	752 4 8	.....	130 2 4	20 20
4	Santi	10	"	"							
5	Maibai	16	Badole	Looks after house hold affairs and lives with her husband.	10 6 0	741 2 8	737 10 5	13 14 9	.....	269 2 0	190 27
6	Somannâ	13	Wagdari.	Wagdari.	.....	2,013 10 0	.....	2,013 10 0	.....	280 12 0	

(a) The first two wards, Shivaji Raje and Sambhaji Raje, are *bhaubands* of the Akalkot Raje Saheb. Shivaji Raje has an eight-anna share and Sambhaji Raje a four-anna share in the gross revenue of Kurla, a village in the Khatavá Taluká of the Sátara District. The remaining four-anna share belongs to Bhavanji Raje. Shivaji is to defray the expenses of the management of the village, which must not exceed one-fourth of the gross revenue of the village. The shares of the two minors, minus the amounts fixed for their maintenance and education, are mortgaged to the State at 6 per cent. per annum. The sum advanced to Shivaji Raje was Rs. 26,495-13-0 and to Sambhaji Raje was Rs. 25,756-7-7. The sums were advanced for paying off debts due to private money-lenders at a higher rate of interest, as per Government Resolution No. 425, dated 31st January, 1883. The debt accounts were not kept in one systematic manner. They were thoroughly overhauled and kept on a proper basis in the year under report. The amounts due by the minors at the end of the year were :—

Name of Minor.	Principal.	Interest.	Total.
	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.
Shivaji Raje.....	22,648 15 0	105 5 7	22,754 4 7
Sambhaji Raje.....	25,033 9 5	99 0 8	25,942 10 1

The reason why so small an amount has been liquidated, is that the average recoveries every year were slightly more than the annual interest payable.

The Kurla estate is administered by the Akalkot State, through an officer called Mahalkari, who is a Third Class Magistrate. He is also the Civil Court of Original Jurisdiction up to Rs. 500. His pay is Rs. 40 per mensem. The charge of the administration in the year under report was Rs. 1,188-8-1.

The progress made by these minors at school is good. Shivaji Raje is learning the 4th English Standard in the Sátara High School. Sambhaji Raje is learning the 5th Marathi Standard in Marathi School No. 2 of the Sátara Municipality.

(b) Maruti and Santi are brothers and came under the charge of the State in 1883. They are Kasars by caste. They live with their paternal uncle, who receives a monthly allowance of Rs. 10 for food, clothes, education, &c., of the boys. The minors are well looked after. No money belonging to the minors was advanced to private persons in the year under report, as it is in contemplation to invest it in Government securities. The amount to be recovered from private persons, to whom sums were advanced in past years, is Rs. 745-3-0 (principal) and Rs. 33-10-0 (interest).

Both the boys read the Marathi 2nd Standard. They get nothing for their land which is a service Inam. Their uncle does service to the Raje Saheb and so enjoys the land, which he will do till they attain majority.

(c) Maibai, Brahmin by caste, lives with her husband, Ganesh Narayen, who is now her guardian and administrator. She came under the charge of the State in 1858. Her estate is encumbered with debts. She cannot go to the school under the present state of her caste system, as she is 16 years old.

(d) Somana came under the charge of the State in May 1890. He is Lingayat Vani by caste. He attends the State Vernacular School at Vagdari, and is learning the Vernacular 3rd Standard. He has no lands; he has a small house. His ornaments were sold in the year under report for Rs. 2,007 and steps are being taken to deposit 70 per cent. of the sum in Government securities. The yearly expense (Rs. 44) for his maintenance and education was paid to his brother-in-law, Shivlingapa, after the end of the year under report.

CHAPTER III.—PROTECTION.

(a) LEGISLATION.

18. The laws in force are:—

REVENUE ACTS.

Bombay Act III. of 1869—Local Fund Cess Act.

„ „ VII. of 1873—Salt Act.

„ „ III. of 1874—Vatan Act.

„ „ III. of 1876—Mamlatdar's Court Jurisdiction.

Act I. of 1878—Opium Act.

Bombay Act V. of 1878—Relating to liquor and drugs.

„ „ V. of 1879—Revenue Code.

CIVIL REGULATIONS AND ACTS.

Regulation VIII. of 1827—Relating to formal recognition of heirs, &c.

Act I. of 1872.—Indian Evidence Act.

„ IX. of 1872.—Contract Act.

„ X. of 1877.—Civil Procedure Code as amended by Act XII. of 1879.

CRIMINAL ACTS.

Act XLV. of 1860.—Penal Code.

„ VI. of 1864.—Whipping Act.

Bombay Acts VII. and VIII. of 1867—District and Village Police Acts.

Act I. of 1871.—Cattle Trespass.

„ X. of 1872.—Criminal Procedure Code as amended by subsequent Acts.

„ XI. of 1878.—Arms Act.

The above Acts were made applicable under Government Resolution No. 3412, dated 19th July, 1880, Political Department.

Act XVIII. of 1850.—Protection of Judicial Officers.

Act VII. of 1866.—Liability of heirs for debts (Bombay).

„ XX. of 1864.—Minor's Act.

- Act X. of 1866.—General Clauses Act (Bombay).
 „ I. of 1868. „ „ „ (Government of India).
 „ X. of 1870.—Land Acquisition.
 „ XXVII. of 1870.—Amending Indian Penal Code.
 „ XIX. of 1872. „ „ „
 „ XVIII. of 1872. „ Indian Evidence Act.
 „ X. of 1873.—Judicial Oaths.
 „ IX. of 1875.—Indian Majority Act.
 „ I. of 1876.—Amending Act VIII. of 1867, Village Police.
 „ VI. of 1878.—Treasure Trove Act.
 „ VIII. of 1880.—Amending Limitation Act.
 „ XII. of 1879.—Amending Limitation Act, only so far as it amends Limitation Act.
 „ XIX. of 1883.—Land Improvement Loans Act.
 „ IV. of 1886.—Amending Indian Contract Act.
 „ X. of 1886.—Amending Code of Criminal Procedure.
 Bombay Act III. of 1875.—The Toll Act.

These were applied under Government Resolution No. 5531-A., Political Department, dated 21st September 1886.

Act XV. of 1877.—Limitation (Government Resolution No. 2545, dated 27th April 1885, Political Department).

Act XIV. of 1882.—The Code of Civil Procedure applied from 1st January 1886 (*vide* Government Resolution No. 3384, dated 2nd June 1885, Political Department).

The Court Fees Act VII. of 1870 and the General Stamps Act I. of 1879 were made applicable from 1st January 1890 (*vide* Government Resolution No. 4627, dated 6th July 1889).

Bombay Act V. of 1886 and Section 9 of Act I. of 1877 (Government Resolution No. 4823, dated 28th July 1887, Political Department).

Act VI. of 1888, Debtors Act, Act VIII. of 1888 Civil Procedure Amendment Act.

Act X. of 1888.—Amending Code of Civil Procedure and Presidency Small Cause Court Act 1882.

These three Acts were made applicable as per Government Resolution No. 6109, dated 2nd October 1890, Political Department.

The Indian Forest Act, 1878, as amended by the Forest Act, 1890 (Government Resolution No. 442, dated 23rd January 1891).

(b) MILITARY.

19. The strength of the Military, or rather *Shibandi*, force is only 46. The chief officer, styled Jamadar, wears a sword. The remaining 45 men use the smooth bore musket marked ¹⁸⁵⁹ Tower. They furnish guard at the Treasury,

the Raje Saheb's palace and the Jail. Three of them are Marathas and the rest Mahomedans. They have no free and separate quarters, but live in their own private houses. They are tolerably efficient in drill. Only 9 men are able to read and write. There is no special school for them. The total cost to the State for maintaining this force was Rs. 4,681-2-6 against Rs. 5,023-3-6 of the previous year. The decrease is due to the cost of new dress given last year.

(c) POLICE.

20. The Police force of the State is 59 men as shown in Appendix VI. The organization and discipline of the force is under the entire control of the District Superintendent of Police of the Sholapur District. The total cost of maintaining this force is Rs. 10,849-13-9 against Rs. 10,682-7-1 in the previous year, showing an increase of Rs. 167-6-8 which is due to the employment of two more Head Constables, Class IV., from December 1890 for the new additional outposts at Nagansur and Kurnur. This new arrangement, which was proposed by Mr. Souter, the then Superintendent of Police, and sanctioned by the Political Agent with the consent of the Raje Saheb, is found convenient by the people. The distribution of the Police in the outposts according to the old and new arrangement is shown in the table below :—

Name of Post.	Old arrangement.		New arrangement.	
	Head Constable.	Constables.	Head Constable.	Constables.
Akalkot	1	6	1	6
Wagdari	1	6	1	3
Karajgi	1	6	1	3
Pilio	1	4	1	4
Nagansur .....	.....	.....	1	3
Kurnur .....	.....	.....	1	3

21. Of the 59 men in the force, 25 are Hindus and 34 are Mahomedans; 20 men are able to read and write and 4 are under instruction.

22. Azam Ramchandra Gabaji, the chief constable, was convicted and sentenced to pay a fine of Rs. 2 under Section 510, Indian Penal Code. One head constable, class IV., who is now dead, was fined Rs. 10 under Section 228, Indian Penal Code and Section 490, Criminal Procedure Code. Constable class I, Ali *walad* Mohidin, was fined Rs. 15 under Section 323, Indian Penal Code. The chief constable and the constable are yet in service; and as the Superintendent of Police has already written about the matter and the organization of the Police force to the Political Agent, it is not necessary to write more on the subject.

23. With regard to cognizable cases, the Police arrested 101 persons, of whom 76 were sent for trial. Of these 76, 21, that is 27·6 per cent. were convicted against 29·4 in the previous year.

24. The alleged value of the stolen property was Rs. 3,392 against Rs. 5,634 in the previous year. The amount recovered was Rs. 893, or 26.32 per cent. against Rs. 2,910, or 51 per cent. in the last year.

25. There thus appears no improvement in the efficiency of the Police.

26. There are no Police-lines or quarters for the Police either at Akalkot or the out-posts, except at Karajgi.

VILLAGE POLICE.

27. There is a Police Patel and one or two Shetsandis in every village. The total number of Shetsandis is 205, which is maintained at a cost of Rs. 4,519-3-0 in land and Rs. 2,179-14-0 in cash.

(d) Criminal Justice.

28. The following courts were at work during the year :—

Political Agent, Sholapur.

The Joint-Court.

District Magistrate.

Second Class Magistrate, Akalkot.

Third Class Magistrate, Pilio.

„ „ „ Kurla.

29. Appendix X. shows in detail the work done by the Magistrates. The District Magistrate is also the Sub-Judge of Akalkot. Of the two accused (column 15) committed for trial under Section 376 Indian Penal Code, one was convicted by the Joint-Court, but was acquitted by the Commissioner, Central Division, in appeal. The other accused was acquitted by the Joint Court. One person, remaining under trial at the end of the last year, was convicted and sentenced to one year's rigorous imprisonment under Section 325 Indian Penal Code, by the Political Agent, Sholapur. The sentence was reduced to 3 months in appeal to the Commissioner, Central Division. It appears now from the Political Agent's letter No. 3273, dated 16th June 1891, to the address of the Raje Saheb, that it was not the intention of Government when investing him (the Raje Saheb) with certain powers in March 1890, to supersede the residuary jurisdiction of the Political Agent of Akalkot in criminal cases punishable with 7 years' imprisonment or upwards, or with death or transportation. The two rape cases were tried by the Joint Court under the authority of para. 2 of the Political Agent's letter, dated 1st April 1890, to the address of the Raje Saheb.

30. Of 6 persons (column 4, Appendix X.) remaining at the end of last year, two were arrested by the Police; of these two, one was convicted and the other was acquitted. These two persons do not appear in Appendix VII. for obvious reasons. The offences reported and persons arrested and brought to trial were 407 and 616 against 343 and 646, respectively, in the previous

year (*vide* Appendix X). Of the 616 brought to trial, 338 or 54·9 per cent. were convicted. The percentage in the last year was 36·8. The number of persons who were arrested on complaints made to Magistrates was 538. Of these 316 or 58·7 per cent. were convicted.

31. No case of murder was reported during the year. One case of dacoity was reported, and the Police are trying to trace the offenders.

32. Appendix XI. relates to work of the appellate courts.

33. The courts of appeal during the year under report were :—

1. The Joint-Court.
2. District Magistrate.

34. There was one appeal pending before the Joint-Court at the end of the last year. There were thus 13 applications for disposal during the year against 23 in last year. In 10 cases, involving 12 persons, sentences were confirmed against 17 cases, involving 19 persons, in the previous year. In one case, sentence was modified against 3 in the last year. Sentences were reversed in two cases, involving 2 persons, against the same number of cases, involving 3 persons, in the year before. There was no appeal pending at the end of the year.

(e) *Extradition.*

35. One offender was handed over to the State authorities by the British Government. No demands were made on this State by the British authorities or the Nizam's Government. There is no want of reciprocity on the part of the neighbouring States or British Territory in the extradition of offenders.

(f) *Prisons.*

36. The new jail building at Akalkot is sufficiently strong, spacious and airy. It is 165 by 135 feet. There are two barracks and a cook-room in the building. Each barrack is 111 by 29 feet, and has a tiled roof. The building is kept perfectly clean. The jail is under the superintendence of the State Karbhari. The Medical Officer of the State visits the jail every day. There are small sub-jails at Pilio and Kurla, where convicts, whose terms of imprisonment do not exceed one month, are confined. They are under the charge of the respective Mahalkaris of the places. Appendix No. XII. will show that the total number of admissions in these sub-jails was only four in the year under report.

37. The sub-jails are kept, as Kurla and Pilio are, in the detached portions of the State. Kurla is 115 miles and Pilio 80 miles distant from Akalkot.

38. There were 29 prisoners remaining in the jail at Akalkot at the end of the last year. 21 were admitted during the year under report. Thus the total number of prisoners was 50, out of whom 33 were released during the year, leaving 17 prisoners at its close. There were no prisoners in the

sub-jails at the close of the year under report. The daily average of prisoners in the jail at Akalkot was 24.4 against 25.8 in the previous year.

39. Of the 21 prisoners admitted in the year under report, only one was a female. 20 prisoners were Hindus and the remaining one was a Mahomedan. No prisoner was a re-convict.

40. The sentences (and they were all rigorous imprisonments), which the prisoners, remaining in the jail at the end of the year under report, were undergoing, were as under :—

No. of prisoners.	Terms of imprisonment.
1	1 year.
2	2 years.
2	4 „
10	7 „
1	9 „
1	For life.
17	

41. Proper attention was paid to jail discipline, and the conduct of the prisoners was on the whole satisfactory. Only one prisoner was punished for breach of jail rules after several warnings. There were no escapes from the jail.

42. The convicts were employed on public works. The proceeds of convict labour in the year under report was Rs. 330-14-6.

43. The general health of the prisoners was good. The common ailments were ague, dysentery, boils. One prisoner died of dysentery.

44. The prisoners complained in a body to the Political Agent (Mr. Charles) that the food supplied to them was not sufficient. He selected one prisoner at random and weighed him. It was found that he weighed more than when he was admitted.

45. The total cost of maintenance and control during the year under report amounted to Rs. 3,387 against Rs. 2,606 in the previous year. The average cost per prisoner is Rs. 124-3-7.

46. Three visitors of the jail were appointed in the year under report—one of them is the District Magistrate, and the remaining two are non-officials.

LOCK-UPS.

47. There are two lock-ups—one attached to the Chief Constable's Office, and the other to the Court of the Second Class Magistrate, Akalkot. The first is $20 \times 15\frac{1}{2}$ feet, and the second is $21 \times 15\frac{3}{4}$ feet. The second lock-up consists of two rooms—one for females, and the other for males. Both the lock-ups are properly secured and sufficiently spacious. The average period of detention in the Magistrate's lock-up was 7 days.

(g) *Civil Justice.*

48. The following Courts were at work during the year under report :—

The Political Agent till June 1890.

The Joint-Court.

Sub-Judge, Akalkot.

„ „ Pilio.

* „ „ Kurla.

The jurisdiction of the Sub-Judge, Akalkot, extends to suits of any amount. Appeals against his decrees lie to the Joint-Court. Appeals against the decisions of the Joint-Court lie to Government. The Mahalkaris of Pilio and Kurla exercise original jurisdiction up to Rs. 500, and appeals against their decisions lie to the Subordinate Judge of Akalkot.

49. Appendix XIII. shows the nature and value of original suits filed and disposed of during the year under report. Including the opening balance of undisposed of suits at the commencement of the year, the total number of suits for disposal was 343 against 599 in the previous year. Of these, 320 were disposed of during the year, leaving a balance of 23 suits for the next year. The number of suits disposed of last year was 559. The number of suits filed in the year under report was 303 of the total value of Rs. 22,667-1-0 against 577 of the total value of Rs. 1,16,113-9-11 in the last year.

50. The principal cause of the great decrease in value of the suits filed is, that one suit, valued at Rs. 67,715-8-0, was filed last year by a pauper. With regard to the smaller number of suits filed in the year under report, it appears that the mean number of suits filed during the years 1886-87 to 1888-89 is 447, which is not far from the mean (440) of suits filed in two subsequent years. The Court Fees Act No. VII. of 1870 was made applicable to the State in January 1890. Just before the application of the Court Fees Act, there was a popular belief that after the application of the said Act, suits on unstamped papers at the time of their execution were not to be admitted, even though the prescribed penalty was paid, and so the result was, that in December 1889, 133 suits were filed, while in the next month the number of suits was 45 only. Besides, as stated in the last year's report, the application of the Court Fees Act has helped a little to bring down the number of suits filed.

51. The average duration of suits disposed of during the year was 2 months 4 days against 2 months in the year before.

52. Of the total number of suits disposed of in the year under report, 127 were decided *ex-parte*, 8 admitted and compromised, 31 struck off the file, and 154 otherwise disposed of against 105, 46, 5, 403, respectively, in the previous year.

53. Of the balance of 23 suits for the next year, 10 are of a duration below six months, 5 below one year, and 3 above one year.

54. The subjoined table gives the number and value of civil suits :—

Name of Court.	Suits for immovable property.				Money suits.			
	1889-90.		1890-91.		1889-90.		1890-91.	
	Number.	Value.	Number.	Value.	Number.	Value.	Number.	Value.
		Rs. a. p.		Rs. a. p.		Rs. a. p.		Rs. a. p.
Akalkot	29	69,756 15 0	31	3,899 7 10	499	42,780 3 10	215	13,697 14 6
Pilho	3	284 10 4	1	300 0 0	40	2,396 12 9	20	865 0 9
Kurla.....	...	.....	1	200 0 0	2	185 0 0	6	914 4 0
Total.....	32	70,041 9 4	33	4,399 7 10	541	45,362 0 7	241	15,477 3 3

It appears that in the Administration Report for the year 1889-90 one suit, which ought to have been included in "suits for immovable property," and suits for other rights, &c., for that year were included in "money suits." The necessary corrections are made in the above statement.

55. The number of suits about money transactions, filed in the year under report, was 241 or 79·5 per cent. of the total number of suits filed, against 541 or 93·9 per cent. in the year before. The reason of the decrease in the suits filed is stated in para. 50 above.

EXECUTION OF DECREES.

56. Appendix XIV. relates to execution of decrees. There was an opening balance of 104 unexecuted decrees against 139 in the year before. The applications filed in the year were 493 against 589 in the previous year. Thus the total number of applications for execution of decrees in the year under report was 597, out of which 498 were disposed of, leaving a balance of 99 for the next year. The number of applications disposed of last year was 624. Of the 99 applications pending disposal at the end of the year, 53 were of a duration below 6 months, 12 below 12 months, and 34 above 12 months, against 66, 8, and 30 respectively in the previous year. Twenty-five out of the 34 applications above 12 months are for attachment of periodical income, and the rest are outstanding on account of miscellaneous applications from the parties concerned.

MISCELLANEOUS APPLICATIONS.

57. The total number of applications for certificate of heirship for disposal in the year under report was 8, out of which 3 were of the past year. Six were disposed of in favour of the applicants. The remaining two applications were received in the last week of March 1891.

CIVIL APPELLATE WORK.

58. The table given below shows the work done by the Appellate Courts. The Collector and Political Agent, Sholapur, was the Appellate Court for appeals from decisions of the Sub-Judge, Akalkot, up to June 1890, when the Joint Court, presided over by the Raje Saheb and the State Karbhari, was invested with that power. The Joint Court decided 44 appeals, leaving no balance at the end of the year. The Sub-Judge, Akalkot, is the Appellate Court for appeals from decrees of Pilio and Kurla Courts:—

Name of Court.	Opening balance.	Filed during.	Total.	Disposed of during.	Closing balance.	Value of appeals filed during.	How disposed of					Average duration.					
							Decisions confirmed.	Decisions reversed.	Decisions amended.	Cases remanded for re-trial.	Cases compromised and otherwise disposed of.	In 1889-90.			In 1890-91.		
												Years.	Months.	Days.	Years.	Months.	Days.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18
	1889-90.	1890-91.	1889-90.	1890-91.	1889-90.	1890-91.	1889-90.	1890-91.	1889-90.	1890-91.	1889-90.	1890-91.	1889-90.	1890-91.	1889-90.	1890-91.	1889-90.
Political Agent's Court	56	42	19	3	75	45	33	1	42	...	...	...	...	...	11	29	18
	Rs. 2,217-11-0	Rs. 193-11-6															2
Joint Court.....	...	...	...	...	44	...	...	23	...	8	...	4	...	1	...	8	5
	Rs. 69-11-6	Rs. 150-0-0															15
Sub-Judge, Akalkot Court.....	1	...	...	1	1	1	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	10	29	7
	Rs. 2,287-6-6	Rs. 343-11-6															9
Total	57	42	19	4	76	46	34	46	42	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	Rs. 2,287-6-6	Rs. 343-11-6															...

WORKING OF THE MAMLATDAR'S COURT ACT.

59. This Court is presided over by the Raje Saheb and the State Karbhari. Only two applications were filed in the year under report against 5 in the previous year. Both the applications were disposed of, one being decided in favour of plaintiff.

(h) Registration.

60. The Registry offices at work during the year under report were:—

Naib Registrar, Akalkot (Nazir of the Sub-Judge's Court, Akalkot).

„ „ Pilio (Mahalkari).

„ „ Kurla („).

61. The total number of documents, presented for registration and registered, was 709 in the year under report against 576 in the previous year (*vide* Appendix XV.). The rules of registration were introduced five years ago, and the number of documents registered, and the fees, &c., realized, are steadily increasing since then, as will be seen from the table below:—

Year.	Documents registered.	Fees, &c., realized.
		Rs. a. p.
1886-87.....	315	374 11 0
1887-88.....	418	580 1 0
1888-89.....	491	673 4 0
1889-90.....	576	751 14 8
1890-91.....	709	875 1 0

The increase in five years in documents and fees is more than 100 per cent. It shows that people have begun to understand and appreciate the importance of getting their documents registered.

62. The following table gives details of the receipts and expenditure on account of registration in the year under report and that preceding it:—

Description.	1889-90.			1890-91.			REMARKS.
	No. of deeds.	Value of property.	Fees realized.	No. of deeds.	Value of property.	Fees realized.	
		Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.		Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	
Mortgage-deeds	231	38,825 10 0	354 2 0	275	67,038 15 0	464 0 0	
Sale-deeds	230	35,927 3 5	267 0 0	321	34,384 2 0	336 0 0	
Wills	1	223 0 0	0 2 6	...	.....	.....	
Miscellaneous.....	114	11,158 0 1	154 14 0	113	9,380 2 6	163 4 0	
Fee for safe custody...	...	.....	68 7 0	...	.....	19 11 0	
Copying fee .....	...	.....	1 6 0	...	.....	2 0 0	
Total.....	576	86,133 13 6	848 3 0	709	1,10,803 3 6	*984 15 0	* Out of this amount Rs. 109-14-0 are for Kurla, and so not included in accounts in Appendix XVII.
Deduct expenditure ...	...	.....	186 11 0	...	.....	†217 6 4	† Out of this amount Rs. 33-2-11 are for Kurla, and so not included in accounts in Appendix XVII.
Net profit .....	...	.....	661 8 0	...	.....	767 8 8	

(i) *Municipal Administration.*

63. There are no Municipalities in the State. The sanitary condition of the town of Akalkot is looked after by an establishment, the cost of maintaining which was Rs. 2,442-1-0 in the year under report, against Rs. 2,147-1-9 in the previous year. The figure, viz., Rs. 2,097, stated in the last year's report, was a clerical mistake. The cost is met from Local Funds and the grant set apart for Public Works. A report is submitted to the Political Agent for the application of the Bombay Sanitary Act No. 1 of 1889 to this State. As soon as the sanction of Government is received, Part III. will be extended to Akalkot.

CHAPTER IV.—PRODUCTION AND DISTRIBUTION.

(a) *Agriculture, Weather and Crops.*

64. The rainfall was not sufficient in quantity, being 26 inches and 67 cents against 33 inches and 62 cents in the previous year. The mean rainfall of the last five years is 32 inches and 85 cents. The rainfall was particularly deficient in June and July, and so the early or kharif crop was not sown to the usual extent. The kharif cultivation was Re. 0-3-2 in the year under report against Re. 0-4-3 in the past year. The rabi crop would have suffered too, but for the unexpected timely showers in November. The result was that the yield of jawari, the principal staple grain, was Re. 0-14-0, and there was sufficient fodder (karbi) for cattle.

AGRICULTURAL STOCK.

65. The details of agricultural stock are given below:—

	1889-90.	1890-91.
Bullocks and cows	41,633	8,988
Buffaloes.....	8,808	1,391
Horses and ponies.....	1,273	430
Asses	409	26,336
Sheep	24,526	3,550
Ploughs	3,609	602
Carts	601	602

There is thus a slight increase in cattle and an inappreciably small decrease in the number of ploughs.

(b) *Wages and Labour.*

66. There was no rise in the wages of labour. The average rate of unskilled labourers was from 3 to 4 annas, and that of skilled labourers from 8 to 12 annas per day. The rate of hire for carts was from 10 to 12 annas per day.

PRICE OF FOOD GRAINS.

67. The rates of food grains were as under : —

		1889-90.	1890-91.
		lbs.	lbs.
Jawari.....	per Rupee	52	58
Rice.....	"	21	21
Jagri or gur	"	13½	12
Gram	"	40	39
Wheat.....	"	28	30
Linseed	"	24	23
Kardi	"	68	56

(c) FOREST.

68. The Divisional Forest Officer of the Sholapur District has charge of the forests in this State. He submits an independent report direct. The total area under forest was 30,931 acres and 28 gunthas in the year under report against 30,897 acres and 11 gunthas in the past year. Survey Number 50, acres 15-38, assessment Rs. 13-0-0 of Mundewadi, and Survey Number 33, acres 18-19, assessment Rs. 10-8-0 of Matanholi, which were both waste numbers, were transferred to the Forests in the year. The gross income was Rs. 3,170 and expenditure Rs. 3,090, as against Rs. 3,12. and Rs. 2,690 respectively in the previous year. The excess in expenditure appears due principally to the expense of "fencing" and "plantation" in the year under report.

(d) TRADE AND MANUFACTURE.

69. There is no record to show the values of exports and imports. There are no factories in the State except some local industries, such as hand-weaving of *sâris*, *camblis*, common turbans, &c. They are not in a thriving condition. The principal exports are *jawari* and linseed. The principal imports are rice, cocoanuts, betel-nuts, sugar, spices, salt and cotton stuffs.

(e) FAIRS.

70. Fairs are held at the villages of Haidre, Barânpur, Vâgdari, Karjgi, Mangrul and Jeur. They are all religious fairs, and are not of any importance to trade, as the number of gatherings, at any of them, does not exceed 1,000 souls.

(f) PUBLIC WORKS.

71. The subjoined statement gives the details of the amounts expended during the year under Public Works:—

Works.	State funds.			Local funds.			Total.		
	Rs.	a.	p.	Rs.	a.	p.	Rs.	a.	p.
Roads	15,024	10	5	1,173	11	4	16,198	5	9
Wells	819	15	1	109	9	8	929	8	9
Buildings	2,949	3	0	.....			2,949	3	0
Chavdis	295	15	1	.....			295	15	1
Dharmashallas .....	.....			149	7	9	149	7	9
Cattle-pounds .....	.....			15	7	4	15	7	4
Road-side trees .....	.....			722	14	8	722	14	8
Conservancy	1,642	1	0	800	0	0	2,442	1	0
Miscellaneous .....	.....			231	3	6	231	3	6
Total	20,731	12	7	3,202	6	3	23,934	2	10
Establishment	624	0	0	1,049	6	5	1,673	6	5
GRAND TOTAL	21,355	12	7	4,251	12	8	25,607	9	3

Of the amount of Rs. 20,731-12-7 under State Funds, Rs. 15,000 were paid into the Sholapur Treasury for Sangvi-Vagdari road, which is being constructed through the agency of the Public Works Department of the Sholapur District.

72. The same establishment is kept for the Public and Local Fund Works, though its cost falls largely on Local Funds. Care has been taken to distribute the cost equally in this year's budget. Last year the whole cost of establishment was shewn under Public Works in Appendix XVII. It appears to have been a clerical mistake. A new Sub-Overseer on Rs. 30 per mensem was appointed in the year under report, but he was wholly employed on works in Akalkot itself, as they required special supervision. The State was without an Overseer for nearly 5 months. So estimates of the works to be constructed and repaired in the year under report were not ready; consequently Local Fund works estimated to cost Rs. 4,800 could not be executed. The State has lately secured the services of a retired Supervisor, and it is hoped that the results will be more satisfactory in the current year. The drinking water of wells in many villages is bad on account of steps, and so it is intended to spend a considerable amount in closing those steps this year.

73. The roads, which are being constructed by the Public Works Department of Sholapur, are:--

(1) Sangvi-Vagdari road, 8 miles; and (2) Akalkot-Hanur road, 10 miles. The Department has already been requested to survey and construct a road from Akalkot to Tadval *via* Jeur.

CHAPTER V.—REVENUE AND FINANCE.

74. Appendix XVII. shews the actual income and expenditure of the State. The opening balance at the commencement of the year under report was Rs. 1,30,792-6-4, total receipts Rs. 3,23,478-0-10, and expenditure Rs. 2,89,326-14-3, leaving a closing balance of Rs. 1,64,143-9-6.

STATEMENT I.

Year.	Opening balance.	Receipts.	Expenditure.	Closing balance.
	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.
1887-88	1,45,730 14 4	2,95,424 9 2	2,74,651 3 1	1,66,504 4 5
1888-89	1,66,504 4 5	2,82,984 1 9	3,03,588 4 7	1,45,900 1 7
1889-90	1,45,900 1 7	2,92,105 14 4	3,07,213 9 0	1,30,792 6 11
1890-91	1,30,792 6 11	3,23,478 0 10	2,89,826 14 3	1,64,443 9 6

The statement shews an abnormal increase under Receipts in the year under report, compared with the receipts of each of the last three years. The increase is, however, nominal, as it is mainly due to the adjustment of Rs. 22,893-11-5. The debt accounts of the Kurla minors were placed on a proper basis, and the amount of Rs. 22,893-11-5, which was formerly credited to "Advances," &c., during the last nine years, was credited to its proper head "Profit Accounts" (Miscellaneous Item $\frac{10}{1}$, Appendix XVII., credit side) in the year under report by debit to "Advances Recoverable" (*vide* Advances, &c., Item No. $\frac{24}{1}$, Appendix XVII., debit side). The remaining increase is due to larger recoveries under Land Revenue, Local Fund and Sayar.

STATEMENT II.

75. Abstract statement of income and expenditure receipts:—

No.	Item.	1887-88.	1888-89.	1889-90.	1890-91.
		Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.
1	Land Revenue	1,93,811 6 7	1,87,465 0 7	1,89,605 13 2	1,95,998 0 2
2	Local Fund	16,986 0 3	15,672 0 2	16,845 1 4	18,629 2 2
3	Sayar.....	41,146 7 4	39,657 15 0	37,397 0 7	39,831 11 2
4	Judicial	2,194 3 6	2,544 10 10	2,675 12 4	2,065 14 11
5	Registration	580 1 0	673 4 0	751 14 8	875 1 0
6	Stamp	6,610 13 0	7,645 2 0	8,539 4 2	7,710 0 0
7	Educational	971 1 5	903 13 0	5,233 13 0	5,194 13 0
8	Jail.....	748 13 6	644 15 9	611 10 9	330 14 6
9	Private establishment (property).....	10,200 0 0	10,105 7 0	11,183 13 7	8,001 3 5
10	Miscellaneous	2,009 10 2	3,164 15 11	4,016 5 3	28,752 10 6
11	Forests	2,380 5 11	3,808 0 1	3,122 3 3	3,170 5 9
12	Police.....	356 1 8	343 4 7	352 0 7	557 7 4
13	Advances, deposits, &c.....	17,429 8 10	10,355 8 10	11,771 1 8	12,360 12 11
	Total.....	2,95,424 9 2	2,82,984 1 9	2,92,105 14 4	3,23,478 0 10

(1) The increase of Rs. 6,392-3-0 under Land Revenue is due to recovery of arrears on account of former years, to increase in rent of Sheri

lands, and to the fact that almost the whole of the February 1891 instalment was recovered within the year under report as it was a good year.

(2) The increase of Rs. 1,784 under Local Funds is mainly due to the recovery of one-anna cess in proportion to the recovery of the February instalment of land revenue, and to the higher biddings for tolls.

(3) The net increase of Rs. 2,434-10-7 under Sayar is mainly due to recoveries of arrears of Mokasbab and to higher biddings for opium and chandol contracts.

(4) The increase under Miscellaneous (item 10) is explained above under Statement No. I.

(5) The decrease of Rs. 3,182-10-1 under item 9, "Private Establishment," is due to the fact that the Raja Saheb sent the net proceeds of Khasgi, Sheri and garden lands only for credit. Sale proceeds of his private camels, grass in his private *kurans*, &c., were not sent for credit in the year under report, as per Political Agent's *shera* No. 533, dated March 1883.

(6) The increases and decreases under the remaining heads are slight and so require no explanation.

STATEMENT III.

76.—Expenditure:—

No.	Item.	1887-88.	1888-89.	1889-90.	1890-91.
		Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.
1	Expenses of the Raja, relations, and private establishment	1,02,312 9 10	1,35,412 7 5	1,19,498 14 0	1,04,963 0 1
2	Religious and charitable allowances	5,921 13 3	5,400 13 1	6,164 8 3	3,901 0 8
3	Hereditary allowances	6,154 1 6	5,016 11 0	4,980 9 0	2,983 3 0
4	District hereditary officers	11,648 8 10	11,280 8 2	11,852 1 0	11,146 2 7
5	Village hereditary officers	12,742 4 10	12,381 3 0	12,514 1 0	12,870 1 8
6	Village servants and expenses	2,508 2 0	2,466 5 11	2,472 0 5	2,586 3 0
7	Political establishment	4,343 7 2	2,681 8 6	2,840 12 1	1,379 7 6
8	Civil court	7,678 14 9	6,568 7 3	7,115 5 10	5,710 4 3
9	Revenue establishment	13,661 2 10	14,007 7 0	15,056 3 10	14,979 3 1
10	Jail	8,469 2 10	2,970 5 11	2,606 5 5	3,387 6 2
11	Police	9,825 8 5	9,827 6 10	10,682 7 1	10,849 13 9
12	Shibandi	4,433 8 11	4,418 9 8	5,023 3 6	4,681 2 6
13	Judicial expenses	328 5 9	613 14 5	754 1 1	629 15 0
14	Stamps	390 0 10	434 11 0	244 6 3	988 12 3
15	Commuted payment to British Government in lieu of Akalkot Contingent	14,592 0 0	14,592 0 0	14,592 0 0	14,592 0 0
16	Pensions	6,967 12 10	7,251 7 10	6,932 6 4	9,442 13 4
17	Medical	2,416 5 5	2,441 8 9	2,578 11 8	2,865 0 11
18	Educational	8,431 15 6	8,499 12 3	9,239 13 1	9,202 0 1
19	Local Fund	6,240 1 1	5,951 11 1	12,027 6 7	10,087 14 4
20	Public Works	26,061 1 0	40,544 3 3	47,610 0 4	21,355 12 7
21	Registration account	56 0 8	61 14 4	112 11 3	184 3 5
22	Forest account	2,574 9 10	2,716 6 5	2,690 1 5	3,090 1 1
23	Miscellaneous	3,850 14 3	1,144 14 7	1,767 1 0	1,049 10 3
24	Advances, deposits, &c.	13,042 10 9	6,903 14 11	7,858 6 7	36,793 6 6
25	Imperial census .....	.....	.....	.....	53 4 3
	Total	2,74,651 3 1	3,03,588 4 7	3,07,213 9 0	2,89,826 14 3

(1) The slight increase in expenditure under items 5 and 6 is due to the payment of arrears due.

(2) The increase under item 10, Jail, is due principally to the increase in the pay of the Jailor, diet expenses of prisoners, and payment of compensation for land acquired for the Jail building. The pay of the old Jailor was Rs. 15 per month. That of the new Jailor is Rs. 30.

(3) The increase under item 11, Police, is due to the employment of two more Head Constables, Class IV., for the two new outposts.

(4) The increase under item 14, Stamps, is mainly due to printing charges for adhesive and impressed Court Fee Stamps paid to Messrs. Baker & Co., London.

(5) The increase under item 16, Pensions, is mainly due to the pension of Rs. 175 per month granted and paid to Mr. Vithal Tikaji, late State Karbhari, by order of Government, from November 1889.

(6) The increase under item 17, Medical, is due to medicines bought, as per extra indent.

(7) The increase under item 21, Registration, is mainly due to register-books bought.

(8) The increase under item 22, Forests, is mainly due to the greater expenditure for plantation and fencing.

(9) The principal cause of increase under item 24, Advances, is explained above under Statement I.

Rupees 10,392-15-11 were advanced to the Khasgi Department at about the close of the year under report, as the amount budgetted for it was nearly spent. The amount will be adjusted during the current year.

(10) The decrease under items 2 and 3 is due principally to non-payment of allowances to persons whose *inams* are under inquiry.

(11) The decrease under item 7, Political, is due to amalgamation of that office with the establishment of the Joint Court.

(12) The decrease under item 8, Civil Court, is principally due to reduction in the pay of the Sub-Judge and to less expense for repairs and furniture bought.

(13) The decrease under items 19 and 20 has already been explained in Chapter IV.

(14) The increases and decreases under the remaining heads are small and therefore not explained.

77. No salt is allowed to be produced in the State. Government pays Rs. 142-0-10 as compensation for the prohibition. The Abkari revenues are under the management of the British Government, which pays Rs. 2,257 per

year as compensation to this State. The opium contract is given by the State, but the opium must be bought from Government depôts in the British territory. No takavi remissions were granted during the year. Customs and transit duties are not levied in the State.

ALIENATIONS.

78. 282 *inam* cases were disposed of under the rules with the sanction of the Political Agent in the year under report. A regular register of *inam* cases remaining undisposed of at the end of the year has been prepared. The number of such cases is 601, out of which 254 do not come under the rules, because they relate to *inams* held by village servants useful to the community, and are to be disposed of by the Raje Saheb when he gets full powers, as per Political Agent's letter No. 3541, dated 30th July 1883. 64 *inam* cases were disposed of in the year under report by the Raje Saheb, under the authority of Government Resolution No. 4112, dated 20th July 1874.

CHAPTER VI.—VITAL STATISTICS AND MEDICAL SERVICES.

79. There is only one dispensary in the State. It is at Akalkot itself under the charge of a competent Medical officer, Dr. Ramchandra Shivaji Poredi, L.M.S., of the Bombay University.

80. The following table shows the number of patients treated and the expenditure incurred in the year under report as compared with the previous year:—

Dispensary.		Number of patients treated.		Results.				Expenditure.	Daily average.
		In-door.	Out-door.	Discharged.	Absented.	Died.	Remaining under treatment.		
1		2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
Akalkot.....	1889-90	13	7,408	6,606	700	46	69	Rs. 2,589	56·18
	1890-91	33	9,116	7,109	1,960	5	80	2,865	85·8

The increased number of out-door and in-door patients attending the dispensary in the year under report shows that its usefulness is being appreciated by the people. Medicines are disbursed to all patients without charge. The average attendance in the year was 85·8 against 56·18 in the previous year. During the months of September and October, however, the out-door attendance had risen up to over 200 per day, owing to an unusual prevalence of malarial fever, ophthalmia and bronchitis. There were 4 *post-mortem*

examinations held during the year under report. The number was 4 in the previous year also. Major and minor operations performed in the year were 2 and 72 against 0 and 86 respectively in the past year.

The increased cost of Rs. 286 in the year was due chiefly to medicines bought. A dresser on Rs. 5 per month was appointed. Out of the total expenditure of Rs. 2,865, Rs. 1,000 were paid from the Local Funds.

VITAL STATISTICS.

81. The number of births and deaths for the year under report as compared with those of the previous year are shown in the table below:—

	1889-90.	1890-91.	Increase.	Decrease.
Births	2,165	2,421	256	.....
Deaths	1,710	1,256	.....	454

82. The general health was good, and hence the decrease in the number of deaths. The deaths from the principal diseases in the year under report and the past year were:—

	1889-90.	1890-91.
Cholera	426	227
Fever	718	693
Small-pox	55	7
Dysentery	364	223

83. There were 29 violent deaths, out of which 27 were from drowning, one by fire, and one by lightning.

84. Out of 2,421 children born during the year, 1,240 were males and 1,181 females. Out of 1,256 deaths, 652 were males and 604 females.

85. The birth-rate per *mille* was 41·8 in the year under report against 37·3 in the previous year. The death-rate was 21·7 against 29·4 in the past year.

86. The accuracy of birth and death registers is tested by the Police and Revenue officers when on tour. Orders were issued to write the registers more carefully and punctually as mistakes were found on inspection.

VACCINATION.

87. The Vaccination Department of the State is in charge of the Deputy Sanitary Commissioner, Central Division. There is one Vaccinator for the State on Rs. 14 per month. A monthly remuneration of Rs. 5 is paid to the Inspector of Sanitation and Vaccination, Sholapur. The cost of vaccination in the year under report was Rs. 308 against Rs. 319 in the year before.

The cost is debited to Local Funds of the State. The following table shows the work of vaccination in the year under report :—

Operation by whom performed.	Number of persons vaccinated in 1889-90.	Number of persons vaccinated in 1890-91.	Result.			
			Successful.		Unsuccessful.	
			1889-90.	1890-91.	1889-90.	1890-91.
By the Vaccinator of Akalkot	1,781	2,214	1,640	1,979	141	235
By the Vaccinator of Matsiras in Piljo Mahal ...	134	160	101	154	33	6
By the Vaccinator of Khatao in Kuria Mahal	71	47	65	44	6	3
Total.....	1,986	2,421	1,806	2,177	180	244

88. There were 7 cases of re-vaccination and they were all successful.

CHAPTER VII.—INSTRUCTION.

89. There are 27 Vernacular schools, 5 Hindustani schools, and one Anglo-Vernacular school in this State. Of the 27 Vernacular schools, one is a girls' school (at Akalkot) and two are night schools, one of which is at Akalkot and the other at Jeur. Three new schools—one Hindustani school, one night school and one Marathi school—were opened during the year under report. The following statement gives the number of schools, pupils, &c.:—

Number.	Description of School.	No. of pupils on the Roll on 31st March 1890.		No. of pupils on the Roll on 31st March 1891.		Daily average Attendance.	
		Boys.	Girls.	Boys.	Girls.	Boys.	Girls.
1	1st Grade Anglo-Vernacular	63	.....	59	.....	53.8	.....
21	Upper Primary Boys' School	1,193	64	1,266	69	1,030.7	.....
3	Lower do. do.	62	4	92	10	73.9	.....
1	Do. do. Girls' School .....	.....	41	.....	60	.....	44.4
2	Do. do. Night do.	24	.....	47	.....	40.5	.....
4	Do. do. Hindustani School ...	59	20	113	35	92.1	.....
1	Upper do. do. do.	99	15	61	.....	46.8	.....
	Total.....	1,500	144	1,638	174	1,335.38	44.4

90. As stated elsewhere in this report, the Educational Department is under the control of the Deputy Educational Inspector, Sholapur, who is paid Rs. 25 as remuneration per month by this State. He inspects the schools throughout the State once in a year. There is only one separate school for girls. It is at Akalkot. At the desire of the Raje Sahab, the Deputy Educational Inspector tried to get a competent Mistress for this

school, but was unable to get one on Rs. 20 per mensem. The average attendance of the girls at this school was 44·4 in the year under report against 29·3 in the past year. The result is satisfactory. The average attendance of the boys was 1,385·38 in the year against 1,140·7 in the previous year. Instruction is given up to the 5th standard in Marathi schools. The attendance at the Anglo-Vernacular school has fallen. Instruction up to the 5th standard is given in this school. It is the intention of the Raje Saheb to make provision for the education of the boys of low caste.

91. The total cost of education is Rs. 9,202-0-1, out of which Rs. 4,350 are from Local Funds.

CHAPTER VIII.—MISCELLANEOUS.

92. Rates, prescribed in Nairne's "Revenue Handbook," 3rd edition, for destruction of snakes and wild animals, are in force in this State. No rewards were, however, paid in the year under report. The country is not much infested with snakes and wild animals.

POST OFFICE AND TELEGRAPH.

93. There is only one Sub-Post Office at Akalkot and Branch Offices at Vagdari, Karajgi and Kurla; all under the management of the British Government. Much inconvenience is felt as there is no Branch Office at Pilio, a detached Mahal of the State in the Malshiras Taluka. There is no telegraphic connection to the Post Office at Akalkot.

RECORD.

94. The Revenue, and Magisterial Civil Court records are sorted and arranged up to the year 1886-87. The village records have not been arranged from the year 1870. Special attention will be paid to improve the state of the records in the current year.

PRINTING PRESSES AND LIBRARIES.

95. There are no printing presses in the State. There is one library at Akalkot which, being well supported by the Raje Saheb, is in a financially thriving condition. There is no good building for the library.

TAXES ON TRADE.

96. The only tax on trade is the license-tax, levied as per Government Resolution No. 4107, dated 19th July 1886. The income from this tax, realized in the year under report, was Rs. 6,758 against Rs. 6,846 in the previous year. There is one Municipal toll nâka at Akalkot itself. The realizations in the year from this toll were Rs. 937-4-0 against Rs. 720-10-8 in the past year. The State does not levy import and export duties, and so every encouragement is given to free trade. The State does not command much trade.

IMPERIAL CENSUS.

97. A general Census of the State was taken in February 1891. No serious difficulty was found in conducting its operations. The people willingly gave the required information. The compilation work is in progress at Sholapur. The population according to the census is :—

Males.	Females.	Total.
38,553	37,184	75,737

While, according to the census in the year 1881, the population was :—

Males.	Females.	Total.
29,470	28,570	58,040

98. Special attention was given to repair survey boundary marks in view of the impending operations of the revision survey. The scheme for supplying good water to the town of Akalkot has been given up as being too expensive considering the resources of the State.

I have the honour to be,

Sir,

Your most obedient Servant,

V. R. KELKAR,

State Karbhari.

Submitted through the Raje Saheb.

No 87 of 1891-92.

Akalkot, 15th July 1891.

Forwarded to the Political Agent, Sholapur, with Raje Saheb's compliments.

SHÂHAJI RÂJÂ,

Raje Saheb.

APPENDIX I.

POLITICAL RELATIONS OF NATIVE STATES.

Name of State.	TRIBUTE IN MEN OR MONEY.		4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	Principal articles of production, manufacture and mines.
	Amount.	To whom payable.										
Alakot	Rs. 14,592 commuted payment in lieu of contingent of horse.	British Government.	58,040 as per census of 1881.	1 First Grade Anglo-Vernacular School. 21 Upper Primary Boys' School. 3 Lower " " 1 " " Girls' School. 2 " " Night School. 4 " " Hindustani School. 1 Upper " " 33	Boys 1,638 Girls 174 Total... 1,812	2,421.	(1) Malarial fever; (2) Ophthalmia; (3) Respiratory affections; (4) Diarrhoea; (5) Dysentery; (6) Intestinal worms, and (7) Skin diseases.	2,82,073.	Jamadar 1 Havaldar 2 Naiks..... 3 Sepoys 40 Total ... 46	Transit duties have been abolished, vide G. R. No. 4107, dated 19th July 1886.	Agriculture being the sole occupation, Jowari, bajri, wheat, gram, rice, linseed, and sugarcane are the principal products. Sadies, coarse or common shelas, cholis and common turbans are the manufactures. There are no mines.	

V. R. KELKAR,

State Karbhari.

Alakot, 14th July 1891.

APPENDIX II.

POLITICAL RELATIONS.

Native Chiefs,—Principal male members of their families and principal members of their Courts.

No.	Name of individual, State and family to which he belongs.	Residence.	Present position.	Caste, race and religion.	Age.	How and where educated.	How employed.	Has Sanad authorizing adoption or not.	Family follows primogeniture or not.	Has male heirs or not.	REMARKS.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
1	Shahaji Moleji, alias Baba Saheb Raje, Akalkot, Bhosle.	Akalkot...	Ruling Raja of the State.	Marathas, Hindu.	28 years and 4 months.	In the Rajkumar school at Kethapur.	On administration of his State.	Has a Sanad authorizing adoption.	Follows primogeniture.	Not ...	Has two daughters, one aged 4 years and 5 months, and the other 1 year 4 months and 17 days on 31st March 1891.
2	Tulaji Fattesting, alias Raje Saheb, Bhosle.	Poona ...	Residence at Poona with his family on a monthly allowance of Rs. 500.	Do. ...	39 years.	Privately and at Poona High School.	Looks after his own affairs.	.....	Do. ...	Do. ...	Has a daughter; she was married in December 1889.

Akalkot, 14th July 1891.

V. R. KELKAR,

State Karbhari.

APPENDIX III.

CIVIL DIVISIONS OF TERRITORY UNDER POLITICAL CONTROL, 1890-91.

Division.	Executive District.	Number of Executive Sub-divi- sions.	Area in square miles.	Population.	Chief Towns with Population.		Number of Villages.	Number of Civil Judges.	Number of Stipendiary Magis- trates.	Maximum distance in miles of villages from nearest court.	Average distance in miles of villages from nearest court.	Number of Police.	Total cost of officials and police of all kinds.	State Revenue.		REMARKS.
					Head-Quarter Town.	Population.								Land.	Gross.	
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17
Central Division.	Akalkot.	1, Akalkot; 2, Pili; and 3, Kuria.	498	58,040 as per census of 1891.	Akalkot.	5,836	108	3	5	23 Miles.	10 Miles.	59	Rs. 61,388-5-9	Rs. 1,95,998-0-2	Rs. 2,82,073-8-6	

V R. KELKAR,

State Karbhari.

Akalkot, 14th July 1891.

APPENDIX IV.

POPULATION OF NATIVE STATES, AKALKOT STATE, 1890-91.

Commissionership.	District.	* Population as per General Census of 1881.										Classification of population.										Occupation.		Immigration or emigration during the year.
		Men.	Women.	Children under 15 years.		Total.	No. per square mile.	Christians.			Native.	Hindus.	Mahomedans.	Parsis.	Buddhists and Jains.	Aboriginal.	Others.	Total male agriculturists, including landlords, cul- tivators, and agricultural labourers.	Total non-agricultural males.					
				Male.	Female.			Europeans.	East Indian and other mixed races.															
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22			
Central Division,	Akalkot State, including detached Mahals of Pili and Kurla.	8,493	24,773	24,624	4,697	3,946	58,040	116	.....	.....	2	49,971	7,590	.....	477	.....	.....	15,853	6,904	Marathi and Canarese.	None.			

* The only details that can be given this yar as per General Census of 1891 are 38,553 males and 37,184 females. Total population 75,737.

Akalkot, 14th July 1891.

V. R. KELKAR,
State Karbhari.

Statement showing the Strength, Cost, and other particulars of the Military Force in the Akalkot State, 1890-91.

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Akalkot, 14th July 1891.

State Karbhari.

APPENDIX VI.

Statement showing the Strength, Cost, Discipline and Education of the Police, Akalkot State, 1890-91.

Description of Office.	Num-ber.	Pay of the Grade.	Total Expenditure.	PUNISHMENTS.			REWARDS.		EDUCATION.		REMARKS.
				Dismissed.	Fined, degraded, or suspended departmentally.	Judicially punished.	By promotion.	By money rewards.	Number able to read and write.	Number under instruction.	
Chief Constable, IV. Class...	1	Rs. 50	Rs. 9,240 13 9	....	....	1	....	....	1	..	Fined Rs. 2 for an offence under Sec. 510, I. P. Code.
Head do. 1st do. ...	1	30	Rs. 1,258 2 4	....	....	....	....	....	1	....	
Do. do. 2nd do. ...	1	20	Rs. 10,849 13 9	....	....	....	....	....	1	....	
Do. do. 3rd do. ...	2	15	Rs. 330 13 8	....	....	1	....	....	1	....	Fined Rs. 10 under Sec. 228, I. P. Code, and 480 C. P. Code.
Do. do. 4th do. ..	5	12	Rs. 9,240 13 9	....	....	....	....	....	4	1	
Constable, 1st Class	14	10	Rs. 9,240 13 9	....	....	1	....	....	4	1	Fined Rs. 15 under Sec. 323, I. P. Code.
Do. 2nd do.	15	9	Rs. 1,258 2 4	....	....	....	....	....	2	....	
Do. 3rd do.	10	8	Rs. 10,849 13 9	....	....	....	....	....	1	....	
Do. 4th do. ...	5	7	Rs. 330 13 8	....	....	....	....	....	3	....	
Mounted Police—											
Daffedar	1	30	Rs. 9,240 13 9	....	....	....	....	....	1	....	
Sowar	4	25	Rs. 1,258 2 4	....	....	....	....	....	1	....	
Total.....	59	..	Rs. 10,849 13 9	....	....	3	....	....	20	4	

Akalkot, 14th July 1891.

V. R. KELKAR,
State Karbhari.

APPENDIX VII.

Statement showing the Results of the Working of the Police in the Akalkot State during the year ending 31st March 1891.

Name of State.	Number of offences.		Number of accused arrested.		Number of accused sent for trial.		Number of accused convicted.		Number of accused acquitted or discharged.		Percentage convicted of accused arrested, cols. 3 and 4.		Percentage convicted of accused sent for trial.		REMARKS.
	1889-90.	1890-91.	1889-90.	1890-91.	1889-90.	1890-91.	1889-90.	1890-91.	1889-90.	1890-91.	1889-90.	1890-91.	1889-90.	1890-91.	
	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	
Akalkot	152	172	136	86	98	74	29	19	102	64	21.3	22	29.5	25.7	Of the 101 accused arrested (col. 4),— 21 were convicted (col. 8). 70 were discharged (col. 10).
Pilto Division.....	8	7	5	1	5	1	4	1	1	.....	80	100	80	100	54 brought to trial, 16 not brought to trial.
Kurla Division	7	4	11	14	9	1	.....	1	9	6	.....	7.1	.....	100	— 70
															1 under trial before 2nd class Magistrate, 9 on bail with the Police.
Total.....	167	183	152	101	112	76	33	21	112	70	21.7	20.8	29.4	27.6	Total 101

V. R. KELKAR,

State Karbhari.

Akalkot, 14th July 1891.

APPENDIX VIII.

Statement showing the value of property stolen and amount of recoveries in the Akalkot State during the year ending with 31st March 1891.

Name of State.	Amount stolen.		Amount recovered.		Percentage of recoveries of property stolen.		REMARKS.
	1889-90.	1890-91.	1889-90.	1890-91.	1889-90.	1890-91.	
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8
	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.			
Akalkot	4,930 8 6	2,928 13 3	2,909 15 0	881 14 3	59.1	30.1	
Pilho.....	95 6 0	365 14 0	.....	2 0 0	.....	0.5	
Kurla	*658 1 0	98 6 0	0 2 6	9 0 0	.....	9.2	
Total.....	5,683 15 6	3,392 1 3	2,910 1 6	892 14 3	51	26.32	

* The amount stolen in the year 1889-90 was shown to be Re. 0-2-6 in the last administration report, but it was a clerical mistake. The amount shown this year is correct.

Akalkot, 14th July 1891.

V. R. KELKAR,
State Karbhari.

APPENDIX IX.

APPENDIX

*Statement showing the number of Crimes committed, number of
1890-91, ending with*

No.	Description of Crime or Offence.	Number of crimes.			Number of cases disposed of during 1890-91.	Number of cases undisposed of during 1890-91.	Number of persons apprehended.	Number of persons convicted.	Number	
		Balance on 1st April 1890.	Committed during 1890-91.	Total.					Imprisonment.	
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11
1	Offences against the public tranquillity, Chapter VIII. of the Indian Penal Code	...	7	7	7	...	9	...	...	...
2	Offences by or relating to public servants, Chapter IX.....	...	1	1	1	...	1	1	1	...
3	Contempts of the lawful authority of public servants, Chapter X.	1	9	10	9	1	13	8	...	...
4	False evidence and offences against public justice, Chapter XI	...	9	9	7	2	9	7	...	...
5	Offences relating to coin and Government stamps, Chapter XII.....	...	1	1	1	...	1	...	...	...
6	Offences affecting the public health, safety, convenience, decency and morals, Chapter XIV	...	3	3	3	...	3	2	...	...
7	Offences affecting the human body, Chapter XVI:—									
	1 Attempt to commit suicide	...	1	1	1	...	1	1	1	...
	2 Voluntarily causing grievous hurt	1	6	7	6	1	2	1	...	1
	3 Voluntarily causing hurt	...	32	32	32	...	53	7	...	1
	4 Wrongful restraint	...	5	5	5	...	1	...	...	...
	5 Criminal force and assault	...	14	14	14	...	23	6	...	...
	6 Kidnapping	...	2	2	2	...	5	1	...	1
	7 Rape	1	1	2	2	...	2	...	...	...
	8 Miscarriage	...	1	1	1	...	3	...	...	...
8	Offences against property, Chapter XVII:—									
	1 Criminal trespass.....	1	29	30	24	6	16	5	...	2
	2 Dishonest misappropriation of property.....	...	2	2	2	...	2	2	...	1
	3 Dacoity	...	1	1	...	1	...	...	...	...
	4 Criminal breach of trust	...	5	5	4	1	1	...	...	...
	5 Dishonestly receiving stolen property	...	3	3	3	...	4	1	1	...
	6 Mischief.....	1	10	11	9	2	11	...	...	...
	7 Theft.....	10	98	108	69	39	42	14	...	4
	8 Robbery	1	6	7	5	2	6	...	...	...
9	Offences relating to marriage, Chapter XX.....	...	1	1	1	...	2	...	...	...
10	Defamation, Chapter XXI	...	1	1	1	...	1	...	...	...
11	Criminal intimidation, insult and annoyance, Chapter XXII	...	7	7	7	...	10	1	...	...
12	Forest Act VII. of 1878	...	67	67	67	...	307	208	...	...
13	District Police Act VII. of 1867 (Bombay)	...	67	67	67	...	67	65	...	...
14	Opium Act I. of 1878.....	...	6	6	6	...	15	1	...	...
15	Abkari Act V. of 1878 (Bombay)	...	1	1	...	1	1	...	...	...
16	Cattle Trespass Act I. of 1871 (India)	...	9	9	9	...	24	7	...	...
17	Criminal Procedure Code, section 109	...	2	2	2	...	6	...	...	...
	Total.....	16	407	423	367	56	641	338	3	10

Note 1.—Of the number of persons
338 were convicted—
289 acquitted or
5 awaiting trial
9 on bail with

Total 641

Note 2.—The number of convicts who
The number of such con-

The difference of one is due to the fact that one of the two accused committed to the Code. The conviction was quashed in appeal to the Commissioner, C. D. In the

Akalkot, 14th July 1891.

IX.

Cases disposed of and Cases awaiting Trial in the Akalkot State during the year 31st March 1891.

of persons sentenced to					Number of persons acquitted or discharged.	Number of persons confined, being insane.	Number of persons died during or before trial.	Terms of Imprisonment.										REMARKS.
Simple.	Rigorous.	Fine only.	Whipping.	Total.				Under one month.	From 1 to 2 months.	From 2 to 3 months.	From 3 to 6 months.	From 6 to 12 months.	From 1 to 2 years.	From 2 to 3 years.	From 3 to 5 years.	Above 5 years.		
12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28	29	
...	...	...	...	...	9	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...	...	8	...	8	3	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...	2	5	...	7	...	...	...	...	2	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...	...	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...	...	2	...	2	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...	...	...	...	1	1	...	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...	...	6	...	7	46	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...	1	5	...	6	1	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...	...	...	...	1	17	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	
...	...	...	...	...	4	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...	...	...	...	...	2	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...	...	...	...	...	3	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...	1	2	...	5	11	...	...	1	2	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...	1	...	...	2	...	...	...	...	2	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...	...	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...	...	...	...	1	3	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...	...	...	...	...	9	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...	5	4	1	14	21	...	...	1	3	...	5	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...	...	...	...	...	6	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...	...	...	...	...	2	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...	...	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...	...	1	...	1	9	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...	...	208	...	208	99	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...	...	65	...	65	2	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...	...	1	...	1	14	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...	1	6	...	7	17	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...	...	...	...	...	6	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...	11	313	1	338	289	...	...	4	13	1	5	1	...	...	...	...	...	

apprehended (Col. 8).
 ted (Col. 9).
 discharged (Col. 17).
 before Magistrates.
 the Police.

were imprisoned is 24 (Cols. 20 to 28).
 viets is 25 in Col. 4 of Appendix XII.
 Joint Court was convicted and sentenced to 2 years' rigorous imprisonment under section 376, Indian Penal
 meantime accused suffered rigorous imprisonment for few days.

• V. R. KELKAR,
 State Karbhari.

APPENDIX X.

Statement showing the number of Offences reported and Offences dealt with in the Akalkot State during the year 1890-91 ending 31st March 1891.

NAME OF COURT.	Number of offences reported during the year.		Number of persons dealt with.										Persons disposed of.					REMARKS.
	1889-90.	1890-91.	Remaining at the end of last year.	Brought to trial, 1890-91.					Arrested in the presence of the Magistrate.	Total.	Discharged without trial.	Acquitted (or discharged).	Convicted.	Committed or referred.	Died, escaped or transferred.	Persons remaining at the end of the year.		
				Arrested by Police.	Upon warrant.	On summons.	Voluntarily.	Arrested in the presence of the Magistrate.										
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	
Political Agent	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	Was committed to the Court of the Political Agent last year.
Joint Court	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	2	...	...	...	...	...	
District Magistrate.....	54	155	5	25	11	3	...	5	102	49	16	38	7	2	...	2	The two accused (Col. 15) committed to the Joint Court were acquitted (Col. 13).	
Magistrate, Class II.	254	224	...	49	6	375	...	80	493	510	...	196	311	...	...	3	...	
3rd Class Magistrate, Pilio	26	25	...	1	...	51	...	...	36	52	...	35	17	...	...	...	...	
3rd Class Magistrate, Kurla	9	3	...	1	...	3	...	...	15	4	...	2	2	...	...	...	...	
Total.....	343	407	6	76	17	432	...	85	646	616	16	273	338	2	...	5	...	

V. R. KELKAR,
State Karbhari.

Akalkot, 14th July 1891.

APPENDIX XII.

Statement showing the number of persons Convicted or Confined in the Jail in the Akalkot State during the year 1890-91 ending with 31st March 1891.

STATIONS.	Number of Prisoners.	Number of Prisoners.				Daily Average in Jail.		Number of prisoners remaining at the end of the year.	Total cost of Jail and Prisoners.	Remarks, showing Mortality among Convicts in the Jail.
		Remaining from last year.	Admitted during the year.	Total.		1889-90.	1890-91.			
				1889-90.	1890-91.					
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11
Akalkot	50	29	21	52	50	25.8	24.4	17	Rs. a. p. 3,387 6 2	One prisoner died of dysentery on the 3rd October 1891. He was admitted in the Jail on 10th September 1886 and was undergoing imprisonment for 7 years under sec. 395, I. P. Code.
Pilto.....	3	...	3	...	3	...	0.16	...		
Kurla	1	...	1	2	1	0.153	0.02	...		
Total.....	54	29	25	54	54	26	24.6	17	3,387 6 2	

40

One prisoner died of dysentery on the 3rd October 1891. He was admitted in the Jail on 10th September 1886 and was undergoing imprisonment for 7 years under sec. 395, I. P. Code.

V. R. KELKAR,

State Karbhari.

Akalkot, 14th July 1891.

APPENDIX XIV.

Civil Work.—Results of applications for execution of decrees during the year 1890-91.

Number.	TRIBUNAL.	Opening balance.		Value of opening balance for 1890-91.	Applications brought to the Register.		Total.		Disposed of.		Closing balance.		Nature of appli- cations pending disposal at close of 1890-91.			REMARKS.
		1889-90.	1890-91.		1889-90.	1890-91.	1889-90.	1890-91.	1889-90.	1890-91.	Value for 1890-91.	Value of closing balance for 1890-91.	Below 6 months.	Below 12 months.	Above 12 months.	
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10							
1	Akalkot Sub-Judge.	137	97	18,748 5 10	565 464	53,324 14 4	702 561	72,073 4 2	605 466	49,385 7 2	97 95	22,687 13 0	51 10	34		
2	Pilto do. ...	1	6	1,275 7 11	23 24	1,624 6 5	24 30	2,899 14 4	18 26	2,635 14 4	6 4	264 0 0	2 2	...		
3	Kurla do. ..	1	1	473 15 0	1 5	634 7 6	2 6	1,108 6 6	1 6	1,108 6 6	1 ...	.....	...	..		
	Total	139	104	20,497 12 9	589 493	55,583 12 3	728 597	76,081 9 0	624 498	53,129 12 0	104 99	22,951 13 0	53 12	34		

Akalkot, 14th July 1891.

V. R. KELKAR,
State Karbhari.

APPENDIX XV.
Registration of Documents (1890-91).

Number.	SUB-REGISTRY OFFICE.	Documents presented for registration.		Nature of Documents presented.								Documents registered.	Value of Documents registered.		Documents refused to be registered.	Documents remaining unregistered pending enquiry at the close of the year.					
				Mortgages. Sale-deeds.				Wills.									Money-bonds.		Miscellaneous.		
		1889-90.	1890-91.	1889-90.	1890-91.	1889-90.	1890-91.	1889-90.	1890-91.	1889-90.	1890-91.	1889-90.	1890-91.	1889-90.			1890-91.	1889-90.	1890-91.		
1		2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12									
1	Akalkot	496	610	187	221	207	297	...	...	102	92	496	610	67,671	13	6	93,595	4	6	.....	.....
2	Pilto	36	40	18	16	12	18	1	...	5	5	36	40	6,294	0	0	5,904	8	0	.....	.....
3	Kurla	44	59	26	38	11	6	...	...	7	15	44	59	12,168	0	0	11,303	7	0	.....	.....
Total		576	709	231	275	230	321	1	...	114	113	576	709	86,133	13	6	1,10,803	3	6	.....	.....

V. R. KELKAR,
State Karbhari.

Akalkot, 14th July 1891.

APPENDIX XVI.

Statement showing Agricultural Stock in the Akalkot State during the year 1890-91.

Number.	District.	Cattle and other quadrupeds.										Ploughs.		Carts.	
		Bullocks.	Cows.	Buffaloes.		Horses.	Mares.	Foals.	Asses.	Sheep and goats.	With two Bullocks.	With four Bullocks.	Riding Carts.	Carts used in carrying.	
				Male.	Female.										
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	
1	Akalkot.....	24,979	14,978	2,801	5,474	595	483	168	394	22,309	730	2,521	40	472	
2	Pilho	1,268	1,088	160	179	52	45	20	32	3,448	18	199	9	39	
3	Kurda.....	771	499	103	181	15	12	1	4	579	...	82	2	40	
	Total.....	26,918	16,565	3,154	5,834	662	540	189	430	26,336	748	2,802	51	551	

V. R. KELKAR,

State Karbhari.

Akalkot, 14th July 1891.

APPENDIX XVII.

No.	INCOME.				No.	EXPENDITURE.					
	Heads of Receipts.	A. D. 1889-90.	A. D. 1890-91.	Rs. a. p.		Heads of Expenditure.	A. D. 1889-90.	A. D. 1890-91.	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	Decrease.
1	2	3	4	5	6	1	2	3	4	5	6
1	Balance in Treasury on 1st April.....	1,45,900 1 7	1,30,792 6 11	.....	15,107 10 8	1	Expenses of the Raja, relations, dependants, and private establishment—	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.
	1 Land Revenue—					1	1 Stipend and Establishment of the Raja	86,755 2 1	92,164 6 1	5,409 4 0	.....
	2 Recoveries on account of former years	1,438 2 2	3,781 5 1	2,293 2 11	.....	2	2 Stipend of families at Poona	6,000 0 0	6,000 0 0	.....	.....
	3 Rent of sheri land	1,84,438 14 3	1,87,875 8 7	3,436 10 4	.....	3	3 Extra Expenditure	26,743 11 11	6,798 10 0	.....	19,945 1 11
2	Local Fund	1,89,605 13 2	1,95,998 0 2	6,392 3 0	.....	2	Religious and Charitable Allowances—	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.
	1 Recoveries on account of former years	1,438 2 2	3,781 5 1	2,293 2 11	.....	1	1 Devasthan allowances	4,853 4 1	3,204 14 3	.....	1,648 5 10
	2 Recoveries on license-tax on account of former years	1,84,438 14 3	1,87,875 8 7	3,436 10 4	.....	2	2 Varsahasandars	1,303 8 2	688 6 5	.....	615 1 9
	3 Rent of sheri land	3,678 12 9	4,341 2 6	662 5 9	.....	3	3 Kazi's allowance	7 12 0	7 12 0	.....	.....
3	Sayar—					3	Hereditary allowances—	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.
	1 Recoveries of license-tax on account of former years	16,845 1 4	18,629 2 2	1,784 0 10	.....	1	1 Nemnukdars	6,164 8 3	3,901 0 8	.....	2,263 7 7
	2 Recoveries on license-tax on account of current year	115 1 0	.....	.....	115 1 0	2	2 Tasharifdars	4,775 7 0	2,988 3 0	.....	1,787 4 0
	3 Mokasbab	6,730 12 0	6,758 0 0	27 4 0	.....	3	3 Denagidars	95 6 0	.....	.....	95 6 0
4	District Hereditary Officers—					4	District Hereditary Officers—	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.
	1 Hakadar District Hereditary Officers	115 1 0	.....	.....	115 1 0	1	1 Hakadar District Hereditary Officers	4,980 9 0	2,988 3 0	.....	1,992 6 0
	2 Serdeshmukhi Umal paid to British Government	6,730 12 0	6,758 0 0	27 4 0	.....	2	2 Serdeshmukhi Umal paid to British Government	11,781 15 2	10,515 14 3	.....	1,266 0 11
	3 Darakdar	17,230 15 0	19,521 6 7	2,290 7 7	.....	3	3 Darakdar	9 8 4	630 4 4	620 12 0	.....
5	Mokasbab	17,230 15 0	19,521 6 7	2,290 7 7	.....	4	District Hereditary Officers—	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.
	1 Hakadar District Hereditary Officers	115 1 0	.....	.....	115 1 0	1	1 Hakadar District Hereditary Officers	11,781 15 2	10,515 14 3	.....	1,266 0 11
	2 Serdeshmukhi Umal paid to British Government	6,730 12 0	6,758 0 0	27 4 0	.....	2	2 Serdeshmukhi Umal paid to British Government	9 8 4	630 4 4	620 12 0	.....
	3 Darakdar	17,230 15 0	19,521 6 7	2,290 7 7	.....	3	3 Darakdar	11,852 1 0	11,146 2 7	620 12 0	1,326 10 5

10	Miscellaneous—	10	Jail—	10	765 10 7	966 0 0	200 5 5	.....
1	Profit account	1,053 3 6	23,550 11 10	22,497 8 4	.....	.....	.....	.....
2	Jamindar's Haks	214 12 0	151 5 6	.....	63 6 6	.....	.....	.....
3	Political Establishment account .....	.....	78 10 3	72 10 3	.....	.....	.....	.....
4	Public Works Accounts	1,051 6 0	3,200 7 2	2,149 1 2	.....	.....	.....	.....
5	Civil Court's ditto	87 2 3	69 9 9	.....	17 8 6	.....	.....	.....
6	Revenue Establishment account	91 2 6	177 9 9	86 7 3	.....	.....	.....	.....
7	Shibandi account.....	22 8 0	3 14 10	.....	18 9 2	.....	.....	.....
8	Medical account	1,006 7 6	1,016 1 0	9 9 6	.....	.....	.....	.....
9	Miscellaneous	489 11 6	504 4 5	14 8 11	.....	.....	.....	.....
		4,016 5 3	28,752 10 6	24,835 13 5	99 8 2	.....	.....	.....
11	Forest	3,122 3 3	3,170 5 9	48 2 6	.....	.....	.....	.....
12	Police	352 0 7	557 7 4	205 6 9	.....	.....	.....	.....
13	Advances, Deposits, &c.—							
1	Recoveries on account of Takavi.....	2,745 13 7	2,110 5 11	.....	635 7 8	.....	.....	.....
2	Recoveries on account of Advances.....	5,744 6 5	8,006 10 8	2,262 4 3	.....	.....	.....	.....
3	Deposits	3,280 13 8	2,243 12 4	.....	1,087 1 4	.....	.....	.....
		11,771 1 8	12,360 12 11	2,262 4 3	1,672 9 0	.....	.....	.....
	Total Receipts.....	2,92,105 14 4	3,23,473 0 10	7 8 5	7,475 5 11	.....	.....	.....

APPENDIX XVII--concluded.

INCOME.						EXPENDITURE.					
No.	Heads of Receipts.	A. D. 1889-90.	A. D. 1890-91.	Increase.	Decrease.	No.	Heads of Expenditure.	A. D. 1889-90.	A. D. 1890-91.	Increase.	Decrease.
1	2	3	4	5	6	1	2	3	4	5	6
		Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	17	Medical— 1 Dispensary	2,578 11 8	2,865 0 11	286 5 3	.....
						18	Educational— 1 Establishment	8,588 7 7	8,897 8 5	309 0 10	.....
							2 Extra Expenditure	651 5 6	304 7 8	.....	346 13 10
								9,239 13 1	9,202 0 1	309 0 10	346 13 10
						19	Local Fund— 1 Establishment .....	.....	1,049 6 5	1,049 6 5	.....
							2 Remuneration to cattle pound-keepers	360 0 0	155 11 9	.....	204 4 3
							3 Vaccination	319 7 0	308 6 10	.....	11 0 2
							4 Refunds, &c.	8 14 11	21 15 1	13 0	.....
							5 Roads and Roadside trees	3,079 4 0	1,896 10 0	.....	1,182 10 0
							6 Dharmashalas	1,603 3 5	149 7 9	.....	1,453 11 8
							7 Wells.....	1,107 4 7	109 9 8	.....	997 10 11
							8 Contribution to Schools.....	4,333 0 0	4,350 0 0	17 0 0	.....
							9 Ditto to Dispensary	1,000 0 0	1,000 0 0	.....	.....
							10 Ditto to Conservancy.....	.....	800 0 0	800 0 0	.....
							11 Extra Expenditure	216 4 8	246 10 10	30 6 2	.....
								12,027 6 7	10,087 14 4	1,909 12 0	3,849 5 0
						20	Public Works— 1 Establishment	1,221 15 10	624 0 0	.....	597 15 10
							2 Conservancy Establishment.....	768 0 0	.....	.....	768 0 0
							3 Chawadies.....	1,543 2 10	295 15 1	.....	1,247 3 9
							4 Roads	30,007 11 0	15,024 10 5	.....	14,983 0 7
							5 Wells.....	1,538 15 2	819 15 1	.....	720 0 1

6	Conservancy expenditure	1,379	1	9	1,642	1	0	262	15	3	.....
7	Repairs to Sirsi Bandara	6,020	8	0	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	6,020 8 0
8	Iditto to State buildings	4,333	9	9	2,949	3	0	.....	.....	.....	1,384 6 9
9	Survey for proposed water-supply project for the town of Akalkot	796	0	0	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	796 0 0
21	Registration Account	47,610	0	4	21,355	12	7	262	15	3	26,517 3 0
		112	11	3	184	3	5	71	8	2	.....
22	Forest Account—										
1	Establishment	1,697	11	3	1,691	12	10	.....	.....	.....	5 14 5
2	Extra Expenditure	992	6	2	1,398	4	3	405	14	1	.....
23	Miscellaneous—										
1	Loss (including remissions, Income-tax, &c., ...	2,690	1	5	3,090	1	1	405	14	1	5 14 5
2	Refunds	370	6	8	926	8	2	556	1	6	.....
3	Extra Expenditure	225	5	7	19	9	1	17	7	7	.....
4	Maktebab	1,169	3	3	101	8	0	.....	.....	.....	123 13 7
					2	1	0	.....	.....	.....	1,167 2 3
24	Advances, Deposits, &c.—	1,767	1	0	1,019	10	3	573	1		1,290 15 10
1	Takavi	990	0	0	1,050	0	0	60	0	0	.....
2	Advances recoverable	4,935	8	0	32,900	13	10	27,965	5	10	.....
3	Deposits	1,932	14	7	2,842	8	8	909	10	1	.....
25	Imperial Census	7,858	6	7	36,793	6	6	28,934	1		.....
		.....	.....	.....	53	4	3	53	4	3	.....
	Total Expenditure	3,07,913	9	0	2,89,826	14	3	44,757	1	3	62,143 12 0
	Balance in the Treasury	1,30,792	6	11	1,64,443	9	6	83,651	2	7	.....
	Grand Total	4,38,005	15	11	4,54,270	7	9	78,403	3	10	62,143 12 0

V. R. KELKAR,
State Karbhari.

Akalkot, 14th July 1891

**CORRECTION SLIPS to the Printed Administration Report of the
Akalkot State for the year 1890-91.**

<i>Page</i>	<i>Para.</i>	<i>Line, &c.</i>	<i>For</i>	<i>Read</i>
16	65	Table for 1890-91.	8,988	43,433
			1,391	8,988
			430	1,391
			26,336	430
			3,550	26,336
			602	3,550
			602	602
16	66	3	pe	per day.
17	68	8	312	3,122
22	80	3rd line below statement.	dsibursed	disbursed
23	82	Table for 90-91 (cho- lera).	227	22
29	Ap. III.	Col. 5.	1891	1881
31	Ap. V.	Last col.	Detail of Guns—	Details of Guns—
47	Ap. XVII., credit side.	Col. 5 (Total receipts).	7 8 5	38,847 8 5
48	Ap. XVII., debit side.	Col. 5 (Head 19, sub- head 4).	13 0	13 0 2
49	Do.	Col. 5 (Head 24, Total).	28,934 1	28,934 15 11

V. R. KELKAR,
State Karbhari.

134738

LETTER from P. C. H. SNOW, Esquire, Political Agent, Sholapur; to the Honourable J. G. MOORE, Commissioner, C. D., Poona,—No. 4562, dated Sholapur, 5th August 1891.

I have the honour to forward the accompanying report on the administration of the Akalkot State for 1890-91 and to offer the following remarks.

2. *The Chief's tour.*—It is much to be regretted that owing principally to illness in his family the Chief was absent from his territory for a very considerable portion of the year. His attention has been called to the necessity of residing longer in his territory.

3. *Personnel of the State.*—As far as is known up to the present, the Chief and the present State Kárbhári work harmoniously. The Subordinate Judge, who has given satisfaction to the Chief, has been recommended for confirmation in his appointment. A graduate of the Bombay University has been appointed to the charge of the dispensary at Akalkot.

4. *Administration of the land.*—In consequence of the pressure of revision survey operations in the Deccan and Khándesh, the Survey and Settlement Commissioner has intimated his inability to undertake the revision survey operations of the State till April 1892. It is to be hoped that the Survey Commissioner will be able before long to depute an experienced and trained Surveyor for this duty, as the term of the original settlement has already expired. The description of the makta tenure might have been fuller, as suggested in paragraph 3 of Mr. Grant's review of the report for 1889-90.

Land was in greater demand than in the previous years, the percentage of cultivable land lying waste having been 1·3 against 2·3 in 1889-90 and 3·5 in 1888-89.

The proposal for the introduction of the system of accounts in force in British talukas, adverted to in Chapter II, paragraph 5 of the last year's report, does not appear to have received any attention during the year. The State accounts for 1889-90 were examined by a clerk from my account office specially deputed for the purpose. No irregularities of importance were detected, but the accounts seem to have been carelessly written up. Your remarks on the audit memo, received with your Memo. No. ^{Pol.}₁₀₇, dated the 23rd ultimo, will be duly attended to.

No attempt was made to settle boundary disputes, of which there were 74 pending disposal as against 26 in the preceding year. Such a state of affairs is most unsatisfactory.

5. *Minors' estates.*—The special report, called for in paragraph 2 of Government Resolution No. 7558, dated 11th December 1890, in regard to the two minors of Kurla, was submitted to Government with this office letter No. 1344, dated 13th February 1891. Monthly reports regarding these two estates are received and scrutinized in this office.

6. *Legislation.*—The Forest Act was introduced during the year.

7. *Military.*—Fifty-two guns are shown in Appendix V, while in the corresponding appendix of last year, the number given is 7 only. This apparent increase is due to the omission from the last year's appendix of 45 smooth-bore muskets which the military or the Shibandí force uses.

8. *Police.*—The submission of a scheme for the reorganization of the State Police force has been deferred under Government Resolution No. 2022, dated 25th March 1891, until the receipt of this report by Government.

It is not creditable to the existing force that 3 out of 59 men were judicially punished. The present Chief Constable will be shortly replaced by another man. The cost of the force rose from Rs. 10,682-7-1 to Rs. 10,849-13-9. The increase is due to the employment of two additional 4th class Head Constables from December last for the new outposts at Nagansur and Kurnur. The number of offences reported to the police was 183 against 167 in the previous

year. 101 and 76 persons were respectively arrested and sent for trial against 152 and 112 respectively in the preceding year. Of those sent for trial during the year under report, 21 or 27·6 per cent. were convicted, the corresponding percentage in the year before having been 29·4. The value of property stolen during the year was Rs. 3,392-1-3 against Rs. 5,683-15-6 in the previous year, while the percentage of recoveries to losses was 26·32 against 51 in the previous year—a highly unsatisfactory result.

9. *Criminal justice*.—Appendices IX, X and XI of the report show the results of the administration of criminal justice. There are five criminal courts in the State. 423 cases, including 16 under trial at the beginning of the year, came up for trial before these courts in 1890-91 against 343 cases in the previous year. The number of persons dealt with was 616 against 646 in the previous year. Of the former number 16 were discharged without trial, 273 were discharged or acquitted, 338 were convicted, and 2 committed or their cases referred. Of the 616 persons dealt with, one was tried and sentenced by the Political Agent under Section 325 of the Indian Penal Code. The sentence, however, was reduced, on appeal, to the Commissioner, C. D. Government have recently ruled that, in passing Government Resolution No. 2061, dated 28th March 1890, it was not their intention to abolish the residuary jurisdiction of the Political Agent, and orders have been accordingly issued to the Chief.

10. *Prisons*.—The arrangements connected with the jail at Akalkot appear to be good. The number of prisoners confined in it was 50 against 52 in 1889-90, the admissions during the year being 21 against 26. Besides the jail at Akalkot, there are two small jails, one at Pilio and the other at Kurla, where convicts whose terms of imprisonment do not exceed one month are confined. There were four prisoners confined in these jails during the year under report. One prisoner died of dysentery at the Akalkot Jail. The cost of the maintenance of the jails amounted to Rs. 3,387-6-2 against Rs. 2,606 in the previous year. The increase in the cost should have been explained.

11. *Civil justice*.—320 civil suits were disposed of against 559 in the preceding year, the closing balance being 23 against 40. The introduction of the Court-fees Act seems to have had a salutary effect in checking vexatious and groundless suits.

12. *Registration*.—There were 709 documents for registration against 576, in 1889-90. The value of the documents registered rose from Rs. 86,133-13-6 to Rs. 1,10,803-3-6. The receipts from registration amounted to Rs. 984-15-0 against Rs. 848-3-0 in the previous year, and the expenditure thereon to Rs. 217-6-4 against Rs. 186-11-0. The increasing number of documents presented for registration proves that the provisions of the Act are appreciated by the people.

13. *Municipalities*.—Government have in Government Resolution No. 5423, dated 13th July 1891, negatived the proposal to introduce the Village Sanitation Act into the State, in view of the approaching investiture of the Chief with full powers in his State.

14. *The season*.—The early rains were deficient and the kharif crop suffered in consequence. The fall in November helped the rabi crops considerably and the outturn from jowari, the staple food of the people, was satisfactory. There was an increase under all heads of agricultural stock except ploughs.

15. *Forest*.—The report on the administration of the Akalkot forests has not yet been received by me. There was a slight addition to the forest area and fencing and plantation appear to have engaged the attention of the Forest Department during the year.

16. *Public Works*.—The outlay on public works was Rs. 25,607-9-3 or Rs. 1,995-5-4 more than last year. A considerable amount was devoted to the improvement of road communications. The progress of some minor works appears to have been impeded for want of an overseer.

17. *Revenue and finance*.—The gross revenue of the State was Rs. 4,54,270-7-9, including the opening balance, against Rs. 4,38,005-15-11, and the total expenditure amounted to Rs. 2,89,826-14-3 against Rs. 3,07,213-9-0 in the

previous year, the balance to the credit of the State at the end of the year being Rs. 1,64,443-9-6. It is satisfactory to observe that the expenditure has been kept within the year's income which had not been the case for the preceding two years. The abnormal increase observable in the receipts is nominal and is mainly due to the adjustment of Rs. 22,893-11-5 on account of the debt accounts of the Kurla minors, by credit to 10 (1) Miscellaneous, Profit Account, and by debit to 24 (2) "Advances recoverable." Out of Rs. 10,392-15-11, advanced from the State funds to the Khásgi Department, Rs. 1,203-8-0 were on account of furniture supplied to the new mahál at Akalkot, Rs. 5,189-7-11 represent the Chief's ordinary expenses for March 1891, and Rs. 4,000 were incurred in connection with the Chief's stay in Bombay during February and March 1891. I have authorized the Chief to draw the last item from the estimated closing balance for the current year. The other two items are treated as "Advances recoverable".

18. *Medical relief and vital statistics.*—The Akalkot dispensary appears to be doing good work. The average attendance of the year was 85·8 against 56·18 in the preceding year. The public health was good. The birth-rate per mille was 41·8 against 37·3 in the previous year and the death-rate was 21·7 against 29·4. The decrease in the death-rate is mainly due to the decrease in mortality from cholera and dysentery. 2,421 persons were vaccinated as against 1,986 in the previous year.

19. *Instruction.*—Three new schools were opened during the year, one of which was a Hindustáni school. It is gratifying to observe that the Chief intends to make some provision for the education of low caste boys. An increase in the attendance is observable in all except the 1st Grade Anglo-Vernacular and the Upper Primary Hindustáni Schools.

20. *General remarks.*—Mr. Winter visited the State in February 1891. He writes:—"I made halts at Karabgaon and Mángrul in Akalkot, and saw little or perhaps no difference between the villages I visited (Tadval and Karajgi besides the camping places) and those in British territory."

The report submitted by the Kárbhári does not present any special features and is confined to a narrative of the ordinary details of the year's events.—I have, &c.

LETTER No. 4562, dated 5th August 1891, from the POLITICAL AGENT, Sholapur, forwarding, with his remarks, the administration report of the Akalkot State for the year 1890-91.

No. ^{Pol.}₁₃₂ of 1891.

POLITICAL DEPARTMENT.

Poona, 22nd August 1891.

Submitted to Government.

It is essential for the good administration of the State that the Chief should reside in his territory as long as possible; and the Political Agent has done well in calling the attention of the Rāja Sáheb to his long and frequent absence in Poona, Bombay, and Mahábaleshvar.

3. The original survey settlement expired during the year, under report; and, it is hoped, that the arrangements for the revision settlement, will soon be completed. The original survey rates appear to be capable of bearing an increase; and any delay, that may occur, in commencing fresh operations, involves loss of revenue.

4. The Commissioner notes that the accounts of the estates of the wards have been placed on a satisfactory footing. The monthly reports, required by the Political Agent, will, it is hoped, prevent matters from relapsing into the chaotic condition, which was animadverted on by Government in their review on the last year's report. The separate report, called for by Government, has already been submitted.

5. The record of the operations of the police shows no improvement on the previous year. While the number of offences reported to the police has increased, the percentage of convictions to arrests, and that of convictions to committals by the police, have both decreased (*vide* Appendix VII). Similarly, the proportion of recoveries to the value of property stolen (Appendix VIII) shows a lamentable decrease, being 26.32 against 51 in the previous year. The creation of two new outposts, and the appointment of two additional Head Constables, are the only reforms that have been carried out in re-organizing the police. The fault appears, however, to have been due not so much to the force as a body, but to the inefficiency of the officers holding the posts of Chief and Head Constables; and steps have already been adopted to replace them by better men. The question of accommodation for the Police stationed at Akalkot and elsewhere, to which allusion is made by the Kárbhári in paragraph 26 of his report, requires prompt attention.

6. The Commissioner is glad to learn that the arrangements connected with the jail at Akalkot appear to be good. The increase in the cost of maintenance is accounted for by the Kárbhári in paragraph 16, sub-paragraph 2 of his report, which seems to have escaped the notice of the Political Agent.

7. The attention paid to the improvement of road communication is creditable. The improvement of water-supply is equally important, and will, it is hoped, receive greater attention in future. The Kárbhári reports that "the drinking water of wells in many villages is bad on account of steps." In paragraph 72 of the report, the Kárbhári states that "care has been taken to distribute the cost equally in this year's budget." The steps, taken by the Kárbhári, are, no doubt, an improvement on the present practice of charging the Local Funds with a larger proportion of the cost of the establishment. But they do not appear to completely remove the anomaly noticed by him. The fairest way of apportioning the cost would be to charge it proportionately to the expenditure on public works, carried out from State Funds and Local Funds respectively, and not to divide it *equally* as has been done.

8. It is satisfactory to observe paragraph 74 of the Kárbhári's report that the excess of expenditure over receipts noticed in the last year's report was fallacious. The increase under Land Revenue and Sáyar, which is mainly attributed to recoveries of arrears, is satisfactory. The increase in expenditure,

noticeable under the heads, Jail, Police, Stamps, Pensions, Medical, Registration and Forest has been explained in paragraph 76 of the report.

9. The daily average of attendance at the dispensary has considerably increased, which, looking to the fact that the year was comparatively healthy, indicates the growing popularity of the institution.

10. The statistics regarding education call for no adverse comment.

11. The facts that no rewards are paid for the destruction of wild animals and snakes shows that sufficient attention has not been paid to the subject. The matter has recently attracted the attention of the Government of India; and as it concerns the welfare of the country as a whole, it would be well if active measures were adopted in Akalkot and other Native States.

J. MOORE, .

Commissioner, Central Division.

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Akalkot, 28th June 1892.

V. R. KELKAR,

State Karbhari, Akalkot.

THE ANNUAL ADMINISTRATION REPORT OF THE AKALKOT STATE FOR THE YEAR ENDING 31ST MARCH 1892.

Nos. I to XVII.

1. The usual statements as per margin accompany.

CHAPTER I.

POLITICAL.

2. The State pays a tribute of Rs. 14,592 to the British Government in lieu of the Akalkot contingent.

3. The State was up to the 24th November 1891 under the supervision of the Political Agent. The Raje Sahab, having attained his majority, was invested with the full Administration of his State, on the 25th *Idem* by Government. Mr. Reid, the Commissioner, C.D., made a clever and concise speech full of sound advice, and the Raje Sahab gave a suitable reply.

4. The Raje Sahab made a trip to Mahableshwar in April 1891 and returned on the 14th July 1891, after a short stay at Poona, owing to his illness. On the 4th September 1891 he left for Poona on account of races, and remained there until the 9th October. Owing to his being attacked by influenza, he had to go to Bombay on the 14th December 1891 and stay there till the 18th January 1892 as per advice of the Civil Surgeon, Sholapur. He did, however, his office work at the places where he was absent.

5. The Raje Sahab visited 14 villages of the State, in 13 of which he examined the Ryots' receipt books. He also examined 5 schools of the State including the Anglo-Vernacular School at Akalkot, and inspected the Dispensary, the Jail, and the Chief Constable's office at Akalkot.

6. No domestic event, worthy of report, occurred in the Raje Sahab's family during the year.

Changes in the Administration.

7. The State Karbhari received the additional charge of Police, Forest and Educational offices in about December 1891. These Departments were up to that time under the control of the respective officers of the Sholapur District. Azam Sheikh Nizam of the Government Thuggie and Dacoity Department, joined as Chief Constable of the Akalkot Police on the 26th October 1891 under the orders of Government, the former incumbent, Azam Ramchandra Gabaji, being allowed to resign. Mr. Ganesh Nilkant having resigned the post of State Overseer, Mr. Bapu Daji, a pensioned Overseer of the Public Works Department, was appointed in his place in October 1891. With these exceptions the *personnel* of the Administration remained unchanged.

CHAPTER II.

ADMINISTRATION OF THE LAND.

8. Survey rates were made applicable to the State from the year 1870-71 for a period of 20 years. The term expired last year. It appears from letter No. 955, dated 18th May 1892, from the Survey and Settlement Commissioner to the address of the Political Agent, Sholapur, that the work of Revision Survey will be undertaken by the Survey Department soon after the close of the monsoon in the current year.

Land Tenures.

9. The special tenures in force in the State are :—

1. Inam.
2. Maktá.
3. Kowli.
4. Khalsá or survey tenure.

Inam Settlements.

10. During the year 224 cases, regarding inam lands held by servants, no longer useful to the village community, were inquired into and settled. They are all resumed from 1st August 1892. The total area is acres 2,071-15 and the assessment is Rs. 1,428-9-0. The area of such lands resumed last year was acres 902-4, assessed at Rs. 680-7-0.

Maktá.

11. The 6 villages of (1) Borgaon, (2) Khairat, (3) Kumte, (4) Nimbgaon, (5) Rampur, and (6) Ramtirth, are held by *Sardeshmukhs*, &c., subject to a payment of annas nine in the rupee of the survey assessment, for the time being, as per Government Resolution No. 5598, dated 30th November 1878. The total assessment on these villages is Rs. 7,439-4-0, of which the State receives Rs. 4,038-6-3. Rampur was under attachment as per Political Agent's Vernacular No. 326, dated 1st October 1887, as State dues were not paid. The Raje Saheb was willing to release the village from attachment on the Maktedar's furnishing proper security for timely payments of State dues. A notice was accordingly served on them, and as they failed to obey his orders, their shares were resumed.

Raje Saheb's Lands.

12. The subjoined table shows the lands of the Raje Saheb. The lands under the management of the Khasgi Department do not pay assessment :—

Description of lands.	Survey Nos	Area.	Assessment.	Rent.
			Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.
1. Rent free lands	26	2,977-12	4,277 13 0	.....
2. Lands sold and leased by auction by the State	111	2,855-15	3,512 5 0	5,456 1 0

Kowls.

13. Of the 3 Kowls in running last year, two terminated during the year under report. The third will expire at the end of the year 1897-98. The annual loss to the State will be only Rs. 2-14-0 till that year.

Waste lands.

14. The area of the waste lands taken up for cultivation during the last two years is shewn in the subjoined table :—

Extent of waste cultivable area for		Taken up in		Waste remaining at the end of the year,		Percentage of cultivable land lying waste.	
1890-91	1891-92	1890-91	1891-92	1890-91	1891-92	1890-91	1891-92
5,835	3,533	2,341	1,846	3,533	1,666	1.3	0.66

15. It will be seen from the above that less land has been brought under cultivation during the year of report, as compared with the previous year. This is owing to better lands being taken up last year. Acres 49-37 and acres 37-17 were transferred to "Burial-ground" and "Forests" respectively. Acres 65-14 were absolutely relinquished by occupants and so added to State waste. The assessment on land taken up during the year is Rs. 1,135-1-0 and that on the remaining State waste is Rs. 1,028-5-0.

Revenue Accounts.

16. Symond's forms of revenue accounts were introduced into the villages of the State during the year under report. The former system was based on Blaine's forms.

17. The accounts of the State were annually examined and audited by the Head Accountant or Deputy Accountant from the Account Office of the Sholapur Collectorate under the orders of Government. During the year, Mr. Keshao Babaji Shetphalkar, of the same department, examined the accounts.

Boundary Disputes.

18. Including the balance (74) at the end of the previous year and the number received during the year (75), the total number of boundary disputes for settlement was 149, of which 111 were disposed of, leaving a balance of only 38 at the close of the year. The number cleared of during the year of report will appear to be satisfactory. This is due to the entertainment of a pensioned surveyor of the Revenue Survey Department.

19. The wards under the care of the State in the year under report were, as shown in the statement, given below :—

No.	NAME.	Age.	Place of birth.	Place of Education.	Balance in the beginning of the year.	Receipts.	Disbursements.	Balance at the end of the year.		Value of moveable property in hand.	Area of land under management.
								In cash.	In Government securities.		
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
1	Shivaji Bhosle	18	Kurla.	Satara.	Rs. a. p. 254 8 4	Rs. a. p. 3,600 4 1	Rs. a. p. 3,667 1 10	Rs. a. p. 187 10 7	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p. 5,344 4 3	441-2
2	Sambhaji Bhosle	14	Do.	Do.	201 3 7	4,163 2 4	4,209 9 7	154 12 4	.....	445 4 0	219-23
3	Maruti	14	Akalkot.	Akalkot.	752 4 8	Principal, 306-9-10; Interest, 59-11-9; House rent, 2-7-0; Total 366-12-7.	204 13 9	414 3 6	500 0 0	130 2 4	20-20
4	Sauti	11									
5	Maibai	17	Badole.	Looks after household affairs and lives with her husband.	13 14 3	129 0 0	133 14 3	9 0 0	.....	269 3 0	190-27
6	Somanna	14	Waghdari.	Waghdari.	2,013 10 0	46 0 0	259 6 7	300 3 5	1,500 0 0	280 12 0	.....

(a) The first two wards—Shiwaji Bhosle and Sambhaji Bhosle are *bhaubands* of the Akalkot Raje Saheb. Shiwaji holds an eight anna share and Sambhaji a four anna share in the gross revenue of the village of Kurla (a part of the Akalkot Jahagir) in the Khatao Taluka of the Satara District. The remaining four annas share belongs to Bhawanji Bhosle. Shiwaji, being a descendant of the head branch, is to defray the expenses of the management of the estate from his eight anna share. The shares of the two minors, minus the allowance fixed for their maintenance and education, are held in mortgage by the Akalkot State. The debts, due by them at the end of the year under report, were as follows :—

No.	Name of Minor.	Debts Due.		
		Principal.	Interest.	Total.
		Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.
1	Shiwaji	21,572 7 6	311 10 10	21,884 2 4
2	Sambhaji	27,033 9 5	2,299 6 0	29,332 15 5

It was Sambhaji's father, who mortgaged his estate to the State for Rs. 25,776-7-7 in the year 1882-83. He had agreed not to contract further debts, which contract he broke the next moment and continued to incur fresh debts. Soon after his death in the year 1888, his creditors filed suits in the Satara Civil Courts and obtained decrees. At the request of the widows of the deceased, the Raje Saheb advanced a further sum of Rs. 2,000 in the year under report and liquidated all the new debts by effecting compromise with the several creditors. Hence the amount due by Sambhaji at the end of this year appears larger than that which was due (principal, Rs. 25,033-9-5; interest Rs. 909-0-8) at the end of the last year. The Raje Saheb is thinking how far he can curtail the private expenditure of the minors in order to reduce their debts.

The two minors attend the Satara High School. Shiwaji is learning under English Standard V. His behaviour is good and his progress fair. Sambhaji is learning the First English Standard. He is a well behaved boy, and is making good progress.

The administration of the Kurla estate is carried on by a *Mahalkari*, who is a third class Magistrate. He is also the Civil Court of original jurisdiction up to Rs. 500. His pay is Rs. 40.

(b) The third and the fourth minors are brothers, and came under the charge of the State in 1888. They are *Kásárs* by caste. They live with their paternal uncle, who receives a monthly allowance of Rs. 10 for food, clothes, education, &c., of the boys. A sum of Rs. 500 was invested in Government securities in the year under report. The amount still to be recovered from private persons, to whom sums were lent before the year 1890, is Rs. 700-0-11, principal and Rs. 91-10-0 interest.

Sânti attends the State Vernacular School at Akalkot and is learning the 3rd Standard. Maruti has turned out a bad boy, and steps are being taken to improve him.

(c) Maibai, Brahmin by caste, lives with her husband, Ganesh Narayen, who is her guardian and administrator. She came under the charge of the State in 1888. She has now attained the age of 17, and her caste prejudices preclude her from attending the school. Her estate is incumbered with debts.

(d) The last minor Somanna came under the charge of the State in May 1890. He is a Lingayat Wani by caste. He attends the State Vernacular School at Vaghdari and is learning the 4th Standard. His progress is good. His ornaments were put to public auction. They fetched Rs. 2,007-0-0, of which Rs. 1,500 were deposited in Government securities in the year under report. The annual expense for his maintenance and education incurred during the year under report was Rs. 84 against Rs. 44 in the last year, the increase of Rs. 40 being due to the payment of arrears to his guardian and brother-in-law Shivalingappa, Patel of Vaghdari.

CHAPTER III.

PROTECTION.

(a) LEGISLATION.

20. The laws in force in the State are :—

Revenue Acts.

Bombay Act III. of 1869—Local Fund Cess Act.

„ „ VII. of 1873—Salt Act.

„ „ III. of 1874—Vatan Act.

Bombay Act V. of 1886—Amending Vatan Act.

„ „ III. of 1875—The Toll Act.

„ „ III. of 1876—Mamletdars' Court Jurisdiction.

Act X. of 1870—Land Acquisition Act.

Act I. of 1878—Opium Act.

Act VI. of 1878—Treasure Trove Act.

Bombay Act V. of 1878—Relating to liquor and drugs.

„ „ V. of 1879—Revenue Code.

The Indian Forest Act VII. of 1878—As Amended by the Forest Act V. of 1890.

Act XIX. of 1883—Land Improvement Loans Act.

Criminal Acts.

Act XLV. of 1860—Penal Code.

Act VI. of 1864—Whipping Act.

Bombay Acts VII. and VIII. of 1867 (District and Village Police Acts).

Act I. of 1871—Cattle Trespass.

„ X. of 1882—Criminal Procedure Code.

„ X. of 1886—Amending „ „

„ XI. of 1878—Arms Act.

„ XVIII. of 1850—Protection of Judicial Officers.

„ XXVII. of 1870—Amending Indian Penal Code.

„ XIX. of 1872— „ „ „

„ I. of 1876—Amending Act VIII. of 1867, Village Police.

„ X. of 1886—Amending Code of Criminal Procedure.

Civil Regulations and Acts.

Regulations VIII. of 1827—Relating to formal recognition of heirs, &c.

Act XX. of 1864—Minors Act.

„ VII. of 1866—Liability of heirs for debts (Bombay).

„ X. of 1866—General Clauses Act (Bombay).

„ I. of 1868— „ „ (Government of India).

„ I. of 1874—Indian Evidence Act.

„ XVIII. of 1872—Amending Indian Evidence Act.

„ IX. of 1872—Indian Contract Act.

„ X. of 1873—Judicial Oaths.

„ IX. of 1875—Indian Majority Act.

„ IV. of 1886—Amending Contract Act.

„ X. of 1877—Civil Procedure Code as amended by Act XII. of 1879.

„ XIV. of 1882—The Code of Civil Procedure.

„ VIII. of 1888—Civil Procedure Amendment Act.

„ X. of 1888—Amending Code of Civil Procedure and Presidency Small Cause Court Act, 1882.

„ XV. of 1877—Limitation Act.

„ VII. of 1870—The Court Fees Act.

„ I. of 1879—The General Stamp Act.

„ XII. of 1879—Amending Limitation Act, only so far as it amends Limitation Act.

Section 9 of Act I. of 1877—(Specific Relief Act).

Act VIII. of 1880—Amending Limitation Act.

„ VI. of 1888—Debtor's Act.

No new Act was introduced into the Akalkot State during the year under report.

(b) Military.

21. The strength of the military or rather *Shibandi* force of the State is only 46 consisting of one Jamadar and 45 men; the former wears a sword, while the latter use the smooth bore musket marked ¹⁸⁵⁹/_{Tower}. They furnish guard at the Treasury, the Raje Sahēb's Palace and the Jail. They are tolerably efficient in drill.

There are 3 Marathas and 43 Mahomedans in this force, of which only 9 are able to read and write.

22. The total cost to the State for maintaining this body during the year under report was Rs. 4,951 (as shown in Appendix V.) against Rs. 4,681 in the previous year. The small increase in cost is due to dress given.

(c) *Police.*

23. The strength of the police force in the State is 54 foot and 5 mounted men, total 59, the details of which are given in Appendix VI.

24. The total cost of maintaining this force was Rs. 9,917-2-3 against Rs. 10,849-13-9 in the previous year. The decrease of cost is due to police dress and two horses bought last year.

25. There are six outposts, at each of which there is 1 head constable and three constables, except at Akalkot and Filio, where there are 6 and 4 constables respectively.

26. Of the 59 men in the force, 35 are Mahomedans, 12 Marathas, and 3 Lingayat Wanis, 7 Berads, 1 Koli and 1 Brahmin; 22 of these are able to read and write and 8 are under instruction.

During the year under report 3 persons were dismissed, 4 were departmentally fined, and 2 judicially punished. The number judicially punished last year was 3.

27. Appendix VII. shows that of the 142 arrested by the police, 125 were sent for trial, of whom 60 were convicted and 64 discharged or acquitted. The percentage convicted of accused sent for trial rose to 48 from 27·6 in the preceding year. This shows improvement in the police work.

28. Appendix VIII. shows that the alleged value of stolen property was Rs. 6,119 against Rs. 3,393 in the previous year. The amount recovered was Rs. 1,169 or 19·1 per cent. against Rs. 893 or 26·32 per cent. in the year before.

It is hoped that Azam Sheik Nizam, who joined at the end of October last and who has since then been trying his best to improve the police, will show better results in the current year. He has lately apprehended notorious *Kaikadis*, which will contribute much to the prevention of crime, not only in this State but in the surrounding British Territory.

29. There is only one police line at Karajgi. The want of police lines or quarters for the police at Akalkot and 3 outposts is greatly felt and has engaged the attention of the Raje Saheb.

Village Police.

30. There is a police patel and one or two *shetsandis* in every village. The total number of *shetsandis* is 205, which is maintained at a cost of Rs. 4,519 in land and Rs. 2,179 in cash.

(d) Criminal Justice.

31. The following Courts were at work during the year:—

District Magistrate, Akalkot.
 Sub-Divisional Magistrate, Akalkot.
 2nd Class Magistrate, do.
 3rd Class Magistrate, Pilio.
 Do. do. Kurla.

32. The residuary jurisdiction of the Political Agent, Sholapur, was fixed at cases, “exclusively triable by a Court of Session,” by G. R. No. 7605, dated 21st October 1891, Political Department, in the year under report.

33. Appendix X. shows in detail the work done by the Magistrates. The State Karbhari was appointed the District Magistrate and the Sub-Judge the Divisional Magistrate in December last.

34. The year under report opened with a balance of five cases before Criminal Courts. The number of offences reported during the year was 463 against 407 in 1890-91. The total number of crimes was 519 (Appendix IX.) against 423 in the previous year. The number of persons brought to trial was 548 against 616 in the previous year. Of the 548 persons, minus the 5 remaining at the end of the last year, 125 were arrested by the police, and 418 otherwise. Of the 5 remaining at the end of the last year, one was arrested by the police and 4 otherwise. Out of the total number of 548 persons dealt with by the Courts, 257 or 46·9 per cent. were convicted. The percentage last year was 54·9. Of 422 persons arrested otherwise or by Magistrates, 197 or 47 per cent. were convicted and 225 or 53 per cent. were discharged or acquitted. Of the 225 discharged or acquitted, 157 or nearly 70 per cent. were acquitted under Section 345, Criminal Procedure Code.

35. The nature of crimes committed during the year is described in Appendix IX. One case of murder and three of dacoity were reported during the year under report. The murder was committed on the boundaries of Kurla and the village of Kiwal in the Karad Taluka of the Satara District. It is being traced with the assistance of the Karad Police. The three dacoity cases occurred at Sadlapur on the same night in June 1891, in a house occupied by three tenants. Property amounting to Rs. 798 is alleged to have been stolen. The dacoits have been traced out and handed over to the Nizam’s authorities, and an application for their surrender has been submitted through the proper channel. At first H. H. Nizam’s Minister issued instructions for their surrender (*vide* letter No. 91, dated 4th January 1892, from the 1st Assistant Resident to the Political Agent, Sholapur), but subsequently the Minister called for the original papers of evidence through the 1st Assistant Resident, and they were submitted on the 25th February 1892, through the Political Agent, Sholapur. It appears that no final decision has yet been arrived at in the matter.

36. The following Courts of appeal were at work during the year under report :—

- 1 District Magistrate.
- 1 Sub-Divisional Magistrate.

37. During the year under report 7 appeals involving 7 persons were disposed of by the Courts against 13 appeals involving 15 persons in 1890-91. In 3 cases involving 3 persons sentences were confirmed, against 10 cases involving 12 persons in the previous year. In 3 cases involving 3 persons sentences were modified against one case involving one person in the year before, and in one case involving one person the sentence was reversed, against 2 cases involving 2 persons in the previous year. There was no appeal pending at the close of the year. (*Vide Appendix XI.*)

(e) *Extradition.*

38. Two offenders were surrendered to the British Government and 3 to H. H. the Nizam's Government, by the State. Three offenders were handed over to this State by the British authorities. There is no want of reciprocity on the part of the neighbouring or British Territory in the extradition of offenders.

(f) *Prisons.*

39. It will appear from Appendix XII. that including the balance (17) the number of prisoners confined was 67 against 54 in the previous year. 34 were released, leaving 33 prisoners at the end of the year. The daily average of the prisoners in the Jail at Akalkot was 21·2 against 24·4 in the previous year.

40. As stated in the last Administration Report, the Jail building here is sufficiently strong, spacious, and airy. It is situated in a corner of the town. It is 165 × 135 feet. There are two barracks, and a cook-room in the building, each barrack being 111 × 29 feet. The medical officer of the State visits the Jail every day. It is kept perfectly clean. The Medical Officer at Akalkot was appointed Superintendent of Jail in January last, as the State Karbhari is required to travel in the District.

There are two small Sub-Jails, one at Pilio and the other at Kurla, under the charge of respective Mahalkaries there. Convicts, whose term of imprisonment does not exceed one month, are confined there.

41. The following statement shows the number, religion and other details with regard to the prisoners in the Jail at Akalkot during the year under report :—

Remaining at the close of the year 1890-91.	Imprisoned during the year.	Total.	Sex.		Religion.		Confined under one month.	Under three months.	Under six months.	Under one year.	Under three years.	Under seven years.	Under ten years.	Transportation.	How disposed of.	
			Males.	Females.	Hindus.	Mussulmans.									Released during the year.	Remain- ing at the close of the year.
-17	43	60	54	6	47	13	18	14	6	5	3	12	1	1	27	33

42. There was an increase of 10 prisoners confined in the Jail at Akalkot as compared with the previous year. In 54 cases the imprisonment was rigorous and in 6 it was simple.

43. Due attention was paid to Jail discipline, and no prisoner was punished for breach of Jail rules. The conduct of the prisoners was generally satisfactory, which is mainly due to the kind treatment they receive. One convict, Erappa bin Baslingappa, escaped, not from the Jail but from the Ganesh Bag Garden, where he, with other 2 prisoners, was sent with the water-cart to fetch water for the Jail. He was immediately pursued and recaptured by the warder in charge. He was tried and convicted. The number of admissions of reconvicted prisoners was 5 against *nil* in the last year.

44. The convicts were employed on public and conservancy works, &c. The proceeds of convict labour was Rs. 359 against Rs. 331 in the previous year.

45. The total cost of maintenance and control amounted to Rs. 2,815 during the year against Rs. 3,387 in the previous year, showing a decrease of Rs. 572. It is mainly due to the fact that some land was acquired last year for the Jail.

46. The general health of the prisoners was good. There was no casualty or an outbreak of any epidemic. None of the prisoners were attacked with cholera, although the epidemic was prevalent for nearly three months in the town of Akalkot. The common ailments were ague, dysentery, colic, &c. The average daily number of sick prisoners being 1.23 against 2.26 in the year before.

47. The Raje Sahab used to visit and inspect the Jail. In order to honour the occasion of his investiture, Government were, at the request of the Raje Sahab, pleased to release convict Mahomed *wd.* Husseni, who was sentenced to four years' rigorous imprisonment, but who had then only one year to serve, and to grant one year's remission to convict Bhimu *wd.* Sheti Koli, who was undergoing sentence of transportation for life (G. R. No. 8267, dated 17th November 1891, Political Department).

Lock-ups.

48. There are two lock-ups, one attached to the Chief Constable's Office and the other to the 2nd Class Magistrate's Court. The first is $20 \times 15\frac{1}{2}$ feet and the second is $21 \times 15\frac{3}{4}$ feet. The second lock-up consists of two rooms, one for females and the other for males. Both the lock-ups are properly secured and sufficiently spacious. The average period of detention in the Magistrate's lock-up was six days against seven in the year before.

(g) Civil Justice.

49. The following Courts were at work during the year under report :—

1. Appellate Court of the Raje Sahab.
2. The Joint Court.
3. Sub-Judge, Akalkot.
4. Nyayadhish of Pilio.
5. Do. of Kurla

50. The jurisdiction of the Appellate Court (Raje Saheb) extends to appeals of any amount. Special appeals lie to Government. It appears that Government has to settle finally the Residuary civil jurisdiction of the Political Agent in the Satara Jahagirs (*vide* para. 2, G. R. No. 7605, dated 21st October 1891, Political Department).

51. The jurisdiction of the Sub-Judge, Akalkot, extends to suits of any amount, and he holds Small Cause Court powers up to Rs. 100 from 1st April 1892, as per Raje Saheb's No. 535, dated 31st March 1892. The Nyayadhishs of Pilio and Kurla exercise original jurisdiction up to Rs. 500, and appeals against their decisions lie to the Subordinate Judge of Akalkot.

52. Appendix XIII. shows the nature and value of original suits filed and disposed of during the year under report. The opening balance of undisposed of suits at the commencement of the year was 26. The total number of suits filed during the year was 482 against 303 in the previous year, the increase thus being 179. There were in all 508 suits for disposal as compared with 343 in the last year; 484 suits were disposed of during the year, leaving a balance of 24. It may be noted that the suits for money transactions, filed in the year under report, was 426 or 88·3 per cent. of the total number of suits filed against 79·5 in the year before. Again the number of suits under Rs. 100 filed was 393 or 81·5 per cent. of the suits filed in the year against 83·1 in the previous year. Of the total number (484) of suits disposed of, 72 were decided *ex-parte*, 9 admitted and compromised, 51 struck off the file, total 132.

53. The total value of the 482 suits filed during the year was Rs. 40,915-3-5 against Rs. 22,667-1-0 of 303 suits of the last year. The value of 484 suits disposed of during the year was Rs. 40,643-1-7 against Rs. 32,074-5-11 of the 317 suits of the year before.

54. The average duration of suits disposed of during the year was 1 month 21 days against 2 months 4 days in the last year.

55. The subjoined table gives the number and value of civil suits :—

Name of Court.	Suits for immoveable property.				Money suits.			
	1890-91.		1891-92.		1890-91.		1891-92.	
	No.	Value.	No.	Value.	No.	Value.	No.	Value.
		Rs. a. p.		Rs. a. p.		Rs. a. p.		Rs. a. p.
Akalkot	31	3,899 7 10	31	4,434 9 0	215	13,697 14 6	379	30,066 10 8
Pilio	1	300 0 0	5	807 12 4	20	865 0 9	43	2,479 0 5
Kurla	1	200 0 0	...	.....	6	914 4 0	4	149 14 0
Total	33	4,399 7 10	36	5,242 5 4	241	15,477 3 3	426	32,695 9 1

Execution of decrees.

56. The results of applications for execution of decrees are shewn in Appendix XIV. There was an opening balance of 99 unexecuted decrees against 104 in the previous year. The applications filed in the year were 326 against 493 in the year before. The total number of applications for execution of decrees in the year under report was 425, out of which 367 were disposed of against 498 in the preceding year, leaving a balance of 53 at the close of the year. Of the 58 applications, pending disposal at the end of the year, 22 were of durations below 6 months, 9 below 12 months, and 27 above 12 months, against 53, 12, and 34 respectively in the previous year. The number of applications pending disposal above one year has fallen down from 34 to 27. Twenty out of the 27 applications are for attachment of the periodical income.

Miscellaneous applications.

57. Including the balance of 2 applications for certificate of heirship, the total number for disposal in the year under report was 4. They were disposed of during the year in favour of the applicants, 3 by the Joint Court and 1 by the Raje Saheb.

There was one other miscellaneous application before the Joint Court which was also disposed of during the year.

Civil Appellate Work.

58. The following table details the work done by the Appellate Courts:—

NAME OF COURT.	Opening balance.	Filed during	Total.	Disposed of during	Closing balance.	Value of appeals filed during	How disposed of.						Average duration.					
							Decisions confirmed.	Decisions reversed.	Decisions amended.	Cases remanded for retrial.	Cases compromised and otherwise disposed of.	Years.	Months.	Days.	Years.	Months.	Days.	
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	
Political Agent	1890-91.	1890-91.	1890-91.	1890-91.	1890-91.	1890-91.	1890-91.	1891-92.	1890-91.	1891-92.	1890-91.	1891-92.	1	8	2	...	...	
	42	3	45	1	...	Rs. a. p. 193 11 6	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
	...	...	...	...	...	Rs. a. p.	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
Joint Court, up to 24th November 1891	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
Raje Sahab, from 25th November 1891.	1	13	...	44	11	3	23	4	8	1	4	3	...	...	...	...	413.	
Sub-Judge.....	...	1	1	1	1	...	...	...	150 0 0	10 0 0	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
	...	1	1	1	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
Total	42	4	46	46	12	1	3	...	343 11 6	6,853 2 0	24	4	9	2	4	8	...	

X

The number of appeals filed in the year was 14 against 4 in the year before. The total number for disposal was 15 against 46 in the last year. Twelve appeals were disposed of during the year, leaving a balance of 3 at the close of the year. Two of these 3 appeals are referred to the Lower Court under sections 566 and 569 respectively. The third appeal was pending as no summons could be served on one of the respondents. The Sub-Judge, Akalkot, is the first Appellate Court for appeals from decrees of Pilio and Kurla Courts.

Working of the Mamlatdar's Court Act.

59. There were only two applications under this Act last year. There was none this year. It appears that people are ignorant of the easy and speedy relief given by this Act. Perhaps this may be due to the want of cheap and good legal assistance near at hand.

(h) Registration.

60. The Registry Offices at work during the year were:—

District Registrar (Sub-Judge), Akalkot.

Naib Registrar, Akalkot (Nazir Sub-Judge's Court).

Do. Pilio (Mahalkari).

Do. Kurla (Mahalkari).

61. The registration of documents is shown in Appendix No. XV. The total number of documents presented for registration and registered was 704 in the year under report against 709 in the previous year. All the documents received this year were registered.

62. The following table gives details of receipts and expenditure on account of registration in the year under report as compared with those of the preceding year:—

Description.	1890-91			1891-92		
	No. of deeds.	Value of property.	Fees realized.	No. of deeds.	Value of property.	Fees realized.
		Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.		Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.
Mortgage deeds	275	67,038 15 0	464 0 0	287	55,250 5 0	463 2 0
Sale deeds	321	34,384 2 0	336 0 0	291	38,021 2 2	367 4 0
Wills .....	...	.....	.....	...	.....	.....
Miscellaneous	113	9,380 2 6	163 4 0	126	16,340 7 0	202 0 2
Fees for safe custody .....	...	.....	19 11 0	...	.....	25 13 0
Copying fee .....	...	.....	2 0 0	...	.....	0 8 0
Total.....	709	1,10,803 3 6	984 15 0	704	1,09,611 14 2*	1,058 11 2
Deduct expenditure .....	...	.....	217 6 4	...	.....	† 422 6 6
Nett profit .....	...	.....	767 8 8	...	.....	636 4 8

* Out of this amount Rs. 114-12-0 are for Kurla and so not included in the accounts in Appendix XVII.

† Do. „ 24-4-11 do. do. do.

63. The value of property was Rs. 1,09,611-14-2 during the year under report against Rs. 1,10,803-3-6 in the preceding year. The total income was Rs. 1,058-11-2 against Rs. 984-15-0. The increase of Rs. 205-0-2 in expenditure is mainly due (1) to the pay of a karkun being charged to the Akalkot Registration Department, which was formerly debited to the Nazir's Establishment, and (2) to the purchase of a safe.

(i) *Municipal Administration.*

64. There are no constituted Municipalities in this State. The sanitary condition of the town of Akalkot is looked after by an establishment, the cost of maintaining which was Rs. 2,893-6-1 in the year under report against Rs. 2,442-1-0 in the year before. The cost is met from Local Funds and the grant set apart for Public Works. With regard to the excess in expenditure, *vide* para. 86 below.

CHAPTER IV.

PRODUCTION AND DISTRIBUTION.

(a) *Agriculture, Weather and Crops.*

65. The total rainfall during the year was 21.65 inches against 26.67 in the last year. The fall is far below the average, which is 32 inches. This is mainly a rabbi district, and as there were no showers in November and December, the staple crop (jowari) suffered to a little extent. The kharif cultivation was Re. 0-2-0 against Re. 0-3-2 in the year before. The deficient fall of rain was the cause of failure of water-supply in many parts of the State. Many cultivators deepened their old wells and some sunk new wells. Fodder was a little dear.

Agricultural Stock.

66. The details relating to agricultural stock are given below:—

	1890-91.	1891-92.
Bullocks and cows	43,483	45,964
Buffaloes	8,988	10,150
Horses and ponies	1,391	1,284
Asses	430	764
Sheep	26,336	21,721
Ploughs	3,550	3,442
Carts	602	652

The above figures show a slight increase in cattle and carts. There is a perceptible decrease in the number of sheep, which is partly due to the introduction of the New Grazing Rules in the Forest Department.

(b) *Wages and Labour, &c.*

67. There were no fluctuations in the wages of labour during the year. The average rate of unskilled labourers was from 3 to 4 annas, and that of skilled labourers from 8 to 12 annas per day. The rate of hire for carts was from 10 to 12 annas per day.

Price of Food Grains.

68. The rates of food grains were :—

		1890-91.	1891-92.
		lbs.	lbs.
Jowari	per rupee	58	39
Rice	"	21	18
Jagri or gur	"	12	14
Gram	"	39	23
Wheat	"	30	20
Linseed	"	23	21
Kardi	"	56	39

The kardi crop had almost failed. The dearness of jowari is partly due to deficient rain and partly to exportation.

(c) *Forests.*

69. The Divisional Forest Officer, Sholapur, who was in charge of the forests in the State, handed over their charge to the Raje Saheb on the 28th November 1891. The total area under forests was acres 32,930-19 in the year under report against acres 30,931-28 in the year before. As Symonds' forms were introduced in the year under report, it was found that the *pot-kharab* of all the survey numbers under forests and the area of *gairans* taken up for forests in four villages was not included in forests up to this year. Survey No. 243, acres 31-8, assessment Rs. 5-12-0, of Waghadari, and survey No. 109, acres 6-9, assessment Rs. 2-4-0, of Mhaisalge, which were both State waste numbers, were transferred to forests in the year. The survey assessment on the whole land under forests is Rs. 22,674-9-0.

70. The following table gives the details of the Protective Establishment entertained and its monthly cost:—

No.	Range.	Foresters.		Forest Guard.		Total No.	Monthly cost.	REMARKS.
		Pay...	Rs. 20 Rs. 11	Rs. 8	Rs. 7			
							Rs. a. p.	
1	Akalkot	1	...	4	7	12	101 0 0	
2	Pilio	...	1	...	3	4	32 0 0	The place of Range Forest Officer was newly created in February 1892, as the charge was formerly held by the Range Forest Officer of Malsiras.
	Total:.....	1	1.	4	10	16	133 0 0	

71. In the subjoined table the forest receipts are detailed and contrasted with those of the past year :—

Receipts.	1890-91.	1891-92.	Increase.	Decrease.
	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.
<i>I.—Timber and other produce removed from the forests by Government Agency.</i>				
1. Firewood	157 0 0	34 3 3	.....	122 12 9
2. Other minor produce	7 0 0	0 8 0	.....	6 8 0
<i>II.—Timber and other produce removed from the forests by consumers or purchasers.</i>				
1. Firewood	11 12 0	23 5 6	11 9 6	.....
2. Grazing and fodder grass	2,854 3 3	4,661 15 9	1,807 12 6	.....
3. Other minor produce	10 0 0	21 8 6	11 8 6	.....
4. Confiscated drift and waif-wood.....	4 15 6	17 2 3	12 2 9	.....
<i>III.—Miscellaneous</i>	125 7 0	119 8 6	.....	5 14 6
Total.....	3,170 5 9	4,878 3 9	1,843 1 3	135 3 3

72. The figures show that the forest revenue rose from Rs. 3,170-5-9 to Rs. 4,878-3-9, giving an increase of Rs. 1,707-14-0. It is mainly due to the revenue from "Grazing and fodder grass." The introduction of New Grazing Rules sanctioned by Government has partly contributed to this result.

73. The following statement shows the expenditure incurred during the year as compared with the previous year :—

Head of expenditure.	1890-91.	1891-92.
	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.
(a) Conservancy and works	1,398 4 3	867 3 4
(b) Establishment.....	1,691 12 10	1,708 4 10
Total.....	3,090 1 1	2,575 8 2

74. The decrease of Rs. 514-8-4 in expenditure was chiefly owing to the discontinuance of creation of live fences, as per Government Resolution No. 3062, dated 15th May 1890, Political Department.

75. Deducting the total expenditure from the total revenue from forests, the net income in the year was Rs. 2,302-11-7 against Rs. 80-4-8 in the year before.

76. No free grants were made during the year. The only forest produce enjoyed, free of purchase, for the use of agricultural and milch cattle, is ^{grass} ~~grasses~~ of forest reserves, opened to grazing, of those villages which have contributed *gairan* to forests. There are 49 forest villages, of which only 5 villages have contributed *gairan* to forests.

77. No forest fires occurred in the year under report. The same was the case last year.

78. The following statement shows the results of cases in which criminal prosecution was deemed necessary in the year under report as compared with the year before :—

YEAR.	Cases pending for the last year.	New cases of the year.					Total cases.	Disposed of during the year.						Cases pending at the close of the year.	REMARKS.
		Injury to forest by fire.	Unauthorized felling or appropriation of wood and other minor forest produce.	Grazing without permission or in violation of wood-tracts in which grazing is prohibited.	Other offences.	Total new cases of the year.		Convicted.		Acquitted or discharged.		Total.			
								Cases.	Persons.	Cases.	Persons.	Cases.	Persons.		
1890-91	...	1	5	60	3	69	69	59	211	10	88	69	299	.....	
1891-92	...	...	4	22	4	30	30	20	41	10	16	30	57	.....	

79. Cases compounded in the year under section 67 of the Act were 97, and the damages collected Rs. 186-3-7 against 24 and Rs. 35-0-9 respectively in the previous year. The increase in such cases as well as the decrease in criminal prosecutions is due to the fodder being more dear and scarce in the year under report as the rain-fall was far below the average.

80. The forester of Akalkot, one round guard and nine beat guards were departmentally fined for negligence of duty, and four beat guards were dismissed on account of grave misconduct during the year. Last year no officer was dismissed, but all the subordinates were departmentally fined.

(d) *Trade and Manufacture.*

81. There is no record to show the values of exports and imports as the State does not levy import or export duties. There are no factories in the State except some local industries, such as hand weaving of saris, camblies, common turbans, &c. They are not in a thriving condition. The principal exports are jwari and linseed. The principal imports are rice, cocoanuts, betelnuts, sugar, spices, salt, and cotton stuffs.

(e) *Fairs.*

82. Fairs are held at the villages of Haidre, Barhanpur, Vaghdari, Karajgi, Mangrul and Jeur. They are all small religious fairs and are not of importance to trade.

(f) *Public Works.*

83. The following statement gives the details of the amounts expended during the year under Public Works:—

Works.	State Funds.	Local Funds.	Total.
	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.
Roads	1,180 4 7	2,063 11 1	3,243 15 8
Wells .....	.....	1,724 6 6	1,724 6 6
Buildings	21,075 9 8	.....	21,075 9 8
Dharmshalla .....	.. .....	13 8 0	13 8 0
Roadside trees .....	.....	866 13 3	866 13 3
Conservancy.....	2,029 14 1	863 8 0	2,893 6 1
Miscellaneous	782 15 2	363 5 10	1,146 5 0
Total...	25,068 11 6	5,895 4 8	30,964 0 2
Establishment...	972 0 0	929 14 3	1,901 14 3
GRAND TOTAL...	26,040 11 6	6,825 2 11	32,865 14 5

84. The steps of wells in six villages were closed, and the water-supply was thereby purified and improved. The complaint of guinea-worms has appreciably diminished in these villages.

85. Out of the sum of Rs. 21,075-9-8 on account of "buildings," Rs. 4,468-3-0 are for a bungalow which is being constructed near the old decaying Political Agent's bungalow and Rs. 14,592-5-5 are for the palace buildings of the Raje Saheb.

86. The expenditure on account of "Conservancy" was Rs. 2,893-6-1 against Rs. 2,442-1-0 in the last year. The increase is due to the special precautions taken in view of the Raje Saheb's investiture, as many noble guests, European and Native, were expected to assemble on the occasion.

87. There was no level, staves, or a prismatic compass for the State Overseer's Office, and their want was badly felt. These instruments were bought in the year under report and their cost Rs. 498-12-5 is included in the sum of Rs. 1,146-5-0 under the head "Miscellaneous."

CHAPTER V.

REVENUE AND FINANCE.

88. Appendix XVII. shows the actual income and expenditure of the State. The opening balance at the commencement of the year was Rs. 1,64,443-9-6, total receipts Rs. 2,99,280-9-7 and expenditure Rs. 3,29,125-10-5, leaving a balance of Rs. 1,34,598-8-8.

Statement I.

Year.	Opening balance.			Receipts.			Expenditure.			Closing balance.		
	Rs.	a.	p.	Rs.	a.	p.	Rs.	a.	p.	Rs.	a.	p.
1888-89	1,66,504	4	5	2,82,984	1	9	3,03,588	4	7	1,45,900	1	7
1889-90	1,45,900	1	7	2,92,105	14	4	3,07,213	9	0	1,30,792	6	11
1890-91	1,30,792	6	11	3,23,478	0	10	2,89,826	14	3	1,64,443	9	6
1891-92	1,64,443	9	6	2,99,280	9	7	3,29,125	10	5	1,34,598	8	8

The apparent decrease in income, as compared with last year, is due to the fact that there was an adjustment of nearly Rs. 22,000 last year. The abnormal increase in expenditure is mainly due to the special event of the year, *viz.*, investiture of the Raje Saheb. The amount expended on this account is Rs. 25,613-2-6.

Statement II.

89. Abstract statement of income and expenditure.

Receipts.

No.	Item.	1888-89.	1889-90.	1890-91.	1891-92.
		Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.
1	Land revenue.....	1,87,465 0 7	1,89,605 13 2	1,95,998 0 2	1,95,512 1 2
2	Local fund.....	15,672 0 2	16,845 1 4	18,629 2 2	18,696 12 3
3	Sayar.....	39,657 15 0	37,397 0 7	39,831 11 2	31,304 7 2
4	Judicial	2,544 10 10	2,675 12 4	2,065 14 11	1,210 14 4
5	Registration	673 4 0	751 14 8	875 1 0	943 15 2
6	Stamps	7,645 2 0	8,539 4 2	7,710 0 0	9,465 12 0
7	Educational	903 13 0	5,233 13 0	5,194 13 0	5,109 10 0
8	Jail.....	644 15 9	611 10 9	330 14 6	359 5 3
9	Private establishment (property)	10,105 7 0	11,183 13 7	8,001 3 5	1,917 7 7
10	Miscellaneous.....	3,164 15 11	4,016 5 3	28,752 10 6	11,903 14 2
11	Forests	3,808 0 1	3,122 3 3	3,170 5 9	4,878 3 9
12	Police... ..	343 4 7	352 0 7	557 7 4	531 14 11
13	Advances, deposits, &c.....	10,355 8 10	11,771 1 8	12,360 12 11	17,446 3 10
	Total.....	2,82,984 1 9	2,92,105 14 4	3,23,478 0 10	2,99,280 9 7

(a) The income under (5) "Registration" and (6) "Stamps" is steadily increasing.

(b) The large increase of Rs. 1,707-14-0 under (11) "Forests" has been accounted for in para. 72 above.

(c) The increase under (13) "Advances, &c.," is due to large recoveries.

(d) The decrease of Rs. 8,527-4-0 under (3) "Sayar" is mainly due to the non-recovery of the Mokas Amal (about Rs. 8,000) due from the Sholapur and Pandharpur talukas, as the statements submitted by the Mamlatdars have not been sanctioned.

(e) The decrease of Rs. 855-0-7 under (4) "Judicial" is principally due to smaller recoveries under sub-head (1) "Fine." The number of criminal prosecutions under the Forest Act was, as stated in para. 79 above, smaller this year. The amount of fines under this Act was Rs. 198-8-0 in the year under report against Rs. 1,090-8-0 in the year before.

(f) There is a decrease of Rs. 6,083-11-10 under (9) "Private establishment (property)." The income from "Gardens and Sheri lands" managed by the Khasgi Department was Rs. 6,690-11-2 in the year, of which Rs. 1,917-7-7 were sent to be credited as, according to Khasgi Karbhari's No. 304, dated 31st March

1892, Rs. 4,773-3-7, which were not then due, were credited to the State last year; Rs. 2,000 on account of the instalment for the redemption of ornaments were not paid in the year under report.

(g) There is a net decrease of Rs. 16,848-12-4 under (10) "Miscellaneous." Statement XVII. shows that there is an increase of Rs. 4,856-0-11 and a decrease of Rs. 21,704-13-3 under sub-heads of this head, Rs. 5,017-3-1 were refunded by the Executive Engineer, Sholapur, on account of the Shirshi Bundhara. The decrease of Rs. 21,704-13-3 is mainly due to adjustments last year as stated in para. 88 above.

(h) The increases and decreases under the remaining heads are slight and require no explanation.

Statement III.

90. Expenditure :—

No.	Item.	1888-89.	1889-90.	1890-91.	1891-92
		Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.
1	Expenses of the Raja, relations and private establishment	1,35,412 7 5	1,19,498 14 0	1,04,963 0 1	1,31,856 2 7
1A	Raje Saheb's investiture .....	.....	.....	.....	25,613 2 6
2	Religious and charitable allowances	5,400 13 1	6,164 8 3	3,901 0 8	6,354 2 9
3	Hereditary allowances	5,016 11 0	4,980 9 0	2,988 3 0	5,994 4 0
4	District hereditary officers ..	11,280 8 2	11,852 1 0	11,145 2 7	11,139 3 9
5	Village do.	12,381 3 0	12,514 1 0	12,870 1 8	12,377 5 9
6	Village servants and expenses	2,466 5 11	2,472 0 3	2,586 3 0	2,401 4 11
7	Political establishment	2,681 8 6	2,840 12 1	1,379 7 6	233 14 5
7A	Huzur (Raje Saheb's) office. ....	.....	.....	.....	1,342 7 7
8	Civil Court	6,568 7 3	7,115 5 10	5,760 4 3	6,209 6 2
9	Revenue establishment	14,007 7 0	15,056 3 10	14,979 3 1	15,276 12 7
10	Jail	2,970 5 11	2,606 5 5	3,387 6 2	2,814 8 11
11	Police	9,827 6 10	10,682 7 1	10,849 13 9	9,917 2 3
12	Shibandi	4,418 9 8	5,023 3 6	4,681 2 6	4,951 1 4
13	Judicial expenses	613 14 5	754 1 1	629 15 0	817 11 3
14	Stamps	434 11 0	244 6 3	988 12 3	363 2 3
15	Commuted payment to British Government in lieu of Akalkot contingent ..	14,592 0 0	14,592 0 0	14,592 0 0	14,592 0 0
16	Pensions	7,251 7 10	6,932 6 4	9,442 13 4	14,267 5 8
17	Medical	2,441 8 9	2,578 11 8	2,865 0 11	3,920 1 2
18	Educational	8,499 12 3	9,239 13 1	9,202 0 1	9,479 3 10
19	Local Fund	5,951 11 1	12,027 6 7	10,087 14 4	13,404 14 9
20	Public Works	40,544 3 3	47,610 0 4	21,355 12 7	26,040 11 6
21	Registration accounts	61 14 4	112 11 3	184 3 5	398 1 7
22	Forest accounts ..	2,716 6 5	2,690 1 5	3,090 1 1	2,575 8 2
23	Miscellaneous	1,144 14 7	1,767 1 0	1,049 10 3	983 15 9
24	Advances, deposits, &c.	6,903 14 11	7,858 6 7	36,793 6 6	5,755 13 11
25	Imperial census .....	.....	.....	53 4 3	46 1 1
	Total	3,03,588 4 7	3,07,213 9 0	2,89,826 14 3	3,29,125 10 5

(a) There is a net increase of Rs. 26,893-2-6 under (1) "Expenses of the Raja, relations, &c." Lady Kamaljabai Raje Bhosle was given an increase of allowance of Rs. 100 from December 1891. She was paid her dues (Rs. 2,900) from 1st February 1889 to March 1891 in the year under report; Rs. 8,124-4-11 were paid to Raje Saheb on account of the construction of new mahal or nursery, and a water-

pump as per Political Agent's No. 6082, dated 25th October 1891; Rs. 4,000 on account of the Raje Saheb's trip to Bombay in January 1891 were paid as per Political Agent's No. 4491, dated 3rd August 1891. The trip was undertaken for the sake of the health of the Rani Saheb, as per advice of Dr. Pechey Phipson. Rs. 7,918-13-0 were drawn by the Raje Saheb on account of—(1) The Jejuri pilgrimage, Rs. 673-15-4; (2) trip to Poona in September 1891, Rs. 3,000; (3) trip to Bombay early in December 1891, as per advice of the Civil Surgeon, Sholapur, as the Raje Saheb was then suffering from a severe attack of influenza, Rs. 3,002-9-8; and (4) furniture for the new mahal, Rs. 1,242-4-0.

(b) Rs. 25,613-2-6 under (1A) "Raje Saheb's investiture" is on account of the special event of the year.

(c) The increase under (2) "Religious and charitable allowances" and (3) "Hereditary allowances" is due to arrears paid.

(d) The increase under (7A) "Raje Saheb's Huzur office" is due to the establishment for the newly created office after investiture.

(e) The small increase under (8) "Civil Court" is chiefly on account of increase (Rs. 50) of pay to the Sub-Judge from June 1891.

(f) The small increase (Rs. 297-9-6) under (9) "Revenue establishment" is due to travelling allowance and to arrears of pay paid to Mr. Vyankat Swami, who was absent on leave for a year.

(g) The increase of Rs. 269-14-10 under (12) "Shibandi" is due to dress given.

(h) The increase of Rs. 187-12-3 under (13) "Judicial" is mainly owing to rewards under the Forest Act, due last year, being paid this year.

(i) The increase of Rs. 4,824-8-4 under (16) "Pensions" is due to arrears paid.

(j) There is an increase of Rs. 1,055-0-3 under (17) "Medical." It is principally due to surgical instruments and English medicines bought.

(k) The increase of Rs. 3,317-0-5 under (19) "Local Fund" is due to greater expenditure on the construction and repair of wells, roads, and to the large contribution to the dispensary at Akalkot. The contribution this year was Rs. 1,500 against Rs. 1,000 in the year before.

(l) The increase under (20) "Public Works" has been explained in para. 85 above.

(m) The increase under (21) "Registration" has been explained in para. 63 above.

(n) The decrease of Rs. 1,145-9-1 under (7) "Political establishment" is due to the part payment of the salaries and travelling allowance, &c., of the Political Agent's establishment for the months of April and May last year, and also to the cost of repairs to the Political Agent's bungalow being shown under Public Works Department this year, while last year it was under this head.

(o) The decrease under (10) "Jail" has been explained in para. 45 above.

(p) The decrease under (11) "Police" has been explained in para. 24 above.

(q) The decrease of Rs. 625-10-0 under (14) "Stamps" is due to the bill from Messrs. Baker and Co., London, for printing Court-fee stamps, &c., not being received in the year under report.

(r) The decrease under (22) "Forest account" has been explained in para. 74 above.

(s) The decrease of Rs. 31,037-8-7 under (24) "Advances, &c.," is mainly due to the adjustment of about Rs. 22,000 referred to in para. 88 above, and to the fact that Rs. 10,392-15-11 were advanced to the Khasgi Department last year. The advance was recovered in the year under report.

(t) The increases and decreases under the remaining heads are slight, and require no explanation.

91. No salt is allowed to be produced in the State. Government pays Rs. 142-0-10 as compensation for the prohibition. The Abkari revenues are under the management of the British Government, which pays Rs. 2,257 per year as compensation to this State. The opium contract is given by the State, but the opium must be bought from Government depôts in the British territory. No takavi remissions were granted during the year. Customs and transit duties are not levied in the State.

Alienations.

92. The particulars under this head are furnished in para. 10 above.

CHAPTER VI.

VITAL STATISTICS AND MEDICAL RELIEF.

93. There is only one dispensary in the State. It is at Akalkot itself under the charge of a competent Medical Officer, Mr. Ramchandra Siwaji Poredi, L. M. & S., of the Bombay University. He also looks after the sanitation of the town of Akalkot from March 1892.

94. It is under contemplation to have a small dispensary at Karajgi. Further steps will be taken as soon as finances would permit.

95. The following table shows the number of patients treated and the expenditure incurred in the year under report as compared with the previous two years:—

Dispensary.	No. of patients treated.		Results.				Expenditure.	Daily average.
	In-door.	Out-door.	Discharged.	Absent-ed.	Died.	Remain-ing under-treat-ment.		
<i>Akalkot.</i>							Rs.	
1889-90	13	7,408	6,606	700	46	69	2,579	56.18
1890-91	38	9,116	7,109	1,960	5	80	2,865	85.8
1891-92	80	11,693	9,194	2,465	26	88	3,920	119.13

96. The gradual increase in the number of out-door and in-door patients indicates the increasing popularity of this institution. Credit is due to Dr. Poredi for his zeal and work. The Raje Saheb personally takes interest in this charitable institution. He saw the want of surgical instruments was badly felt, and at once made provision for it. An assistant compounder was given in the year under report.

97. The prevailing diseases were malarial fevers, aphthoemia, bronchitis, respiratory affections, bowel-complaints and skin diseases, &c. Cholera made its appearance in the town of Akalkot and in twenty-nine villages of the State in May, and continued to linger on till the end of October. The epidemic was of a virulent type. Due steps were taken for the relief of the sufferers and for keeping villages clean. The State Karbhari personally visited most of these villages at that time. There were 1,171 cases, of which 510 or 43·5 per cent. proved fatal. The rate of mortality and the number of persons affected was not high in the town of Akalkot, as a special conservancy establishment is kept there all the year round. The Subnis or the head of the establishment worked very zealously at that time. The result was that out of 44 persons affected, 12 succumbed to the attack.

There were few cases of influenza of a mild type. No fatal case was reported.

98. Three *post mortem* examinations were held during the year under report as against four in the preceding year. There were 8 major and 207 minor operations performed during the year against 2 and 72 respectively in the previous year.

Vital Statistics.

99. The number of births and deaths for the year under report as compared with those of the previous year are shown in the following table :—

	1890-91.	1891-92.	Increase.	Decrease.
Births	2,421	2,641	220	.....
Deaths.....	1,256	1,958	702	.....

100. The increase in the number of deaths is attributable to cholera. The deaths from the principal diseases in the year under report and the previous year were :—

	1890-91.	1891-92.
Cholera	22	510
Fever	693	870
Dysentery	223	282
Small-pox	7	3

101. There were 21 accidental deaths, out of which 14 were from drowning, 6 by snake-bites and 1 by lightning. The number of accidental deaths last year was 29.

102. Out of 2,641 children born during the year, 1,323 were males and 1,318 females. Out of 1,958 deaths, 1,010 were males and 948 females.

103. The birth rate per *mille* of population under the census of 1891 (75,737) was 34·8 in the year under report, against 31·9 in the year before. The death rate was 25·8, against 16·5 in the previous year. There is thus some improvement in the registration of these statistics. The State Karbhari, when on tour, examined the registers of 38 villages and found mistakes in 6 villages. Strict orders were issued to all village officers on the subject in the year to ensure accurate registration.

Vaccination.

104. As reported in the Administration Report for 1890-91, the Vaccination Department was in charge of the Deputy Sanitary Commissioner, Central Division. There is one vaccinator for the State under the supervision of the Inspector of Sanitation and Vaccination, Sholapur, who gets a monthly remuneration of Rs. 5 for the purpose. The cost of vaccination, which is debited to local funds, was Rs. 328, against Rs. 308 in the preceding year.

105. The following table shows the work of vaccination performed during the year under report:—

Operation by whom performed.	No. of persons vaccinated in 1890-91.	No. of persons vaccinated in 1891-92.	Result.			
			Successful.		Unsuccessful.	
			1890-91.	1891-92.	1890-91.	1891-92.
By the vaccinator of Akalkot	2,214	2,057	1,979	1,946	235	111
Do. do. of Mal-Siras in Pilio Mahal...	160	104	154	96	6	8
Do. do. of Khatao in Kurla Mahal ...	47	.....	44	..	3	...
Total.....	2,421	2,161	2,177	2,042	244	119

Out of the 2,161 persons vaccinated during the year under report, 2,150 were primarily vaccinated and 11 revaccinated, against 2,414 and 7 respectively in the previous year. Of the 2,150 primary cases 1,081 were males and 1,069 females. The percentage of successful cases in the primary operations was 94 during the year under report, against 91 in the year before: 8 cases of re-vaccinations were successful.

CHAPTER VII. INSTRUCTION.

106. The subjoined table gives the details of the number and description of the schools:—

Number.	Description of school.	No. of pupils on the roll on 31st March 1891.		No. of pupils on the roll on 31st March 1892.		Daily average attendance.	
		Boys.	Girls.	Boys.	Girls.	Boys.	Girls.
1	1st Grade Anglo-Vernacular	59	.. ...	59	.....	49.13	.....
20	Upper Primary Boys' School	1,266	69	1,210	38	969.85	.....
4	Lower do. do. do.	92	10	150	10	129.5	.....
1	Do. do. Girls' do. ....	.....	60	.....	60	.....	42.4
1	Do. do. Night do.	47	.....	25	.....	18.6	.....
4	Do. do. Hindoostani.....	113	35	122	5	88.2	.....
1	Upper do. do.	61	.....	58	.....	43.6	.....
32	Total.....	1,638	174	1,624	113	1297.17	42.4

There are 26 Vernacular (Marathi) Schools, 5 Hindustani Schools, and 1 Anglo-Vernacular School in this State, making in all 32 schools, against 33 in the previous year. The decrease is due to the reduction of the night school at Jeur for want of attendance. The number of scholars on the rolls was 1,624 boys, and 113 girls, against 1,638 and 174 respectively in the last year. The daily average attendance of the boys was 1297.17 and of the girls 42.4, against 1335.38 and 44.4, respectively, in the previous year.

Instruction is imparted up to the 5th English Standard in the Anglo-Vernacular School and up to the 5th Marathi Standard in the Upper Primary Schools. The Lower Primary Schools teach up to the 3rd Standard.

107. There is only one separate school at Akalkot for girls. In order to make the school more popular, the Raje Saheb asked for a trained mistress. She was not, however, available during the year under report. One has offered her services on Rs. 20 per mensem plus pension contribution through the Deputy Educational Inspector, Sholapur. The Raje Saheb was pleased to accept her terms, and she is expected to join here in the current year.

108. The State Karbhari examined 17 schools in the year under report. He found that the boys in most of the schools did not understand Marathi, as the language spoken in their homes is (Vulgar) Canarese. The masters are therefore required to explain in Canarese, things that are taught in Marathi. If there is a necessity for free Hindustani schools for the sake of one class of people, there is still greater necessity for Canarese schools in this State at least, though the State records are kept in Marathi.

109. The total cost of education was Rs. 9,479 in the year under report against Rs. 9,202 in the preceding year. Of the sum spent on education Rs. 4,350 were defrayed from Local funds.

110. The Educational Department came under the direct control of the State on the 20th January 1892.

CHAPTER VIII.

MISCELLANEOUS.

111. The country is not much infested with snakes and wild animals. Rates prescribed in "Nairne's Revenue Hand-book" for the destruction of wild animals are in force in this State. No rewards were, however, paid in the year.

Post Office and Telegraph.

112. The post offices in the State are under the management of the British Government. There is one sub-office at Akalkot and branch offices at Vaghdari, Karjgi and Kurla. There should be one branch office at Nagausur, and one at Pilio. There is no telegraphic communication with the office at Akalkot.

Record.

113. Much progress was made in the sorting and the arranging of records in the year under report. The Revenue and Magistrate records of the State Karbhari office are arranged up to the year 1890-91. The civil court records are arranged up to 1885. The village records are being arranged in the current year.

Printing Press and Libraries.

114. There are no printing presses in the State. There is one library at Akalkot under the patronage of the Raje Saheb. It is now located in a small neat building. People do not seem to take much interest in the institution.

Taxes and Trade.

115. The only tax on trade is the License Tax, levied as per Government Resolution No. 4107, dated 19th July 1886. The income from this tax was Rs. 6,615 against Rs. 6,758 in the last year. There is one Municipal Toll Nake at Akalkot which realized Rs. 712-12-0 against Rs. 937-4-0 in the year before. The State has given every encouragement to trade by not levying import and export duties. It does not command much trade.

V. R. KELKAR,

State Karbhari, Akalkot.

Akalkot, 28th June 1892.

Appendix I.
Political Relations of Native States.

Name of State.	Tribute in men or money.		Estimated population.	Schools.	Persons being taught.	Persons who have been vaccinated.	Prevailing diseases.	Supposed gross revenue.	Military force.	Transit dues levied or not.	Principal articles of production, manufacture and mines.
	Amount.	To whom payable.									
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
Akalkot	Rs. 14,592 (commuted payment in lieu of contingent of horse).	British Government.	75,737 (as per Census of 1891).	1 First Grade Anglo-Vernacular School. 20 Upper Primary Boys' Schools. 4 Lower do. 1 do. Girls' School. 1 do. Night School. 4 do. Hindustani School. 1 Upper do.	Boys 1,624 Girls 113 Total 1,737	2,161	(1) Malarial fever; (2) Ophthalmia; (3) Respiratory affections; (4) Bowel complaints; (5) Skin diseases; (6) Dysentery; and (7) Diarrhoea.	Rs. a. p. 2,81,834 5 9	1 Jamadar Havaladar 2 Naiks 3 Sepoys 40 Total 46	Transit duties have been abolished (<i>vide</i> G. R. No. 464107, dated 19th July 1886).	Agriculture being the sole occupation, jowari, bajri, wheat, gram, rice, linseed and sugarcane are the principal products—sadis, coarse or common shelas, cholis and common turbans are the manufactures. There are no mines.

Akalkot, 28th June 1892.

V. R. KELKAR,
State Karbhari, Akalkot.

Appendix II.

POLITICAL RELATIONS.

Native Chiefs, principal Male Members of their Families, and principal Members of their Courts.

No.	Name of individual, State and family to which he belongs.	Residence.	Present position.	Caste, Race and Religion.	Age.	How and where educated.	How employed.	Has Sanad authorising adoption or not.	Family follows primogeniture or not.	Has male heirs or not.	REMARKS.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
1	Shahaji Maloji <i>alias</i> Baba Saheb Raje, Akalkot, Bhosle	Akal-kot.	Ruling Raja of the State.	Maratha Hindu.	Y. M. 24 4	In the Rajkumar School at Kolhapur.	Administers the affairs of the State.	Has a Sanad authorizing adoption.	Follows primogeniture.	Not.	Has two daughters, one aged 5 years and 5 months and the other, 2 years 4 months and 17 days on the 31st March 1892. Has a daughter; she was married in December 1889.
2	Tulaji Fattosing <i>alias</i> Raje Saheb Bhosle.	Poona.	Residence at Poona with his family on a monthly allowance of Rs. 500.	Do.	40 0	Privately and at Poona High School.	Looks after his own affairs.	.....	Do.	Do.	

V. R. KELKAR,

Akalkot, 28th June 1892.

State Karbhari.

Appendix III.

Civil Divisions of Territory under Political Control, 1891-92.

Central Division.	Akalkot.	1. Akalkot. 2. Pitho. 3. Kuria.	498	75,737 as per census of 1891.	Akalkot.	6,551	108	3	5	23 Miles.	10 Miles.	59	Rs. a. p. 68,271 10 4	1,95,512 1 2	2,81,834 5 9																		
1	Division.	2	Executive District.	3	Number of Executive Sub-Divisions.	4	Area in square miles	5	Population.	6	Head-Quarters Town.	7	Population.	8	Number of villages.	9	Number of Civil Judges.	10	Number of stipendiary Magistrates.	11	Maximum distance in miles of villages from nearest Court.	12	Average distance in miles of villages from nearest Court.	13	Number of police.	14	Total cost of offices and police of all kinds.	15	Land.	16	Gross.	17	REMARKS.

Akalkot, 28th June 1892.

V. R. KELKAR,
State Karbhari.

Appendix IV.
Population of Native States, Akalkot State, 1891-92.

Commissionership.	District.	* Population as per general census of 1881.						Classification of population.										Occupation.		Prevailing languages.	Emigration or immigration during the year.
		Men.	Women.	Children under 15 years.		Total.	Number per square mile.	Christians.			Hindus.	Mahomedans.	Parsis.	Buddhists and Jains.	Aboriginals.	Others.	Total male agriculturalists including landlords, cultivators, and agricultural labourers.	Total non-agricultural males.			
				Male.	Female.			East Indian and other mixed races.	Natives.												
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22
Central Division.	Akalot State, including detached Mahals of Pillo and Kuria.	8,493	24,773	24,624	4,697	3,946	58,040	116	.....	.....	2	49,971	7,590	.....	477	.....	.....	15,854	6,904	Marathi and Canarese.	None.

* The only details that can be given this year as per General Census of 1891 are 38,553 males and 37,184 females. Total population 75,737.

Akalkot, 28th June 1892.

V. R. KELKAR,
State Karbhari, Akalkot.

Appendix V.

STATEMENT showing the Strength, Cost, and other particulars of the Military force in the Akalkot State, 1891-92.

Arm of service.	The total number of fighting officers and men.								Details of force at the end of the year.					REMARKS.		
	Remain- ing at the end of the last year.	Recruited this year (a).	Died.			Invalided.	Discharged, desert- ed, &c. (b).	Remain- ing at the end of the year.	Number of Regi- ments, Battalions or Batteries.	Number of guns.	Number of men.				Total cost of pay and al- lowances of Officers, Non-Commissioned Officers and men, including fol- lowers.	
			In action.	Otherwise.	Total.						European Commission- ed Officers.	Native Com- missioned Officers.	Non-Com- missioned Officers.			Fighting men.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17
Cavakry . . . . .	.....	.....	..	..	..	..	.....	.....	.....	..	..	..	..	..	.....	† Details of guns (52) — 45 Smooth-bore muskets fit for use. 3 Small cannons fit for use. 4 Small cannons not fit for use. 52
Sappers . . . . .	.....	.....	..	..	..	..	.....	.....	.....	..	..	..	..	..	.....	
Artillery	3	.....	..	..	..	..	.....	3	.....	7	..	..	..	3	Establishment Rs. 4,267.	
Infantry	46		..	..	..	..		46		45	..	..	..	*46	Extra Expen- diture Rs,684	* Details of Infantry Force : 1 Jamadar. 2 Havaldars. 3 Naiks. 40 Sepoys. 46
Total.....	49		..	..	..	..		49		†52	..	..	..	49	4,951	

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Appendix VI.

STATEMENT showing the strength, cost, discipline and education of the Police, 1891-92.

Description of Office.	Number.	Pay of the Grade.	Total expenditure.	Punishments.			Rewards.		Education.		REMARKS.
				Dismissed.	Fined, degraded or suspended partially.	Judicially punished.	By promotion.	By money rewards.	Number able to read and write.	Number under instruction.	
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10.	11	12
Chief Police Officer.....	...		Rs. 9,394 3 3								* (1) Mulka walad Khasim, Constable, 2nd Class, was convicted and sentenced to pay a fine of Rs. 15 under section 448, Indian Penal Code. (2) Hussein Imam was convicted and sentenced to pay a fine of Rs. 2 under clause 4, section 31 of Act VII. of 1867.
Inspector of Police.....	1	50	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	
Chief Constable, IV. Class	1	30	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	1	.....	
Head Constable, 1st	1	20	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	1	.....	
Do. 2nd	1	15	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	
Do. 3rd	2	12	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	
Do. 4th	5	10	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	
Constable, 1st Class	14	9	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	
Do. 2nd	15	8	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	
Do. 3rd	10	7	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	
Do. 4th	5	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	
Mounted Police.											
Daffadar	1	30	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	1	.....	
Sowars.....	4	25	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	1	.....	
Total.. ..	59		Rs. 9,394 3 3 Extra expenditure	3	4	2			23	8	
			Police Fund Account								
			Total..Rs. 9,917 2 3								

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Appendix VII.

STATEMENT showing the results of the working of the Police in the Akalkot State during the year ending 31st March 1892.

Name of State.	Number of offences.		Number of accused arrested.		Number of accused sent for trial.		Number of accused convicted or discharged.		Percentage convicted of accused arrested (columns 8 and 4).		Percentage convicted of accused sent for trial.		REMARKS.		
	1890-91.	1891-92.	1890-91.	1891-92.	1890-91.	1891-92.	1890-91.	1891-92.	1890-91.	1891-92.	1890-91.	1891-92.			
	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13		14	15
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16
Akalkot	172	185	86	113	74	100	19	46	64	53	22	40.7	25.7	46.0	Of the 142 accused arrested (column 5).— 60 were convicted (col. 9). 64 discharged (col. 11).— 59 brought to trial. 5 not brought to trial. 64 5 under trial before 1st Class Magistrate. 1 under trial before 2nd Class Magistrate. 12 with the Police. 142 Total.
Pilto Division	7	17	1	9	1	9	1	8	...	1	100	88.8	100	88.8	
Kurla Division.....	4	6	14	20	1	16	1	6	6	10	7.1	30.0	100	37.5	
Total.....	183	208	101	142	76	125	21	60	70	64	20.8	42.2	27.6	48.0	

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Appendix VIII.

STATEMENT showing the value of Property stolen and amount of recoveries in the Akalkot State during the year ending 31st March 1892.

STATE.	Amount stolen.		Amount recovered.		Percentage of recoveries of property stolen.		REMARKS.
	1890-91.	1891-92.	1890-91.	1891-92.	1890-91.	1891-92.	
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8
	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.			
Akalkot	2,928 13 3	5,890 9 11	881 14 3	1,152 2 11	30.1	19.5	
Pilho.....	365 14 0	228 10 0	2 0 0	17 3 0	0.5	7.5	
Kurla	98 6 0		9 0 0		9.2		
Total.....	3,393 1 3	6,119 3 11	892 14 3	1,169 5 11	26.32	19.1	

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Appendix IX.

STATEMENT showing the number of crimes committed, number of cases disposed of, and cases awaiting trial in the Akalkot State during the year 1891-92, ending with 31st March 1892.

No.	Description of crime or offence.	Number of crimes.			Number of persons sentenced to										Terms of imprisonment.								REMARKS.					
		Balance on 1st April 1891.	Committed during 1891-92.	Total.	Imprisonment.				Fine only.	Whipping.	Total.	Number of persons acquitted or discharged.	Number of persons confined being insane.	Number of persons died during or before trial.														
					Simple.	Rigorous.	Imprisonment with fine.	Rigorous.							Under one month.	From 1 to 2 months.	From 2 to 3 months.	From 3 to 6 months.	From 6 to 12 months.	From 1 to 2 years.	From 2 to 3 years.	From 3 to 5 years.		Above 5 years.				
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28	29
1	Offences against public tranquility, Chapter VIII. of the I. P. Code	1	6	7	5	2	15	4	..	4	..	..	..	..	4	11	..	..	..	..	..	2	..	..	..	..	..	..
2	Offences by or relating to public servants, Chapter IX.	..	1	1	1	..	4	4	..	4	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	4	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	
3	Contempts of the lawful authority of public servants, Chapter X.	1	12	13	13	..	15	9	..	1	..	..	8	..	9	6	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	
4	False evidence and offences against public justice, Chapter XI.	2	5	7	7	..	7	3	..	..	..	1	2	..	3	4	..	..	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	
5	Offences relating to coins and Government stamps, Chapter XII.	..	2	2	1	1	1	1	..	1	..	..	..	..	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	
6	Offences affecting the public health, safety, convenience, decency and morals, Chapter XIV.	..	2	2	2	..	2	1	..	..	..	..	1	..	1	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	
7	Offences affecting the human body, Chapter XVI.—	..	3	3	2	1	3	2	2	..	..	..	..	..	2	..	..	..	..	2	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	
	(1) Attempt to commit suicide	..	..	1	..	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	
	(2) Voluntarily causing hurt by dangerous weapons or means	..	1	56	56	..	117	7	..	..	..	..	..	..	7	110	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	
	(3) Voluntarily causing hurt	1	55	56	..	..	8	1	..	..	..	..	1	..	1	2	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	
	(4) Voluntarily causing hurt to deter a public servant from his duty	..	3	3	2	1	10	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	1	10	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	
	(5) Wrongful restraint	..	7	7	7	..	16	1	..	..	..	..	1	..	1	15	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	
	(6) Criminal force and assault	..	11	11	10	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	
	(7) Kidnapping	..	1	1	1	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	
	(8) Rape	..	2	2	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	
	(9) Unnatural offences	..	1	1	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	

(10) Murder.....	1	1	1	1	4	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
(11) Miscarriage	2	2	2	..	2	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
(12) Concealment of birth by secret disposal of dead body	1	1	..	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Offences against property, Chapter XVII.—																									
(1) Criminal trespass.....	30	32	30	29	5	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
(2) Lurking house-trespass.....	43	72	51	21	29	5	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
(3) Mischief.....	2	9	11	6	5	5	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
(4) Dishonest misappropriation of property.....	3	3	3	..	10	9	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
(5) Criminal breach of trust	3	4	4	..	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
(6) Dacoity	3	4	1	3	4	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
(7) Theft	77	99	54	86	37	21	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
(8) Robbery.....	2	6	8	4	10	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Offences relating to marriage, Chapter XX	1	1	1	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Defamation, Chapter XXI.....	4	4	4	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Criminal intimidation, insult or annoyance, Chapter XXII.....	2	2	2	..	3	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Forest Act VII. of 1878	30	30	30	..	57	41	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
District Police Act VII. of 1867 (Bombay)	125	125	125	134	133	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Abkari Act V. of 1878 (Bombay)	3	4	4	4	4	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Cattle Trespass Act I. of 1871 (India).	6	6	6	10	3	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Land Revenue Code Act V. of 1879 (Bombay)	1	1	1	1	2	2	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Criminal Procedure Code, Section 109.	1	1	1	1	1	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Total.....	56	463	519	438	81	574	257	3	20	2	23	209	..	257	299	..	20	14	6	6	2	..	..	..	..

NOTE No. 1.—Of the number of persons apprehended (column 8)—
 257 were convicted (column 9).
 259 were acquitted or discharged (column 17).
 6 awaiting trial before Magistrates.
 12 with the Police.

Total... 574

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Appendix X.

STATEMENT showing the number of offences reported and offences dealt with in the Akalkot State during the year 1891-92 ending 31st March 1892.

Name of Court.	Number of offences re-ported during the year.		Number of persons dealt with.										Persons disposed of.					REMARKS.
	1890-91.	1891-92.	Remain-ing at the end of the last year.	Brought to trial in 1891-92.						Total.		Dis-charged with-out trial.	Acquitted.	Con-victed.	Com-mitted or re-ferred.	Died, escaped or transferred.	Persons remaining at the end of the year.	
				Arrested by Police.	Upon War-rant.	On Sum-mons.	Voluntarily.	Arrested in the pre-sence of the Magistrate.	1890-91.	1891-92.								
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	
Political Agent .....	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	.....	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
District Magistrate.....	155	37	2	6	40	2	...	34	49	84	...	53	31	...	...	...	...	
Sub-Divisional Magistrate.....	...	143	...	17	2	...	...	1	...	20	*14	8	7	...	...	5	* 5 (col. 13. Appendix VII.)	
2nd Class Magistrate	224	259	3	78	12	204	...	95	510	392	...	194	197	...	...	1	arrested by the police in the year under report. 9 arrested by the police last year, but discharged this year. Total	
2 nd Do.	23	17	...	9	...	25	...		52	34	...	19	15	...	...	...	14.	
Do.	3	7	...	15	...	3	...		4	18	...	11	7	...	...	...	...	
Total.....	407	463	5	125	54	234	...	130	616	548	14	285	257	...	...	6	...	

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Appendix XI.

STATEMENT showing the results of Appeals against decisions passed by the Criminal Courts in the Akalkot State, during the year 1891-92 ending 31st March 1892.

State.	Tribunals.	Number of Persons and Cases.																											
		No. of appli- cations.	Sentences.						Proceedings quashed.						Referred.				Further enquiry, &c., ordered.				Pending.						
			Applications rejected.		Confirmed.		Modified.		Reversed.		Persons.		Cases.		Persons.		Cases.		Persons.		Cases.				Persons.		Cases.		
1890-91.	1891-92.	1890-91.	1891-92.	1890-91.	1891-92.	1890-91.	1891-92.	1890-91.	1891-92.	1890-91.	1891-92.	1890-91.	1891-92.	1890-91.	1891-92.	1890-91.	1891-92.	1890-91.	1891-92.	1890-91.	1891-92.	1890-91.	1891-92.	1890-91.	1891-92.	1890-91.	1891-92.		
1 Joint Court.....	7	...	...	...	...	6	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...		
2 State Karbhari and District Magistrate ...	...	1	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...		
3 Sub-Divisional Magis- trate	6	6	...	...	...	4	2	4	2	1	3	1	3	1	3	1	3	1	3	1	3	1	3	1	3	1	3		
Total.....	13	7	...	...	...	12	3	10	3	1	3	2	1	2	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...		

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Appendix XII.

STATEMENT showing the number of persons convicted or confined in the Jail in the Akalkot State during the year 1891-92 ending with 31st March 1892.

STATIONS.	Number of prisoners.	Number of Prisoners.			Daily average in Jail.		Number of prisoners remaining at the end of the year.	Total cost of Jail and prisoners.	REMARKS, showing mortality among convicts in the Jail.
		Remaining from last year.	Admitted during the year.	Total.	1890-91.	1891-92.			
I	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
Akalkot	60	17	43	50	60	24.4	21.2	33	Rs. a. p.
Pilho.....	6		6	3	6	0.46	0.1		The general health of the prisoners was good. There was no casualty.
Kurda	1		1	1	1	.02			
Total.....	67	17	50	54	67	24.6		33	2,814 8 11

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Appendix XIII.

Civil Work.—Nature and value of original suits filed and disposed of during the year 1891-92.

Number.	Tribunal.	Suits filed in 1891-92.						Suits disposed of in 1891-92.						REMARKS.																
		Opening balance.	Filed during the year.			Total.	Disposed of during the year.			Closing balance.	Valuation of suits.				Nature of suits.	How disposed of.			Value.	Years.	Months.	Average duration.								
			1890-91.	1891-92.	1892-93.		1890-91.	1891-92.	1892-93.		Number of suits above Rs. 5,000.	Number of suits above Rs. 1,000 and below Rs. 5,000.	Number of suits above Rs. 500 and below Rs. 1,000.			Number of suits above Rs. 100 and below Rs. 500.	Number of suits under Rs. 100.	Suits for money transactions.					Suits for other rights, &c.	Number of suits under Rs. 100.	Number of suits above Rs. 500 and below Rs. 1,000.	Number of suits above Rs. 1,000 and below Rs. 5,000.	Number of suits above Rs. 5,000.			
																												Rs.	a.	p.
1	Akalkot.....	37/21	275	430	291	429	21/22	37,478	8	8	31	379	20	349	73	3	..	..	2	65	..	50	314	37,049	10	9	..	125	* Three cases on the Dormant File were shown as "Disposed of" last year by the Mahalkari of Piliro. The mistake was found in the year under report. Hence the difference of three (3) in the respective columns of Appendix XIII, of the last year's Administration Report.	
2	Piliro	3*4	21	48	24	52	*20	51	*4	1	3,286	12	9	5	43	..	40	..	..	..	7	9	..	35	3,383	8	10	..	1	5
3	Kurla	...	1	7	4	7	5	6	4	1	1	149	14	0	..	4	..	4	..	..	..	1	3	209	14	0	..	2	3	
Total		40/26	303	482	343	508	317	484	26	24	40,915	3	5	36	426	20	393	81	3	..	2	72	9	352	40,643	1	7	..	121	

Appendix XIV.
Civil Work.—Results of Applications for Execution of Decrees during the year 1891-92.

Number.	Tribunal.	Opening balance.		Value of opening balance for 1891-92.		Applications brought to the Registrar.		Total.		Disposed of.		Closing balance.		Nature of applications pending disposal at the close of 1891-92.			REMARKS.		
		1890-91.	1891-92.	Rs.	a. p.	1890-91.	1891-92.	Value for 1891-92.	Total Value for 1891-92.	1890-91.	1891-92.	Value for 1891-92.	1890-91.	1891-92.	Value of closing balance for 1891-92.	Below 6 months.		Below 12 months.	Above 12 months.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10										
1	Akalkot Sub-Judge.....	97	95	22,687	13 0 464	300	24,881	15 8 561	395	47,569	12 8 466	340	36,119	7 11 95	55	11,460	4 9 21	9	25
2	Pilho do.	6	4	264	0 0 24	21	2,043	11 8 30	25	2,351	11 1 26	22	2,124	7 9 4	3	327	3 4 1	...	2
3	Kurila do.	1	...	.....	5	5	316	6 6 6	5	316	6 6 6	5	316	6 6 ...	...	.....	...	...	...
	Total.....	104	99	22,951	13 0 493	326	27,243	1 10 597	425	50,237	14 3 498	367	38,560	6 2 69	58	11,377	8 1 23	9	27

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Appendix XVI.

AGRICULTURE.

STATEMENT showing Agricultural Stock in the Akalkot State during the year 1891-92.

Number.	District.	Cattle and other quadrupeds.										Ploughs.		Carts.	
		Bullocks.	Cows.	Buffaloes.		Horses.	Mares.	Fools.	Asses.	Sheep and goats.	With two bullocks.	With four bullocks.	Riding carts.	Carts used in cart-tying.	
				Male.	Female.										
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	
1	Akalot	25,478	16,629	2,799	6,613	594	439	126	730	18,302	818	2,328	43	511	
2	Pilto.....	1,419	1,159	128	175	33	48	10	30	3,058	4	211	10	39	
3	Kurta	617	662	108	327	5	23	6	4	361	..	81	1	48	
Total		27,514	18,450	3,035	7,115	632	510	142	764	21,721	822	2,620	54	598	

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APPENDIX XVII.

Appendix XVII.

No.	Heads of Receipt.	INCOME.				No.	Heads of Expenditure.	EXPENDITURE.			
		A. D. 1890-91.	A. D. 1891-92.	Increase.	Decrease.			A. D. 1890-91.	A. D. 1891-92.	Increase.	Decrease.
1	2	3	4	5	6	1	2	3	4	5	6
1	Balance in Treasury on 1st April 1891	Rs. a. p. 1,30,792 6 11	Rs. a. p. 1,64,443 9 6	Rs. a. p. 33,651 2 7	Rs. a. p.	1	Expenses of the Raja, Relations, Dependents, and Private establishment.	Rs. a. p. 92,164 6 1	Rs. a. p. 87,723 6 0	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p. 4,441 0 1
	Land Revenue.						1. Stipend and establishment of the Raja				
	1. Recoveries on account of former years	8,781 5 1	3,793 7 2	12 2 1	661 2 1		2. Stipend of families at Poona	6,000 0 0	14,600 0 0	8,600 0 0	.....
	2. Do. do. current year	1,87,875 8 7	1,87,214 6 6	163 1 0	.....		3. Extra expenditure	6,798 10 0	29,532 12 7	22,734 2 7	.....
	3. Rent of sheri land	4,341 2 6	4,504 3 6	.....	.....						
		1,95,998 6 2	1,95,512 1 3	175 3 1	661 2 1			1,04,962 0 1	1,31,856 2 7	31,834 2 7	4,441 0 1
2	Local fund	18,629 2 2	18,696 12 3	67 10 1	.....	1A	Raja Sahab's investiture .....	.....	25,613 2 6	25,613 2 6	.....
3	Soyar.					2	Religious and Charitable Allowances.				
	1. Recoveries of licence-tax on account of former years .....	.....	.....	.....	.....		1. Devasthan allowances	3,204 14 3	3,104 5 9	.....	100 8 6
	2. Do. do. current year	6,758 0 0	6,615 12 0	.....	142 4 0		2. Varsahasandars	688 6 5	3,249 13 0	2,561 6 7	.....
	3. Moksabab	19,521 6 7	10,888 10 6	.....	8,682 12 1		3. Kazi's allowances	7 12 0	.....	.....	7 12 0
	4. Customs, committed allowance in lieu of	9,006 4 0	9,806 4 0	185 7 8	.....	3	Hereditary Allowances.	8,901 0 8	6,354 2 9	2,561 6 7	108 4 6
	5. Miscellaneous Receipts.	661 1 9	796 9 5	.....	.....		1. Nemrudars	2,983 3 0	5,994 4 0	3,006 1 0	.....
	6. Compensation on account of Liquor Contract due by the British Government	2,257 6 0	2,257 6 0	.....	.....		2. Tasharfidars .....	.....	.....	.....	.....
	7. Opium Contract	651 4 0	842 10 5	191 6 5	.....		3. Dengidars	2,988 3 0	5,994 4 0	3,006 1 0	.....
	8. Bhang Ganja Contract	186 12 0	172 10 0	.....	14 2 0	4	District Hereditary Officers.				
	9. Boja Contract	8 0 0	.....	.....	.....		1. Hakadar District Hereditary Officers	10,515 14 3	10,792 8 1	276 9 10	.....
	10. Compensation for the Salt Revenues relinquished by the State	142 0 10	142 0 10	.....	1 0 0		2. Saradeshmukhi paid to British Government	680 4 4	381 2 0	.....	299 2 4
		39 8 0	25 8 0	.....	14 0 0		3. Darakdar .....	.....	13 9 8	15 9 8	.....
II	Chandel	39,831 11 2	31,304 7 2	326 14 1	8,854 2 1			11,146 2 7	11,139 3 9	292 3 6	299 2 4

4	Judicial.	1,751 11 3	927 5 3	.....	824 6 0	5	Village Hereditary Officers.	1. Patel's allowances	5,160 6 4	4,801 7 8	.....	358 14 8
		19 10 8	168 12 3	149 1 7	.....			2. Kulkarni's do.	7,709 11 4	7,575 14 1	.....	138 13 8
		12 6 4	15 3 0	2 12 8	.....						.....	
		208 4 8	70 13 4	.....	137 7 4						.....	
		16 14 9	0 1 0	.....	16 13 9						.....	
		56 15 3	28 11 6	.....	29 8 9	6	Village Serrants and Expenses.		12,870 1 8	12,377 5 9	.....	402 11 11
		2,065 14 11	1,210 14 4	151 14 3	1,006 14 10						.....	
5	Registration fees.....	875 1 0	943 15 2	68 14 2	.....			1. Shetsandi Sopoy.....	1,831 5 6	1,691 9 11	.....	139 11 7
6	Stamps	7,710 0 0	9,465 12 0	1,755 12 0	.....			2. Contingent expenses, oil, &c.....	751 13 6	709 11 0	.....	45 2 6
7	Educational	5,194 13 0	5,109 10 0	.....	85 3 0						.....	
8	Jail	330 14 6	359 5 3	28 6 9	.....						.....	
9	Private Establishment	8,001 3 5	1,917 7 7	.....	6,083 11 10	7	Political Establishment.		2,586 3 0	2,401 4 11	.....	184 14 1
10	Miscellaneous.	23,550 11 10	2,039 15 11	.....	21,510 11 11			1. Establishment	606 0 0	218 14 5	.....	387 1 7
		151 5 6	385 8 0	.....	.....			2. Extra expenditure	773 7 6	15 0 0	.....	758 7 6
		78 10 3	50 12 9	.....	.....				1,379 7 6	233 14 5	.....	1,145 9 1
		.....	1 4 0	.....	27 13 6	7A	Huzar Office.				.....	
		3,200 7 2	6,734 1 10	.....	.....			1. Establishment .....	.....	365 8 0	.....	.....
		69 9 9	139 9 9	.....	.....			2. Extra expenditure .....	.....	976 15 7	.....	.....
		177 9 9	184 8 3	.....	.....						.....	
		3 14 10	1 2 4	.....	2 12 6						.....	
		1,016 1 0	1,512 12 9	.....	.....						.....	
		.....	3 5 6	.....	.....						.....	
		.....	510 0 0	.....	.....						.....	
		504 4 5	340 13 1	.....	163 7 4	8	Civil Court.				.....	
		28,762 10 6	11,903 14 2	4,856 0 11	21,704 13 3			1. Sub-Judge's Establish-ment	3,655 4 5	4,026 2 2	370 13 9	.....
		.....	.....	.....	.....			2. Nazir's do.	1,743 11 6	1,602 1 11	.....	141 9 7
		3,170 5 9	4,878 3 9	1,707 14 0	.....			3. Extra expenditure	361 4 4	581 2 1	219 13 9	.....
11	Forest	557 7 4	531 14 11	.....	25 8 5				5,760 4 3	6,209 6 2	590 11 6	141 9 7
12	Police .....	.....	.....	.....	.....	9	Revenue Establishment.				.....	
	Advances, Deposits, &c.	.....	.....	.....	.....			1. Karbhar's Establish-ment	11,594 6 0	11,639 13 10	45 7 4	.....
		2,110 5 11	1,631 6 5	.....	478 15 6			2. Mahalkari Pilio do. ...	1,980 0 0	1,086 11 7	6 11 7	.....
		8,006 10 8	14,474 6 2	6,467 11 6	903 5 1			3. Extra expenditure	2,304 12 7	2,550 3 2	245 6 7	.....
		2,243 12 4	1,340 7 3	.....	1,382 4 7				14,979 3 1	15,276 12 7	297 9 6	.....
		12,360 12 11	17,446 3 10	6,467 11 6	.....						.....	
		3,23,478 0 10	2,99,280 9 7	15,606 4 10	39,803 12 1						.....	
	Total Receipts.....	.....	.....	.....	.....						.....	

Village Hereditary Officers.

1. Patel's allowances

2. Kulkarni's do.

Village Servants and Expenses.

1. Shetsaandi Sopoyas

2. Contingent expenses, oil, &c.

Political Establishment.

1. Establishment

2. Extra expenditure

Huzar Office.

1. Establishment

2. Extra expenditure

Civil Court.

1. Sub-Judge's Establishment

2. Nazir's do.

3. Extra expenditure

Revenue Establishment.

1. Karbhar's Establishment

2. Mahalkari Pilo do.

3. Extra expenditure

INCOME.						EXPENDITURE.					
No.	Heads of Receipts.	A. D. 1890-91.	A. D. 1891-92.	Increase.	Decrease.	No.	Heads of Expenditure.	A. D. 1890-91.	A. D. 1891-92.	Increase.	Decrease.
1	2	3	4	5	6	1	2	3	4	5	6
		Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	10	Jail.	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.
							1. Establishment	968 0 0	987 5 4	21 5 4	.....
							2. Subsistence to prisoners	1,577 7 6	1,545 2 2	.....	32 5 4
							3. Clothing expenses	75 0 0	74 4 0	.....	0 12 0
							4. Extra expenditure	768 14 8	207 13 5	.....	561 1 8
								3,387 6 2	2,814 8 11	21 5 4	594 2 7
						11	Police.				
							1. Establishment	9,240 13 9	9,394 3 3	153 5 6	.....
							2. Extra expenditure	350 13 8	437 3 0	86 5 4	.....
							3. Force Fund Account	1,256 2 4	85 12 0	.....	1,172 6 4
								10,849 13 9	9,917 2 3	289 10 10	1,172 6 4
						12	Sibandi.				
							1. Establishment	4,248 10 3	4,267 6 10	18 12 7	.....
							2. Extra expenditure	432 8 3	583 10 6	251 2 3	.....
								4,681 2 6	4,951 1 4	269 14 10	.....
						13	Judicial Expenses.				
							1. Fines remitted, &c.	45 0 0	667 12 0	562 12 0	.....
							2. Batta to witnesses	155 12 0	188 2 0	.....	17 10 0
							3. Prosecutor's fees	260 6 0	.....	.....	263 6 0
							4. Miscellaneous	162 13 0	71 13 3	.....	90 15 9
								629 15 0	817 11 3	562 12 0	374 15 9
						14	Stamps	968 12 3	363 2 3	.....	625 19 0
						15	Committed payment to British Government in lieu of Akakot Contingent	14,592 0 0	14,592 0 0	.....	.....

INCOME.						EXPENDITURE.					
No.	Heads of Receipts.	A. D. 1890-91.	A. D. 1891-92.	Increase.	Decrease.	No.	Heads of Expenditure.	A. D. 1890-91.	A. D. 1891-92.	Increase.	Decrease.
1	2	3	4	5	6	1		3	4	5	6
		Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	21	Registration account	184 3 5	398 1 7.	213 14 2	
						22	<i>Forest Account.</i>				
							1. Establishment	1,691 12 10	1,708 4 10	16 8 0	
							2. Extra expenditure	398 4 3	897 3 4		531 0 11
						23	<i>Miscellaneous.</i>	590 1 1	2,575 8 2	10 8 0	531 0 11
							1. Loss (including remis-	926 2 2	233 0 5		693 7 9
							sions, income-tax, &c.)	19 3 1	3 12 3		15 12 10
							2. Refunds	101 8 0	726 9 1	625 1 1	
							3. Extra expenditure	2 1 0	40 10 0	18 9 0	
							4. Maktebab				
						24	<i>Advances, Deposits, &c.</i>	1,049 10 3	983 15 9	643 10 1	709 4 7
							1. Takavi	1,050 0 0			1,050 0 0
							2. Advances recoverable	32,900 13 10	3,064 12 0		29,896 1 10
							3. Deposits	2,842 8 8	2,751 1 11		91 6 9
								36,793 6 6	5,755 13 11		31,037 8 7
						25	<i>Imperial census</i>	53 4 3	246 1 1		7 3 2
							Total expenditure	2,89,826 14 3	3,29,125 10 5	96,395 7 9	57,096 11 7
							Balance in the Treasury	1,64,443 9 6	1,34,598 8 8		29,845 0 10
							GRAND TOTAL	4,54,270 7 9	4,63,724 3 1	96,395 7 9	86,941 12 5

V. R. KELKAR,
State Karbhari, Akalkot.

Akalkot, 28th June 1892.

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TO

Administration Report of the Akalkot State for the year 1892-93.

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VITHAL TIKAJI,
State Karbhari, Akalkot.

Akalkot, 13th July 1893.

THE
ANNUAL ADMINISTRATION REPORT
OF THE
AKALKOT STATE,

FOR THE YEAR ENDING 31ST MARCH, 1898.

I.—This is the second Administration Report of the State after the Raja Saheb's investiture with full powers.

- Nos. I to XVII. 2. The usual statements as per margin accompany.

CHAPTER I.

POLITICAL.

3. The State pays a tribute of Rs. 14,592 to the Paramount Power in lieu of the Akalkot Contingent.

4. The Raja Saheb being invested with full powers of Administration by Government in November 1891, the State was under his entire management and control throughout the year under report. The Raja Saheb took active and intelligent part in the Administration of his State.

5. The relations of the State with the British Government were very cordial.

6. Mr. J. F. Muir, the then Political Agent, paid a visit to the State in February last, and stayed here for 8 days. During his stay he inspected the jail, the dispensary, the 1st grade Anglo-Vernacular school, the Marathi schools including Girls' school, and visited the State Karbhari's office and the Sub-Judge's court, and seemed well pleased with all he saw. The Executive Engineer, Mr. Rutherford, also visited Akalkot during the past year to inspect the roads under his charge.

7. The Raja Saheb went to the Nilgiri Hills during the hot weather and stayed at Ootacamund from April 6th to June 1892, returning back to Akalkot on the 21st June. On the 23rd August 1892 he left Akalkot for Poona, and remained there till the 30th September 1892. Again, in December 1892, the Raja Saheb had to go to Bombay with the Rani Saheb, the latter being compelled to proceed to Baroda on account of the sudden death of her mother, who was the daughter of H. H. the late Khanderow Gaikwar. Some days after her return to Bombay she had a miscarriage, and consequently her medical advisers forbade her removal

from Bombay until she was thoroughly recovered. Under these circumstances the Raja Saheb had to prolong his stay in Bombay till 20th February, returning to Akalkot on the 21st February. While in Bombay the Rani Saheb was kept under the treatment of Dr. Pechey-Phipson for a month or so.

8. It is, however, to be respectfully pointed out that the Raja Saheb had his office with him, and did his office work during his absence from Akalkot each time.

9. The Raja Saheb on several occasions went to the District and visited 21 villages in his State, in 15 of which the ryots' receipt books and 12 daftars were examined by him. In six villages he visited the schools there. He also examined the records of the Sub-Judge's court and Chief Constable's office for the year 1891-92. While at Akalkot the Raja Saheb occasionally visited the jail, the dispensary, the English and Vernacular schools and other offices of the State with a view to ascertain whether the different departments were working satisfactorily.

10. No domestic event, worthy of report, occurred in the Raja Saheb's family during the year under report, except that the Rani Saheb had a miscarriage while in Bombay.

Changes in the Administration.

11. Rao Bahadur V. R. Kelkar, L. C. E., whose services were lent to the State for a period of two years by G. R. No. 6661, dated 27th October 1890, Political Department, having served out his period reverted to his British service, and the undersigned was re-appointed State Karbhari, and took charge of the office from Mr. Kelkar on the 22nd November 1892. With this exception the *personnel* of the administration remained unchanged.

12. As per advice of the Political Agent, Sholapur, the powers of the Assistant District Superintendent of Police, vested in the late State Karbhari Mr. V. R. Kelkar, were not given to the present incumbent when he took charge from Mr. Kelkar. As State Karbhari, he, however, exercises general supervision over that Department, while the other Departments remained under his charge as before.

CHAPTER II.

ADMINISTRATION OF THE LAND.

13. Survey rates were introduced in the State in the year 1870-71 for a period of 20 years, and the period being over, the work of revision survey was taken in hand by the Survey Department, during the year under report, under the direct supervision of Mr. J. C. Whitcombe, as per Government orders. The survey operations were still in progress at the close of the year; Mr. J. C. Whitcombe, Superintendent, Native States Survey, stayed in Akalkot twice for the purpose in the last year.

14. As the Revision Survey operations made good progress during the last year, it is hoped that the work will be finished soon and the new rates will be introduced before the end of the next official year. The ryots pay the assessment easily with very few exceptions.

Land Tenures.

15. The following are the special tenures in force in the State, viz. :—

- (1) Inam.
- (2) Makta.
- (3) Kowli.
- (4) Khalsa or survey tenure.

Inam Settlements.

16. During the year under report only 11 cases relating to Inam lands, measuring acres 346-6, assessed at Rs. 296-7-0, were taken up and disposed of, while during the last year 224 Inam settlements were effected. The total area of the lands resumed during the year was acres 2,260-6, assessed at Rs. 1,567. Out of these lands acres 2,071-15, assessed at Rs. 1,428-9-0, were actually resumed during the last year as reported in the last year's Administration Report (*vide* para. 10), and acres 188-31, assessed at Rs. 138-7-0, in this year from 1st August 1892. Acres 157-15, assessed at Rs. 158, will be resumed from 1st August 1893.

Makta.

17. The following five villages were held by Makta by Sardeshmukhas during the year under report against six in the previous year, viz. :—(1) Borgaon, (2) Khairat, (3) Kumte, (4) Nimbgaon, and (5) Ramtirth. These Sardeshmukhas have to pay 9 annas in the Rupee of the Survey Assessment for the time being (*vide* last year's Administration Report, para. 11). The total assessment on the above five villages is Rs. 7,022-4-6, out of which Rs. 3,751-13-7 are shared by the State. One anna cess is to be paid on the whole assessment.

18. The village Rampur is no longer held by Deshpande as a *Makta* village for reasons given in the last year's Administration Report, para. 11.

Raja Sahab's Lands.

19. The subjoined table shows the lands owned by the Raja Sahab in the State. These lands, i. e., No. 1, are managed by the Khasgi Department, and have to pay no assessment to the State, and those No. 2 are managed by the State, and the revenue comes to the State:—

Description of Lands.	Survey Nos.	Area.	Assessment.	Rent.
		Acres. g.	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.
I.—Rent-free lands...	26	2,977 12	4,727 13 0	.....
II.—Lands sold and leased by auction by the State.	112	2,889 34	3,493 5 0	6,077 9 0

Kowls.

20. There was only one Kowl running in the year under report. The loss of this Kowl to the State will be Rs. 2-6-0 till the year 1897-98, when it will expire.

Waste Lands.

21. The subjoined table shews the area of the waste lands taken up for cultivation during the year as compared with that of the previous year :—

Extent of waste cultivable area for		Taken up in		Waste remaining at the end of the year.		Percentage of cultivable land lying waste.	
1891-92.	1892-93.	1891-92.	1892-93.	1891-92.	1892-93.	1891-92.	1892-93.
3,512	1,817	1,846	787	1,666	1,030	0.66	0.41

22. It appears from the above statement that less land was taken up for cultivation by the people during the year under report as compared with the previous year. The quality of the remaining waste land being inferior, there is less demand for it. Acres 151-12 being absolutely relinquished by the occupants were added to the State waste. The assessment on land taken up for cultivation and relinquished is respectively Rs. 509-8-0 and Rs. 90-10-0, while that on the remaining State waste was Rs. 609-7-0.

Revenue Accounts.

23. Symond's forms of Revenue Accounts being introduced into all the villages of the State, the accounts were kept in that form.

24. There is only one Sub-Treasury at Pilio in charge of the Mahalkari of that place, and one Huzur Treasury at Akalkot in charge of the State Karbhari. Since the State came under the direct management of the Raja Saheb, the practice of deputing some one from the Sholapur Collector's Account Office to examine and audit the State accounts has been discontinued. However, the State Karbhari daily examines the day book and other account books and no bill is paid unless it is sanctioned by the State Karbhari or by the Raja Saheb according to the nature and amount thereof. The Raja Saheb also occasionally visits the State Karbhari's office, inspects and examines the accounts. The State Karbhari being the Treasury Officer, all the responsibility of keeping the accounts in proper order, so as to prevent any fraud, lies on him.

25. At the time of Jamabandi the State Karbhari examined the Daftars of 55 villages and 1,009 ryots' receipt books.

Boundary Disputes.

26. Including 38 cases that remained undisposed of during the last year and those received during the year under report, viz., 67, the total number of boundary disputes was 105, out of which 54 were disposed of by Mr. Kelkar, and 51 were transferred to the Head Surveyor of the Survey Department for Settlement as the revision survey was in operation in those villages.

27. The number of wards under the care of the State Karbhari was the same during the year under report as in the previous year, and is shewn in the statement given below :—

No.	Names.	Age.	Place of birth.	Place of education.	Balance in the beginning of the year.	Receipts.	Disbursements.	Balances at the end of the year.			Value of moveable property in hand.	Area of land under management.	REMARKS.
								In cash.	In Govern-ment securities.				
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	
1	Shivaji Bhosle...	19	Kurla	...	Satara	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
2	Sambhaji Bhosle.	15	Do.	...	Do.	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
3	Maruti ...	15	Akalkot ...	Akalkot	...	Principal, 184-13-8; interest,* 16-8-9; house rent, 3-0-0; miscellaneous, 1-8-0; total 205-14-5.	93 2 8	526 15 3	500 0 0	130 2 4	20 20	* Interest on Promissory Note Rs. 10-0-0, and that on the sum lent to the private persons Rs. 6-8-9.	
4	Shanti ...	12											
5	Maibai ...	18	Badole Budruk.	Looks after household affairs and lives with her husband.	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
6	Somanna	15	Waghdari...	Waghdari	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	

28. The first two wards belong to the Akalkot Bhosle family and therefore are distantly related to the Raja Saheb. Kurla estate, though a part and parcel of the Akalkot Jahagir does not contribute anything to the gross revenue of the Akalkot State, as it is given solely for the maintenance of the family. The first ward, Shiwaji Bhosle, owns an eight-anna share, while Sambhaji receives a four-anna share in the gross revenue of Kurla, a village situated in the Khatao taluka, under Satara Collectorate. The remaining four-anna share belongs to Bhowanji Bhosle, a relative of the minors. The expenses attendant on the management of the Kurla estate are defrayed from the eight-anna share of Shiwaji, being a descendant of the eldest branch. The two minors are heavily in debt contracted by their fathers, and so their shares have been held in mortgage by the Akalkot State. However, the annual allowances fixed for the maintenance and education of the two minors are not subject to the mortgage charge. The debts due by them at the end of the year under report were as follows :—

No.	Name of Minor.	Debts due.		
		Principal.	Interest.	Total.
		Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.
1	Shiwaji	20,737 10 7	887 11 7	21,625 6 2
2	Sambhaji	27,033 9 5	2,159 6 2	29,192 15 7

29. The above will shew that the minor Sambhaji is hopelessly in debt. His income is barely sufficient to pay off the interest on the principal; while if Shiwaji's estate is prudently managed as at present, his debts are likely to be discharged within a space of 15 or 16 years.

30. After the submission of the last year's Administration Report to Mr. Snow, the then Political Agent, information was called for by him as to whether any and what steps had been taken to reduce the private expenditure of the minors in order that the debts may be paid off sooner; and consequently the Raja Saheb fixed the annual allowances to Shiwaji and Sambhaji at Rs. 600 and 350 respectively, instead of Rs. 720 and 600, thereby making a total saving of Rs. 370 a year, which would go in satisfaction of the debt proportionately.

31. Shiwaji and Sambhaji are real brothers; but Shiwaji has been given in adoption in the *vadil* (eldest) branch. Gangabai, the natural mother of these two minors, died in October last. She had the care and custody of these two minors at Satara, and managed their household affairs. A karkoon had to be appointed to look after the education and every thing of the minors, there being no elderly person in the family who could do that work. He is an old pensioned mahalkari and honest man too. He gets Rs. 8 as his pay per mensem, besides his pension.

32. The two minors Shiwaji and Sambhaji have been attending the Satara High School, and are learning under the 5th and 2nd Standards respectively. Shiwaji, it appears, is not making a satisfactory progress in his studies, for, he has been attending the 5th Standard for the last two years, while the progress of Sambhaji is fair. The attendance of both, however, was regular.

33. The administration of the Kurla estate is carried on through a Mahalkari appointed by the Raja Sahab. The Mahalkari exercises the 3rd Class Magistrate's powers, and is also the Civil Court of the original jurisdiction up to Rs. 500.

34. As regards Maruti and Shanti, the second two on the list, are also brothers, and have been under the guardianship of the State for the last 5 years. They are Kásárs by caste and have been given in charge of their paternal uncle who is paid Rs. 10 per month for their expenses. Out of their savings promissory notes of the value of Rs. 500 were purchased last year and are yielding interest. The amount of Rs. 191-6-5 (Rs. 184-13-8 as principal and Rs. 6-8-9 as interest) was recovered during the year from private persons to whom the money was lent, and Rs. 549-15-6 principal and Rs. 127-6-6 interest are still due to the minors from their debtors.

35. Both Maruti and Shanti attend the Vernacular School at Akalkot, and are in the 3rd Standard, while the progress of the younger brother is fair; that of the elder is quite the reverse of it. Maruti is irregular in attendance and his behaviour is reported to be most unsatisfactory. It seems he is a spoiled child. His custodian, the uncle, has been informed that, in case he does not shew any improvement in the boy this year, he will be deprived of the custody of him and both the minors will be given in charge to some one else.

36. Maibai, a Brahmin girl, married and aged 18, lives with her husband Ganesh Narayen, who administers her estate though legally speaking her guardianship is still vested in the State as *Parens Patrias*. She does not attend the school for obvious reasons. Her estate was not free from debt during the year.

37. The sixth and the last minor is Somanna who is a resident of Waghdari, and *Lingayat Wani* by caste. He is in the 5th Standard in the Vernacular School at Waghdari and has been doing well. His progress is reported to be satisfactory. His landed property consists of a small house at Waghdari. Rupees 1,500 deposited in Government Securities last year fetched Rs. 30 on account of interest during the year under report. The total expenses incurred on account of the minor on his maintenance, education, &c., amounted to Rs. 13-14-6 only against Rs. 84 in the previous year. He is in the custody of his brother-in-law who has been bringing him up. Rupees 36 yet remain to be paid to his custodian Shiwalingappa, Patel of Waghdari, for the minor's expenses defrayed by him.

38. Due care and attention was bestowed on all the minors with respect to their education, health, and general training, and their estates were managed very economically.

CHAPTER III.

PROTECTION.

(a) LEGISLATION.

39. The laws in force in the State are :—

Revenue Acts.

Bombay Act III. of 1869—Local Fund Cess Act.

„ „ VII. of 1873—Salt Act, Bombay.

„ „ III. of 1874—Watan Act.

„ „ V. of 1886—Amending Watan Act.

„ „ III. of 1875—The Toll Act.

„ „ III. of 1876—Mamlatdars' Court Jurisdiction.

Act X. of 1870—Land Acquisition Act.

„ I. of 1878—Opium Act.

„ VI. of 1878—Treasure Trove Act.

Bombay Act V. of 1878—Relating to Liquor and Drugs.

„ „ V. of 1879—Revenue Code.

The Indian Forest Act VII. of 1878—As amended by the Forest Act V. of 1890.

Act XIX. of 1883—Land Improvement Loans Act.

Criminal Acts.

Act XLV. of 1860—Penal Code.

„ VI. of 1864—Whipping Act, Bombay.

Bombay Acts VII. and VIII. of 1867—(District and Village Police Acts).

Act I. of 1871—Cattle Trespass.

„ X. of 1882—Criminal Procedure Code.

„ X. of 1886—Amending Criminal Procedure Act.

„ XI. of 1878—Arms Act.

„ XVIII. of 1850—Protection of Judicial Officers.

„ XXVII. of 1870—Amending Indian Penal Code.

„ XIX. of 1872—Amending Indian Penal Code.

„ I. of 1876—Amending Act VIII. of 1867, Village Police.

„ X. of 1886—Amending Code of Criminal Procedure.

Civil Regulations and Acts.

Regulations VIII. of 1827—Relating to formal recognition of Heirs, &c.

Act XX. of 1864—Minors' Act.

„ VII. of 1866—Liability of Heirs for Debts (Bombay)

„ X. of 1866—General Clauses Act (Bombay).

„ I. of 1868—General Clauses Act (Government of India).

„ I. of 1872—Indian Evidence Act.

„ XVIII. of 1872—Amending Indian Evidence Act.

„ IX. of 1872—Indian Contract Act.

- Act X. of 1872—Judicial Oaths.
- „ IX. of 1875—Indian Majority Act.
- „ IV. of 1886—Amending Contract Act.
- „ X. of 1877—Civil Procedure Code as amended by Act XII. of 1879.
- „ XIV. of 1882—The Code of Civil Procedure.
- „ VIII. of 1888—Civil Procedure Amendment Act.
- „ X. of 1888—Amending Code of Civil Procedure and Presidency Small Cause Court Act, 1882.
- „ XV. of 1877—Limitation Act.
- „ VII. of 1870—The Court Fees Act.
- „ I. of 1879—The General Stamp Act.
- „ XII. of 1879—Amending Limitation Act, only so far as it amends Limitation Act.

Section 9 of Act I of 1877—(Specific Relief Act).

Act VIII. of 1880—Amending Limitation Act.

- „ VI. of 1888—Debtors' Act.

40. No new Indian or Bombay enactment was extended to this State during the year under report, but it is the wish of the Raja Saheb that the Legislation in the State should be placed on the same lines as in the British Territory, and the Raja Saheb is going to write to the Political Agent shortly on the subject.

(b) *Military.*

41. The total strength of the military force (rather Shibandi) of the State is only 46, consisting of 1 Jamadar and 45 sepoys. In addition to this there are 3 Artillery men who also form part of the military strength (*vide* Appendix V.), thus making a total of 49 men. These Artillery men are employed to watch the Raja Saheb's Kothi (store of grains), &c., when not actually engaged in firing guns on ceremonial occasions. During the year under review, however, the five vacancies, that had occurred owing to the death and removal from service of 2 and 3 men, respectively, had not been filled up till the end of the year; but lately they have been filled up. Of these men the Jamadar wears a sword, while the other irregular body make use of the smooth bore muskets marked ¹⁸⁵⁹ _{Tower}. These men have to furnish guard at the treasury, the Raja Saheb's Palace, and the jail. There is no hard and fast rule as regards appointing men to these places, and the consequence is that all of them as a body are not efficient in drill, for they have received no regular training. Of the whole lot only 4 are Marathas and the rest are Mahomedans. A few of them, *viz.* 9, can read and write. They, not having been provided with separate quarters, have to live in private houses.

42. The total cost incurred by the State for the maintenance of this force during the year under report was Rs. 4,418 against Rs. 4,951 in the last year. The decrease in expenditure during the year under report is due to the fact that

special uniforms were not supplied to the men, as they had had them in the previous year at the time of the investiture of the Raja Saheb, and secondly, to the fact that 5 vacant places were not filled up till the end of the year.

(c) *Police.*

43. The total strength of the Police Force on duty in the State was 59 (54 foot and 5 mounted men) during the year. For details *vide* Appendix VI.

44. The total cost of maintaining this force was Rs. 10,000-11-2 against Rs. 9,917-2-3 in the previous year. The small increase in cost is due to the new uniform being given.

45. Including the two outposts, one at Akalkot and the other at Piliõ, there are in all six outposts in the State at each of which there is one Head Constable and three Constables, excepting the above two stations where there are 6 and 4 Constables, respectively.

46. Of the 59 men in the force 34 are Mahomedans, 14 Marathas, 2 Bande Dhangars, 7 Berads, 1 Koli and 1 Brahmin ; of these 18 are able to read and write and 7 are under instruction.

47. During the year under report 1 was dismissed and 10 were departmentally fined against 3 and 4 respectively in the preceding year. No Police Constable was judicially punished this year, while last year the number of such persons was 3 and it is hoped that the punishment awarded to these men will be an example to their fellowmen so as to make them more active to their legitimate duties.

48. From Appendix VII, it will be noticed that of the 125 arrested by the police in cognizable cases, 117 were sent for trial, of whom 66 were convicted and 51 were discharged or acquitted. The percentage convicted of accused sent for trial was 56·4 during the year against 48 in the previous year, and this shews that the proportion of convictions does more than merely keep up its level with, the last year. On the whole the percentage cannot be said to be satisfactory.

49. Appendix VIII. shews that the alleged value of stolen property was Rs. 4,731-5-3 against Rs. 6,119-13-11 in the previous year. The amount recovered was Rs. 1,603-6-9, or 33·9 per cent. against Rs. 1,169-5-11 or 19·1 per cent. in the year before. As compared with that of the last year the proportion of the recovery of property was not bad ; it is, however, hoped that a higher proportion will be obtained next year.

50. The services of the Chief Constable Shaik Nizam have been permanently transferred to the State by the Government Resolution No. 388, dated 17th January 1893, Political Department. It is hoped that the police will improve greatly under his supervision, and will shew still better results.

51. The police have not been provided with separate police lines or quarters, Karjagi outpost excepted. But it is in the contemplation of the State to provide them with new quarters when funds permit.

Village Police.

52. For every village in the State there is a Police Patel and one or two Shetsandis. The total number of Shetsandis is 205, and it is maintained at a cost of Rs. 4,519-0-0 in land and Rs. 1,820 in cash.

(d) Criminal Justice.

53. The following Courts were at work during the year under report:—

1. District Magistrate, Akalkot.
2. Sub-Divisional, 1st Class Magistrate, Akalkot.
3. Second Class Magistrate, Akalkot.
4. Third Class Magistrate, Pilio.
5. Do. do. Kurla.

54. The Sessions Court of the Political Agent, whose jurisdiction extends over offences triable exclusively by a Court of Sessions, was also at work at Sholapur, three cases being committed to that Court for trial during the year.

55. The work done by the different Magistrates is given in detail in Appendix X. The Sub-Divisional Magistrate was especially empowered to try in a summary way all or any of the offences mentioned in Section 260, Criminal Procedure Code.

56. The number of offences reported to the Magistrates during the year was 379 against 463 in the last year. The total number of crimes was 404 (Appendix IX) against 519 in the previous year. The number of persons sent for trial was 411 against 548 in the year before. Of the 411 persons, 117 were arrested by the police and 294 otherwise; out of the latter number 6 were for last year. Out of the total number of 411 persons dealt with by the courts, 225 were convicted. The percentage convicted of accused was 54·7 against 46·9 last year. Out of 294 persons arrested otherwise than through the agency of the police, 159 or 54 per cent. were convicted and 129 or 43·8 per cent. were discharged and acquitted; 88 persons had the advantage of Section 345, Criminal Procedure Code, under which they were acquitted.

57. The nature of crimes committed during the year is given *in extenso* in Appendix IX. One case of murder, another of an attempt to murder, and two cases of dacoity were reported during the year under report.

58. The murder case was from Khanapur in the Akalkot State, in which the paramour of a murdered woman was suspected of the crime. The accused was committed to the Court of Sessions for trial, but was acquitted for want of sufficient evidence. In the other case of an attempt to murder, the accused was convicted and sentenced to rigorous imprisonment for 6 years by the Political Agent. This offence was committed at Domberjavalge and, but for the timely intervention of two Chambaras at the risk of their own lives to save the man who was being murdered in cold blood, the latter would have lost his life. They

also helped the police in securing the arrest of the accused. The Chambars were therefore duly rewarded by the Raja Sahab by giving them silver bangles in a public *darbar* for their dexterity and valour, with a view to convince the general public that good services, rendered to the State by whomsoever they may be, are opportunely recognized. With respect to the murder at Kurla last year (*vide* last year's Administration Report, para. 35), suspicion pointed to four persons who were Mahars by caste, and consequently they were arrested, but were released by the Magistrate on bail, there being nothing on the record to connect them with the commission of the crime; and hence the offence is shewn as undisposed of (*vide* column 7 of Appendix IX). However, it was found out that the murder at Kurla remained undetected by the Mahalkari at Kurla, he having criminally shirked the performance of his legitimate duties by having removed the dead body from the Kurla territory to the Satara District. He was dismissed from service, for had he commenced investigation into the crime, probably some clue to the murder would have been obtained.

59. Out of the two dacoity cases, one was committed at Bhuri Kouthe and the other at Mundewadi. In the latter case two persons were put on their trial before the Magistrate, who discharged one of them and committed the other to the Political Agent's Court for trial. In the Session's Court the police did not succeed in securing the conviction of the accused, who was committed for trial. While in the former, the police were unable to get any clue as regards the whereabouts of the dacoits, and consequently the case, being undetected was disposed of by having sent a summary in the Vernacular form of the final order of a Magistrate in the form of Appendix E attached to G. R. No. ⁶²⁷² 1888 (Judicial Department).

60. As reported in the last year's Administration Report (*vide* para. 35) the demand made by the State with respect to the surrender of four persons supposed to be implicated in the dacoity at Sadalapar was duly respected by H. H. the Nizam's Government, and the four accused were handed over to the State Police who sent up a case against them before a competent Magistrate. But the four persons were discharged by him, there being no sufficient grounds for commitment. The above result indicates that more smartness and promptness on the part of the Police is necessary in the detection of crimes of a serious nature, such as dacoity, murder, &c.

61. The number of Appellate Courts is given below:—

- (1) The Raja Sahab's Court.
- (2) The District Magistrate's Court.
- (3) The Sub-Divisional Magistrate's Court.

62. Appendix XI. shews the work done by the Appellate Courts, from which it will be seen that during the year under report 9 appeals were presented and disposed of against 7 in the previous year. The number of persons dealt with in appeal was 32 against 7 in the last year. In 2 cases involving 2 persons, sentences were confirmed against 3 cases involving 3 persons in the previous

year. In one case involving one person, sentence was modified against 3 cases involving 3 persons in the year before; and in 6 cases involving 29 persons sentences were reversed against one case involving one person in the preceding year. No appeal remained undisposed of at the end of the year.

(e) *Extradition.*

63. This State surrendered three offenders to the British Government and one to H. H. the Nizam's Government. One offender was handed over to this State by the British authorities, and 4 by H. H. the Nizam's authorities. There is no want of reciprocity on the part of the neighbouring States or the British Territory in the extradition of offenders.

(f) *Prisons.*

64. There is one Central Jail at Akalkot in charge of the State Medical Officer, as a Jail Superintendent, who visits the Jail daily. The Jail at Akalkot being recently built for the prisoners is very strong and airy, and is kept perfectly clean.

65. The Jail contains two barracks and a cook-room. Each barrack is 111 by 29 feet and has a tiled roof. There is a guard of 12 Infantry men at the Jail.

66. There are also two Sub-Jails, one at Pilio and the other at Kurla, under the charge of the respective Mahalkaris of the places. Convicts, whose terms of imprisonment do not exceed one month are confined there.

67. There were 33 prisoners remaining in the Jail at Akalkot at the end of the last official year. Forty-three were admitted during the year under report; thus the total number of prisoners was 76, out of whom 57 were released during the year, leaving 19 prisoners at its close. The daily average of the prisoners in the Jail at Akalkot was 24.8 against 21.2 in the previous year.

68. The following statement shews the number, religion and other details with regards to the prisoners in the Jail at Akalkot during the year under report:—

Remaining at the close of the year 1891-92.	Imprisoned during the year.	Total.	Sex.		Religion.		Confined under one month.	Under three months.	Under six months.	Under one year.	Under three years.	Under seven years.	Under ten years.	Transportation.	How disposed of.	
			Male.	Female.	Hindoos.	Muslimans.									Released during the year.	Remaining at the close of the year.
33	36	69	61	8	51	18	11	19	13	6	6	12	1	1	50	19

69. The number of prisoners confined in Jail during the year under report was in excess by 9 of the previous year. In 67 cases the imprisonment was rigorous, and in 2 it was simple.

70. No unfavourable reports were received from the Jail Superintendent with respect to the conduct of any of the prisoners, and hence the general conduct of the

whole number must be taken to be satisfactory. None of the prisoners were punished for breach of Jail rules. There were no escapes from the Jail in the year under report. The number of admissions of re-convicted prisoners fell from 5 to 3 during the year under report.

71. The convicts were employed on public, conservancy and other works, &c. The proceeds of convicts' labour were Rs. 277 against Rs. 359 in the previous year.

72. The total cost of maintenance and control of the whole of the Jail establishment, including the cost of maintenance, *viz.*, Rs. 700, of 7 convicts at the Andamans, who have been sentenced to transportation for life, amounted to Rs. 3,028 during the year against Rs. 2,815 in the previous year, shewing an increase of Rs. 213. It was due to the fact that the number of prisoners admitted during the year was larger.

73. The general health of the prisoners during the year was good; there was only one death, that of an old inmate from a chronic affection of the knee-joint. The common ailments were ague, dysentery, colic, &c. The average daily number of sick prisoners was 1.97 during the year against 1.23 in the year before.

74. The Jail was visited and inspected at times by the Raja Saheb. The District and the Sub-Divisional Magistrates visit the Jail alternately at least once a week, and quarterly meetings of the visitors of the Jail are regularly held. Proper attention was paid to general comforts of the prisoners.

Lock-ups.

75. There are only two lock-ups, one attached to the Chief Constable's Kacheri, and the other to the Second Class Magistrate's Court. The first is 20 by 15½ feet, and the second is 21 by 15¾ feet. The second lock-up consists of two rooms, one for females and the other for males, while the first has only one. Both the lock-ups have been properly secured. The average period of detention in the Magistrate's lock-up was 26 days against 6 days in the year before. The detention of under-trial prisoners in custody, for a period longer than usual during the year under review, was partly due to the ill-health for more than 2 months of Mr. Phansalker, the only available First Class Magistrate, as the State Karbhari was exercising Police powers, and partly to the fact that in the demand under the Extradition Act for the surrender of some persons, who had to be kept in custody awaiting the requisition by the States concerned, there was necessarily some delay.

(g) Civil Justice.

76. The following Civil Courts were at work during the year under report:—

- (1) The Appellate Court of the Raja Saheb.
- (2) The Sub-Judge's Court, Akalkot.
- (3) The Munsiff's Court, Pilio.
- (4) Do. Kurla.

77. The Supervisional Court of the Political Agent, Akalkot, was also at work at Sholapur.

78. The Courts of the Raja Saheb and the Sub-Judge have been constituted under the authority of the Government of India, and are continued by that authority.

79. The jurisdiction of the Appellate Court of the Raja Saheb is unlimited. He can entertain any appeal irrespective of the amount of its valuation, and the decisions passed by him are final, for it has been decided that the authority of the Political Agent's Court is rather supervisional than appellate, and the Political Agent will not interfere on merely technical grounds, where the judgment of the Raja Saheb appears otherwise sound.

80. The jurisdiction of the Sub-Judge, Akalkot, is the same as is that of the 1st Class Sub-Judge in the British Territory. In addition to their revenue work, the Mahalkaries of Pilio and Kurla exercise original jurisdiction up to Rs. 500, and first appeal against their decision lies to the Sub-Judge, Akalkot, and second to the Raja Saheb.

81. The year under review opened with a balance of 24 undisposed of suits, and 439 new suits were filed during the year against 482. Thus the total number of suits for disposal was 463 as compared with 508 during the last year. Of these, 423 suits were disposed of during the year, leaving a balance of 40 (*vide* Appendix XIII.).

82. The average duration of suits disposed of during the year was as given below:—

			Duration.				
			o. of suits disposed of.	1891-92.		1892-93.	
				M.	D.	M.	D.
1.	Sub-Judge, Akalkot	...	393	1	25	3	9
2.	Do. Pilio	...	28	1	5	1	16
3.	Do. Kurla	...	2	2	3	6	26

83. The above will show that the average duration of suits disposed of during the year was longer than that of the last year, and it was partly due to the ill-health of the Sub-Judge, who is also a Sub-Divisional Magistrate, as stated in para. 75 above, and partly to the fact that a new Mahalkari being appointed at Kurla some time elapsed before he was invested with civil powers.

84. The State Karbhari begs to observe that in order that delay may not be occasioned in the disposal of civil work during the absence of the Sub-Judge on leave, the Raja Saheb was in communication with Mr. Snow, the then Political Agent, requesting him to depute some one from the Sholapur Bar to do the civil work. As, however, no one was willing to accept the temporary vacancy thus caused, there was an interruption to the civil work during that period.

85. Of the total number of suits disposed of, 59 were decided *ex-parte*, 248 admitted and compromised, 71 struck off the file, and 45 were otherwise disposed of,—thus making a total of 423 of disposed of suits. For detailed information, *vide* Appendix XIII.

86. The aggregate value of the 439 suits filed during the year was Rs. 32,798-6-0, against Rs. 40,915-3-5 of 482 suits of the last year. The value of 423 suits disposed of during the year was Rs. 31,903-15-0, against Rs. 40,643-1-7 of the 484 suits of the year before.

87. The subjoined table gives the number and value of civil suits:—

Name of Court.	Suits for immoveable property.				Money Suits.			
	1891-92.		1892-93.		1891-1892.		1892-93.	
	No.	Value.	No.	Value.	No.	Value.	No.	Value.
		Rs. a. p.		Rs. a. p.		Rs. a. p.		Rs. a. p.
Akalkot	31	4,434 9 0	28	3,681 2 8	379	30,066 10 8	370	29,864 6 9
Pilio	5	807 12 4	3	145 0 0	43	2,479 0 5	24	1,008 4 10
Kurla ... ..	...	.....	...	.....	4	149 14 0	3	616 14 0
Total...	36	5,242 5 4	31	3,826 2 8	426	32,695 9 1	397	31,489 9 7

88. Appendix **XIV.** gives account with respect to the execution of decrees. There was an opening balance of 58 applications for execution of decrees, which were not executed, against 99 in the previous year. The applications filed in the year were 408, against 326 in the year before. Thus, the total number of applications for execution of decrees in the year under report was 466, out of which 382 were disposed of, against 367 in the preceding year, leaving a balance of 84 at the close of the year. Of the 84 applications pending disposal at the close of the year, 53 were below 6 months' duration, 11 below 12 months', and 20 above 12 months', against 22, 9, and 27 respectively in the previous year. The number of applications pending disposal above one year has fallen down from 27 to 20. Of the latter, 11 are for attachment of the periodical income of the judgment-debtors, especially those of the State servants.

Miscellaneous Applications.

89. Five applications for certificate of heirship were presented to the Raja Sahab during the year under report. There was no balance of the last year. Out of these 5 applications, 2 were disposed of by the Raja Sahab in favour of the applicants, leaving a balance of 3 at the end of the year. Of these, two have been subsequently disposed of in April 1893, and one is with the Sub-Judge.

90. There was another miscellaneous application before the Raja Sahab. It was disposed of during the year 1893-94.

Civil Appellate Work.

91. The following table shows the work done by the Appellate Courts. From the decisions of the Sub-Judge the appeal lies to the Raja Sahab, and from the decisions of Mahalkaries of Kurla and Pilio the first appeal lies to the Sub-Judge, Akalkot, and the second to the Raja Sahab.

NAME OF COURT.	How disposed of.										Average duration.						
	Value of appeals filed during						Cases				1891-92.		1892-93.				
	Decisions confirmed.		Decisions reversed.		Decisions amended.		Cases remanded for re-trial.		Cases compromised and otherwise disposed of.		Years.	Months.	Days.	Years.	Months.	Days.	
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18
Joint Court	1891-92	1	...	10	...	...	3	1	...	2	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	1891-92	9	...	...	...	3,616 14 0	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	1892-93	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Raja Sahab	1891-92	4	4	4	1	226 4 0	1	10	...	1	1	...	...	...	...	...	2 0
	1891-92	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	1892-93	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Sub-Judge	1891-92	...	1	1	...	10 0 0	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1 29
	1891-92	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	1892-93	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Total	...	14	15	16	14	3,853 2 0	4	11	3	...	3	...	...	...	...	...	...

* This is the correct value. Rs. 6,853-2-0 entered in the last year's Report was a clerical mistake.

92. Thus it will be seen that 13 appeals were filed during the year against 14 in the year before. Including the balance of the last year the total number for disposal was 16 against 15 in the last year. Fourteen appeals were disposed of during the year, 12 by the Raja Sahib and 2 by the Sub-Judge, leaving a balance of 2 at the close of the year, which were sent to the Lower Court for recording additional evidence.

Working of the Mamlatdar's Court Act.

93. There was only one application under this Act filed during the year under report. It was decided in favour of plaintiff. No such application was made last year. As reported in the last year's Administration Report, it seems that the people as yet do not see their way to resort to the speedy and cheap remedy provided by this Act, in spite of the intentions of the Political Agent, as conveyed in his letter No. 3677, dated 6th July 1892, being made widely known to the public at large. It is hoped that they will avail themselves of the provisions of the Act gradually. Three applications have already been filed in this year up to the date of the submission of this Report.

(h) Registration.

94. The Registry offices at work during the year were—

1. District Registrar (Sub-Judge), Akalkot.
2. Sub-Registrar, Akalkot.
3. Do. Pilio (Mahalkari).
4. Do. Kurla (Mahalkari).

95. Till March last the Nazir of the Sub-Judge's Court was looking after the registration work in addition to his own duties, but it being found that the duties of both the works being too heavy for him to be satisfactorily discharged, the two offices were separated and a separate man was appointed as Sub-Registrar on Rs. 20 per mensem, and it has been found that the system works well.

96. The total number of documents presented for registration and registered was 810 during the year under report, against 704 in the previous year (*vide* Appendix XV.). All the documents received this year were registered.

97. The following table gives the details of receipts and expenditure on account of registration in the year under report as contrasted with those of the preceding year:—

Description,	1891-92.			1892-93.		
	No. of deeds.	Value of property.	Fees realized.	No. of deeds.	Value of property.	Fee realized.
		Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.		Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.
Mortgage deeds ...	287	55,250 5 0	463 2 0	335	61,654 3 4	571 8 0
Sale deeds ...	291	38,021 2 2	367 4 0	340	50,250 8 10	407 10 0
Wills ...	...	.....	.....	3	344 0 0	5 14 0
Money bond ...	...	.....	.....	1	400 0 0	4 0 0
Miscellaneous ...	126	16,340 7 0	202 0 2	131	10,250 3 9	204 10 0
Fees for safe custody ...	...	.....	25 13 0	...	.....	22 14 0
Copying fee ...	...	.....	0 8 0	...	.....	1 8 6
Total ...	704	1,09,611 14 2	1,058 11 2	810	1,22,898 15 11	*1218 0 6
Deduct Expenditure ...	...	.....	422 6 6	...	.....	†351 15 7
Net profits ...	...	.....	636 4 8	...	.....	866 0 11

* Out of this amount Rs. 56-7-0 being for Kurla are not included in the accounts in Appendix XVII.

† Out of this amount Rs. 7-3-0 being for Kurla are not included in the accounts in Appendix XVII.

98. The value of property of registered documents was Rs. 1,22,893-15-11 during the year under report against Rs. 1,09,611-14-2 in the preceding year. The total income was Rs. 1,218-0-6 against Rs. 1,058-11-2.

99. The rules for registration of documents were introduced into the State in 1886 and the above fact and figures will show that within such a short time as that the number of documents presented for registration is vastly increased, and that the income derived therefrom has more than trebled itself. It is, therefore, apparent that people seem to understand the benefits accruing from registration of documents.

(i) *Municipal Administration.*

100. Though there is no constituted Municipality as such in this State, the sanitary condition of the town was good, being looked after by a conservancy establishment under the supervision of the State Medical Officer who has to go round the town daily, if possible, on inspection duty. The cost of maintaining this establishment was Rs. 2,713-4-7 in the year under report against Rs. 2,893-6-1 in the year before. The cost is met from Local Funds and the grant set apart for Public Works. The decrease in expenditure was due to the fact that special expenditure had not to be incurred as was the case last year owing to the investiture of the Raje Saheb.

CHAPTER IV.

PRODUCTION AND DISTRIBUTION.

(a) Agriculture, Weather and Crops.

101. The total rainfall during the year was 48·27 inches against 21·65 in the last year. As however it was unseasonable and excessive, especially in March 1893, there was a little damage to the Rabi crop. The Kharif cultivation during the year was Rs. 0-5-5 against Rs. 0-2-0 in the year before. This shows that the Kharif cultivation was in a somewhat better condition during the year than in the previous year. There was plenty of fodder for the cattle to graze.

Agricultural Stock.

102. Since the introduction of Symond's forms into the State last year, information as regards census of the agricultural stock falls due on the first of July of every year. As such information from several villages was specially called for in March 1892 instead of in July 1892, and made use of for the last year's Administration Report, the same information has to be made use of this year again, and the information now called for will be available for the Administration Report for the year 1893-94. As for details, *vide* Appendix XVI.

(b) Wages and Labour, &c.

103. There was no change in the wages of labour. The average rate of unskilled labourers was the same as that of the last year, *viz.*, from 3 to 4 annas and that of skilled labourers was from 8 to 12 annas per day (*vide* para. 67 of the last year's Administration Report). The rate for hire of carts was from 12 annas to one Rupee per day.

Price of food grains.

104. The rates of food grains were:—

								1891-92.	1892-93.
								lbs.	lbs.
Jowari	per rupee	...	...	...	...	...	...	39	37
Rice	"	...	...	...	...	...	...	18	19
Jagri or gur	"	...	...	...	...	...	...	14	13
Gram	"	...	...	...	...	...	...	23	33
Wheat	"	...	...	...	...	...	...	20	20
Linseed	"	...	...	...	...	...	...	21	20
Kardi	"	...	...	...	...	...	...	39	60

105. The Jowari was dearer than last year. The dearness was partly due to the excessive rainfall and partly to exportation.

(c) *Forest.*

106. The State Karbhari was in charge of the Forest Department throughout the year. There are no protected forests in the State, all lands in the possession of the Forest Department being declared reserved forests except four Survey Numbers of 4 villages (No. 50 of Mundewadi, No. 33 of Matanhalli, No. 243 of Waghdari and No. 109 of Mhaisalge). These numbers were notified under Section 6 of the Indian Forest Act in January 1893, but remained to be dealt with under Section 19. No further reductions in the forest area occurred during the year, so the area remained the same at the close of the year, as at its commencement, *viz.*, acres 32,930-19. The Survey Assessment on the whole land under forests is Rs. 22,674-9-0.

107. The following table gives in detail the account of the Protective Establishment entertained and its monthly cost:—

No.	Range.	Foresters.		Forest Guards.			Total No.	Monthly cost.	REMARKS.
		Pay ...	Rs. 20	Rs. 11	Rs. 10	Rs. 8	Rs. 7		
								Rs. a. p.	
1	Akalkot ...	1	...	1	1	9	12	101 0 0	The total monthly cost entered in the last year's administration report is ... Rs. 133 Add—pay of one Guard promoted from Rs. 8 to 10. „ 2 Total...Rs. 135 Deduct—pay of one Guard reduced from Rs. 8 to 7...Rs. 1 Hence the total Rs. 134
2	Pitlo ...	...	1	...	1	2	4	33 0 0	
	Total ...	1	1	1	2	11	16	134 0 0	

108. In the subjoined table the forest receipts are detailed and contrasted with those of the previous year:—

Receipts.	1891-92.	1892-93.	Increase.	Decrease.
<i>I.—Timber and other produce removed from the forests by Government Agency.</i>	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.
1. Firewood ...	34 3 3	190 9 0	156 5 9	.....
2. Other minor produce ...	0 8 0	23 4 0	22 12 0	.....
<i>II.—Timber and other produce removed from the forests by consumers or purchasers.</i>				
1. Firewood ...	23 5 6	14 8 3	.....	8 13 3
2. Grazing and fodder grass ...	4,661 15 9	4,901 2 9	239 3 0	.....
3. Other minor produce ...	21 8 6	1,247 4 6	1,225 12 0	.....
4. Confiscated drift and waif-wood ...	17 2 3	6 3 1	.....	10 15 2
<i>III.—Miscellaneous</i> ...	119 8 6	118 7 4	.....	1 1 2
Total ...	4,878 3 9	6,501 6 11	1,644 0 9	20 13 7

109. The above figures show that the forest revenue rose from Rs. 4,878-3-9 to Rs. 6,501-6-11, showing an increase of Rs. 1,623-3-2. It was mainly due to the auction sale of the Tarwad in the two Ranges and partly to the fact that "Grazing and fodder grass, &c.," fetched more price during the year.

110. The following statement shows the expenditure incurred during the year as compared with the previous year :—

Heads of expenditure.						1891-92	1892-93
						Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.
(a)	Conservancy and works	...	...	...	...	867 3 4	613 7 4
(b)	Establishments	...	...	...	...	1,708 4 10	1,876 8 1
Total						2,575 8 2	2,489 15 5

111. The decrease of Rs. 85-3-9 was due to the fact that the work of erecting cairns (boundary marks), &c., was not done this year, there being no want of them as there were many cairns already erected.

112. Deducting the total expenditure from the total revenue from forests, the net income in the year was Rs. 4,011-7-6, against Rs. 2,302-11-7 in the year before.

113. No free grants were made during the year. The forest reserves of five villages were opened during the year for the grazing of agricultural and milch cattle. This grass was the only forest produce enjoyed free of purchase as these villages contributed *gairan* to the Forest Department.

114. No special establishments were entertained for the protection of forest reserves against fire; the Beat Guards did this in addition to their own duties. Fire traces were burnt, 23 miles in Akalkot and 6 miles in Pilio on forest boundaries, the traces along the Railway being 100 ft. and in other places 33 ft. in width. But as they were not burnt in time, four fires occurred in the Akalkot Range and one in the Pilio Range. The total area burnt was 30 acres, the damage being assessed at Rs. 5-7-0. No fire occurred in the previous year.

115. It is to be pointed out that the forest land in the Akalkot State with few exceptions chiefly consists of murum, therefore not conducive to the production of trees, stunted bushes and grass being the only produce of it.

116. The following statement shows the results of cases in which criminal prosecution was deemed necessary in the year under report as compared with the year before :—

YEAR.	Cases pending for the last year.	New cases of the year.					Total cases.	Disposed of during the year.						Cases pending at the close of the year.	REMARKS.		
		Injury to forests by fire.	Unauthorized felling or appropriation of wood and other minor forest produce.	Grazing without permission or in violation of wood-tracts in which grazing is prohibited.	Other offences.	Total new cases of the year.		Convicted.		Acquitted or discharged.		Total.					
								Cases.	Persons.	Cases.	Persons.	Cases.	Persons.			Cases.	Persons.
1891-92	...		4	22	4	30	30	20	41	10	16	30	57	.....			
1892-93	...			45	3	48	48	34	65	14	30	48	95	.....			

117. Cases compounded in the year under Section 67 of the Act were 181 and the damages collected Rs. 326-10-6 against ~~Rs.~~ 97 and Rs. 186-3-7, respectively, in the previous year. The increase in such cases is due to the leniency shown to the villagers by the Forest Department, instead of bringing them into criminal courts to be prosecuted. Almost all of the offences which occurred during the year under report were of illicit cattle grazing in closed forests.

118. The forester of Akalkot and four Beat Guards were departmentally fined for negligence of duty, and one Beat Guard was dismissed on account of grave misconduct during the year.

(d) *Trade and Manufacture.*

119. There is no record to show the values of exports and imports as the State does not levy import or export duties. There are no factories in the State except some local industries, such as hand-weaving of *saries*, *camblies*, common turbans, &c. They are fairly in a thriving condition. The principal exports are jwari and linseed. The principal imports are rice, cocoanuts, betelnuts, sugar, spices, salt and cotton stuffs.

(e) *Fairs.*

120. Annual fairs are held at the villages of Haidre, Burhanpur, Waghdari, Karajgi, Mangrul and Jeur. They are all small religious fairs and are not of importance to trade.

(f) *Public Works.*

121. The following statement gives the details of the amounts expended during the year on Public Works:—

Works.	State Funds.	Local Funds.	Total.
	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.
Road and road-side trees	11,737 3 9	4,621 15 9	16,359 3 6
Wells ... ..	.....	1,996 2 7	1,996 2 7
Buildings	12,009 0 11	.....	12,009 0 11
Dharmshallas ... ..	.....	189 3 2	189 3 2
Chowdees	378 13 0	.....	378 13 0
Conservancy	1,713 4 7	1,000 0 0	2,713 4 7
Miscellaneous	221 5 11	720 10 8	942 0 7
Total	26,059 12 2	8,528 0 2	34,587 12 4
Establishment	1,200 0 0	931 15 0	2,131 15 0
GRAND TOTAL	27,259 12 2	9,459 15 2	36,719 11 4

122.* Out of the sum of Rs. 12,009-0-11 on account of "Buildings," Rs. 5,501-1-4 are for the Political Agent's bungalow, which is being built on the same site of the old one, and Rs. 2,596-10-9 for another bungalow for Miss Moxon, in the compound of the Political Agent's bungalow, which was completed during the year, under report.

123. The Akalkot-Hanur Road, being 10 miles in length, which was completed by the Public Works Department of Sholapur, was given in charge of the State, on the 20th February 1893; and it was opened for traffic shortly after.

CHAPTER V.

REVENUE AND FINANCE.

124. Appendix XVII. shows the actual income and expenditure of the State. The opening balance at the commencement of the year was Rs. 1,34,598-8-8, total receipts Rs. 2,81,947-15-1, and expenditure Rs. 3,03,624-2-10, leaving a balance of Rs. 1,12,922-4-11.

Statement I.

Year.	Opening balance.			Receipts.			Expenditure.			Closing balance.		
	Rs.	a.	p.	Rs.	a.	p.	Rs.	a.	p.	Rs.	a.	p.
1889-90	1,45,900	1	7	2,92,105	14	4	3,07,213	9	0	1,30,792	6	11
1890-91	1,30,792	6	11	3,23,478	0	10	2,89,826	14	3	1,64,443	9	6
1891-92	1,64,443	9	6	2,99,280	9	7	3,29,125	10	5	1,34,598	8	8
1892-93	1,34,598	8	8	2,81,947	15	1	3,03,624	2	10	1,12,922	4	11

125. The apparent decrease in income, as compared with the previous year, is due to the fact that last year a large sum of advances, deposits, &c., was recovered, and also Rs. 5,017-18-1 were refunded by the Executive Engineer, Sholapur, on account of the Shirshi Bandhara.

126. Of the balance of Rs. 1,12,922-4-11 at the end of the year under report, there are Rs. 72,922-4-11 in cash, and Rs. 40,000 in Government Promissory Notes that were purchased during the year.

Statement II.

127. Abstract Statement of Income:—

No.	Item.	1889-90.	1890-91.	1891-92.	1892-93.
		Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.
1	Land Revenue	1,89,605 13 2	1,95,998 0 2	1,95,512 1 2	1,96,307 0 4
2	Local Fund	16,845 1 4	18,629 2 2	18,696 12 3	19,209 8 1
3	Sayar	37,397 0 7	39,831 11 2	31,304 7 2	25,250 8 1
4	Judicial	2,675 12 4	2,065 14 11	1,210 14 4	1,252 9 7
5	Registration	751 14 8	875 1 0	943 15 2	1,161 9 6
6	Stamps	8,539 4 2	7,710 0 0	9,465 12 0	8,582 11 0
7	Educational	5,233 13 0	5,194 13 0	5,109 10 0	5,203 12 7
8	Jail	611 10 9	330 14 6	359 5 3	277 3 6
9	Private Establishment (property)	11,183 13 7	8,001 3 5	1,917 7 7	5,746 11 6
10	Miscellaneous	4,016 5 3	28,752 10 6	11,903 14 2	7,242 14 7
11	Forests	3,122 3 3	3,170 5 9	4,878 3 9	6,501 6 11
12	Police	352 0 7	557 7 4	531 14 11	403 2 2
13	Advances, deposits, &c. ...	11,771 1 8	12,360 12 11	17,446 3 10	4,808 13 3
	Total ...	2,92,105 14 4	3,23,478 0 10	2,99,280 9 7	2,81,947 15 1

(a) The slight increase in land revenue is due to waste lands having been taken up for cultivation.

(b) The increase in Local Fund is also due partly to the above, and partly to the levy of new "toll" on the road recently constructed.

(c) The decrease of Rs. 6,053-15-1 under (3) "Sayar" is mainly due to the non-recovery of the Mokas Umal due from some Talukas of the British Territory, as the statements (Akarni-Patrakas) submitted by the Mamledars were not sanctioned.

(d) The income under (5) "Registration" is steadily increasing.

(e) There was a large decrease under (9) "Private Establishment (property)" in 1891-92. The reason has been given in the last year's Administration Report (*vide* para. 89 *f*). In the year under report the usual receipts came and were credited.

(f) The decrease under (10) "Miscellaneous" this year is due to the fact that last year Rs. 5,017-3-1 were refunded by the Executive Engineer, Sholapur, on account of the Shirshi Bandhara.

(g) The increase of Rs. 1,623-3-2 under (11) "Forests" has been accounted for in para. 109 above.

(h) The large decrease under (13) "Advances, &c," is due to the fact that a large sum was recovered last year.

(i) The increases and decreases under the remaining heads are slight and therefore need no remark.

Statement III.

128. Abstract Statement of Expenditure :—

No.	Item.	1889-90.	1890-91.	1891-92.	1892-93.
		Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.
1	Expenses of the Raja, relations and private establishments ...	1,19,498 14 0	1,04,963 0 1	1,31,856 2 7	1,26,037 7 10
1A	Raja Saheb's investiture ...	.....	.....	25,613 2 6	.....
2	Religious and charitable allowances ...	6,124 8 3	3,901 0 8	6,354 2 9	5,167 15 5
3	Hereditary allowances ...	4,980 9 0	2,988 3 0	5,994 4 0	5,333 2 5
4	District hereditary officers...	11,852 1 0	11,145 2 7	11,139 3 9	11,950 8 8
5	Village do. ...	12,514 1 0	12,870 1 8	12,377 5 9	12,756 4 8
6	Village servants and expenses ...	2,472 0 5	2,586 3 0	2,401 4 11	2,556 13 6
7	Political establishment ...	2,840 12 1	1,379 7 6	233 14 5	208 2 9
7A	Huzur (Raja Saheb's) office. ....	.....	.....	1,342 7 7	2,578 8 2
8	Civil Court... ..	7,115 5 10	5,760 4 3	6,209 6 2	5,803 8 7
9	Revenue establishment ...	15,056 3 10	14,979 3 1	15,276 12 7	13,858 6 5
10	Jail	2,606 5 5	3,387 6 2	2,814 8 11	3,027 13 4
11	Police	10,682 7 1	10,849 13 9	9,917 2 3	10,000 11 2
12	Shibandi	5,023 3 6	4,681 2 6	4,951 1 4	4,418 4 8
13	Judicial expenses ...	754 1 1	629 15 0	817 11 3	875 14 6
14	Stamps	244 6 3	983 12 3	363 2 3	356 1 6
15	Commuted payment to British Government in lieu of Akalkot Contingent ..	14,592 0 0	14,592 0 0	14,592 0 0	14,592 0 0
16	Pensions	6,932 6 4	9,442 13 4	14,267 5 8	9,961 5 6
17	Medical	2,578 11 8	2,865 0 11	3,920 1 2	3,085 14 10
18	Educational	9,239 13 1	9,202 0 1	9,479 3 10	9,428 0 9
19	Local Fund	12,627 6 7	10,087 14 4	13,404 14 9	15,984 9 11
20	Public Works	47,610 0 4	21,355 12 7	26,040 11 6	27,259 12 2
21	Registration accounts ...	112 11 3	184 3 5	398 1 7	344 12 7
22	Forest accounts	2,690 1 5	3,090 1 1	2,575 8 2	2,489 15 5
23	Miscellaneous	1,767 1 0	1,049 10 3	983 15 9	6,697 11 10
24	Advances, deposits, &c. ...	7,858 6 7	36,793 6 6	5,755 13 11	5,111 0 6
25	Imperial census ... ..	.....	53 4 3	46 1 1	552 10 11
26	Revision Survey ... ..	.....	.....	.....	3,096 8 10
	Total	3,07,213 9 0	2,89,826 14 3	3,29,125 10 5	3,03,624 2 10

(a) There was a large increase under (1) "Expenses of the Raja, relations, &c.," in the last year and the reasons for it have been already given in the last year's Administration Report, para. 90 (a). The net expenditure under this head is Rs. 1,06,037-7-10, and Rs. 20,000 have been set aside to meet the marriage expenses of the little princesses, Guzra Raja and Putla Raja, when they would come of age, and this is to be continued every year till the amount accumulates to two lacs for both.

(b) The decrease under (2) "Religious and charitable allowances" and (3) "Hereditary allowances," this year is due to the fact that the arrears were paid last year.

(c) The increase under (4) "District hereditary officers" and (5) "Village hereditary officers" is due to the arrears paid during the year under report.

(d) The increase of Rs. 1,236-0-7 under (7A) "Huzur (Raja Sahab's) Office" is due to the entertainment of the establishment for a period of one year. Last year's figures are for a period of 5 months.

(e) The decrease of Rs. 315-7-7 under (8) "Civil Court" is due partly to the cost of furniture bought last year and partly to the payment of a large sum on account of travelling expenses of the establishment incurred in 1891-92.

(f) The decrease of Rs. 1,418-6-2 under (9) "Revenue establishment" is due partly to the travelling allowances, &c., paid to the establishment, and partly to the cost of furniture and books, &c., bought last year.

(g) The increase under (10) "Jail" has been explained in para. 72 above.

(h) The increase under (11) "Police" has been explained in para. 44 above.

(i) The decrease under (12) "Shibandi" has been explained in para. 42 above.

(j) The decrease of Rs. 4,306-2-0 under (16) "Pensions" is due partly to the death of some pensioners this year and partly to the arrears paid last year.

(k) The decrease under (17) "Medical" has been explained in para. 135 below.

(l) The increase of Rs. 2,579-11-2 under (19) "Local Fund" is due to greater expenditure on the construction and repair of roads and wells, &c., during the year under report.

(m) The increase under (20) "Public Works" is due to the amount paid into the Huzur Treasury, Sholapur, for the construction of Sangwi-Waghadari road, as desired by the Executive Engineer, Sholapur.

(n) The decrease under (22) "Forest Account" has been explained in para. 111 above.

(o) The increase of Rs. 5,713-12-1 under (23) "Miscellaneous" is partly due to the donations granted to the Fergusson College, Sassoon Hospital Nursing Fund, and Bombay Rifle Association, Poona, and to the Union Club, Sholapur, &c., and partly to the purchases of five shares of the Poona Cotton and Silk Manufacturing Company.

(p) The decrease of Rs. 644-13-5 under (24) "Advances, &c.," is due to the fact that less deposits were paid.

(q) The increase of Rs. 506-9-10 under (25) "Imperial Census" is due to the arrears of expenditure paid to the British Government.

(r) The sum of Rs. 3,096-8-10 under (26) is on account of "Revision Survey" which is going on in the State in the year under report.

(s) The increases and decreases under the remaining heads are slight and require no explanation.

129. No salt is allowed to be produced in the State. Government pays Rs. 142-0-10 as compensation for the prohibition. The Abkari revenues are under the management of the British Government, which pays Rs. 2,257 per year as compensation to the State. The opium contract is given by the State, but the opium must be bought from the Government depôts in the British Territory. No takavi remissions were granted during the year. Customs and transit duties are not levied in the State.

Alienations.

130. The particulars under this head are furnished in para. 16 above.

CHAPTER VI.

VITAL STATISTICS AND MEDICAL RELIEF.

131. There is only one charitable dispensary in the State. It is at Akalkot itself, under the charge of a competent Medical Officer. He also looks after the sanitation of the town of Akalkot.

132. The following table shows the number of patients treated, and the expenditure incurred in the year under report, as compared with the previous two years:—

Dispensary.	No. of patients treated.		Results.				Expenditure.	Daily average.
	In-door.	Out-door.	Discharged.	Absent-ed.	Died.	Remain-ing under treat-ment		
<i>Akalkot.</i>								
1890-91	38	9,116	7,109	1,960	5	80	2,865	85.8
1891-92	80	11,693	9,194	2,465	26	88	3,920	119.13
1892-93	84	10,003	8,205	1,776	6	100	3,086	95.38

133. The slight decrease in the out-door patients was evidently due to a healthy sanitary condition throughout the year. The Raje Saheb visits the Dispensary occasionally and takes interest in this charitable institution. A passed medical pupil has been lately appointed as a senior compounder in the year 1893-94.

134. The prevailing diseases were fevers, opthalmia, bronchitis, animal parasites, affections of the digestive system, and skin diseases, &c. The general health of the town of Akalkot was fairly good throughout the year. A special conservancy establishment is maintained by the State to look after the sanitation of the town, there being no Municipality. Akalkot was free from cholera or any other epidemic.

135. The total cost for maintaining this charitable institution was Rs. 3,086 in the year under report, against Rs. 3,920 in the previous year. The decrease is due to some costly instruments purchased last year.

136. 7 *post-mortem* examinations were held during the year under report, as against three in the year before. There were 40 medico-legal cases reported upon, against 26. There were 14 major, and 374 minor surgical operations performed during the year, against 8 and 207 respectively in the previous year.

Vital Statistics.

137. The number of births and deaths for the year under report, as compared with those of the previous year are shown in the following table :—

	1891-92.	1892-93.	Increase.	Decrease.
Births	2,641	2,309	.....	332
Deaths	1,958	1,255	.....	703

138. The general health of the public was good, and hence the decrease in the number of deaths. Deaths from the principal diseases in the year under report and the past year were as under :—

	1891-92.	1892-1893.
Cholera	510	.....
Fever... ..	870	674
Small-pox	3	.....
Dysentery	282	229

139. There were 22 accidental deaths, out of which 15 were from drowning, and 3 by snake-bites, 3 by hanging, and 1 by the overturn under a cart. The number of accidental deaths last year was 21.

140. Out of 2,309 children born during the year, 1,213 were males, and 1,096 females. Out of 1,255 deaths, 664 were males, and 591 females.

141. The birth-rate per *mille* of population under the census of 1891 (75,774) was 30.4 in the year under report, against 34.8 in the year before. The death-rate was 16.5, against 25.8 in the previous year.

142. The accuracy of birth and death registers is tested by the police and revenue officers when on tour. Orders were issued for keeping the registers more carefully.

Vaccination.

143. The Vaccination Department of the State is in charge of the Deputy Sanitary Commissioner, C. D. There is one vaccinator for the State, under the supervision of the Inspector of Sanitation and Vaccination, Sholapur, who gets a

monthly remuneration of Rs. 5 for the purpose. The monthly pay of the vaccinator is Rs. 14 and is paid by the State. The total cost of vaccination, which is debited to Local Funds, was Rs. 314, against Rs. 328 in the preceding year.

144. The following table shows the work of vaccination performed during the year under report:—

Operation by whom performed.	No. of persons vaccinated in 1891-92.	No. of persons vaccinated in 1892-93.	Result.			
			Successful.		Unsuccessful.	
			1891-92	1892-93	1891-92	1892-93
By the vaccinator of Akalkot	2,057	1,848	1,946	1,722	111	126
Do. do. of Malsiras in Pilio Mahal	104	178	96	178	8	.....
Do. do. of Khatao in Kurla Mahal ... ..	.....	91	.....	89	.....	2
Total	2,161	2,117	2,042	1,989	119	128

Out of the 2,117 persons vaccinated during the year under report, 2,099 were primarily vaccinated and 18 re-vaccinated, against 2,161 and 11 respectively in the previous year. Of the 2,099 primary cases, 1,089 were males, and 1,010 females. The percentage of successful cases in the primary operations was 90 during the year under report against 94 in the year before. 11 cases of re-vaccination were successful.

CHAPTER VII.

INSTRUCTION.

145. The subjoined table gives the details of the number and description of the schools:—

Number.	Description of School.	No. of pupils on the roll on 31st March 1892.		No. of pupils on the roll on 31st March 1893.		Daily average attendance.	
		Boys.	Girls.	Boys.	Girls.	Boys.	Girls.
1	1st Grade Anglo-Vernacular School.	59	.....	63	.....	49.6	.....
24	Vernacular Primary Boys' Schools.	1,360	48	1,370	64	1,155.7	.....
1	Do, Girls' School ...	.....	60	.....	60	.....	39.7
1	Do. Night School ...	25	.....	24	.....	14.4	.....
5	Primary Hindustani Schools ...	180	5	146	21	126.9	.....
32	Total...	1,624	113	1,603	145	1,346.6	39.7

146. There are 26 Vernacular (Marathi) schools, 5 Hindustani schools and 1 Anglo-Vernacular school in this State, making in all 32 schools as in the previous year. The number of boys on the rolls was 1,603 and 145 girls, against 1,624 and 113 respectively in the previous year. The increase in the number of girls is satisfactory. There is, however, a slight decrease in the number of boys, which was due to the fee being levied on the boys attending the Hindustani schools during the year under report. Heretofore instruction was imparted gratis to all the students in the Hindustani schools. The daily average attendance of the boys was 1,346.6, and of the girls 30.7, against 1,297.17 and 42.4 respectively in the previous year.

147. In the last year's Administration Report the number of upper and lower primary schools has been separately shown, but as the number is fluctuating this year the distinction is not observed.

148. There is only one separate school at Akalkot for girls, under the charge of a trained mistress, and it is hoped that the school will flourish under her management.

149. Mr. Jogaleker, the Head Master of the Anglo-Vernacular school at Akalkot and Assistant Deputy Educational Inspector for the Marathi schools in the State, inspected all the Vernacular schools in the State except his own school, which was examined by the State Karbhari and the Sub-Judge during the year under report and the result was satisfactory. The State Karbhari has also inspected almost all the village schools when on tour at the time of Jamabandi. The annual examination of all the Hindustani schools in the State was held by the Head Master, Hindustani school of Akalkot, and the results were satisfactory.

150. The total cost of education was Rs. 9,428 in the year under report against Rs. 9,479 in the preceeding year. Of the sum spent on education Rs. 4,334 were defrayed from Local Funds.

151. The Educational Department was under the charge of the State Karbhari throughout the year.

152. Prizes were distributed to the successful boys and girls by the Raje Saheb during the year under report, with a view to stimulate, specially the attendance of the latter, and to give encouragement to education.

CHAPTER VIII.

MISCELLANEOUS.

Destruction of wild animals, &c.

153. As there are no many snakes and noxious wild beasts, no measures were adopted for their extermination, though the rules as regards their destruction are in force in this State. No reward was paid during the year.

Post Offices and Telegraph.

154. There is one Sub-Post Office at Akalkot itself, and three branch offices at Waghdari, Karjagi and Kurla. These Post Offices are maintained by the British Government, and as such are under their management. The Postal authorities have decided to open an experimental branch office at Pilio for six months, and have asked the State to lend the services of two State peons to do the work of runners, and the matter is under the consideration of the Raje Sahab.

The Postal authorities are also going to open a Telegraph Office at Akalkot shortly.

Record.

155. Both the High Court circulars being made applicable to the State, much progress is being made in the sorting and arranging the general record every year, and, it is hoped, it will be arranged up to date shortly. The whole record is in the charge of the State Karbhari. The revenue and magistrate records were arranged up to the year 1890-91 during the year, and not last year as has been stated in the Annual Report through oversight. The civil records have been arranged up to 1889-90. The sorting of the village records was not finished during the year.

Printing Press and Library.

156. Akalkot possesses no printing press. There is, however, one Library at the Capital Town, solely under the patronage of the Raje Sahab. It is in the contemplation of the Raje Sahab to provide the Library with a suitable building in the centre of the town. The number of subscribers is very meagre, and this shows the want of appreciation on the part of the general public of such a useful institution.

Taxes and Trades.

157. The only tax on trade is the license tax, levied as per Government Resolution No. 4107, dated 19th July 1886 (*vide* last para. of the last year's Administration Report). The income derived from this tax in the year was Rs. 6,273 against Rs. 6,615 in the preceding year. There is one Municipal Toll Naka at Akalkot, which realised Rs. 779 against Rs. 712-12-0 in the year before. Every encouragement is given to free trade by abolishing the import and export duties on it. The trade is showing signs of prosperity.

158. The Raje Sahab enjoyed good health throughout the year, and paid his close attention to the administration of the State.

Concluding Remarks.

159. The above will show that the administration of the State during the year under review was on the whole satisfactory, and that the several Departments of it were managed with proper care and attention. It may be pointed out also that a lower standard examination in force in the British Territory has been this year instituted into the State to test the qualifications of lower subordinates for

promotion, and it is hoped that this measure will be the means of securing a better class of servants for the post, the salary of which exceeds Rs. 20 per mensem.

160. The finances were in a fairly healthy condition. The ryots paid assessment punctually; and the fact that the amount of assessment left unrecovered this year was smaller than in the previous year, shows that the agricultural class was slightly better off during the year under report.

161. The total rainfall was above the average, being 48 inches and 27 cents., and owing to unseasonable showers there were some damages to the *rabi* crops. There was plenty of water and fodder for cattle. Works of public utility were also done to the extent of Rs. 43,243. Akalkot-Waghadari road was nearly completed this year. New dharamshallas and chawadies were being built.

162. The general health of the public at large was good. The trade was on its increase.

163. Making all due allowances for unavoidable delays and interruptions, justice in both of its branches—civil and criminal—was administered with sufficient promptness and regularity. With a view of assimilating as far as possible the laws of the State with those that are in force in the British Territory, the Sub-Judge has been directed to report whether Acts and Regulations can, with advantage, be added to those already introduced, and as soon as his report is received, the Raje Saheb intends recommending to the Political Agent to move the Government on the subject.

164. The police have shown a greater capacity for their work, and have shown considerable improvement, though there is still more room for improvement.

165. Education has made a fair progress, and the number of school-going girls has shown an increase by 32.

166. The Public Works Department, Dispensary, &c., have received their usual support and assistance from the State. The Dispensary is becoming more useful to the public at large year after year.

167. All the State officials, especially the Sub-Judge, Mr. D. N. Phansalker, and the Medical Officer, have done their respective works to the entire satisfaction of the undersigned, and it is very creditable to them.

VITHAL TIKAJI,

State Karbhari, Akalkot.

Akalkot, 13th July 1893.

Appendix I.

Political Relations of Native States.

Name of State.	Tribute in men or money.		Estimated population.	Schools.	Persons being taught.	Persons who have been vaccinated.	Prevailing diseases.	Supposed gross revenue.	Military force.	Transit dues levied or not.	Principal articles of production, manufacture and mines.
	Amount.	To whom payable.									
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
Akalkot	Rs. 14,592 (commuted payment in lieu of contingent of horse).	British Government.	75,774 (as per Census of 1891).	1 First Grade Anglo-Vernacular School. 24 Vernacular Primary Boys' Schools. 1 Do. Girls' School. 1 Do. Night School. 5 Primary Hindustani Schools. 32	Boys, 1,603 Girls, 145 Total 1,748	2,117	(1) Fevers; (2) Ophthalmia; (3) Bronchitis; (4) Animal Parasites; (5) Affections of the Digestive System; and (6) Skin Diseases.	Rs. a. p. 2,77,139 1 10	Jamadar 1 Havaldars 2 Naiks 3 Sepoys 40 Total 46 Artillery men ... 3 Grand Total 49	Transit duties have been abolished (vide G. R. No. 464107, dated 19th July 1886).	Agriculture being the sole occupation,—jowari, bajri, wheat, gram, rice, linseed and sugarcane are the principal products; sadis, coarse or common shelas, cholis and common turbans are the manufactures. There are no mines.

VITHAL TIKAJI,

State Karbhari, Akalkot.

Akalkot, 13th July 1893.

Appendix II.
POLITICAL RELATIONS.
Native Chiefs, principal Male Members of their Families, and principal Members of their Courts.

No.	Name of individual, State and family to which he belongs.	Residence.	Present position.	Caste, Race and Religion.	Age.	How and where educated.	How employed.	Has Sanad authorising adoption or not.	Family follows primogeniture or not.	Has male heirs or not.	REMARKS.
1		3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
1	Shahaji Maloji <i>alias</i> Baba Sateb Raje, Akalkot Bhosle.	Akal-kot.	Ruling Raja of the State.	Maratha Hindu.	Y. M. 25 4	In the Rajkumar School at Kolhapur.	Administers the affairs of the State.	Has a Sanad authorising adoption.	Follows primogeniture.	Not.	Has two daughters, one aged 6 years and 5 months and the other 3 years 4 months and 17 days on the 31st Mar. 1893.
2	Tulaji Fattensing <i>alias</i> Raje Saheb, Bhosle.	Poona.	Resides at Poona with his family on a monthly allowance of Rs. 500.	Do.	41 0	Privately and at Poona High School.	Looks after his own affairs.	.....	Do.	Do.	Has a daughter ; she was married in December 1889.

VITHAL TIKAJI,
State Karbhari, Akalkot.

Akalkot, 13th July 1895.

Appendix III.

Civil Divisions of Territory under Political Control, 1892-93.

Division.	Executive District.	No. of Executive Sub-divisions.	Area in square miles.	Population.	Chief towns with population.		Number of villages.	Number of Civil Judges.	No. of stipendiary Magistrates.	Maximum distance in miles of villages from nearest Court.	Average distance in miles of villages from nearest Court.	Number of Police.	Total cost of offices and Police of all kinds.	State Revenue.		REMARKS.
					Head-Quarters Town.	Popu-lation.								Land.	Gross.	
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17
Central Division.	Akalkot.	1. Akal- kot. 2. Pilo. 3. Kuria.	498	75,774, as per Census of 1891.	Akalkot.	6,551	108	3	5	23 miles.	10 miles.	59	Rs. 64,649-14-5	Rs. 1,96,307-0-4	Rs. 2,77,139-1-10	

VITHAL TIKAJI,
State Karbhari, Akalkot.

Akalkot, 13th July 1893.

Appendix IV.

Population of Native States, Akalkot State, 1892-93.

Commissionership.	District.	Population as per general census of 1891.								Classification of population.												Occupation.	Emigration or Immigration during the year.
		Men.	Women.	Children under 15 years.		Total.	No. per square mile.	Christians.			Hindus.	Mahomedans.	Parsees.	Buddhists and Jains.	Aborigines.	Others.							
				Male.	Female.			Europeans.	East Indian and other mixed races.	Natives.													
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22		
Central Division.	Akalkot State, including detached Mahals of Pille and Kuria.	11,002	24,105	23,215	14,510	13,944	75,774	152	1		1	65,034	10,230		508			24,401	14,214	Marathi and Canarese.	None.		

Akalkot, 13th July 1893.

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Appendix V.

STATEMENT showing the Strength, Cost and other Particulars of the Military Force in the Akalkot State, 1892-93.

Arm of Service.	The total number of fighting officers and men.								Details of force at the end of the year.						Total cost of pay and allowances of Officers, Non-Commissioned Officers and men, including followers.	REMARKS.
	Remaining at the end of the last year.	Recruited this year (a).	Died.			Invalided.	Discharged, deserted, &c. (b).	Remaining at the end of the year.	Number of Regiments, Battalions or Batteries.	Number of guns.	Number of men.					
			In action.	Otherwise.	Total.						European Commissioned Officers.	Native Commissioned Officers.	Non-Commissioned Officers.	Fighting men.		
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17
Cavalry	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...		+ Details of guns (52)— 45 Smooth Bore Muskets. 3 Small Cannons fit for use. 4 Small Cannons not fit for use. 52
Sappers	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...		
Artillery	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	3	...	7	...	...	...	3	.....	* Details of Infantry Force— 1 Jamadar. 2 Havaldars. 2 Naiks. 36 teepoys. — 41
Infantry	...	46	...	2	2	3	...	*41	...	45	...	...	...	*41	Rs. a. p. Establishment 3,936 11 9 Extra expenditure. 481 8 11	
Total...	49	...	...	2	2	3	...	44	...	+52	...	...	...	44	Rs. 4,418 4 8	

N.B.—5 places (2 of men died and 3 of men invalided, vide columns 5 and 7) have since been filled up in 1893-94.

Akalkot, 13th July 1893.

VITHAL TIKAJI,
State Karbhari, Akalkot.

Appendix VI.

STATEMENT showing the Strength, Cost, Discipline, and Education of the Police, 1892-93.

Description of Office.	Number.	Pay of the Grade	Total expenditure.	Punishments.			Rewards.		Education.		REMARKS.	
				Dismissed.	Fined, de- graded, or suspended mentally.	Judicially punished.	By promo- tion.	By money rewards.	Number able to read and write.	Number under instruction.		
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	
Chief Police Officer ..	....	Rs.	Establishment ..Rs. 9,107-8-2 Extra Expenditure .." 467-11-3 Police Fund Account...." 425-7-9 Total ..Rs. 10,000-11-2	....	....	....	....	....	....	....		
Inspector of Police ..	....	50		....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	
Chief Constable, IV Class	1	30		....	....	....	....	....	....	1	....	
Head do. 1st "	1	20		....	....	....	....	....	....	1	....	
Do. do. 2nd "	1	15		....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	
Do. do. 3rd "	2	12		....	....	....	....	....	....	2	....	
Do. do. 4th "	5	10		....	1	....	....	....	....	3	....	
Constable, 1st Class ..	14	9		....	....	....	....	....	....	2	....	
Do. 2nd "	15	8		....	....	....	....	....	....	2	....	
Do. 3rd "	10	7		....	....	....	....	....	....	2	....	
Do. 4th "	5		....	....	....	....	....	....	....	1		
Mounted Police.												
Daffadar ..	1	30		....	....	....	....	....	1	....		
Sowars...	4	25		....	....	....	....	....	1	....		
Total...	59			1	10	....	....	....	18	7		

VITHAL TIKAJI,
State Karbhari, Akalkot.

Akalkot, 13th July 1893.

Appendix VII.

STATEMENT showing the results of the working of the Police in the Akalkot State during the year ending 31st March 1893.

Name of State.	Number of offences.		Number of accused arrested.		Number of accused sent for trial.		Number of accused convicted.		Number of accused acquitted or discharged.		Percentage con- victed of accused arrested (Cols. 4 & 5).		Percentage con- victed of accused sent for trial.		REMARKS.
	1891-92.	1892-93.	1891-92.	1892-93.	1891-92.	1892-93.	1891-92.	1892-93.	1891-92.	1892-93.	1891-92.	1892-93.			
	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15		16
Akalkot ...	185	141	113	109	100	105	46	59	53	50	40.7	54.1	46.0	56.1	* 12 with the police at the end of the last year.
Pilho Division ...	17	2	9	11	9	11	8	7	1	4	88.8	63.6	88.8	63.6	113 arrested in the year under report,
Kurla do. ...	6	3	20	5	16	1	6	.....	10	5	30.0	.....	37.5	.....	Of the 125 accused arrested as shown in column 5.
															66 were convicted (column 9).
															59 discharged(column11).
															51 brought to trial.
															8 not brought to trial.
															--- trial.
Total...	208	146	142	*125	125	117	60	66	64	59	42.2	52.8	48.0	56.4	125 59

Akalkot, 13th July 1893.

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State Karbhari, Akalkot.

Appendix VIII.
STATEMENT showing the Value of property stolen and amount of recoveries in the Akalkot State during the year ending 31st March 1893.

State.	Amount stolen.		Amount recovered.		Percentage of recoveries of property stolen.		REMARKS.
	1891-92.	1892-93.	1891-92.	1892-93.	1891-92.	1892-93.	
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8
	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.			
Akalkot	5,890 9 11	3,943 14 3	1,152 2 11	1,589 12 3	19.5	41.4	
Pilho	228 10 0	419 14 0	17 3 0	13 10 6	7.5	3.3	
Kur'la		467 9 0					
Total...	6,119 3 11	4,781 5 3	1,169 5 11	1,608 6 9	19.1	33.9	

Akalkot, 31st July 1893.

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APPENDIX IX.

Appendix IX.

STATEMENT showing the number of crimes committed, number of cases disposed of, and cases awaiting trial in the Akalkot State during the year 1892-93, ending with 31st March 1893.

No.	Description of crime or offence.	Number of crimes.		Number of cases disposed of		Number of persons sentenced to		Number of persons acquitted		Number of persons confined		Number of persons died during or before trial.		Terms of imprisonment.								REMARKS.							
		Balance on 1st April 1892.	Committed during 1892-93.	Total.	Number of cases undisposed of during 1892-93.	Number of persons apprehended.	Number of persons convicted.	Imprisonment.		Fine only.	Whipping.	Total.	Number of persons confined being insane, or discharged.	Number of persons died during or before trial.	Under one month.	From 1 to 2 months.	From 2 to 3 months.	From 3 to 6 months.	From 6 to 12 months.	From 1 to 2 years.	From 2 to 3 years.		From 3 to 5 years.	Above 5 years.					
								Rigorous.	Simple.																				
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28	29	
1	Offences against public tranquillity, Chapter VIII. of the I. P. Code ...	2	7	9	9	...	31	20	...	11	...	...	9	...	20	11	...	...	...	9	2	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
2	Offences by, or relating to, public servants, Chapter IX. ...	...	1	1	1	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
3	Contempts of the lawful authority of public servants, Chapter X. ...	...	0	6	6	...	6	3	...	...	...	...	...	...	3	3	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
4	False evidence and offences against public justice, Chapter XI. ...	...	1	1	1	...	1	1	...	...	...	...	1	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
5	Offences relating to coins and Government stamps, Chapter XII. ...	1	1	2	1	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
6	Offences affecting the public health, safety, convenience, decency and morals, Chapter XIV. ...	...	2	2	2	...	2	2	...	...	...	...	2	...	2	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
7	Offences affecting the human body, Chapter XVI.—	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
	(1) Attempt to commit suicide ...	1	...	1	1	...	1	1	1	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
	(2) Voluntarily causing hurt by dangerous weapons or means ...	1	2	3	2	1	6	3	...	3	...	...	...	...	3	3	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
	(3) Voluntarily causing hurt to deter a public servant from his duty ...	...	2	2	2	...	4	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	7	8	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
	(4) Wrongful restraint ...	1	1	2	2	...	6	5	...	5	...	...	...	...	5	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
	(5) Criminal force and assault ...	...	2	2	2	...	2	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	2	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
	(6) Rape ...	1	1	2	2	...	4	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
	(7) Unnatural offences ...	1	1	1	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
	(8) Murder ...	1	1	2	2	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
	(9) Murder ...	1	1	2	2	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	

One was committed for trial to the Session's Court and was acquitted by the Political Agent S. ...

One was committed for trial to the Session's Court and was acquitted by the Political Agent, Sholapur.

NOTE No. 1.—Of the number of persons apprehended (column 8) —
 225 were convicted (column 9).
 188 were acquitted or discharged (column 17).
 6 awaiting trial before Magistrates.

Total ... 419

NOTE No. 2.—The number of convicts who were imprisoned is 50 (columns 20 to 28). The number of such convicts is 43 (column 4, Appendix XII). The difference of seven is due to the fact that seven persons were convicted and sentenced on two separate counts under the Indian Penal Code, and the sentence in one case was to commence on the expiry of the sentence in the other, and hence there was an increase of 7 prisoners on the whole.

Akalkot, 13th July 1893.

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Appendix X.

STATEMENT showing the number of offences reported, and offences dealt with in the Akalkot State during the year 1892-93 ending 31st March 1893.

Name of Court.	Number of offences reported during the year.		Number of persons dealt with.										Persons disposed of.					REMARKS.
	1891-92.	1892-93.	Remaining at the end of the last year.	Brought to trial in 1892-93.					Arrested in the presence of the Magistrate.	Total.		Discharged without trial.	Acquitted.	Convicted.	Committed or referred.	Died, escaped or transferred.	Persons remaining at the end of the year.	
				Arrested by Police.	Upon warrant.	On summons.	Voluntarily.	1891-92.		1892-93.								
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	
Political Agent	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	3	...	2	1	...	...	...	* 3 (Column 5, Appendix VII).	
District Magistrate	37	3	...	3	...	...	...	...	84	3	...	1	1	1	...	...	Arrested by the	
Sub-Divisional Magistrate	143	159	5	23	5	1	...	1	20	35	3	22	12	1	...	...	Police in the year	
2nd Class Magistrate	259	188	1	79	10	114	...	87	392	291	1	97	193	1	...	...	under report. 5	
3rd Do. Pilio	17	24	...	11	...	65	...	...	34	76	...	52	18	...	...	...	arrested by the	
Do. Do. Kurla	7	5	...	1	2	3	...	...	18	6	4	6	...	...	...	...	Police last year, but discharged	
Total	463	379	6	117	17	183	...	88	548	411	8	178	224	3	...	6	this year. Total 8.	
GRAND TOTAL	463	379	6	117	17	183	...	88	548	414	* 8	180	225	3	...	6		

VITHAL TIKAJI,
State Karbhari, Akalkot.

Akalkot, 13th July 1893.

Appendix XI.
STATEMENT showing the results of appeals against decisions passed by the Criminal Courts in the Akalkot State during the year 1892-93 ending 31st March 1893.

State.	Tribunals.	Number of Persons and Cases.																
		No. of appli- cations.	Sentences.						Proceedings quashed.		Referred.		Further enquiry, &c., ordered.		Pending.			
			Applications rejected.		Confirmed.		Modified.										Reversed.	
Persons.	Cases.	Persons.	Cases.	Persons.	Cases.	Persons.	Cases.	Persons.	Cases.	Persons.	Cases.	Persons.	Cases.	Persons.	Cases.			
1	The Raja Sahab	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...		
2	The State Karbhari and District Magis- trate	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...		
3	The Sub-Divisional Magistrate	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...		
	Total...	7	9	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...		

VITHAL TIKAJI,
 State Karbhari, Akalkot.

 Akalkot, 13th July 1893.

Appendix XII.

STATEMENT showing the number of persons convicted or confined in the Jail in the Akalkot State during the year 1892-93 ending 31st March 1893.

Stations.	No. of prisoners.	Number of prisoners			Daily average in Jail.		Number of prisoners remaining at the end of the year.	Total cost of Jail and prisoners.	Remarks, showing mortality among convicts in the Jail.
		Remaining from last year.	Admitted during the year.	Total	1891-92.	1892-93.			
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
Akalkot	69	33	36	60	69	212	248	19	Rs. a. p. 3,027 13 4
Pilho...	7	.....	7	6	7	0-1	0-2	.....	
Kurla	.....	.....	.....	1	.....	.....	.....	.....	
Total....	76	33	43	67	76	.....	.....	19	
									3,027 13 4

The general health of the prisoners was good; there was only one death, that of an old inmate from a chronic affection of the knee-joint.

Akalkot, 13th July 1893.

VITHAL TIKAJI,
State Karbhari, Akalkot.

Civil work—Nature and value of original suits filed and disposed of during the year 1892-93.

13 4

Akalkot, 13th July 1893.

Appendix XIV.
Civil work—Results of applications for execution of decrees during the year 1892-93.

Number.	Tribunal.	Opening balance.		Value of opening balance for 1892-93.	Applications brought to the Registrar.		Total.		Disposed of		Closing balance.		Nature of applications pending disposal at the close of 1892-93.			REMARKS.
		1891-92.	1892-93.		1891-92.	1892-93.	1891-92.	1892-93.	1891-92.	1892-93.	Value for 1892-93.	Value of closing balance for 1892-93.	Below 6 months.	Below 12 months.	Above 12 months.	
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10							
1	Akalkot Sub-Judge	95	55	11,450 4 9	300 379	38,450 6 0	395 434	49,900 10 9	340 355	37,612 8 2	55 79	12,288 2 7	51 10	18		
2	Pilho "	4	3	227 3 4	21 28	3,138 8 11	25 31	3,365 12 3	22 27	3,033 11 11	3 4	332 0 4	2 ...	2		
3	Karha "	...	...	.....	5 1	35 3 0	5 1	35 3 0	5 ..	.....	... 1	35 3 0	... 1	...		
	Total...	99	58	11,677 8 1	326 408	41,624 1 11	425 466	53,301 1 0	367 382	40,646 4 1	58 84	12,655 5 11	53 11	20		

VITHAL TIKAJI,
State Karbhari, Akalkot.

Akalkot, 13th July 1893.

Appendix XV.
Registration of Documents, 1892-93.

Number.	Sub-Registry Office.	Documents pre- sented for Regis- tration.		Nature of Documents presented.								Documents registered.		Value of Documents registered.		Documents refused to be registered.	Documents remain- ing unregistered at the close of the year.		
				Mortgages.				Sale-deeds.		Wills.								Moneybonds.		Miscellaneous.
		1891-92.	1892-93.	1891-92.	1892-93.	1891-92.	1892-93.	1891-92.	1892-93.	1891-92.	1892-93.	1891-92.	1892-93.	1891-92.	1892-93.	1891-92.	1892-93.		
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12								
1	Akalkot ...	570	714	225	289	250	307	...	3	...	1	95	114	570	714	Rs. a. p. 86,574 7 0	1,06,725 5 4	...	...
2	Pilho ...	80	58	34	24	35	31	...	...	...	...	11	3	80	58	13,151 11 2	11,377 4 7	...	...
3	Kurda ...	54	38	28	22	6	2	...	...	...	...	20	14	54	38	9,885 12 0	4,796 6 0	...	...
Total...		704	810	287	335	291	340	...	3	...	1	126	131	704	810	1,09,611 14 2	1,22,898 15 11	...	...

VITHAL TIKAJI,
State Karbhari, Akalkot.

Akalkot, 13th July 1893.

Appendix XVI.

AGRICULTURE.

STATEMENT showing Agricultural Stock in the Akalkot State during the year 1892-93.

Number.	District.	Cattle and other quadrupeds.										Ploughs.			Carts.	
		Bullocks.	Cows.	Buffaloes.		Horses.	Mares.	Foals.	Asses.	Sheep and goats.	With two bullocks.	With four bullocks.	Riding carts.	Warts used in carrying.		
				Male.	Female.											
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15		
1	Akalkot	25,478	16,629	2,799	6,613	594	439	126	730	18,302	818	2,328	43	511		52
2	Pilho	1,419	1,159	128	175	33	48	10	30	3,058	4	211	10	39		
3	Kurla	617	662	108	327	5	23	6	4	361	.....	81	1	48		
	Total...	27,514	18,450	3,035	7,115	632	510	142	764	21,721	822	2,620	54	598		

VITHAL TIKAJI,

Akalkot, 13th July 1893.

State Karbhari, Akalkot.

APPENDIX XVII.

Appendix XVII.

No.	INCOME.					No.	EXPENDITURE.				
	Heads of Receipt.	A. D. 1891-92.	A. D. 1892-93.	Increase.	Decrease.		Heads of Expenditure.	A. D. 1891-92.	A. D. 1892-93.	Increase.	Decrease.
1	2	3	4	5	6	1	2	3	4	5	6
1	Balance in Treasury on 1st April 1892 ...	1,64,413 9 6	1,34,598 8 8		29,815 0 10	1	Expenses of the Raja, Relations, Dependents and Private establishment.	87,723 6 0	89,225 12 0	1,502 6 0	
	Land Revenue.					1. Stipend and establishment of the Raja ...	14,600 0 0	13,000 0 0	.....	2,600 0 0	
	1. Recoveries on account of former years ...	3,793 7 2	2,575 6 11	.....	1,218 0 3	2. Stipend of families at Poona ...	29,582 12 7	24,811 11 10	.....	4,771 0 9	
	2. Do. do. current year ...	1,87,214 6 6	1,89,658 10 5	.....	431 4 6	3. Extra expenditure ...	1,31,856 2 7	1,28,037 7 10	1,502 6 0	7,321 0 9	
2	3. Rent of sheri land ...	4,504 3 6	4,072 15 0	.....	1,649 4 9	1A Raja Sahab's Investiture ...	25,613 2 6	.....	.....	25,613 2 6	
	Local fund ...	18,696 12 3	19,209 8 1	512 11 10	.....	Religious and Charitable Allowances.					
3	Sayer.					1. Devasthan allowances ...	8,104 5 9	8,340 10 9	236 5 0	.....	
	1. Recoveries of licence-tax on account of former years ...	.....	10 0 0	10 0 0	352 9 0	2. Varshasandars ...	3,249 13 0	1,827 4 8	.....	1,422 8 4	
	2. Do. do. current year ...	6,615 12 0	6,293 3 0	.....	5,482 4 7		6,354 2 9	5,167 15 5	286 5 0	1,422 8 4	
	3. Mokasbab ...	10,838 10 6	5,356 5 11	.....	.....	Hereditary Allowances.					
	4. Customs, committed allowance in lieu of ...	9,606 4 0	9,606 4 0	.....	213 1 1	1. Nannukdars ...	5,994 4 0	4,416 3 0	.....	1,578 1 0	
	5. Miscellaneous Receipts ...	793 9 5	583 8 4	.....	.....	2. Tasharfidars ...	.....	916 13 6	916 15 5	.....	
	6. Compensation on account of Liquor Contract due by the British Government ...	2,257 6 0	.....	.....	.....	3. Dengidars ...	5,994 4 0	5,333 2 3	916 15 5	1,578 1 0	
	7. Opium Contract ...	842 10 5	737 6 0	.....	105 4 5	District Hereditary Officers.					
	8. Bhang Gajia Contract ...	172 10 0	224 6 0	51 12 0	.....	1. Hakadar District Hereditary Officers	10,792 8 1	11,320 6 4	527 14 3	.....	
	9. Hoja Contract ...	7 0 0	.....	.....	7 0 0	2. Sarade-hamukhi Umal paid to British Government	331 2 0	630 2 4	299 0 4	.....	
	10. Compensation for the Salt Revenues relinquished by the State ...	142 0 10	142 0 10	.....	.....	3. Darukdar ...	15 9 8	.....	.....	15 9 8	
11. Chandol ...	25 8 0	70 0 0	44 8 0	.....							
		81,304 7 2	25,250 8 1	103 4 0	6,100 3 1						

4	Judicial.	5	6	7	7A	8	9	10	11	12	13
1.	Fines ...	927 5 3	1,689 5 6	132 0 3	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
2.	Unclaimed property ...	168 12 3	7 14 0	.....	160 14 3	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
3.	Intestate estate ...	15 3 0	131 6 9	116 3 9	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
4.	Batta ...	70 13 4	19 7 4	.....	51 6 0	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
5.	Fees in Civil Courts ...	0 1 0	.....	.....	0 1 0	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
6.	Miscellaneous ...	28 11 6	54 8 0	5 12 6	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
7.	Registration fees ...	1,210 14 4	1,562 9 7	254 0 6	212 5 3	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
8.	Stamps ...	943 15 2	1,141 9 6	217 10 4	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
9.	Educational ...	9,465 12 0	8,583 11 0	.....	883 1 0	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
10.	Jail ...	5,169 10 0	5,203 12 7	94 2 7	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
11.	Private Establishment ...	359 5 3	277 3 6	.....	82 1 9	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
12.	Miscellaneous.	1,917 7 7	5,741 11 6	3,829 3 11	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
13.	Profit account ...	2,039 15 11	4,193 14 4	2,153 14 5	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
14.	Jamindars' Haks ...	385 8 0	104 3 6	.....	281 4 6	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
15.	Political Establishment ...	50 12 9	.....	.....	50 12 9	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
16.	Huzur Office account ...	1 4 0	0 8 0	.....	0 12 0	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
17.	Public Works accounts ...	6,734 1 10	1,215 13 6	.....	5,518 4 4	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
18.	Civil Courts accounts ...	139 9 9	61 2 9	.....	78 7 0	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
19.	Revenue Establishment ...	184 8 3	104 10 9	.....	79 13 4	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
20.	Shibandi accounts ...	1 2 4	19 0 2	17 13 10	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
21.	Medical accounts ...	1,512 12 9	1,079 6 8	.....	503 6 1	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
22.	Pension accounts ...	3 5 6	.....	.....	3 5 6	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
23.	Tasrif accounts ...	510 0 0	.....	.....	510 0 0	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
24.	Miscellaneous accounts.	340 13 1	534 2 11	193 5 10	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
25.	Forest ...	11,908 14 2	7,242 14 7	2,305 2 1	7,023 1 8	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
26.	Police ...	4,878 3 9	6,501 6 11	1,623 3 2	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
27.	Advances, Deposits, &c.	531 14 11	403 2 2	.....	128 12 9	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
28.	Recoveries on account of Fakari ...	1 631 6 5	737 12 0	.....	893 10 5	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
29.	Do. do. advances ...	14,474 6 2	2,398 8 11	.....	12,075 13 3	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
30.	Deposits ...	1,340 7 3	1,672 8 4	332 1 1	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
31.	.....	17,446 3 10	4,808 13 3	332 1 1	12,969 7 8	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
32.	Total Receipts ...	2,99,290 9 7	2,81,947 15 1	11,778 11 5	29,111 5 11	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....

Village Hereditary Officers.

1. Patel's allowances ...
2. Kulkarni's do. ...

Village Serrants and Expenses.

1. Shetsandi Sepoys ...
2. Khafib allowance ...
3. Contingent expenses, oil, &c ...

Political Establishment.

1. Establishment ...
2. Extra expenditure ...

Huzur Office.

1. Establishment ...
2. Extra expenditure ...

Civil Court.

1. Sub-Judge's Establishment ...
2. Nazir's do. ...
3. Extra expenditure ...

Revenue Establishment.

1. Karbhari's Establishment ...
2. Mahalkari Bilto do. ...
3. Extra expenditure ...

No.	INCOME.					No.	EXPENDITURE.									
	Heads of Receipts.	A. D. 1891-92.	A. D. 1892-93.	Increase.	Decrease.		Heads of Expenditure.	A. D. 1892-93.	A. D. 1892-93.	Increase.	Decrease.					
1	2	3	4	5	6	1	3	4	5	6						
		Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	10	<i>Jail.</i>	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.					
												1. Establishment ...	987 5 4	950 4 4	.....	37 1 0
												2. Subsistence to prisoners	1,515 2 2	1,742 4 1	197 1 11	.....
												3. Clothing expenses	74 4 0	99 8 0	25 4 0	.....
		Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	11	<i>Police.</i>	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.					
												4. Extra expenditure	207 13 5	235 12 11	27 15 6	.....
												2,814 8 14	3,027 13 4	259 5 5	37 1 0	
												1. Establishment ...	9,394 3 3	9,107 8 2	.....	280 11 1
		Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	12	<i>Sitandi.</i>	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.					
												2. Extra expenditure	437 3 0	467 11 3	39 8 3	.....
												3. Police Fund Account	85 12 0	425 7 9	339 11 9	.....
												9,917 2 3	10,000 11 2	370 4 0	286 11 1	
		Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	13	<i>Judicial Expenses.</i>	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.					
												1. Establishment ...	4,267 8 10	3,386 11 9	.....	330 11 1
												2. Extra expenditure	683 10 6	481 8 11	.....	202 1 7
												4,951 1 4	4,418 4 8	.....	532 13 8	
		Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	14	<i>Stamps</i>	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.					
												1. Fines remitted, &c.	607 12 0	341 8 0	.....	266 4 0
												2. Batta to witnesses	138 2 0	396 5 0	258 3 0	.....
												3. Prosecutor's fees	.....	93 9 3	93 9 3	.....
		Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	15	<i>Miscellaneous</i>	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.					
												4. Miscellaneous	71 13 3	44 8 3	.....	27 5 0
												817 11 3	875 14 0	351 12 3	293 9 0	
												365 2 3	350 1 6	.....	7 0 9	
		Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	16	<i>Combined payment to British Government in lieu of Akakot Contribution</i>	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.					
												14,592 0 0	14,592 0 0	.....	.....	
																
																

No. 169 OF 1893-94.

To

THE POLITICAL AGENT,
SHOLAPUR.

Akalkot, 19th July 1893.

SIR,—In forwarding the Administration Report of the Akalkot State for the year 1892-93, I have the honour to state that the present State Karbhari, Rao Bahadur Vithal Tikaji, is working to my entire satisfaction, and I quite concur with the opinions left on the records by the then Political Agents, Sholapur, Messrs. Loch, Fleet, Allen, and Candy, especially by Mr. Fleet in the year 1887, on the 13th May, regarding the work done by him. The Sub-Judge Rao Saheb D. N. Phansalker has also done his work satisfactorily.

2. I have to inform you that a copy of the report has been sent to the Education Society's Press, Bombay, for getting it printed, and the usual printed copies of the report will be sent to you for submission to Government as soon as they will be ready.

I have, &c.,

(Sd.) SHAHAJI RAJA,

Raje Saheb.

(True copy)

VITHAL TIKAJI,

State Karbhari, Akalkot.

Akalkot, 22nd July 1893.

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D. N. PHANSALKAR,

Acting State Karbhari, Akalkot.

Akalkot, 22nd June 1894..

THE ANNUAL ADMINISTRATION REPORT OF THE AKALKOT STATE FOR THE YEAR ENDING 31ST MARCH 1894.

Nos. I to XVII.

1. The usual statements as per margin accompany.

CHAPTER I.

POLITICAL.

2. The State pays a tribute of Rs. 14,592 to the Paramount Power in lieu of the Akalkot Contingent.

3. The entire management of the State rested with the Raje Saheb throughout the year 1893-94, and he took active and intelligent interest in the matter of administration. The relations of the Darbar with the British Government were very cordial.

4. Mr. C. B. Winchester, I.C.S., Barrister-at-Law, Political Agent, Akalkot, paid a visit to the State in November last. While at Akalkot he inspected the Jail, the Dispensary, the First Grade Anglo-Vernacular School, the Vernacular School and the Girls' School and other State offices and expressed satisfaction at what he saw. Mr. D. Rutherford, C. E., Executive Engineer, Sholapur, also had been to Akalkot to hand over the Sangvi-Waghdari Road to the State authorities, it being constructed by the Public Works Department, Sholapur.

5. The Raje Saheb went to the Nilgiri Hills during the hot weather, and staying at Ootacamund till the end of May 1893, returned to Akalkot on the 22nd June 1893 via Dharwar, Belgaon, Kolhapur, &c. In September 1893 he had gone to Poona for races and stayed there only for a month. In December the Raje Saheb went to Bombay for his usual winter visit and came back to Akalkot in February 1894.

6. The Raje Saheb visited 63 villages in his State, and examined the ryots' receipt books and village *daftars*. He also made the *Jamabandi* of 53 villages and made cursory examination of 20 schools. The Sub-Judge's office and other offices were also examined by him.

7. No domestic event worthy of report occurred in the Raje Saheb's family during the year under review.

Changes in the Administration.

8. Rao Bahadur Vithal Tikaji, permanent incumbent, was in charge of the State Karbhari Office from the 1st April to 15th December 1893, when he was granted 14 months' sick leave and the undersigned, the perma-

ment holder of the Sub-Judgeship of Akalkot, was appointed to act for him during his absence, and acted as such till the end of the year 1893-94, and Mr. Tukaram Vithal Thakur succeeded the undersigned as Sub-Judge and First Class Magistrate.

CHAPTER II.

ADMINISTRATION OF THE LAND.

9. The land was settled for 20 years in 1870-71, and that period being over, the Revision survey was undertaken in the last year, and it was almost completed at the close of the year under review. It is hoped the new survey rates will be announced in July 1894 : 82 villages were measured and classified in the year 1892-93 and 20 villages in the year under report. The ryots pay the assessment easily with very few exceptions. The cost of the Revision survey incurred during the year amounted to Rs. 9,203-1-2 against Rs. 8,096-8-10 in the previous year.

Land Tenures.

10. The special tenures in force in the State are as follows :—

1. Inam.
2. Makta.
3. Kowli.
4. Khalsa or survey tenure.

Inam Settlements.

11. During the year under report, 72 cases relating to Inam lands were taken up and disposed of against 11 in the previous year. In one case, land measuring acres 4-3, assessed at Rs. 4-11-0 was resumed; and in 71 cases *Judi* or $\frac{1}{4}$ assessment was levied on the Inam lands, measuring acres 3196-39, assessed at Rs. 2,882-3-0, including the Inam lands of the Kurla Estate. As reported in the last year's Administration Report (*vide* para. 16) acres 157-15, assessed at Rs. 158, were actually resumed during the year under report.

Makta.

12. The following five villages, *viz.* :—(1) Borgaon, (2) Khairat, (3) Kumto, (4) Nimbgaon and (5) Ramtirth are held by the Sirdeshmukas under Makta tenure. The maktedars are required annually to pay to the State for these villages 9 annas in the rupee of their survey assessment for the time being. The total assessment on the above five villages is Rs. 7,055-14-6, out of which the State receives Rs. 3,770-7-7. The one-anna cess is to be paid on the whole assessment.

Raje Saheb's Lands.

13. The lands of the Raje Saheb are shown in the subjoined table. Those that are rent-free, are managed by the Raje Saheb through his Khasgi Department and the rest by the State, the revenue of which is credited to the State.

Description of lands.	Survey Nos.	Area.		Assessment.			Rent.		
		Acres	G.	Rs.	a.	p.	Rs.	a.	p.
I.—Rent-free lands	26	2,977	12	4,727	13	0	.....		
II.—Land sold and leased by auction by the State	112	2,888	29	3,504	13	0	6,493	13	9

Kowls.

14. There was only one *kowl* in running during the year under report. It will expire at the close of the year 1897-98. The loss to the State on account of this *kowl* was only Re. 1-14-0 during the year under report.

Waste lands.

15. The table given below shows the area of waste lands taken up for cultivation during the year under report as contrasted with that of the previous year:—

Extent of waste cultivable area for		Taken up in		Waste remaining at end of the year		Percentage of cultivable land lying waste.	
1892-93.	1893-94.	1892-93.	1893-94.	1892-93.	1893-94.	1892-93.	1893-94.
1,817	1,138	787	378	1,030	755	0.41	0.29

16. From the above statement it is apparent that less land was brought under cultivation during the year under report than last year, the quality of the remaining waste lands being inferior. Acres 103-13 were thrown up by occupants and consequently added to the State waste. The assessment of land taken up for cultivation and relinquished is respectively Rs. 233-0-0 and Rs. 62-8-0, while that on the remaining waste is Rs. 438-15-0.

Revenue Accounts.

17. Symond's forms of Revenue Accounts being introduced into all the villages of the State, the accounts were kept in that form.

18. There is only one Sub-Treasury at Pilio in charge of the Mahalkari thereof and one Huzur Treasury at Akalkot in charge of the State Karbhari. Since the State came under the direct management of the Raje Saheb, the accounts of the State Karbhari's office are examined and audited by him annually.

19. At the time of *Jamabandi* the State Karbhari examined the Daftars of 31 villages and 415 Ryots' receipt books.

Boundary disputes.

20. The revision survey operations being in progress in the State, the number of applications for the settlement of boundary disputes, received during the year under report, was 52, out of which 51 were disposed of by the Head Surveyor of the Survey Department and the remaining one by the State Surveyor.

21. The wards under the care of the State Karbhari in the year under report were as shown in the subjoined table.

No.	Name.	Age.	Place of Birth.	Place of Education.	Balance in the beginning of the year.	Receipts.	Disbursements.	Balance at the end of the year.		Value of moveable property in hand.	Area of land under management.
								In cash.	(In Government securities.		
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
1	Shivaji Bhosle ...	20	Kurla.	Satara.	Rs. a. p. 23 13 9	Rs. a. p. 6,150 4 6	Rs. a. p. 6,009 4 7	Rs. a. p. 164 13 8	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p. 5,344 4 3	Acres-Gunthas. 441 2
2	Sambhaji Bhosle ...	16	Do.	Do.	90 8 9	5,805 7 8	5,825 0 1	70 11 4	.....	445 4 0	219 23
3	Maruti ...	16									
4	Shanti ...	18	Akalkot.	Akalkot.	1,026 15 3	Principal, 131-2-0; Interest, 105-14-5; House-rent, 9-0-0; Miscellaneous, 0-13-9; Total, 249-14-2.	132 3 0	644 10 5	500 0 0	130 2 4	20 20
5	Maibai ..	19	Badole Budruk.	Looks after household affairs and lives with her husband.	.....	429 14 0	425 14 0	4 0 0	.....	226 15 0	190 27
6	Somanna ...	16	Waghdari.	Waghdari.	1,831 12 11	16 3 5	77 7 10	270 8 6	1,500 0 0	280 12 0	.....

(a) The first two wards Shivaji Bhosle and Sambhaji Bhosle are *Bhau-bands* of the Akalkot Raje Saheb. The former holds an eight-anna share and the latter a four-anna share in the gross revenue of the village Kurla. The remaining four-anna share belongs to Bhawanji Bhosle. The expenses of the management of the estate are defrayed from the eight-anna share of Shivaji. The debts due by them at the end of the year under report were as follows :—

No.	Name of minor.	Debts due.		
		Principal.	Interest.	Total.
		Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.
1.	Shivaji	18,998 3 7	43 13 6	19,045 1 1
2.	Sambhaji	27,033 9 5	1,389 8 4	28,423 1 9

From the above, it would appear that the debts due by Shivaji will be altogether discharged within 14 or 15 years if his estate is prudently managed; but the minor Sambhaji is hopelessly in debt, his income being barely sufficient to pay off the interest on the principal. However, efforts are being made to free their estates from incumbrances soon.

These two minors, Shivaji and Sambhaji, attend the Satara High School. They are respectively studying under Standards VI. and II. It is to be regretted that the progress made by the two minors in their studies was most unsatisfactory.

The administration of the Kurla estate is carried on through a Mahalkari appointed by the Raje Saheb.

(b) As regards the other minors, little is to be added to what was said about them in the last year's Administration Report in paras. 34, 35, 36 and 37. Nos. 3, 4 and 6 on the above list attend vernacular schools and their progress is fair.

22. Due care and attention was bestowed on all the minors with respect to their education, health and general training, and their estates were managed very economically.

CHAPTER III.

PROTECTION.

(a) LEGISLATION.

23. The laws in force in the State are—

Revenue Acts.

Bombay Act III. of 1869—Local Fund Cess Act.

„ VII of 1873, Salt Act.

„ III. of 1874—Watan Act.

„ V. of 1886—Amending Act.

„ III. of 1875—The Toll Act.

„ III. of 1876—Mamlatdars' Court Jurisdiction.

Act X. of 1870—~~Local~~ Acquisition Act.

„ I. of 1878—Opium Act.

„ VI. of 1878—Treasure Trove Act.

Bombay Act VIII. of 1866—An Act to regulate and restrict the sale of poisons in the Bombay Presidency.

„ V. of 1878—Relating to Liquor and Drugs.

„ V. of 1879—Revenue Code. The Indian Forest Act VII. of 1878, as amended by the Forest Act V. of 1890.

Act XIX. of 1883—Land Improvement Loans Act.

Criminal Acts.

Act XLV. of 1860—Indian Penal Code.

„ XXVII. of 1870—Amending „

„ XIX. of 1872— „

„ VI. of 1864—Whipping Act (Bombay).

Bombay Acts VII. and VIII. of 1867—(District and Village Police Acts).

„ I. of 1876—Amending Act VIII. of 1867 (Village Police).

Act I. of 1871—Cattle Trespass.

„ X. of 1882.—Criminal Procedure Code.

„ X. of 1886—Amending Criminal Procedure Code.

„ XI. of 1878—Arms Act.

„ XVIII. of 1850—Protection of Judicial Officers.

Civil Regulations and Acts.

Regulations VIII. of 1827—Relating to formal recognition of heirs, &c.

Act XX. of 1864—Minors' Act.

„ VII. of 1866—Liability of Heirs for Debts (Bombay).

„ X. of 1866—General Clauses Act (Bombay).

„ I. of 1868—General Clauses Act (Government of India).

„ I. of 1872—Indian Evidence Act.

Act XVIII. of 1872—Amending Indian Evidence Act.

- „ IX. of 1872—Indian Contract Act.
- „ IV. of 1886—Amending Indian Contract Act.
- „ X. of 1872—Judicial Oaths.
- „ IX. of 1875—Indian Majority Act.
- „ X. of 1877—Civil Procedure Code, as amended by Act XII. of 1879.
- „ XIV. of 1882—The Code of Civil Procedure.
- „ VIII. of 1888—Civil Procedure Amendment Act.
- „ X. of 1883—Amending Code of Civil Procedure and Presidency Small Cause Court Act, 1882.
- „ XV. of 1877—Limitation Act.
- „ VIII. of 1880—Amending Limitation Act.
- „ VII. of 1870—The Court Fees Act.
- „ I. of 1879—The General Stamp Act.
- „ XII. of 1879—Amending Limitation Act, only so far as it amends Limitation Act.

Section 9 of Act I. of 1877—Specific Relief Act.

Act VI. of 1888—Debtors' Act.

24. No Legislative enactment was introduced into the Akalkot State during the year under report. However, as reported in the last year's Administration Report (*vide* para. 40), the Raje Saheb has lately submitted to the Political Agent a list of certain Acts which he proposes to be introduced into his State.

(b) *Military.*

25. The total strength of the Military Force, rather *Shibandi* is, 46 only, consisting of one Jamadar and 45 sepoy. Of these men the former wears a sword, while the latter all use the smooth bore muskets marked ¹⁸⁵⁹ Tower. They furnish guard at the Treasury, the Raje Saheb's palace, and the Jail. Seven of them are Marathas by caste, and the rest are Mahomedans. Of these only 10 can read and write. There is no special school for them. Five places that fell vacant in the year 1892-93, owing to deaths and other causes, were filled up during the year under report. Besides this military force, there are 3 artillery men who attend to the guns.

26. The total cost incurred by the State for the maintenance of this force during the year under report was Rs. 3,921 against Rs. 4,418 in the last year. The decrease during the year under report is due to the fact that this year uniforms were not supplied to the Infantry, as the old ones did not seem much worn.

(c) *Police.*

27. The total strength of the Police force on duty in the State was 59 (54 foot and 5 mounted men) during the year. Four vacancies that occurred

during the year under report in the police were not filled up till the close of the year; but they have been filled up since. For details, *vide* Appendix VI.

28. The total cost of maintaining this force was Rs. 10,182-0-10, against Rs. 10,000-11-2 in the preceding year. The small increase in cost is due to the promotion granted to Shaik Nizam, Chief Constable, Akalkot.

29. There are in all 6 outposts in the State, at each of which sufficient number of constables and head constables is posted.

30. Of the whole number 14 are Marathas, 2 Wanis, 1 Brahmin, and the rest are Mahomedans. Of these 13 are able to read and write and 7 are under instruction.

31. During the year under review, 12 persons were departmentally fined against 10 in the preceding year. No police constable was removed from service on account of misconduct, &c., nor was any judicially punished; and that shows that the police were more alive to their duties.

32. From Appendix VII., it will be noticed that of the 64 persons arrested by the police in cognizable cases, all of them were sent up for trial. Of the number so sent, conviction of 40 persons was secured and the rest were discharged or acquitted. The percentage convicted of accused sent for trial was 62.5 during the year against 56.4 in the previous year, and this is certainly an improvement upon last year's result, and is so far satisfactory.

33. Appendix VIII. shows the value of the property, alleged to have been stolen, which was Rs. 8,132-7-6 against Rs. 4,731-5-3 in the preceding year. The amount of the property recovered was Rs. 6,399-1-6 or 78.6 per cent. against Rs. 1,603-6-9 or 33.9 per cent. in the last year. The percentage of recovered property is altogether satisfactory and it reflects credit on the police. The value of the stolen property considerably exceeds that of the last year, as two thefts of large amount (one at Akalkot and the other at Pilio) were committed during the year.

Village Police.

34. Every village in the Akalkot State has a Police Patil and one or two Shetsandis, and the number of such peons is 205, maintained at a cost of Rs. 6,698, partly in cash and partly in land.

(d) Criminal Justice.

35. The following Courts were at work during the year under report;—

- (1) District Magistrate, Akalkot.
- (2) Sub-Divisional First Class Magistrate, Akalkot.
- (3) Second Class Magistrate, Akalkot.
- (4) Third Class Magistrate, Pilio.
- (5) Do. do. Kurla,

36. The Sessions Court of the Political Agent, Akalkot, whose jurisdiction extends over offences triable exclusively by a Court of Sessions, was also at work, and only one case of murder was committed to that Court for trial during the year under review by the undersigned, in which the accused was sentenced to transportation for life.

37. Appendix X. shows in detail the work done by the different Magistrates.

38. The number of offences reported to the Magistrates during the year was 349 against 379 in the last year. The total number of crimes was 349 (Appendix IX.) against 404 in the preceding year. The number of persons sent for trial was 332 against 411 in the previous year. Of the 332 persons, 64 were arrested by the police and 268 otherwise; of the latter number 6 were for the last year. Out of the total number 332 persons dealt with by the Courts, 224 were convicted. The percentage convicted of accused sent for trial was 67.4 against 54.7 last year. Out of 268 persons arrested otherwise or by Magistrates, 184 or 68.6 per cent. were convicted and 83 or 30.9 per cent. were discharged and acquitted, and only one under-trial prisoner remained with the Second Class Magistrate at the end of the year. Of the 83 discharged, 23 or 27.7 were acquitted under Section 345, Criminal Procedure Code, the offences being compoundable.

39. The nature of crimes committed during the year under review is described in Appendix IX. One case of murder, another of an attempt to murder and two cases of dacoity were reported during the year under report.

40. The murder was committed at Jeur, in which a young man aged 18 killed his wife in a fit of passion. In the other case of an attempt to murder, a woman, with the assistance of her paramour, tried to poison her husband. The latter case was enquired into by the Sub-Divisional Magistrate, who discharged the accused, no *prima facie* case being made out against them. The two cases of dacoity, reported to have occurred at Waghdari and Talewad in the months of August and December 1893, respectively, were not sent up for trial, as no offences were held to have been committed in those cases, and consequently a summary of the Magistrate's final order in Vernacular, as prescribed in Appendix E, attached to the Government Resolution No. ⁶²⁷²/₁₈₉₃, Judicial Department, was forwarded to the Chief Constable. The same was due in the murder case of Kurla, except that the complaint was held to be true.

41. The following Courts of Appeal were at work during the year under report:—

- (1) The Raja Saheb's.
- (2) The State Karbari and District Magistrates.
- (3) The Sub-Divisional Magistrates.

42. During the year under report 17 appeals, involving 19 persons, were disposed of by the Courts against 9 appeals, involving 32 persons, in the last year. In 6 cases, involving 6 persons, sentences were confirmed, against 2 cases, involving 2 persons, in the previous year. In 3 cases, involving 5 persons, sentences were modified, against one case, involving one person, in the year before. And in 8 cases, involving 8 persons, sentences were reversed against 6 cases, involving 29 persons, in the preceding year. There was no appeal pending at the close of the year (*vide* Appendix **XI**).

(e) *Extradition.*

43. Six offenders were surrendered to the British Government and one to H. H. the Nizam's Government by the State. Three offenders were handed over to this State by the British Authorities. There is no want of reciprocity on the part of the neighbouring States or the British Territory in the extradition of offenders.

(f) *Prisons.*

44. There is one Central Jail at Akalkot in charge of the State Medical Officer. The Jail building is sufficiently strong, spacious, and airy. It contains two barracks and a cook-room. Each barrack is 111 by 29 feet and has a tiled roof. It is kept perfectly clean. There is a guard of 12 Infantry at the Jail.

45. There are also two Sub-Jails, one at Pilio and the other at Kurla, under the charge of the respective Mahalkaries thereof. Convicts, whose terms of imprisonment do not exceed one month, are confined there.

46. It will appear from Appendix **XII**, that, including the balance (19), the number of persons confined was 52 against 76 in the year before. 42 were released during the year, leaving 10 prisoners at its close. The daily average of prisoners in the Jail at Akalkot was 15.5 against 24.8 in the previous year.

47. The following statement shows the number, religion, and other details with regard to the prisoners in the Jail at Akalkot during the year under report :—

Remaining at the end of the year 1892-93.	Imprisoned during the year.	Total.	Sex.		Religion.		Confined under one month.	Under three months.	Under six months.	Under one year.	Under three years.	Under seven years.	Under ten years.	Transportation.	How disposed of.	
			Males.	Females.	Hindus.	Musalmans.									Released during the year.	Remaining at the close of the year.
19	33	52	48	4	43	9	12	3	13	4	7	11	...	2	42	10

48. The number of prisoners fell from 76 to 52 this year. In 41 cases imprisonment was rigorous and in 11 it was simple.

49. The conduct of the prisoners being generally satisfactory, no prisoner was punished for breach of Jail rules. There were no escapes from the Jail in the year under report. The number of admissions of re-convicted prisoners was 3 as in the previous year.

50. Out of 10 prisoners remaining at the close of the year, one was sent in April 1894 to Sholapur for transportation to the Andamans, as per Political Agent's (Sholapur) letter No. 1187, dated 29th March 1894, to the address of the Raje Saheb.

51. The convicts were employed on public conservancy and other works. The proceeds of convicts' labour were Rs. 269 against Rs. 277 in the preceding year.

52. The general health of prisoners during the year was good on the whole. There was no casualty or an outbreak of any epidemic. The sanitation of the Jail continues to be very satisfactory. The prevailing affection during the year amongst the Jail inmates was malarial fever. The daily average of sick prisoners for the year was 1.01 against 1.97 during the preceding year.

53. The Raje Saheb used to visit and inspect the Jail occasionally. It is also visited by the Jail Superintendent daily, and by the District and Sub-Divisional Magistrates alternately at least once a week. Quarterly meetings of the visitors of the Jail are regularly held.

54. The total cost of maintenance and control of the Jail Establishment together with the maintenance charge of 7 convicts at the Andaman Settlements, amounted to Rs. 2,411 during the year against Rs. 3,028 in the previous year. The decrease is due to the fact that the total number of prisoners fell from 76 (in the last year) to 52 this year, and, secondly, to the fact that a slight reduction was made in the Jail Establishment owing to a decrease in the number of prisoners remaining in the Jail.

Lock-ups.

55. There are two lock-ups, one attached to the Chief Constable's Office and the other to the Second Class Magistrate's Court. The first is $20 \times 15\frac{1}{2}$ feet and the second is $21 \times 15\frac{3}{4}$ feet. The second lock-up consists of two rooms, one for males and the other for females. Both the lock-ups are properly secured and sufficiently airy and spacious. The average period of detention in the Magistrate's Lock-up was 22 days against 26 in the year before. As there was considerable delay in the extradition of offenders that were to be surrendered by the State, the prisoners had to be kept in Magistrate's Lock-up for a longer period than was desirable.

(9) *Civil Justice.*

56. The following Civil Courts were at work during the year under report :—

1. The Appellate Court of the Raje Saheb.
2. The Sub-Judge's Court, Akalkot.
3. The Munsiff's Court, Pilio.
4. Do. do. Kurla.

57. The Supervisional Court of the Political Agent, Akalkot, was also at work at Sholapur, and revisional applications against the decision of the Raje Saheb are entertained by him.

58. The courts of the Raje Saheb and Sub-Judge have been constituted under the authority of the Government of India and are continued under that authority.

59. The jurisdiction of the Appellate Court of the Raje Saheb extends to appeals of any amount and the decisions passed by him are final.

60. The jurisdiction of the Sub-Judge of Akalkot is the same as that of the First Class Sub-Judge in the Bombay Presidency. Besides, he holds Small Cause Court powers up to Rs. 100. The Munsiffs of Pilio and Kurla exercise original jurisdiction up to Rs. 500.

61. Appendix XIII. shows the nature and value of original suits filed and disposed of during the year under report. The year under review opened with a balance of 40 undisposed of suits, and 477 new suits were filed during the year under report against 439 in the last year, thus making a total of 517 suits for disposal as compared with 463 in the previous year. Of these, 468 were disposed of during the year, leaving a balance of 49. Of the total number of suits disposed of, 61 were decided *ex-parte*, 304 admitted and compromised, 59 struck off the file, and 44 otherwise disposed of, thus making a total of 468 of disposed of suits.

62. The total value of the 477 suits filed during the year was Rs. 43,953-11-0 against Rs. 32,798-6-0 of 423 suits of the last year. The value of 468 suits disposed of during the year was Rs. 24,198-11-6 against Rs. 31,908-15-0 of the 423 suits of the year before.

63. The average duration of suits disposed of during the year was 1 month and 21 days against 3 months and 27 days in the last year.

64. The subjoined table gives the number and value of Civil suits:—

Name of Court.	Suits for immoveable property.				Money suits.			
	1892-93.		1893-94.		1892-93.		1893-94.	
	No.	Value.	No.	Value.	No.	Value.	No.	Value.
		Rs. a. p.		Rs. a. p.		Rs. a. p.		Rs. a. p.
Akalkot	28	3,681 2 8	65	7,928 12 11	370	29,864 6 9	383	33,649 1 1
Pilho... ..	3	145 0 0	1	40 0 0	24	1,008 4 10	21	777 2 0
Kurla ... ..	...	.....	...	.....	3	616 14 0	5	335 2 0
Total...	31	3,826 2 8	66	7,968 12 11	397	31,489 9 7	409	34,761 5 1

Execution of Decrees.

65. Appendix XIV. shows the results of application for execution of decrees. There was an opening balance of 84 unexecuted decrees against 58 in the previous year. The applications filed in the year were 399 against 408 in the last year. The total number of applications for execution of decrees in the year under report was 483, out of which 423 were disposed of against 382 in the year before, leaving a balance of 60 at the close of the year. Of the 60 applications pending disposal at the end of the year, 31 were of durations below 6 months, 12 below 12 months, and 17 above 12 months, against 53, 11 and 20 respectively in the previous year. The number of applications pending disposal above one year has fallen down from 20 to 17. Eight out of the 17 applications are for attachment of the periodical income.

Miscellaneous Applications.

66. Including the balance of 3 applications for certificate of heirship the total number for disposal in the year under report was 10. They were all disposed of during the year under review by the Raje Saheb of Akalkot.

67. No other miscellaneous applications were presented to the Raje Saheb.

Civil Appellate Work.

68. The following table shows the work done by the Appellate Courts:—

NAME OF COURT.	Opening balance.	Filed during.	Total.	Disposed of during.	Closing balance.	Value of appeals filed during.	How disposed of.						Average duration.					
							Decisions confirmed.	Decisions reversed.	Decisions amended.	Cases remained for retrial.	Cases compromised or otherwise disposed of.	1892-93.		1893-94.				
												Years.	Months.	Days.	Years.	Months.	Days.	
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	
	1891-92	1892-93	1893-94	1893-94	1893-94	1892-93	1893-94	1893-93	1893-94	1892-93	1893-94	1892-93	1893-94	1892-93	1893-94	1892-93	1893-94	
Raje Sabej	3	2	11	6	14	8	12	6	2	2	1,906 6 1	10	6	1	...	...	311	
Sub-Judge	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	129	...	
Total..	3	2	13	9	16	1,123 7 9	2,574 14 1	11	5	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	

69. The number of appeals filed in the year under report was 9 against 13 in the preceding year. Including the balance of 2* at the commencement of the year, the total number for disposal was 11 against 16 in the last year. Six appeals were disposed of during the year leaving a balance of 5 at the close of the year 2 with the Raje Saheb and 3 with the Sub-Judge of Akalkot. The former two have been sent to the Lower court for recording additional evidence, while the latter 3 were only filed in the month of March 1894 and hence these appeals remained undisposed of.

70. From the decisions of the Sub-Judge, Akalkot, the appeal lies to the Raje Saheb, and from the decisions of the Munsiffs of Pilio and Kurla the first appeal lies to the Sub-Judge and second to the Raje Saheb.

Working of the Mamlatdar's Court Act.

71. Ten applications were filed under this Act during the year under report against one in the last year. This shows that the people have begun to see their way to resort to the speedy and cheap remedy provided by this Act. Out of 10 applications filed, 3 were decided in favour of plaintiffs, 2 in favour of defendants and 3 were rejected for want of appearance of plaintiffs before the Court, on the day appointed.

(h) Registration.

72. The registry officers at work during the year were —

- (1) District Registrar (Sub-Judge), Akalkot.
- (2) The Sub-Registrar, Akalkot.
- (3) Do. Pilio (Mahalkari).
- (4) Do. Kurla (Mahalkari).

73. The total number of documents presented for registration was 889 during the year under report against 810 in the last year. Out of the 889 documents, 888 were registered this year leaving a balance of one only (*vide* Appendix XV.).

74. The following table gives details of receipts and expenditure on account of registration in the year under report as compared with those of the preceding year :—

Description.	1892-93.			1893-94.		
	No. of deeds.	Value of property.	Fees realized.	No. of deeds.	Value of property.	Fees realized.
		Rs. a p.	Rs. a p.		Rs. a p.	Rs. a p.
Mortgage deeds	335	61,654 3 4	571 8 0	396	59,218 0 0	614 14 0
Sale deeds	340	50,250 8 10	407 10 0	350	43,583 15 8	417 3 0
Wills	3	344 0 0	5 14 0	1	340 0 0	2 42 0
Money bonds	1	400 0 0	4 0 0	.....	.....	.....
Miscellaneous	131	10,250 3 9	204 10 0	141	32,677 9 10	256 8 0
Fees for safe custody ... ..	.....	.....	22 14 0	.....	.....	61 5 0
Copying fee ... ..	.....	.....	2 8 6	.....	.....	2 11 0
Total	810	1,22,898 15 11	1,218 0 6	888	1,35,779 9 6	* 1,385 5 0
Deduct expenditure ... ..	.....	.....	351 15 7	.....	.....	† 366 8 6
Net profits ... ..	.....	.....	866 0 11	.....	.....	1,018 12 6

* Out of this amount Rs. 72-1-6 being for Kurla are not included in the accounts in Appendix XVII.

† Out of this amount Rs. 9-10-8 being for Kurla are not included in Appendix XVII.

75. The value of property of registered documents was Rs. 1,35,779-9-6 during the year under report against Rs. 1,22,898-15-11 in the preceding year. The total income was Rs. 1,385-5-0 against Rs. 1,218-0-6.

76. From the above figures it is evident that registration of documents is carried on a larger scale every year.

(i) *Municipal Administration.*

77. There being no constituted Municipalities in this State, the sanitary condition of the town of Akalkot is being looked after by the conservancy establishment, the cost of maintaining which was Rs. 3,206-0-6 in the year under report against Rs. 2,713-4-7 in the last year. This establishment is under the direct supervision of the State Medical Officer. The cost is partly met from Local Funds and partly from the Grant set apart for Public Works. The increase is due to the fact that some carts were purchased for carrying away the night-soil and filth of the town of Akalkot. The sanitation of the town is good.

CHAPTER IV.

PRODUCTION AND DISTRIBUTION.

(a) *Agriculture, Weather and Crops.*

78. The total rain-fall during the year was 32.78 inches against 48.27 in the preceding year. The *Kharif* cultivation was Re. 0-4-3 during the year under report against Re. 0-5-5 in the year before. The rain showers for the *Bajri* crop were not seasonable and timely and consequently that crop suffered to a little extent. The *Rabi* crops were in a better condition during the year than in the previous year. There was however plenty of fodder for the cattle to graze.

Agricultural Stock.

79. The details relating to Agricultural Stock are given below :—

	1892-93.	1893-94.
* Bullocks and cows	45,964	50,213
Buffaloes	10,150	10,397
Horses and ponies	1,284	1,285
* Asses	764	512
Sheep	21,721	25,411
Ploughs	3,442	3,471
Carts	652	687

The above figures appear on the whole except Asses to show an increase over the stock of the previous year.

(b) *Wages and Labour.*

80. There were no fluctuations in the wages of labour during the year. The average rate of unskilled labourers was from 3 to 4 annas, while that of skilled labourers from 8 to 12 annas per day. The rate for hire of carts was from 12 annas to one rupee per day.

Price of food-grains.

81. The rates of food-grains were :—

	1892-93.	1893-94.
	lbs.	lbs.
Jowari, per rupee	37	38
Rice	19	19
Jagree or gur	13	15
Gram	33	37
Wheat	20	25
Linseed	20	20
Kardi	60	63

The increase in the rates of some of the food-grains noted above, being comparatively small, no special remarks are needed.

(c) *Forests.*

82. The forests of the Akalkot State were administered by the State Karbhari throughout the year. There are no protected forests in the State, all lands in the possession of the Forest Department being declared reserved forests, except four survey numbers of four villages (No. 50 of Mundewadi, No. 33 of Matanballi, No. 243 of Waghari, and No. 109 of Mhaisalge). These numbers notified under Sec. 6 in 1892-93, have not yet been dealt with under Sec. 19. No addition to the Forest area was made during the year under review, but the forest area of acres 1829—5 assessed at Rs. 1,230-10-1 crossed by the Akalkot Karabgaon Road was disforested under Sec. 26 of the Forest Act and was brought under the plough as per Political Agent Sholapur's letter No. 791 dated 1st March 1893 conveying the Government of Bombay's sanction accorded for the disforestation of the said land in their Resolution No. 1277 dated 22nd February 1893. The total area under forests was acres 31,101—14 in the year under report against acres 32,930—19 in the year before. The survey assessment on the whole land under forests in the year under report was Rs. 21,443-14-11 against Rs. 22,674-9-0 in the preceding year.

83. The following Table gives in detail the strength of the Establishment entertained and its monthly cost:—

No.	Range.	Pay...	Fores- ter.	Forest guards.					Total No.	Monthly cost.	REMARKS.
			Rs. 20	Rs. 9	Rs. 8	Rs. 7	Rs. 6				
1	Akalkot ...		1	1	1	7	1	11	92	The total monthly cost entered in the last year's Administration Report is Rs. 134. Reduction of two places, one from Rs. 10 to 9, and the other from Rs. 7 to 6. Deduct the saving of.....Rs. 2	
2	Pilio ...		...	...	1	1	...	2	15		
Total.....			1	1	2	8	1	13	107	Hence the total of Rs. 107	

84. On account of the disforestation of 1,829 acres of land some reduction had to be made in the Forest Department.

85. In the subjoined table the forest receipts are detailed and contrasted with those of the previous year:—

Receipts.	1892-93.	1893-94.	Increase.	Decrease.
<i>I.—Timber and other produce removed from the Forest by Government Agency.</i>	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.
1. Firewood	190 9 0	112 4 0	.....	78 5 0
2. Other minor produce	23 4 0	8 8 0	.....	14 12 0
<i>II.—Timber and other produce removed from the Forests by consumers and purchasers.</i>				
1. Firewood	14 8 3	15 5 3	0 13 0	.....
2. Grazing and fodder-grass	4,901 2 9	5,786 3 4	885 0 7	.....
3. Other minor produce	1,247 4 6	6 10 0	.....	1,240 10 6
<i>III.—Confiscated drift and waif wood.</i>	6 3 1	3 14 0	.....	2 5 1
<i>IV.—Miscellaneous.....</i>	118 7 4	95 2 2	.....	23 5 2
Total.....	6,501 6 11	6,027 14 9	885 13 7	1,359 5 9

86. The forest receipts fell from Rs. 6,501-6-11 (in the last year) to Rs. 6,027-14-9, showing a decrease of Rs. 473-8-2, which was due to the fact that last year the Tarwad auction sale fetched the sum of Rs. 1,180.

87. The following Statement shows the expenditure incurred during the year as compared with that of the previous year :—

Expenditure.	1892-93.	1893-94.	Increase.	Decrease.
	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.
A. Conservancy and Works	613 7 4	237 15 5	.....	375 7 11
B. Establishments	1,876 8 1	1,881 3 11	4 11 10	.....
Total.....	2,489 15 5	2,119 3 4	4 11 10	375 7 11

88. The decrease in expenditure on “A Conservancy and Works” was due to the fact that no remuneration was paid to the village officers this year as the right of grazing in almost all the “open forests,” was sold by auction this year; and secondly, to the fact that dress was not given to the forest subordinates during the year under report.

89. Deducting the total expenditure from the total revenue from forest, the net income in the year was Rs. 3,908-11-5 against Rs. 4,011-7-6 in the preceding year.

90. No free grants were made during the year under report. The only forest produce, enjoyed free of purchase, is grass of Gairan Numbers included in forests.

91. No special establishments were entertained for the protection of forest reserves against fire; the Beat Guards did this work in addition to their own duties. Fire traces were burnt for 8 miles in Akalkot and 4 miles in Pilio; on forest boundaries, the traces along the railway being 100 feet and in other places 33 feet in width. One fire only occurred in the Akalkot Range, said to have been ignited by the falling of lightning. The area burnt was 20 gunthas, the material destroyed being only grass, the damages were assessed at Rs. 0-8-0, while there were five fires in the previous year.

92. The following Statement shows the results of cases in which criminal prosecution was deemed necessary in the year under report as compared with that of the last year.

YEAR.	Cases pending for the last year.	New cases of the year.				Total cases.	Disposed of during the year.						Cases pending at the close of the year.	REMARKS.	
		Injury to forests by fire.	Unauthorized felling or appropriation of wood and other minor forest produce.	Grazing without permission or in tracts in which grazing is prohibited.	Other offences.		Total new cases of the year.	Convicted.		Acquitted or discharged.		Total.			
								Cases.	Persons.	Cases.	Persons.	Cases.			Persons.
1892-93	...	...	...	45	3	48	34	65	14	30	48	95	...		
1893-94	...	1	4	1	...	6	5	6	1	2	6	8	...		

93. The number of persons prosecuted under the Forest Act was 8 against 95, and that of convicted 6 against 65 in the year before. This year offences of serious nature only were brought into criminal courts.

94. The cases compounded under Sec. 67 of the Forest Act were 80 in number during the year under report against 181 in the preceding year; the damages collected being Rs. 142-9-0 against Rs. 326-10-6 in the last year. All the 80 cases were of illicit cattle grazing in closed forest.

95. The above will show that in view of the recent policy of the British Government in the administration of forests and of the remarks passed by that Government on the Administration Report of the State for the last year, Forest Administration was and has been so conducted as to correspond as nearly as possible with that pursued in the Sholapur District.

96. Four Beat Guards were departmentally fined for negligence of duty and two Beat Guards were dismissed on account of grave misconduct during the year.

(d) *Trade and Manufacture.*

97. There is no record to show the values of exports and imports as the State does not levy import or export duties. There are no factories in the State, except some local industries, such as hand-weaving of *saries*, *comblies*, common turbans, &c. They are not in a thriving condition. The principal exports are *Jawari* and *Linseed*. The principal imports are rice, cocoanuts, sugar, spices, salt and cotton stuffs.

(e) *Fairs.*

98. Annual fairs are held at the villages of Haidra, Burhanpur, Wagh-dari, Karajgi, Mangrul and Jeur. They are all small religious fairs and are not of much importance to trade.

(f) *Public Works.*

99. The following Statement gives the details of the amounts expended during the year on Public Works :—

Works.					State Funds.	Local Funds.	TOTAL.
I.—Original.					Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.
Dharmshallas	...	...	...	...	.....	1,221 3 2	1,221 3 2
Buildings	...	...	...	...	19,269 9 3	.....	19,269 9 3
Chowdees	...	...	...	...	500 0 0	.....	500 0 0
Roads	...	...	...	...	1,846 0 0	.....	1,846 0 0
Miscellaneous	...	...	...	...	256 14 0	145 0 0	401 14 0
Total original work...					21,872 7 3	1,366 3 2	23,238 10 5
II.—Repairs.							
Dharmshallas	...	...	...	...	.....	368 6 0	368 6 0
Buildings	...	...	...	...	1,895 2 7	.....	1,895 2 7
Chowdees	...	...	...	...	370 8 10	.....	370 8 10
Roads	...	...	...	...	8 10 9	1,468 12 9	1,477 7 6
Wells	...	...	...	...	9 0 0	798 8 4	807 8 4
Road-side trees	...	...	...	...	.....	963 7 4	963 7 4
Miscellaneous	...	...	...	...	1,266 4 3	480 13 9	1,747 2 0
Total repairs...					3,549 10 5	4,080 0 2	7,629 10 7
III.—Conservancy.							
Total...					2,206 0 6	1,000 0 0	3,206 0 6
Total...					27,628 2 2	6,446 3 4	34,074 5 6
Establishment	...	...	...	...	1,200 0 0	348 2 7	1,548 2 7
GRAND TOTAL...					28,828 2 2	6,794 5 11	35,622 8 1

100. The Sangvi-Waghdari road 8 miles in length was taken in charge by the State on the 25th May 1893, and was immediately opened for traffic.

CHAPTER V.

REVENUE AND FINANCE.

101. Appendix XVII shows the actual income and expenditure of the State. The opening balance at the commencement of the year was Rs. 1,12,922-4-11, total receipts Rs. 3,37,505-4-1, and expenditure Rs. 2,95,408-1-2, leaving a balance of Rs. 1,55,019-7-10 at its close.

Statement I.

Year.	Opening Balance.	Receipts.	Expenditure.	Closing balance.
	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.
1890-91	1,80,792 6 11	3,23,478 0 10	2,89,826 14 3	1,64,443 9 6
1891-92	1,64,443 9 6	2,99,280 9 7	3,29,125 10 5	1,34,598 8 8
1892-93	1,34,598 8 8	2,81,947 15 1	3,03,624 2 10	1,12,922 4 11
1893-94	1,12,922 4 11	3,37,505 4 1	2,95,408 1 2	1,55,019 7 10

The above Statement shows that there is an abnormal increase in receipts in the year under report as compared with those of the last year.

The increase is due to large recoveries under " Land Revenue," " Local Fund," " Sayar Bāb" as given in detail hereafter.

The balance of Rs. 1,55,019-7-10 at the close of the year 1893-94, consisted of Rs. 89,019-7-10 in cash and Rs. 66,000 in Promissory Notes.

Exclusive of the above balance, there are Promissory Notes of the value of Rs. 42,632-12-10 set apart and kept in the general Treasury to meet the marriage expenses of the two Princesses Gajrasaja and Putla Raja (*vide* Last year's Administration report para. 128A.)

Statement II.

Abstract Statement of Income.

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No.	Item.	1890-91.	1891-92.	1892-93.	1893-94.
		Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.
1	Land Revenue	1,95,998 0 2	1,95,512 1 2	1,96,307 0 4	2,06,006 14 11
2	Local Fund	18,629 2 2	18,696 12 3	19,209 8 1	21,033 11 8
3	Sayar	39,831 11 2	31,304 7 2	25,250 8 1	52,758 6 7
4	Judicial	2,065 14 11	1,210 14 4	1,252 9 7	1,174 7 6
5	Registration	875 1 0	943 15 2	1,161 9 6	1,313 3 6
6	Stamps	7,710 0 0	9,465 12 0	8,582 11 0	10,384 13 0
7	Educational	5,194 13 0	3,109 10 0	5,203 12 7	5,317 7 6
8	Jail	330 14 6	359 5 3	277 3 6	269 15 6
9	Private Establishment (property)	8,001 3 5	1,917 7 7	5,746 11 6	1,897 14 7
10	Miscellaneous	28,752 10 6	11,903 14 2	7,242 14 7	21,013 13 10
11	Forests	3,170 5 9	4,878 3 9	6,501 6 11	6,027 14 9
12	Police	557 7 4	531 14 11	403 2 2	414 0 5
13	Advances, deposits, &c. ...	12,360 12 11	17,446 3 10	4,808 13 3	9,889 1 11
14	Revision Survey .. ..	.....	.....	.....	3 6 5
	Total.....	3,23,478 0 10	2,99,280 9 7	2,81,947 15	3,37,505 4 1

(a) The large increase of Rs. 9,699-14-7 under "Land Revenue" is due to the fact that Forest-land assessed at Rs. 1,230-10-1 was sold by occupancy right for cultivation and secondly to the fact that almost all the recoveries were made during the year under report, leaving a very small sum as outstanding balance and thirdly to increase in rent of Sheri lands.

(b) The increase of Rs. 1,824-3-7 under "Local Funds" is mainly due to the recovery of one anna cess in proportion to the recovery of land revenue and to the higher biddings of tolls, &c.

(c) The large increase of Rs. 27,507-14-6 under "Sayar" is due to recoveries of arrears of Mokasbab received from the Sholapur and Pandharpur Talukas and to the recovery of compensation on account of liquor contract for 14 months instead of for 12 months, as heretofore, the amount being made payable by monthly instalments.

(d) The income under (5) "Registration" is steadily increasing.

(e) The increase of Rs. 1,802-2-0 under (6) "Stamps" is due to the fact that a large number of stamps was consumed last year.

(f) The large increase of Rs. 13,770-15-3 under (10) "Miscellaneous" is due to the fact that Rs. 10,110-2-1 were refunded by the Executive Engineer, Sholapur, on account of Akalkot-Hunnur and Sangvi-Waghdari roads, and secondly to the fact that the amounts advanced and the promissory Notes of Rs. 66,000 fetched in a large amount of interest.

(g) The increase of Rs. 5,080-4-8 under (13) "Advances, &c.," is due to large recoveries.

(h) There was a large decrease of Rs. 3,848-12-11 under (9) "Private Establishment (property)," and it is due to the fact that the income of garden and Sheri-lands, which was not due to the State last year, was credited to it by the Khasgi Department through mistake. So during this year the usual receipts were received and credited.

(i) The decrease of Rs. 473-8-2 under (11) "Forests" has been accounted for in para. 86 above.

(j) The increases and decreases under the remaining heads are slight and therefore need no remarks.

Statement III.

103.

Abstract Statement of Expenditure.

No.	Item.	1890-91.	1891-92.	1892-93.	1893-94.
		Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.
I	Expenses of the Raja Relations, Dependents and private establishments ..	98,963 0 1	1,17,256 2 7	*92,698 9 4	94,552 1 2
1A	Stipend of families at Poona.	6,000 0 0	14,600 0 0	*12,110 0 0	12,120 0 0
1B	Raje Saheb's Investiture ..	.....	25,613 2 6	.....	.....
2	Religious and charitable allowances ..	3,901 0 8	6,354 2 9	5,167 15 3	2,724 0 3
3	Hereditary allowances ..	2,988 3 0	5,994 4 0	5,333 2 5	4,703 3 0
4	District Hereditary officers.	11,145 2 7	11,139 3 9	11,950 8 8	10,720 13 11
5	Village do.	12,870 1 8	12,377 5 9	12,756 4 8	12,220 9 5
6	Village servants and expenses ..	2,586 3 0	2,401 4 11	2,556 13 6	2,512 2 2
7	Political Establishment ..	1,379 7 6	233 14 5	208 2 9	902 15 6
7A	Huzur (Raje Saheb's) office.	.....	1,342 7 7	2,578 8 2	2,961 4 9
8	Civil Court ..	5,760 4 3	6,209 6 2	5,893 8 7	5,726 14 9
9	Revenue Establishment ..	14,979 3 1	15,276 12 7	13,858 6 5	13,548 2 5
10	Jail ..	3,387 6 2	2,814 8 11	3,027 13 4	2,411 3 11
11	Police ..	10,849 13 9	9,917 2 3	10,000 11 2	10,182 0 10
12	Shibandi ..	4,681 2 6	4,951 1 4	4,418 4 8	3,920 14 2
13	Judicial expenses ..	629 15 0	817 11 3	875 14 6	632 12 11
14	Stamps ..	988 12 3	363 2 3	356 1 6	705 7 1
15	Commuted payment to British Government in lieu of Akalkot contingent.	14,592 0 0	14,592 0 0	14,592 0 0	14,592 0 0
16	Pensions ..	9,442 13 4	14,267 5 8	9,961 5 6	6,743 8 3
17	Medical ..	2,365 0 11	3,920 1 2	3,085 14 10	3,476 3 11
18	Educational ..	9,202 0 1	9,479 3 10	9,428 0 9	9,952 15 6
19	Local Fund ..	10,087 14 4	13,404 14 9	15,984 9 11	12,875 3 7
20	Public Works ..	21,355 12 7	26,040 11 6	27,259 12 2	28,828 2 2
21	Registration accounts ..	184 3 5	398 1 7	344 12 7	356 13 10
22	Forest accounts ..	3,090 1 1	2,575 8 2	2,489 15 5	2,119 3 4
23	Miscellaneous ..	1,049 10 3	983 15 9	6,697 11 10	4,271 13 0
24	Advances, deposits, &c.	36,793 6 6	5,755 13 11	5,111 0 6	2,444 6 2
25	Imperial Census ..	53 4 3	46 1 1	552 10 11	.....
26	Revision Survey ..	.....	.....	3,096 8 10	9,203 1 2
27	Provision for the marriage-expenses of the two Princesses of the Raje Saheb ..	.....	.....	*21,228 14 6	20,000 0 0
	Total ..	2,89,826 14 3	3,29,125 10 5	3,03,624 2 10	2,95,408 1 2

* Vide foot-note (Appendix XVII).

(a) The increase of Rs 1,853-7-10 under (1) "Expenses of the Raja relations, &c.," is due to the inclusion of the expenses of the last year's Bombay trip of the Raje Saheb, which amounted to Rs. 4,656-9-3. But the accounts not being ready when the official year (1892-93) closed, the Raje Saheb having returned by the end of February 1893, the expenses of that trip had to be shown in the year under report. It will thus be seen that the actual expenses of the Raje Saheb for the year under report were Rs. 89,895-7-11. against Rs. 92,698-9-4 of the last year, that is, less by Rs. 2,803-1-5.

(b) The increase of Rs. 694-12-9 under (7) "Political Establishment" is due to the fact that furniture of about Rs. 700 was purchased for the Political Agent's Bungalow.

(c) The increase of Rs. 382-12-7 under (7A) "Huzur office" is due to the promotions granted to the Establishment and travelling allowances, &c., paid to the Establishment.

(d) The increase under (11) "Police" has been accounted for in para. 28 above.

(e) The increase of Rs. 349-5-7 under (14) "Stamps" is mainly due to printing charges for adhesive and impressed Court Fee stamps paid to Messrs. F. P. Baker and Co., London.

(f) The cause of increase under (17) "Medical" has been given in para. 110 below.

(g) The increase under (18) "Educational" has been explained in para. 119 below.

(h) The increase of Rs. 1,568-6-0 under (20) "Public Works" is due to the fact that more money was spent on Public Works.

(i) The large increase of Rs. 6,106-8-4 under (26) "Revision Survey" needs no remark, as the sum is paid to that Department as per demands made by Mr. J. C. Whitcombe from time to time.

(j) The decrease under (2) "Religious and charitable allowances" and (3) "Hereditary allowances" is due to arrears paid last year.

(k) The decrease of Rs. 1,229-10-9 under (4) "District Hereditary Officers" is partly due to the fact that arrears were paid last year, and partly to the fact that some of the Sirdeshmukhas have not taken away their dues.

(l) The decrease of Rs. 535-11-3 under (5) "Village Hereditary Officers" is due to the fact that arrears were paid last year.

(m) The decrease under (8) "Civil Court" and (9) "Revenue Establishment" is due to the reductions made in those Departments.

(n) The decrease under (10) "Jail" and (12) "Shibandi" has been explained in paras. 26 and 54 above.

(o) The decrease of Rs. 243-1-7 under (13) "Judicial" is due to the fact that amount of fines remitted was small.

(p) The decrease of Rs. 3,217-13-3 under (16) "Pensions" is partly due to the death of some of the pensioners this year and partly to the stoppage of the pension of Rao Bahadur Vithal Tikaji as he was appointed State Karbhari, in 1892-93 November.

(q) The decrease of Rs. 3,109-6-4 under (19) "Local Fund" is due partly to the fact that the amount spent on account of repairs on wells, roads, &c., was very small and partly to the fact that arrears on account of remuneration to pound-keepers were paid last year.

(r) The decrease under (22) "Forests" has been accounted for in para. 88 above.

(s) There was a large increase of Rs. 2,425-14-10 under (23) "Miscellaneous" in 1892-93. The reason has been given in the last year's Administration Report (*vide* para. 128, clause 0). This year (1893-94) no donations were given, and hence the decrease.

(t) The decrease of Rs. 2,666-10-4 under (24) "Advances" is due to the fact that less advances were made this year.

(u) The decrease of Rs. 1,228-14-6 under (27) "Provision for the marriage expenses of the princesses, &c.," is due to the fact that the amount of extra expenditure incurred in purchasing the Promissory Notes last year, was included in the price of the Promissory Notes.

(v) The increases and decreases under the remaining heads are slight, and therefore require no explanation.

104. No salt is allowed to be produced in the State.

Government pays Rs. 142-0-10 as compensation for the prohibition. The Abkari revenues are under the management of the British Government which pays in monthly instalments the sum of Rs. 188-1-10 as compensation to the State. The opium contract is given by the State, but the opium must be bought from the Government Depôts in the British Territory. One-fifth of the amount of the duty leviable on any opium conveyed into the State Territory is refunded by the British Government to this State. No Takavi remissions were made during the year. Customs and transit duties are not levied in this State.

Alienations.

105. The particulars under this head are furnished in para. 11 above.

CHAPTER VI.

VITAL STATISTICS AND MEDICAL RELIEF.

106. There is only one dispensary in the State at the capital town of Akalkot, and throughout the year Dr. R. S. Poredi was in charge of that charitable institution.

107. An important addition to the State Dispensary Establishment made in September 1893, was the appointment of a certificated midwife and nurse from the Cama Hospital, Bombay.

108. The following Table shows the number of patients treated and the expenditure incurred in the year under report, as contrasted with the previous two years:—

Dispensary.	No. of patients treated,		Results.				Expenditure.	Daily average.
	In-door.	Out-door.	Discharged.	Absent-ed.	Died.	Remain-ing under treat-ment.		
<i>Ahalkot.</i>							Rs.	
1891-92	80	11,693	9,194	2,465	26	88	3,920	119.13
1892-93	84	10,003	8,205	1,776	6	100	3,086	95.38
1893-94	90	12,286	9,408	2,867	1	102	3,476	112.29

The increase in the number of out-door and indoor patients was largely due to the general unhealthiness of the season, there being an unusual prevalence of malarial fevers with increased severity and a regular epidemic of small-pox and measles. The Raje Saheb occasionally visited the Dispensary.

109. The prevailing diseases were fevers, Ophthalmia, Bronchitis, Animal Parasites and skin affections. The general health of the town was not good during the year under report owing to the reasons stated in para above. Cholera made its appearance in some of the villages of this State during the year under report ; but the epidemic was not of a virulent type.

110. The total cost of maintaining this charitable institution was Rs. 3,476 in the year under report against Rs. 3,085 in the last year. The increase is partly due to the appointment of a certificated midwife and nurse and partly to the purchase of some medicines that were indented upon on account of the unhealthy season of the year.

111. Five *post mortem* examinations were held during the year under report as against 7 in the preceding year. The number of medico-legal cases, reported upon, was 45 against 40. There were 18 major and 438 minor surgical operations performed during the year, against 14 and 374 respectively in the previous year.

Vital Statistics.

112. The number of births and deaths for the year under report as compared with that of the previous is shown in the following table:—

	1892-93.	1893-94.	Increase.	Decrease.
Births	2,309	2,718	409	.....
Deaths	1,255	1,619	364	.....

The general health of the public was not altogether good owing to the unhealthiness of the season, and proportionately the death rate increased. The deaths from the principal diseases in the year under report and the past year were as under :—

	1892-93.	1893-94.
Cholera .....	.....	49
Fever	674	946
Small-pox .. .	.....	20
Dysentery	229	196

There were 19 accidental deaths out of which 9 were from drowning, 4 by snake-bites, 5 by hanging, and 1 by murder. The number of accidental deaths last year was 22.

Out of 2,718 children born during the year, 1,404 were males, and 1,314 females. Out of 1,619 deaths 818 were males and 801 females.

The birth rate per *mille* of population under the Census of 1891 (75,774) was 35·8 in the year under report against 30·4 in the year before. The death rate was 21·3 against 16·5 in the previous year.

113. During the year under report the Registers of births and deaths were regularly filled in and the statistical information is collected as accurately as possible.

Vaccination.

114. The Vaccination Department remained in charge of the Deputy Sanitary Commissioner, C. D., during the year. There is one vaccinator for the State under the supervision of the Inspector of sanitation and vaccination, Sholapur, who gets a monthly remuneration of Rs. 5 from the State for the purpose. The monthly pay of the vaccinator is Rs. 14 and is paid by the State. The total cost of vaccination, which is debited to the Local Funds was Rs. 312 against Rs. 314 in the preceding year.

115. The following table shows the work of vaccination performed during the year under report :—

Operation by whom performed.	No. of persons vaccinated in 1892-93.	No. of persons vaccinated in 1893-94.	Results.			
			Successful.		Unsuccessful.	
			1892-93.	1893-94.	1892-93.	1893-94.
By the Vaccinator of Akalkot	1,848	1,668	1,722	1,490	126	178
Do. do. of Malsiras in Pilio Mahal.	178	198	178	146	...	52
Do. do. of Khatao in Kurla Mahal.	91	89	89	57	2	32
Total	2,117	1,955	1,989	1,693	128	262

Out of the 1,955 persons vaccinated during the year under report, 1,935 were primarily vaccinated and 20 re-vaccinated against 2,099 and 18 respectively in the preceding year. Of the 1,935 primary cases, 963 were males and 972 females, of the re-vaccinated persons 12 cases were successful. The percentage of successful cases in the primary operations was 86.6 during the year under report against 90 in the year before :—

CHAPTER VII.

INSTRUCTION.

116. The number and description of the schools are given in detail in the subjoined Table :—

No.	Description of School.	No. of pupils on the roll on 31st March 1893.		No. of pupils on the roll on 31st March 1894.		Daily average attendance.	
		Boys.	Girls.	Boys.	Girls.	Boys.	Girls.
1	First Grade Anglo-Vernacular School.	63	.....	51	.....	51.2	.....
29	Vernacular Primary Boys' Schools.	1,370	64	1,677	71	1,293.5	50.6
1	Do. Girls' School...	.....	60	.....	65	.....	40.4
1	Do. Night School...	24	.....	30	.....	15.5	.....
5	Primary Hindusthani Schools.....	146	21	154	37	113.2	18.4
37	Total.....	1,603	145	1,912	173	1,473.4	109.4

The year under review opened with 32 schools in the State imparting instructions to the boys and girls. Adding five schools, that were newly opened during the year, to the number already existing, the total number of working schools comes to 37, out of which one is Anglo-Vernacular, 31 Vernacular and 5 Hindusthani. The number of school-going boys and girls has risen from 1,603 and 145 to 1,912 and 173, respectively. The increase in number is due to the opening of five new schools and to better management of the Educational Department.

The daily average attendance of the boys was 1,473.4 and of girls 109.4 against 1,346.6 and 39.7, respectively, in the previous year.

117. There is only one separate school at Akalkot for girls under the charge of a trained mistress, and the school has been showing signs of steady progress.

118. Mr. Jogleker, the Head Master, English School at Akalkot, and Assistant Deputy Educational Inspector, inspected all the Vernacular as well as Hindusthani schools in the State except his own school, which was examined by the State Karbhari, Sub-Judge and the Medical Officer, Akalkot, during the year under report, and the results were, on the whole, satisfactory. The State Karbhari also examined most of the village schools when on tour in the District.

119. The Educational Department was maintained at a cost of Rs. 9,952 in the year against Rs. 9,428 in the last year. The increase is attributable to the opening of 5 new schools and to the purchase of furniture, such as maps, benches, &c., for those schools.

120. At the request of the Raje Saheb Mr. and Mrs. Winchester expressed their willingness to be present at the prize distribution ceremony when Mr. Winchester had been to Akalkot in last November for his annual winter visit; and prizes were distributed by Mrs. Winchester to successful boys and girls.

121. The Raje Saheb takes deep interest in educational matters, and in view of the pressing demands of some of the villagers for more schools, he at once complied with their request by opening 5 new schools at some of those villages during the year under report.

122. The undersigned has the pleasing duty to note that the Raje Saheb's eldest daughter, Shrimant Gajra Raja Saheb, about 7 years old, has been placed under the training of Miss Moxon, who is bringing her up. The little princess is learning English, needle-work, and music, and is very intelligent and clever. A native teacher has been also engaged to teach her the Vernacular language.

CHAPTER VIII.

MISCELLANEOUS.

Destruction of Wild Animals, &c.

123. No measures were taken for the extermination of wild animals and venomous snakes, as the country is not much infested with such animals, &c., though the rules as regards their destruction are in force in the State; no reward was paid during the year.

Post and Telegraph Office.

124. There is one Sub-Post Office at Akalkot and three branch Offices at Waghdari, Karajgi and Kurla, and these are under the British management. An experimental branch office is to be opened at Pilio from 1st July 1894.

A combined Telegraph Office was opened at Akalkot since the 31st March 1894, and Akalkot must congratulate itself upon having telegraphic communication near at home.

Record.

125. During the year under report the general State record was sorted and arranged till the year 1892-93. Three Special Karkoons were appointed for that purpose.

Printing Press and Library.

126. There is no printing press at Akalkot, though there is one Native General Library at the capital town. A new suitable building is being constructed for that institution.

Taxes and Trades.

127. The only tax that is levied by the State is the License Tax (*vide* G. R. No. 4107, dated 19th July 1886), and the income derived therefrom was Rs. 6,299, against Rs. 6,273 in the preceding year. The five years period being over since the License Tax was last levied, revised statements were prepared and sanctioned by the State Karbhari under the orders of the Raje Saheb during the year under report.

128. There is one Municipal *Toll Naka* at Akalkot, which realized Rs. 905 against Rs. 779. With the abolition of export and import duties, the trade has been showing signs of prosperity year after year.

129. The Raje Saheb and family enjoyed good health throughout the year.

Concluding remarks.

130. From the above facts and figures, it is apparent that this year's administration must be considered satisfactory. Survey operations were carried out most satisfactorily during the year. Akalkot had sufficient rainfall. The Rabi crops were in a satisfactory condition, while Kharif crops were fair. Criminal justice was administered with promptness. There has been no delay in the disposal of Civil work. The Police have improved, and crime has decreased. Financially, the condition of the State is much better. The Dispensary is becoming a thriving institution. Education is spreading gradually. And these are no doubt healthy signs. Dr. Poredi, Mr. Jogleker and other Officers of the State did their work satisfactorily.

D. N. PHANSALKAR,

Acting State Karbhari, Akalkot.

Akalkot, 22nd June 1894.

Appendix I.
Political Relations of Native States.

Name of State.	Tribute in men or money.		4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
	Amount.	To whom payable.									
1		3									
Akalkot	Rs. 14,592 (commuted payment in lieu of contingent of horse).	British Government.	73,774 (as per census of 1891).	1 First Grade Anglo-Vernacular School. 29 Vernacular Primary Boys' Schools. 1 do. do. Girl. 1 do. do. Night. 5 Primary Hindustani Schools.	Boys, 1,912 Girls, 173 Total 2,085	1,935	(1) Fevers; (2) Ophthalmia; (3) Bronchitis; (4) Animal Parasites; and (5) Skin diseases.	Rs. a. p. 3. 7. 516 2	Jamadar 1 Havaldars 2 Naiks 2 Sepoys 41 Total 46 Artillery-19th July 1886) men-3 Grand Total 49	Transit duties have been abo- lished (<i>vide</i> G. R. No. 4107, dated 19th July 1886).	Agriculture being the sole occupation, Jowari, bajri, wheat, gram, rice, linseed and sugarcane are the principal products; sadies, coarse or common shelas, cholics and com- mon tybbans are the manufactures. There are no mines.

Akalkot, 22nd June 1894.

D. N. PHANSALKAR,
Acting State Karbhari, Akalkot.

Appendix II.

POLITICAL RELATIONS.

Native Chiefs, principal male members of their families and principal members of their Courts.

No.	Name of Individual State and family to which he belongs.	Residence.	Present position.	Caste, race and religion.	Age.	How and where educated.	How employed.	Has Sanad authorizing adoption or not.	Family follows primogeniture or not.	Has male heirs or not.	REMARKS.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
1	Shahaji Maloji alias Baba Saheb Baje, Bhosle, Akalkot.	Akalkot.	Ruling Raja of the State.	Maratha Hindu.	Y. M. 26 4	In the Rajkumar School at Kolapur.	Administers the affairs of the State.	Has a Sanad authorizing adoption.	Follows primogeniture.	Not.	Has two daughters, 7 years and 5 months, and the other 4 years and 4 months and 17 days, on the 31st March 1894. Has a daughter; she was married in December 1899.
2	Tulaji Fattasing alias Raja Saheb, Bhosle.	Poona.	Resides at Poona, with his family, on a monthly allowance of Rs. 500.	Do.	42 0	Privately, and at Poona High School.	Looks after his own affairs.	.....	Do.	Do.	

Akalkot, 22nd June 1894.

D. N. PHANSALKAR,
Acting State Karbhari, Akalkot.

Appendix III.
Civil Divisions of Territory under Political control, 1893-94.

1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17
Division.	Executive District.	Number of Executive Sub-Divisions.	Area in square miles.	Population.	Chief Towns with Population.	Head-Quarter Town.	Population.	Number of villages.	Number of Civil Judges.	Number of stipendiary Magistrates.	Maximum distance in miles of villages from nearest Court.	Average distance in miles of villages from nearest Court.	Number of police.	Total cost of offices and police of all kinds.	State Revenue.	REMARKS.

Akalkot, 22nd June 1894.

D. N. PHANSALKAR,
Acting State Karbhari, Akalkot.

Appendix IV.

Population of Native States, Akalkot State, 1893-94.

Central Division.	Akalkot State including detached Mahals of Pilio and Kuria.	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	Population as per General Census of 1891.										Classification of Population.								Occupation.		13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	Commissionership.	District.	Inhabited houses.																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																				
											Men.		Women.		Children under 15 years.		Total.	Number per square mile.	Europeans.	East Indian and other mixed race.	Christians.	Natives.	Hindus.	Mahomedans.	Parsis.	Buddhists and Jains.	Aboriginals.	Others.	Total male agriculturists including landlords, cultivators and agricultural labourers.	Total non-agricultural males.																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																				
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Akalkot, 22nd June 1894.

D. N. PHANSALKAR,
Acting State Karbhari, Akalkot.

Appendix V.

STATEMENT showing the Strength, Cost, and other particulars of the Military Force in the Akalkot State, 1893-94.

Arm of Service.	Total number of fighting Officers and men.								Details of Force at the end of the year.						Total cost of pay and allowances of officers, non-commissioned officers and men including Followers.	REMARKS.	
	Remaining at the end of last year.	Re-recruited this year (a).	1 Incl.			Invalided.	Discharged, &c. (b).	Remaining at the end of the year.	Number of Regiments, Battalions or Batteries.	Number of guns.	Number of men.						Fighting men.
			In action.	Otherwise.	Total.						European Commissioned Officers.	Native Commissioned Officers.	Non-Commissioned Officers.	Officers.			
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	
Cavalry	.. ..	.....	..	..	..	..	.....	.....	.....	..	..	..	..	..	.....	†Details of guns (52)— 45 Smooth bore muskets. 3 Small cannons fit for use. 4 Small cannons not fit for use 52	
Sappers	.....	.....	..	..	..	..	.....	.....	.....	..	..	..	..	..	.....		
Artillery	3	.....	..	..	..	..	.....	3	.....	7	..	..	..	3	Establishment.		
Infantry	41	5	..	..	..	..	.....	*46	.....	45	..	..	..	*46	Rs. 3,872-3-6 Extra Expenditure, Rs. 48-10-9.	†Details of Infantry Force 1 Jamadar. 5 Havaldars. 2 Naiks. 41 Sepoys.	
Total.....	44	†5	..	..	..	..	.....	49	.....	†52	..	..	..	49	Rs. 3,920-14-2	Total... 46	

*N. B.—These 5 places being vacant last year were filled up in 1893-94 (vide footnote to Appendix V. of last year's Administration Report).

D. N. PHANSALKHAR,
Acting State Karbhari, Akalkot.

Akalkot, 22nd June 1894.

Appendix VI.
STATEMENT showing the Strength, Cost, Discipline and Education of the Police, 1893-94.

Description of Office.	Number.	Pay of the Grade.	Total expenditure.	Punishment.				Rewards.		Education.		REMARKS.
				Dismissed.	Fined, degraded or suspended departmentally.	Judicially punished.	By promotion.	By money rewards.	Number able to read and write.	Number under instruction.		
1	15	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	
Chief Police Officer ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	
Inspector of Police ..	..	65	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	
Chief Constable, 3rd Class ..	1	80	360 14 0	..	..	..	1	..	1	..	..	
Head Constable, 1st ..	1	20	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	
Do. 2nd ..	1	15	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	
Do. 3rd ..	2	12	..	..	..	..	..	..	2	..	..	
Do. 4th ..	5	10	..	..	1	..	..	..	2	1	..	
Constable, 1st Class ..	11*	9	..	..	3	..	..	..	4	1	..	
Do. 2nd ..	15	8	..	..	3	..	..	..	2	1	..	
Do. 3rd ..	10	7	..	..	2	..	..	..	2	3	..	
Do. 4th ..	4*	..	..	..	2	..	..	..	2	1	..	
Mounted Police.			Total. Rs. 10,182 0 10									
Daffedar ..	1	30	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	
Sewars ..	4	25	..	..	..	..	..	..	1	..	..	
Total...	55*		Establishment .. Rs. 9,256 9 2	..	12	..	1	..	18	7	..	
			Extra Expenditure ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	
			Police Fund Account ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	

* N. B.—Four places that were vacant in the year 1893-94 have since been filled up in 1894-95.
Akalkot, 22nd June 1894.
D. N. PHANSALKHAR,
Acting State Karbhari, Akalkot.

Appendix VII.

STATEMENT showing the results of the working of the Police in the Akalkot State during the year ending with 31st March 1894.

Name of State.	Number of offences.		Number of accused arrested.		Number of accused sent for trial.		Number of accused convicted.		Number of accused acquitted or discharged.		Percentage con- victed of accused arrested (cols. 4 & 5).		Percentage con- victed of accused sent for trial.		REMARKS.
	1892-93.	1893-94.	1892-93.	1893-94.	1892-93.	1893-94.	1892-93.	1893-94.	1892-93.	1893-94.	1892-93.	1893-94.	1892-93.	1893-94.	
1	2	8	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16
Akalkot ...	141	99	109	61	105	61	59	88	50	28	54.1	62.2	53.1	62.2	
Pilio ...	2	1	11	3	11	3	7	2	4	1	63.6	66.6	63.6	66.6	
Kurla ...	3	2	5	...	1	...	...	...	5	...	...	...	...	...	
Total ...	146	102	125	64	117	64	66	40	59	24	52.8	62.5	56.4	62.5	

D. N. PHANSALKAR,
Acting State Karbhari, Akalkot.

Akalkot, 22nd June 1894.

Appendix VIII.
STATEMENT showing the value of property stolen and amount of recoveries in the Akalkot State during the year 1893-94 ending with 31st March 1894.

STATE.	Amount stolen.		Amount recovered.		Percentage of recoveries of property stolen.		REMARKS.
	1892-93.	1893-94.	1892-93.	1893-94.	1892-93.	1893-94.	
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8
Akalkot	Rs. a. p. 3,843 14 3	Rs. a. p. 8,055 12 6	Rs. a. p. 1,589 12 3	Rs. a. p. 6,399 1 6	41.4	79.4	
Pilto	419 14 0	25 15 0	13 10 6	.....	3.3	.....	
Kurila	467 9 0	50 12 0	.....	.....	.....	.....	
Total...	4,731 5 3	8,132 7 6	1,603 6 9	6,399 1 6	33.9	78.6	

Akalkot, 22nd June 1894.
D. N. PIANSALKAR,
Acting State Karbhari, Akalkot.

Appendix IX.

STATEMENT showing the number of crimes committed, number of cases disposed of, and cases awaiting trial in the Akalkot State during the year 1893-94 ending with 31st March 1894.

No.	Description of crime or offence.	Number of cases.		Number of persons sentenced to.										Terms of imprisonment.								REMARKS.							
		Balance on 1st April 1893.	Committed during the year 1893-94.	Total.	Number of persons convicted.						Number of persons sentenced to.				Under one month.	From 1 to 2 months.	From 2 to 3 months.	From 3 to 6 months.	From 6 to 12 months.	From 1 to 2 years.	From 2 to 3 years.		From 3 to 5 years.	Above 5 years.					
					Simple imprisonment.	Rigorous imprisonment.	Simple imprisonment.	Rigorous imprisonment.	Fine only.	Whipping.	Transportation.	Total.	Number of persons acquitted or discharged.	Number of persons confined, being insane.											Number of persons died during or before trial.				
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28	29	30
1	Offences by, or relating to, public servants, Chapter IX ...	...	1	1	1	...	1	1	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
2	Contempts of the lawful authority of Public servants, Chapter X ...	...	3	3	3	...	4	4	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	4	...	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
3	Offences relating to coins and Government stamps, Chapter XII.	...	2	3	3	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
4	Offences affecting the human body. Chapter XVI.—	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	(1) Attempt to commit suicide	...	3	2	2	...	2	1	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	3	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	(2) Voluntarily causing hurt by dangerous weapons or means	1	...	1	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	(3) Voluntarily causing hurt	...	26	26	26	...	67	17	...	...	...	2	15	...	...	17	50	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	(4) Voluntarily causing hurt to deter a public servant from his duty	...	1	1	1	...	1	1	...	...	...	...	1	...	...	1	...	3	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	(5) Voluntarily causing hurt by provocation	...	1	1	1	...	1	1	...	...	...	...	1	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	(6) Criminal force and assault	1	1	2	2	...	1	1	...	...	...	...	2	...	...	2	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	(7) Murder	...	1	1	1	...	1	1	...	...	...	...	1	...	1	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	(8) Attempt to commit murder	...	1	1	1	...	2	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	2	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	(9) Kidnapping or abducting	...	1	1	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...

The accused was committed for trial to the Sessions Court and was ordered to be punished with transportation for life by the Col. Agent, Sholapur.

Appendix X.

STATEMENT showing the number of offences reported and offences dealt with in the Akalkot State during the year ending with 31st March 1894.

Name of Court.	Number of offences reported during the year.		Number of persons dealt with.										Persons disposed of.					REMARKS.
	1892-93.	1893-94.	Remaining at the end of the last year.	Arrested by Police.	Upon War-rant.	On summons.	Voluntarily.	Arrested in the presence of the Magistrate.	Total.		Discharged without trial.	Acquitted.	Convicted.	Committed or referred.	Died, escaped, or transferred.	Persons remaining at the end of the year.		
									1892-93.	1893-94.								
1				4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18
Political Agent ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	.....	3	1	...	...	1	...	...	...	...
District Magistrate ...	3	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	.....	3	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Sub-Divisional Magistrate ...	159	135	...	...	28	11	5	...	15	35	59	...	22	36	1	...	...	...
2nd Class Magistrate ...	188	199	...	...	36	2	62	...	148	291	248	...	65	182	...	...	1	...
3rd do. do. Phio ...	24	11	6	...	...	...	18	...	.....	76	24	...	20	4	...	...	...	...
Do. do. Kuria ...	5	4	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	6	1	...	...	1	...	...	...	...
Total..	379	349	6	64	13	85	...	...	164	411	332	...	107	223	1	...	1	...
GRAND TOTAL..	379	349	6	64	13	85	...	...	164	414	333	...	107	224	1	...	1	...

Akalkot, 22nd June 1894.

D. N. PHANSALKAR,
Acting State Karbhari, Akalkot.

Appendix XI.

STATEMENT showing the results of appeals against decisions passed by the Criminal Courts in the Akalkot State during the year ending with 31st March 1894.

Tribunals.		No. of applications.		Number of Persons and Cases.												Pending.							
				Applications, rejected.				Sentences.				Proceedings quashed.						Referred.		Further inquiry, &c., ordered.			
				Persons.		Cases.		Confirmed.		Modified.		Reversed.		Persons.				Cases.		Persons.		Cases.	
State.	1892-93.	1893-94.	1892-93.	Persons.	Cases.	1892-93.	Persons.	Cases.	1892-93.	Persons.	Cases.	1892-93.	Persons.	Cases.	1892-93.	Persons.	Cases.	1892-93.	Persons.	Cases.	1892-93.	Persons.	Cases.
	1893-94.	1892-93.	1893-94.	Persons.	Cases.	1893-94.	Persons.	Cases.	1893-94.	Persons.	Cases.	1893-94.	Persons.	Cases.	1893-94.	Persons.	Cases.	1893-94.	Persons.	Cases.	1893-94.	Persons.	Cases.
	1893-94.	1892-93.	1893-94.	Persons.	Cases.	1893-94.	Persons.	Cases.	1893-94.	Persons.	Cases.	1893-94.	Persons.	Cases.	1893-94.	Persons.	Cases.	1893-94.	Persons.	Cases.	1893-94.	Persons.	Cases.
	1893-94.	1892-93.	1893-94.	Persons.	Cases.	1893-94.	Persons.	Cases.	1893-94.	Persons.	Cases.	1893-94.	Persons.	Cases.	1893-94.	Persons.	Cases.	1893-94.	Persons.	Cases.	1893-94.	Persons.	Cases.
Akalkot	1 The Raje Sahab.	7	...	...	...	...	5	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	2 The State Karbhari and District Magistrate.	4	...	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	3 The Sub-Divisional Magistrate.	6	...	...	...	...	...	2	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	Total ...	9	17	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...

D. N. PHANSALKAR,
Acting State Karbhari, Akalkot.

Akalkot, 22nd June 1894.

Appendix XII.

STATEMENT showing the number of persons convicted or confined in the Jail in the Akalkot State during the year 1893-94 ending with 31st March 1894.

STATIONS.	Number of prisoners.	Number of prisoners.				Daily average in Jail.		Number of prisoners remaining at the end of the year.	Total cost of Jail and prisoners.	Remarks showing mortality among convicts in the Jail.
		Remaining from last year.	Admitted during the year.	1892-93.	Total. 1893-94.	1892-93.	1893-94.			
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11
Akalkot ...	52	19	33	69	52	24.8	15.3	10	Rs. a. p. 2,411 3 11	The general health of the prisoners during the year was fairly good on the whole, there being no mortality.
Pilho ...	.....	.....	.....	6	.....	0.2	.....	.....		
Kurla ...	.....	.....	.....	1	.....	.....	.....	.....		
Total...	52	19	33	76	62	.....	.....	10	2,411 3 11	

Akalkot, 22nd June 1894.
D. N. PHANSALKAR,
Acting State Karbhari, Akalkot.

Civil Work.—Nature and value of original suits filed and disposed of during the year 1893-94.

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Akalkot, 22nd June 1894.

Civil Work.—Results of Applications for Execution of Decrees, 1993-94.

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• Acting State Karbhari, Akalkot.

Akalkot, 22nd June 1894.

Appendix XV.

Registration of Documents, 1893-94.

Number.	Sub-Registry Office.	Nature of Documents presented.												Value of Documents registered.		Documents refused to be registered.		Documents remaining unregistered pending enquiry at the close of the year.									
		Mortgages.						Sale deeds.		Wills.		Money-bonds.		Miscellaneous.		Documents registered.	1892-93.		1893-94.		Documents refused to be registered.	1892-93.		1893-94.		Documents remaining unregistered pending enquiry at the close of the year.	
		1892-93.	1893-94.	1893-94.	1892-93.	1893-94.	1892-93.	1893-94.	1892-93.	1893-94.	1892-93.	1893-94.	1892-93.	1893-94.	1892-93.		1893-94.	1892-93.	1893-94.	1892-93.		1893-94.	1892-93.	1893-94.	1892-93.		1893-94.
1		2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12															
1	Akalkot	...	...	714	785	289	338	307	325	3	1	1	...	114	121	714	785	1,06,725	5 4	1,19,984	5 10	...	...	...	...	...	1
2	Pilto	...	...	58	50	24	30	31	19	...	...	...	...	3	1	58	49	11,377	4 7	7,802	0 0	...	...	...	...	...	...
3	Kurla	...	...	38	54	22	29	2	6	...	...	...	...	14	19	38	54	4,796	6 0	7,993	3 8	...	...	...	...	...	...
Total...			810	889	335	397	340	350	3	1	1	...	131	141	810	888	1,22,898	15 11	1,35,779	9 6	...	...	...	...	...	...	1

Akalkot, 22nd June 1894.

D. N. PHANSALKAR,
Acting State Karbhari, Akalkot.

APPENDIX XVI.

AGRICULTURE.

STATEMENT showing Agricultural stock in the Akalkot State during the year 1893-94.

No.	District.	Cattle and other quadrupeds.										Ploughs.		Carts.	
		Bullocks.	Cows.	Buffaloes.		Horses.	Mares.	Fools.	Asses.	Sheep and goats.	With two bullocks.	With four bullocks.	Riding carts.	Carts used in cart-tying.	
				Male.	Female.										
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	
1	Akalkot ...	28,193	17,521	2,897	6,715	615	402	133	486	20,507	840	2,313	47	541	
2	Pilo ...	1,688	1,221	156	205	38	56	13	26	4,438	6	230	4	55	
3	Kurla ...	855	735	128	296	4	19	5	.....	466	.....	82	2	38	
	Total.....	30,736	19,477	3,181	7,216	657	477	151	512	25,411	846	2,625	53	634	

D. N. PHANSALKAR,

Acting State Karbhari, Akalkot.

Akalkot, 22nd June 1894.

APPENDIX XVII.

Appendix XVII.

No.	INCOME.				No.	EXPENDITURE.				
	Heads of Receipt.	A. D. 1892-93.	A. D. 1893-94.	Increase.		Heads of Expenditure.	A. D. 1892-93.	A. D. 1893-94.	Increase.	Decrease.
1	2	3	4	5	1	2	3	4	5	6
1	Balance in the Treasury on 1st April ...	1,34,598 8 8	1,12,922 4 17	.....	1	Expenses of the Raja, Relations, Dependents, and Private Establishment.	92,698 9 4	94,552 1 2	1,853 7 10	.....
	Land Revenue—				1A	Stipend of families at Poona.	12,110 0 0	12,120 0 0	10 0 0	.....
	1. Recoveries on account of former years ...	5,575 6 11	324 13 6	.....	2	Religious and Charitable Allowances—	3,340 10 9	1,823 12 3	.....	1,516 14 6
	2. Do. do. current year. ...	1,89,658 10 5	2,00,679 4 5	11,020 10 0	1-2	Devasthan allowances ...	1,827 4 8	906 4 0	.....	927 0 8
2	3. Rent of Sheri land ...	4,072 15 0	5,002 13 0	929 14 0	2.	Varshasandars ...	5,167 15 5	2,724 0 3	.....	2,443 15 2
	Local Funds... ..	1,96,307 0 4	2,06,006 14 11	11,950 8 0	3	Hereditary Allowances—	4,416 3 0	4,703 3 0	287 0 0	.....
	1. Recoveries of license tax on account of former years ...	19,209 8 1	21,033 11 8	1,824 3 7	1.	Nemvukdars' ...	916 15 5	.....	.....	916 15 5
	2. Do. do. current year. ...	10 0 0	33 0 0	23 0 0	2.	Dengdars' ...	5,333 2 5	4,763 3 0	287 0 0	916 15 5
3	3. Makasab ...	6,263 3 0	6,268 7 0	3 4 0	4	District Hereditary Officers—	11,320 6 4	10,090 11 7	.....	1,229 10 9
	4. Customs, commuted allowance in lieu of ...	5,356 5 11	32,909 1 1	27,552 11 2	1.	Hakdar District Hereditary Officers ...	630 2 4	630 2 4	.....	.....
	5. Miscellaneous receipts. ...	9,006 4 0	9,006 4 0	.....	2.	Sardeshmukhi paid to British Government ...	11,950 8 8	10,720 13 11	.....	1,229 10 9
	6. Compensation on account of liquor contract due by the British Government ...	588 8 4	.....	.....	5	Village Hereditary Officers—	5,023 0 9	4,763 13 7	.....	253 3 2
4	7. Opium contract ...	2,257 6 0	2,633 9 8	376 3 8	1.	Patels' allowances ...	7,733 3 11	7,456 14 10	.....	276 8 1
	8. Bhang Ganja contract ...	737 6 0	878 0 0	140 10 0	2.	Kulkarni's allowances ...	12,756 4 8	12,220 9 5	.....	535 11 3
	9. Compensation for the Salt Revenues relinquished by the State ...	142 0 10	142 0 10	.....						
	10. Chasgol... ..	70 0 0	42 0 0	.....						
		25,250 8 1	52,758 6 7	28,119 6 10						

4	<i>Judicial.</i>	1. Fines	1,059 5 6	776 12 0	.....	282 9 6	6	<i>Village Servants and Expenses.</i>	1,820 3 6	1,786 7 2	.....	33 12 4
		2. Unclaimed property	7 14 0	0 11 0	.....	7 3 0			18 6 0	.....	.....	18 6 0
		3. Intestate estate	131 6 9	321 15 3	190 8 6	.....			.....	.....	.....	.....
		4. Batta ... ..	.....	.....	.....	.....			.....	.....	.....	.....
		5. Fees in Civil Courts	19 7 4	31 11 4	12 4 0	.....			718 4 0	725 11 0	7 7 0	.....
		6. Miscellaneous	34 8 0	43 5 11	8 13 11	.....			2,556 13 6	2,512 2 2	7 7 0	52 2 4
5		<i>Registration Fees</i>	1,252 9 7	1,174 7 6	211 10 5	289 12 6	7	<i>Political Establishment.</i>	.....	.....	.....	.....
6		<i>Stamps</i>	1,161 9 6	1,313 3 6	151 10 0	.....			207 9 9	190 8 0	.....	17 1 9
7		<i>Educational</i>	8,582 11 0	10,384 13 0	1,802 2 0	.....			0 9 0	712 7 6	711 14 6	.....
8		<i>Jail</i>	5,203 12 7	5,317 7 6	113 10 11	.....	7A	<i>Huzur Office.</i>	208 2 9	902 15 6	711 14 6	17 1 9
9		<i>Private Establishment</i>	277 3 6	269 15 6	.....	7 4 0			.....	.....	.....	.....
10		<i>Miscellaneous.</i>	5,746 11 6	1,897 14 7	.....	3,948 12 11			1,060 4 8	1,778 12 0	118 7 4	.....
		1. Profit account	4,193 14 4	6,696 3 7	2,502 5 3	.....			918 3 6	1,182 8 9	261 5 3	.....
		2. Jamindar's Haks	104 3 6	198 7 6	94 4 0	.....			2,578 8 2	2,961 4 9	382 12 7	.....
		3. Political Establishment ... ..	.....	27 10 3	27 10 3	0 6 0	8	<i>Civil Court.</i>	.....	.....	.....	.....
		4. Huzur Office account	0 8 0	0 2 0	.....	.....			4,220 6 8	4,273 9 3	56 2 7	.....
		5. Public Works	1,215 13 6	11,865 13 6	10,650 0 0	.....			1,484 8 0	1,320 10 1	.....	163 13 11
		6. Civil Court's account	61 2 9	105 0 6	43 13 9	.....			188 9 11	129 11 5	.....	58 14 6
		7. Revenue Establishment account	104 10 9	82 2 9	.....	22 8 0			5,893 8 7	5,745 14 9	56 2 7	222 12 5
		8. Shikandi accounts	19 0 2	18 9 6	.....	0 6 8			.....	.....	.....	.....
		9. Medical accounts	1,009 6 8	1,000 12 4	.....	8 10 4			.....	.....	.....	.....
		10. Miscellaneous accounts	534 2 11	1,018 15 11	484 13 0	.....	9	<i>Revenue Establishment.</i>	.....	.....	.....	.....
11		<i>Forest</i>	7,242 14 7	21,013 13 10	13,802 14 3	31 15 0			10,033 9 2	10,063 1 6	.....	560 7 8
12		<i>Police</i>	6,501 6 11	6,027 14 9	.....	473 8 2			1,089 5 4	1,003 14 9	.....	85 6 7
13		<i>Advances, Deposits, &c.</i>	403 2 2	414 0 5	10 14 3	.....			2,145 7 11	2,359 10 2	214 2 3	.....
		1. Recoveries on account of Takavi	787 12 0	328 12 0	.....	409 0 0	10	<i>Jail.</i>	.....	131 8 0	335 10 3	645 14 3
		2. Do. Advances	2,398 8 11	7,498 6 0	5,039 13 1	.....			950 4 4	834 6 10	.....	115 13 8
		3. Deposits	1,672 8 4	2,061 15 11	389 7 7	.....			1,742 4 1	1,380 11 6	.....	361 8 7
			4,803 13 3	9,889 1 11	5,489 4 8	409 0 0			99 8 0	62 13 0	.....	86 11 0
14		<i>Revision Survey</i> ... ..	.....	3 6 5	3 6 5	.....			235 12 11	133 4 7	.....	102 8 4
		<i>Total Receipts</i>	2,81,947 15 1	3,37,505 4 1	63,479 11 4	7,922 6 4			3,027 13 4	2,411 8 11	.....	613 9 5

INCOME.					EXPENDITURE.						
No.	Heads of Receipts.	A. D. 1892-93.	A. D. 1893-94.	Increase.	Decrease.	No.	Heads of Receipts.	A. D. 1892-93.	A. D. 1893-94.	Increase.*	Decrease.
1	2	3	4	5	6	1	2	3	4	5	6
11		Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	11	Police.	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.
							1. Establishment...	9,107 8 2	9,256 9 2	149 1 0	...
							2. Extra Expenditure	467 11 3	564 9 8	96 14 5	...
							3. Police Fund account	425 7 9	360 14 0	...	64 9 9
								10,000 11 2	10,182 0 10	245 15 5	64 9 9
12							Shibandi.				...
							1. Establishment ...	3,936 11 9	3,872 3 5	...	64 8 4
							2. Extra Expenditure	481 8 11	48 10 9	...	432 14 2
								4,418 4 8	3,920 14 2	...	497 6 6
13							Judicial Expenses.				...
							1. Fines remitted, &c.	341 8 0	119 8 0	...	222 0 0
							2. Batta to witnesses	396 5 0	359 3 0	...	37 2 0
							3. Prosecutor's fees	93 6 8	31 8 0	...	62 1 3
							4. Miscellaneous	44 8 3	122 9 11	78 1 8	...
								875 14 6	632 12 11	78 1 8	321 3 3
14							Stamps.	350 1 6	705 7 1	349 5 7	...
15							Commutated payment to British Government in lieu of Akathot Contingent	14,592 0 0	14,592 0 0	...	...
16							Pensions.			...	...
							1. Pensions to Akalkot Contingent	1,998 10 4	1,751 10 6	...	246 15 10
							2. Pensions...	7,962 11 2	4,991 13 9	...	2,970 13 5
								9,961 5 6	6,743 8 3	...	3,217 13 3
17							Medical	3,085 14 10	3,476 3 11	390 5 1	...

18

Educational.

1. Establishment ...
2. Extra Expenditure ...

8,897 0 4	9,185 7 8	188 7 4	.....
531 0 5	767 7 10	536 7 5	.....
9,428 0 9	9,952 15 6	524 14 9	... ..

19

Local Fund.

1. Establishment ...
2. Remunerations to cattle-pound keepers...
3. Contributions to schools.
4. Do. to Dispensary ..
5. Do. to Conservancy
6. Vaccination ...
7. Refunds, &c. ...
8. Roads and Road-side trees ...
9. Dharamshallas ...
10. Wells ...
11. Extra Expenditure ..

931 15 0	348 2 7	.....	583 12 5
875 1 6	429 14 3	.....	445 3 3
4,334 0 0	4,334 0 0	.....	.....
1,000 0 0	1,000 0 0	.....	.....
1,000 0 0	1,000 0 0	.....	.....
314 7 1	312 12 5	.....	1 10 8
1 2 2	4 3 0	.....	.....
4,621 15 9	2,432 4 1	.....	3,189 11 8
1,189 3 2	1,589 9 2	1,400 6 0	.....
1,996 2 7	798 8 4	.....	1,197 10 3
720 10 8	635 13 9	.....	94 12 11
15,984 9 11	12,875 3 7	1,403 6 10	4,512 13 2

20

Public Works.

1. Establishment ...
2. Chowdees ...
3. Roads ...
4. Wells ...
5. Conservancy ...
6. Repairs to and construction of State and Raja Saheb's Buildings ...
7. Miscellaneous ...

1,200 0 0	1,200 0 0	.....	.....
378 13 0	870 8 19	491 11 10	.....
11,737 3 9	1,854 10 6	.....	9,882 9 3
.....	9 0 0	.....	.....
1,713 4 7	2,206 0 6	492 11 11	.....
12,009 0 11	21,164 11 10	9,755 10 11	.....
221 5 11	1,523 2 6	1,301 12 7	.....
27,259 12 2	28,828 2 2	11,450 15 3	9,882 9 3
244 12 7	356 13 10	12 1 3	.....

21

Registration account ...

.....	12 1 3	
-------	--------	-------

22

Forest account.

1. Establishment ...
2. Extra Expenditure ...

1,876 8 1	1,881 3 11	411 10	.....
613 7 4	287 15 5	.....	375 7 11
2,489 15 5	2,119 3 4	4 11 10	375 7 11

INCOME.						EXPENDITURE.					
No.	Heads of Receipts.	A. D. 1892-93.	A. D. 1893-94.	Increase.	Decrease.	No.	Heads of Expenditure.	A. D. 1892-93.	A. D. 1893-94.	Increase.	Decrease.
1	2	3	4	5	6	1	2	3	4	5	6
		Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.		Miscellaneous.	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.
						23					
							1. Loss (including remis- sions, income tax, &c.	282 1 5	916 9 0	634 7 7	.....
							2. Refunds ..	17 4 11	787 15 10	770 10 11	.....
							3. Extra Expenditure ..	6,289 0 6	2,567 4 2	.....	3,721 12 4
							4. Muktebah ..	109 5 0	.....	.....	109 5 0
								6,647 11 10	4,971 13 0	1,405 2 6	3,831 1 4
						24	Advances, Deposits, &c.				
							1. Takavi ..	.....	100 0 0	100 0 0	.....
							2. Advances recoverable...	4,264 15 3	782 8 0	.....	3,482 7 3
							3. Deposits..	846 1 3	1,561 14 2	715 12 11	.....
								5,111 0 6	2,444 6 2	815 12 11	3,482 7 3
						25	Imperial Ugnus ..	552 10 11	.....	.....	552 10 11
						26	Revision Survey ..	3,096 8 10	9,203 1 2	6,106 8 4	.....
						27	Provision for Marriage Ex- penses of the two Princesses of the Raja Sahib...	21,228 14 6	20,000 0 0	.....	1,228 14 6
							-Total Expenditure.....	3,03,624 2 40	2,95,468 1 2	26,481 13 2	34,647 13 10
							Balance in the Treasury...	1,12,323 4 11	1,55,019 7 10	42,997 2 11	.....
							GRAND TOTAL ..	4,16,546 7 9	4,50,427 9 0	68,528 15 1	34,647 13 10

* N.B.—Rs. 24,811-11-10 entered against Main Head I, Sub-Head 3 will (last year's Appendix XVI) have been included this year (column 8) as follows:—

Rs. 3,472 13 4 in Head I.
" 110 0 0 " I A.
" 21,228 14 6 " 27

Total Rs. 24,811 11 10

D. N. PHANSALKAR,
Acting State Karbhari, Akalkot.

Akalkot, 22nd June 1894.

No. 133 of 1894-95.

From

THE RAJE SAHEB OF AKALKOT;

To

THE POLITICAL AGENT, SHOLAPUR.

Akalkot, 23rd June 1894.

SIR,

I have the honor to forward the accompanying copy of the Administration Report of the Akalkot State for the year ending with 31st March 1894 submitted by the State Karbhari for being transmitted to you.

2. I beg to add that I am very anxious to comply with your wishes conveyed to me in your letter No. 5217, dated 22nd December 1893, as far as I can, and intend considerably to curtail my absence from the State, and, as an instance, I may point out that I returned from the Hills in the last month, three weeks earlier than I usually do.

3. I beg further to add that you will be pleased not to insist on the accounts of the State being examined and audited by an officer of the British Government as that practice does not obtain in other Native States, the chiefs of which exercise full powers of administration.

4. The usual printed copies of the report will be forwarded to you for submission to Government as soon as they are received from the Education Society's Press, to which a requisition for the same is made.

5. In conclusion, I have the pleasure to observe that both the State Karbharis, the permanent as well as the acting one, did their work to my entire satisfaction during the year under report.

I have the honor to be,

Sir,

Yours sincerely,

(Sd.) SHAHAJI RAJA,

Raje Saheb.

*True Copy.

D. N. PHANSALKAR,

Acting State Karbhari, Akalkot.

Akalkot, 28th June 1894.

ANNUAL
ADMINISTRATION REPORT

OF THE

AKALKOT STATE

FOR THE

YEAR ENDING 31st MARCH 1895.

Bombay:

PRINTED AT THE

EDUCATION SOCIETY'S STEAM PRESS, BYCULLA.

1895.

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VITHAL TIKAJI.

State Karkhari, Akalkot.

Akalkot, 22nd June 1895.

THE ANNUAL ADMINISTRATION REPORT OF THE AKALKOT STATE FOR THE YEAR ENDING 31ST MARCH 1895.

Nos. I. to XVII.

1. The usual statements as per margin accompany.

CHAPTER I. POLITICAL.

2. The State is in alliance with the British Government under the Treaty of 1820, and pays the sum of Rs. 14,592 annually in lieu of the Akalkot contingent of horse.

3. Since November 1891 the State has been under the entire management of the Raje Saheb, who took active and intelligent part in the administration of his State. The relations of the State with the British Government were very cordial as usual.

4. The year, under review, has left an everlasting remembrance of the visit to Akalkot of H. E. The Right Honourable George Robert Canning, Baron Harris, G. C. S. I. and G. C. I. E., Governor of Bombay, on the 10th October 1894. His Excellency stayed at Akalkot for three days arriving at Karabgaon Station at 10.45 A.M., and was received by the Raje Saheb, and all the principal State Officials. His Excellency and the Raje Saheb drove together to Akalkot and on arrival at the Guests' bungalow, a salute of 17 guns was given. In the afternoon His Excellency, accompanied by his Staff and Mr. C. B. Winchester, Political Agent, came to the Darbar, which was held in the palace. When all were seated, the Raje Saheb rose and made a short speech of welcome in which he enumerated the improvements effected in the State of late years and expressed his delight at receiving His Excellency, who, thereupon, replied in a very friendly way, and alluded to the pleasure he felt in being able at last to pay this long-promised visit. After the Darbar, His Excellency, accompanied by the Raje Saheb and the Political Agent, went to the site chosen outside the town and laid the foundation stone of the Public Fountain to be erected and named after His Excellency in connection with the Water-Works. On the 11th October, His Excellency, accompanied by the State Karbhari, Mr. Vithal Tikaji and Surgeon-Major Martin, rode to the river Bori to see the situation from whence the water was to be brought into the town. On the 13th, H. E. The Governor left for Bijapur by Special train, at 9 A.M. The Raje Saheb went to the Karabgaon Station to see H. E. the Governor off. Mr. Winchester, the then Political Agent, came to Akalkot with H. E. the Governor and left it the same day for Sholapur.

5. The Raje Saheb went to Mahableshwar on the 15th April on his usual hot weather trip and returned to Akalkot on the 5th June 1894. On the 18th June the Raje Saheb had an attack of fever and was laid up with it till the 3rd of July, on which day he had to go to Poona for change of weather, as the fever was declared to be typhoid. The fever was of an extremely alarming kind and from the moment of his arrival in Poona, the Raje Saheb was under the Medical attendance of Doctors McCanaghy and Burke. After a serious relapse and an illness of two months Doctors McCanaghy and Burke advised the Raje Saheb to go to Bombay for change of air, and he accordingly went there on the 1st September, returning to Akalkot on the 24th *idem* quite recovered. On the Raje Saheb's arrival at Akalkot all his subjects gave him a hearty and enthusiastic reception and gave charity to the poor in honor of their Ruler's recovery. On the 19th December the Raje Saheb went to Bombay to pay his farewell visit to H. E. Lord Harris and returned to Akalkot on the 1st of February.

6. The Raje Saheb visited 68 villages in his State and examined the dafters of 36 villages and 2,424 ryots' receipt books. He did the *Jamabandi* of the whole State with the exception of 6 out-lying villages of Pilió and Kurla Pethas. He inspected 26 schools and also examined the offices of the State Karbhari and the Sub-Judge.

7. Excepting the death of Shrimant Kamalajabai *alias* Banabai Saheb, Raje Bhosle, step grand-mother of the Raje Saheb, which occurred at Poona on the 29th June 1894, from consumption, no domestic event, worthy of note, occurred in the Raje Saheb's family during the year under report.

Changes in the Administration.

8. Mr. D. N. Phiansalkar continued to be in charge of the State Karbhari and District Magistrate's Office from the commencement of the year till 1st February 1895, on which date the undersigned took charge of both the duties, from Mr. Phiansalkar, who consequently reverted to his substantive appointment of Sub-Judge and Sub-Divisional Magistrate, re-placing Mr. T. V. Thakur. With this exception the *personnel* of the administration remained unchanged.

CHAPTER II.

ADMINISTRATION OF THE LAND.

9. The revision survey of the whole of the State being completed, the enhanced rates were announced by Mr. J. C. Whitcombe, Superintendent of Native States Survey, in the month of July 1894, and were guaranteed for 30 years from the Revenue year 1894-95. The average increase of revised assessment is 27.9 per cent. including the water cess portion of the assessment on the new Patasthal land, and if the water assessment on the new Patasthal land is excluded, the increase amounts to 26.8 per cent. The cost of the Revision Survey, incurred during the

year, amounted to Rs. 4,522 against Rs. 9,203 in the last year. In accordance with G. R. No. 3541, dated 4th May 1885, the Raje Saheb was pleased to accord the concessions in the case of individual enhancements over 25 per cent.

The ryots at the instigation of a few people of the Akalkot town made a petition to the Political Agent, Sholapur, complaining against the new rates, introduced, as being excessive; but the increase being moderate, their request was not entertained. The assessment is recovered in two instalments (the first in February, and the second in April). The ryots paid the first instalment according to the old rates in time, and notices under Section 152 of the Land Revenue Code, had to be served for the recovery of the increased assessment. The second instalment according to the revised rates was paid by the ryots without any objection.

Land Tenures.

10. The special tenures in force in the State were the same as in the last year, *viz* :—

1. Inam.
2. Makta.
3. Kowli.
4. Khalsa or Survey tenure.

Inam Settlements.

11. During the year under report only two cases relating to Inam lands, measuring acres 39-8, assessed at Rs. 33, were taken up and disposed of against 72 in the year before. In these two cases, *Judi* or $\frac{1}{4}$ assessment was levied on the Inam lands.

Makta.

12. The five villages of (1) Bargaon, (2) Khairat, (3) Kumte, (4) Nimbgaon and (5) Ramtirth, are held by Sardeshmukhs, subject to a payment of annas nine in the rupee of the Survey assessment, for the time being, as per G. R. No. 5598, dated 30th November 1878. The total assessment on these villages is Rs. 8,479-9-0, of which the State receives Rs. 4,572-5-4. Besides, the one anna cess is paid on the whole assessment.

Raje Saheb's Lands.

13. The subjoined table shows the lands of the Raje Saheb. Those that are rent-free, are managed by the Raje Saheb, through his Khasgi Department, and the rest by the State, the revenue of which is credited to the State :—

Description of Land.	Survey Nos.	Area.		Assessment.		Rent.
		Acres.	G.	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	
1. Rent-free lands ...	36	2,959	14	5,138 12 0	.....	
2. Land sold and leased by auction by the State.	113	2,838	24	4,438 8 0	6,798 0 0	

Kowls.

14. There was only one kowl in running during the year under report, which will expire at the close of the year 1897-98. The loss to the State on account of this kowl was only Rs. 1-6-0 during the year under report.

Waste Lands.

15. The area of waste land, taken up for cultivation during the year under report, as compared with the previous year, is as shown in the sub-joined table:—

Extent of waste cultivable area for		Taken up in		Waste remaining at the end of the year		Percentage of cultivable land lying waste.	
1893-94.	1894-95.	1893-94.	1894-95.	1893-94.	1894-95.	1893-94.	1894-95.
Acres.	Acres.	Acres.	Acres.	Acres.	Acres.	Acres.	Acres.
1,133	742	378	274	755	468	0.29	0.18

16. It will be seen from the above that less land has been brought under plough during the year under report, as compared with that of the previous year, the quality of the remaining waste being very inferior. According to the revision survey, there was a decrease in the area of waste land by 13 acres, and hence acres 742 are shown in column 2, instead of 755. As no more land was thrown up by the cultivators, no new addition was made to the State waste. The assessment of land taken up for cultivation was Rs. 140-4-0, while that on the remaining waste is Rs. 356-12-0. The assessment on acres 742 is Rs. 497, as there was an increase of Rs. 58-1-0 as per revision survey.

Revenue Accounts.

17. Symond's forms of Revenue Accounts are in force in all the villages of the State.

18. There is only one Huzur Treasury at Akalkot in charge of the State Karbhari and one Sub-Treasury at Pilio in charge of the Mahalkari thereof. The accounts of the State Karbhari's Office will now be examined and audited by an officer specially appointed by the Raje Sahab lately.

19. The State Karbhari, while on tour, examined the Daftars of 65 villages and 2,692 Ryots' receipt-books.

Boundary Disputes.

20. Including the balance of one at the end of the last year and the number received during the year (25), the total number of boundary disputes for settlement was 26, of which 14 were disposed of during the year, leaving a balance of 12 at the close of the year. As the new revised maps were not received during the year, it accounts for the increase in the number of balance.

21. The wards under the care of the State Karbhari in the year under report were as shown in the sub-joined table:—

No.	Name	Age.	Place of Birth.	Place of Education.	Balance in the beginning of the year.	Receipts.	Disbursement.	Balance at the end of the year.		Value of moveable property in hand.	Area of land under management.
								In cash.	In Government securities.		
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
1	Shiwaji Bhosle ...	21	Kurla	Satara	Rs. a. p. 164 13 8	Rs. a. p. 3,999 0 9	Rs. a. p. 3,993 9 10	Rs. a. p. 170 4 7	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p. 5,371 14 3	Acres Gunthas 441 2
2	Sambhaji Bhosle ..	17	Do.	Do.	70 11 4	3,169 5 1	3,036 7 6	203 8 11	.....	2,719 10 0	219 23
3	Maruti ...	17	Akalkot	Akalkot	1,144 10 5	Principal 93 15 0	147 4 9	666 15 8	509 0 0	130 2 4	20 20
4	Shanti ...	14				Interest 64 3 9 House-rent 9 0 0 Miscellaneous 2 7 3 Total 169 10 0					
5	Maibai ...	20	Badole Budruk	Looks after household affairs and lives with her husband.	4 0 0	243 2 0	244 2 0	3 0 0	.....	226 15 0	190 27
6	Somanna ..	17	Waghdari	Akalkot	1,770 8 6	135 0 0	48 8 0	357 0 6	1,500 0 0	280 12 0	.....

(a) The first two wards, Shivaji Bhosle and Sumbhaji Bhosle, are *bhau-bands* of the Akalkot Raje Saheb. Shivaji holds an eight-anna share and Sambhaji a four-anna share in the gross revenue of the village Kurla. The remaining four-anna share belongs to Bhawanji Bhosle. Shivaji, being a descendant of the elder branch, has to defray the expenses of the management of the estate from his eight-anna share. The shares of the two minors are held in mortgage by the Akalkot State. In order to make their accounts more intelligible, the debts due by them at the commencement and close of the year together with the amount paid to the State during the year respectively are shown below :—

No.	Name.	Debts due at the commencement of the year.			Amount paid to the State during the year.			Debts due at the close of the year.		
		Principal.	Interest.	Total.	Principal.	Interest.	Total.	Principal.	Interest.	Total.
		Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.
1	Shivaji ...	18,998 3 7	46 13 6	19,045 1 1	1,012 3 0	867 3 2	1,879 6 2	17,986 0 7	269 8 5	18,255 9 0
2	Sambhaji ...	27,033 9 5	1,389 8 4	28,423 1 9	.....	1,933 6 2	1,933 6 2	27,033 9 5	1,027 2 3	28,060 11 8

From this it would appear that Shivaji's debts will be altogether satisfied within 15 years if the same economy is observed, as at present in the management of his estate and in this view the Raje Saheb doubts if any real good will accrue to the minor, if his estate is handed over to him for management after he attains his majority, which is not far off. In the case of Sambhaji it is difficult to see how and what effective measures can be taken to ensure the possibility of his debts being satisfied at any future date. However, it may be noted that the private expenses of the minor have been curtailed so far it was desirable to do so; but his contemplated marriage, next year, is likely to increase his expenditure to some extent. But it is hoped his intended marriage may bring some dowry for him which may go to partly satisfy the debt.

Mr. Balwantrao, a pensioned Mahalkari, has been appointed to look after both the minors' education, household affairs and physical training. The minors are in the Satara High School and the Head Master of that School, Mr. Sathe, reports that their progress during the last year was indifferent, though their behaviour was good. From his personal knowledge, however, the undersigned thinks that both the minors have not got any intelligence in them, have not acquired the habit of application, nor have they any desire to learn and thus develop their minds.

The administration of the Kurla Estate is managed through a Mahalkari appointed by the Raje Saheb and the Mahalkari, too, occasionally visits Satara with the object of knowing how the minors get on.

(b) As regards the other minors, Nos. 3, 4 and 6 on the above list, the former two attend the Vernacular School, and the latter attends the Anglo-Vernacular School at Akalkot, and their progress is fair.

(c) No. 5 is a married Brahmin girl and lives with her husband.

22. The education, health and general training of all the minors received the due attention they deserved and their savings have been invested in Government securities where it was possible to do so.

CHAPTER III.

Protection.

(a) Legislation.

23. The laws in force in the State are :—

Revenue Acts.

- Bombay Act III. of 1869—Local Fund Cess Act.
 „ VIII. of 1866—An Act to regulate and restrict the sale of poisons in the Bombay Presidency.
 „ VII. of 1873—Salt Act.
 „ III. of 1874—Watan Act.
 „ V. of 1886—Amending Act. ~~Act. No.~~
 „ III. of 1875—The Toll Act.
 „ III. of 1876—Mamlatdar's Court Jurisdiction.
 „ V. of 1878—Relating to Liquor and Drugs.
 „ V. of 1879—Land Revenue Code.
 Act X. of 1870—Land Acquisition Act.
 „ I. of 1878—Opium Act.
 „ VI. of 1878—Treasure Trove Act.
 „ VII. of 1878—The Indian Forest Act as amended by the Forest Act V. of 1890.
 „ XIX. of 1883—Land Improvement Loans Act.

Criminal Acts.

- Act XLV. of 1860—Indian Penal Code.
 „ XXVII. of 1870—Amending „
 „ XIX. of 1872— „ „
 „ I. of 1871—Cattle Trespass.
 „ X. of 1882—Criminal Procedure Code.
 „ X. of 1886—Amending „ „
 „ XI. of 1878—Arms Act.

Act XVIII. of 1850—Protection of Judicial Officers.

„ VI. of 1864—Whipping Act, Bombay.

Bombay Acts VII. and VIII. of 1867—(District and Village Police Acts.)

„ Act I. of 1876—Amending Act VIII. of 1867, Village Police.

Civil Regulations and Acts:

Regulations VIII. of 1827—Relating to formal recognition of heirs, &c.

Act XX. of 1864—Minors' Act.

„ VII. of 1866—Liability of Heirs for debts (Bombay).

„ X. of 1866—General Clauses Act (Bombay).

„ I. of 1868—Do. do. (Government of India).

„ I. of 1872—Indian Evidence Act.

„ XVIII. of 1872—Amending „ „

„ IX. of 1872—Indian Contract Act.

„ IV. of 1886—Amending „ „

„ VII. of 1870—The Court Fees Act.

„ X. of 1872—Judicial Oaths.

„ IX. of 1875—Indian Majority Act.

„ I. of 1879—The General Stamp Act.

„ X. of 1877—Civil Procedure Code, as amended by Act XII. of 1879.

„ XIV. of 1882—The Code of Civil Procedure.

„ VIII. of 1888—Civil Procedure Amendment Act.

„ X. of 1888—Amending Code of Civil Procedure and Presidency Small Cause Court Act, 1882.

„ XV. of 1877—Limitation Act.

„ VIII. of 1880—Amending „

„ XII. of 1879—Amending Act only so far as it amends Limitation Act.

„ VI. of 1888—Debtors' Act.

Section 9 of Act I. of 1877—Specific Relief Act.

24. The following laws were introduced into the Akalkot State during the year under report:—

Act I. of 1877—Specific Relief Act with the exception of Section 9 which has been already introduced before.

„ II. of 1882—Indian Trusts Act.

„ V. of 1882—Indian Easements Act.

„ XIII. of 1885—Indian Telegraph Act.

„ III. of 1887—An Act to amend the Indian Evidence Act, 1872.

„ V. of 1887—An Act to amend the Code of Criminal Procedure, 1882.

„ I. of 1888—An Act to amend the Indian Stamp Act, 1879.

„ III. of 1891—An Act to amend the Indian Evidence Act, 1872, and the Code of Criminal Procedure, 1882.

Act IV. of 1891—An Act to amend the Code of Criminal Procedure, 1882.

„ VI. of 1892—An Act to amend the Indian Limitation Act, 1877, and the Code of Civil Procedure.

„ X. of 1891—An Act to amend the Indian Penal Code, and Code of Criminal Procedure, 1882.

Bombay Act IV. of 1886—An Act to amend the Bombay Land Revenue Code, 1879.

„ III. of 1892—An Act to amend the Bombay Abkari Act, 1878.

(b) *Military.*

25. The total strength of the Military Force of the State is only 46, consisting of one Jamadar and 45 men; the former wears a sword, while the latter use the smooth bore muskets marked ¹⁸⁵⁹ Tower. They furnish guard at the Treasury, the Rajé Saheb's Palace and the Jail. There are 7 Marathas and 39 Mahomedans in this force, of which only 11 are able to read and write. There is no special school for them. Besides this Military Force, there are 3 Artillery men, who attend to the guns on ceremonial occasions.

26. The entire cost of the maintenance of this force during the year under report was Rs. 4,771 against Rs. 3,921 in the preceding year. The increase of Rs. 850 is due to the fact that new dress was supplied to the Infantry during the year.

(c) *Police.*

27. The total strength of the Police Force during the year under review was 59 (54 foot and 5 mounted men). Of these 17 are Marathas, 1 Brahmin, 6 Berads, 1 Koli, 1 Bandedhangar and the rest are Mahomedans. Of the whole number 21 men are able to read and write and 6 are under instruction. For details, *vide* Appendix VI.

28. There are in all 6 out-posts in the State, at each of which there is one Head Constable and 3 Constables, except at Akalkot and Pilib, where there are 6 and 4 Constables respectively.

29. The total cost of maintaining this Force was Rs. 10,476-4-3 against Rs. 10,182-0-10 in the last year. The increase is due to the fact that clothing was supplied to the Police during the year under report.

30. During the year under review 6 persons were departmentally fined and 1 was degraded for neglect of duty. No Police Constable was either dismissed or judicially punished on account of misconduct, &c.

31. Appendix VII. shows that of 63 persons arrested, 56 were sent for trial; 6 were discharged without trial and one was admitted by the Police to bail. Of 56 persons sent up for trial, 29 were convicted, 18 were acquitted or discharged and 9 remained as under-trial prisoners at the close of the year. The percentage of conviction to the number sent for trial, excluding 9 remained under trial, was 61·7 against 62·5 in the last year.

32. Appendix VIII. shows that the alleged value of stolen property was Rs. 556-11-10 against Rs. 8,132-7-6 in the previous year. The amount recovered was Rs. 440-5-10 or 79.1 per cent. against Rs. 6,399-1-6 or 78.6 per cent. in the year before, and the percentage of property recovered would appear to be satisfactory.

Village Police.

33. Every village in the State has a Police Patil and one or two *Shetsanadis*. The total number of such peons is 205, which is maintained at a cost of Rs. 5,761 in land and Rs. 2,179 in cash. The actual cost in cash incurred in the year under report is Rs. 1,597-2-2.

(d) Criminal Justice.

34. The following Courts were at work during the year :—

District Magistrate, Akalkot.

Sub-Divisional Magistrate, Akalkot.

2nd Class Magistrate, Akalkot.

3rd Class do. Pilio.

Do. do. Kurla.

35. The Political Agent and Sessions Judge, Akalkot, whose jurisdiction extends over offences triable exclusively by a Court of Sessions, tried two cases, committed to him for trial. One was of murder and the other of rape; in both the cases the conviction was secured. In the former case the accused was hanged and in the latter the accused was sentenced to undergo rigorous imprisonment for 5 years.

36. Appendix X. shows in detail the work done by the different Magistrates.

37. The year under report opened with a balance of 13 cases before the Criminal Courts. The number of offences reported during the year was 336 against 324 in the preceding year. The total number of crimes was 349 (Appendix IX.) as in the previous year. The number of persons brought to trial was 411 against 332 in the last year. Of the 411 persons, excepting one remaining at the end of the last year, 56 were arrested by the Police and 354 otherwise. The one, which remained at the end of the last year, was arrested otherwise. Out of the total number of 411 persons dealt with by the Courts, 208 or 50.5 per cent. were convicted and 193 or 46.9 were acquitted or discharged. Of the 355 persons arrested otherwise or by Magistrates 179 or 50.4 per cent. were convicted, 175 or 49.2 were acquitted or discharged and one absconded. Of the 175 acquitted or discharged, 113 or 64.5 were acquitted under section 345, Criminal Procedure Code.

38. The nature of crimes, committed during the year under report, is described in Appendix IX. The crimes of a serious nature, reported during the year, were 2 cases of murder, one of culpable homicide not amounting to murder and one of rape.

39. Of the 2 murder cases, one was committed at Akalkot itself and the other at Pilio. In Pilio murder case, 4 accused were sent up for trial but were

discharged for want of evidence. One case of culpable homicide not amounting to murder is alleged to have been committed at Mhaisalge, a village in the State, and remained with the committing Magistrate at the close of the year, pending disposal. The rape was committed at Karajgi, and the accused, who was convicted and sentenced by the Political Agent, had appealed against that decision to the Commissioner, but the appeal was rejected. It may be noted that though it has been reported in the Half-yearly Return ending with 31st December 1894, submitted to the Political Agent, that a dacoity had occurred in the Forests of Jeur, still it turned out subsequently to be a theft, and on that charge the Magistrate found the accused guilty and sentenced them lately.

40. The following Courts of appeal were at work during the year under report :—

1. The Raje Saheb's.
2. District Magistrate's.
3. Sub-Divisional Magistrate's.

41. During the year under report 5 appeals involving 6 persons were disposed of by the Courts against 17 appeals involving 19 persons in the last year. In one case involving one person, sentence was confirmed against 6 cases involving 6 persons in the previous year. In one case involving one person sentence was modified against 3 cases involving 5 persons in the year before ; and in 3 cases involving 4 persons sentences were reversed against 8 cases involving 8 persons in the last year. There was no appeal pending at the close of the year (*vide* Appendix XI.).

(e) *Extradition.*

42. During the year under review four offenders were surrendered to the British Government, while three were handed over to the State by the British Government and four by H. H. the Nizam's authorities. There is no want of reciprocity on the part of the neighbouring or British Territory in the extradition of offenders.

(f) *Prisons.*

43. There is one Central Jail at Akalkot under the supervision of the State Medical Officer. The Jail building contains two barracks by 111 by 29 feet each with a cook-room, has a tiled roof and is strong, spacious and airy. There is a guard of 12 Infantry at the Jail.

44. There are two small sub-jails, one at Pilio and the other at Kurla, under the charge of respective Mahalkaries. Convicts, whose term of imprisonment does not exceed one month, are confined there.

45. The Appendix XII. shows that there were 10 prisoners remaining in the Jail for the last year. Twenty-five new admissions were made in the year under report. The total number of convicts in the Jail was thus 35 against 52 in

the previous year. Of these, 23 were released and one convict under sentence of transportation was transferred to the Sholapur Jail for exportation to the Andamians as reported in para. 50 of the last year's Administration Report, leaving 10 prisoners in confinement at the end of the year. The daily average number of prisoners in the Jail was 9.2 against 15.5 in the previous year.

46. The number of prisoners fell from 52 to 35 this year. In 33 cases imprisonment was rigorous and in 2 it was simple.

47. The following statement shows the number, religion and other details with regard to the prisoners in the Jail at Akalkot during the year under report :—

Remaining at the close of the year 1893-94.	Imprisoned during the year.	Total.	Sex.		Religion.		Confined under one month.	Under three months.	Under six months.	Under one year.	Under three years.	Under seven years.	Under ten years.	Transportation.	How disposed of		
			Males.	Females.	Hindus.	Musalmans.									Released during the year.	Transferred to the Sholapur Jail.	Remaining at the close of the year.
10	24	34	34	...	30	4	16	2	7	1	4	2	...	2	23	1	10

48. There were no escapes from the Jail in the year under review. The general conduct of the prisoners was satisfactory, and no prisoner was punished for breach of Jail rules. The number of admissions of re-convicted prisoners was 3 as was in the last year.

49. The convicts were employed on public and conservancy works, &c. The proceeds of convict labour was Rs. 131 against Rs. 269 in the previous year.

50. The total cost of maintenance and control of the Jail Establishment together with the maintenance charge of 7 convicts at the Andaman Settlements amounted to Rs. 1,846 during the year against Rs. 2,411 in the preceding year. The decrease is mainly due to the fall in the total number of prisoners.

51. The general health of prisoners during the year was good, there being no casualty or an outbreak of any epidemic. The sanitation of the Jail continues to be very satisfactory. There were no prevailing affections during the year amongst the prisoners. The daily average of sick prisoners for the year was 0.23 against 1.01 in the previous year.

52. The Raje Sahib inspected the Jail occasionally. It is also visited by the Jail Superintendent daily and by the District and Sub-Divisional Magistrates regularly.

Lock-ups.

52. There are two lock-ups, one attached to the Chief Constable's Office and the other to the Second Class Magistrate's Court. The first is $20 \times 15\frac{1}{2}$ feet and the second is $21 \times 15\frac{3}{4}$ feet. The second lock-up consists of two rooms, one for females and the other for males. Both the lock-ups are properly secured and sufficiently spacious. The average period of detention in the Magistrate's lock-up was 17 days against 22 days in the preceding year. There being considerable delay in the extradition of offenders that were to be surrendered by the State, the prisoners had to be kept in Magistrate's lock-up for a longer period than was desirable.

(g) Civil Justice.

54. The following Civil Courts were at work during the year under report :—

1. The Appellate Court of the Raje Saheb.
2. The Sub-Judge's Court, Akalkot.
3. The Munsiff's Court, Pilio.
4. Do. do. Kurla.

55. The Supervisional Court of the Political Agent, Akalkot, was also at work at Sholapur.

56. The courts of the Raje Saheb and the Sub-Judge have been constituted under the authority of the Government of India, and are continued by that authority.

57. The jurisdiction of the Appellate Court of the Raje Saheb extends to appeals of any amount.

58. The jurisdiction of the Sub-Judge, Akalkot, extends to suits of any amount and he holds Small Cause Court powers up to Rs. 100. The Munsiffs of Pilio and Kurla exercise original jurisdiction up to Rs. 500.

59. Appendix XIII. shows the nature and value of original suits filed and disposed of during the year under report. The year opened with a balance of 49 undisposed of suits and, adding 525 new suits filed during the year, made a total of 574 suits for disposal, as compared with 517 in the last year. Last year the number of new suits filed was 477. Of these, 535 were disposed of during the year, leaving a balance of 39. Of the total number (535) of suits disposed of, 68 were decided *ex-parte*, 317 admitted and compromised, 82 struck off the file, and 68 otherwise disposed of, which were contested cases.

60. The aggregate value of the 525 suits, filed during the year, was Rs. 40,509-0-2 against Rs. 43,953-11-0 of 477 suits of the last year. Of these, 49 suits were regarding lands, houses, &c., 473 for money and the remaining 3 regarding other rights. The value of 535 suits, disposed of during the year, was Rs. 33,368-1-6 against Rs. 24,198-11-6 of the 468 suits of the year before. The average duration of suits disposed of during the year was 1 month and 20 days against 1 month and 21 days.

62. From the sub-joined table, giving the number and value of suits, it will be observed that the number of money suits has increased by 64, while that of the immoveable property has decreased by 17, as compared with the last year:—

Name of Court.	Suits for immoveable property.				Money suits.			
	1893-94.		1894-95.		1893-94.		1894-95.	
	Number.	Value.	Number.	Value.	Number.	Value.	Number.	Value.
		Rs. a. p.		Rs. a. p.		Rs. a. p.		Rs. a. p.
Akalkot	65	7,928 12 11	43	9,560 12 11	383	33,649 1 1	439	27,882 11 11
Pilho... ..	1	40 0 0	4	484 13 0	21	772 2 0	14	601 6 3
Kurla ... ..	...	.....	2	80 0 0	5	335 2 0	20	1,329 14 9
Total...	66	7,968 12 11	49	10,125 9 11	409	34,761 5 1	473	29,814 0 11

Execution of decrees.

63. The results of applications for execution of decrees are shewn in Appendix XIV. At the commencement of the year there were 60 un-executed decrees against 84 in the previous year. During the year under report 457 new applications for execution of decrees were filed, against 399 in the last year. The total number of applications for execution of decrees to be dealt with by the courts was 517, out of which 466 were disposed of, against 423 in the preceding year, leaving a balance of 51 at the end of the year, against 60 in the last year. Of the 51 applications pending disposal at the close of the year, 26 were of duration below 6 months, 8 below 12 months and 17 above 12 months, against 31, 12 and 17 respectively, in the previous year. The number of applications pending disposal above one year is just the same as in the previous year. Five out of 17 applications are for attachment of the periodical income.

Miscellaneous Applications.

64. Four applications for certificates of heirship were received during the year under review by the Raje Saheb. Of these, 3 were disposed of, leaving a balance of one which has been forwarded to the Sub-Judge of Akalkot for further enquiry and report.

65. Three miscellaneous applications were presented to the Raje Saheb, 2 under the Watan Act and one under section 622 of the Civil Procedure Code. All of them were disposed of during the year under report.

Civil Appellate Work.

66. The opening balance of appeals at the commencement of the year was 5. The number of appeals filed in the year was 16 against 9 in the year before. The total number for disposal was 21 against 11 in the last year. Nineteen

appeals were disposed of during the year, leaving a balance of 2 at the close of the year.

- 67. From the decisions of the Sub-Judge, Akalkot, the appeal lies to the Raje Saheb, and from the decisions of Munsiffs of Pilio and Kurla the first appeal lies to the Sub-Judge and second to the Raje Saheb.

68. The following table shows in detail the work done by the Appellate Courts during the year under report :—

Name of Court.	Opening Balance.	Filed during	Total.	Disposed of during	Closing Balance.	Value of Appeals filed during	How disposed of.					Average duration.															
							Decisions confirmed.	Decisions reversed.	Decisions amended.	Cases remanded for re-trial.	Cases compromised and otherwise disposed of.	1893-94.			1894-95.												
												Years.	Months.	Days.	Years.	Months.	Days.										
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18										
	1893-94	1894-95	1893-94	1894-95	1893-94	1894-95	1893-94	1894-95	1893-94	1894-95	1893-94	1894-95	1893-94	1894-95	1893-94	1894-95											
Raje Saheb ...	2	2	6	14	8	16	6	15	2	1	Rs. 1,960-6-1	Rs. 2,230-10-8	5	10	...	1	1	...	1	...	3	...	3	11	...	4	6
Sub-Judge ...	...	3	3	2	3	5	...	4	3	1	Rs. 614-8-0	Rs. 82-0-2	...	2	...	1	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	7	15
Total ...	2	5	9	16	11	21	6	19	5	2	Rs. 2,574-14-1	Rs. 2,312-10-10	5	12	...	1	1	2	...	1	...	3	...	...	...	...	...

69. The increase in the average duration of appeals filed in the Raje Saheb's Court is due to the severe illness of the Raje Saheb during the year, while that, appeals filed in the Sub-Judge's Court is due to the fact that Mr. Thakur, the then Sub-Judge and Magistrate, 1st class, being engaged in his criminal work for about 3 months continuously, could not dispose of the appeals filed.

Working of the Mamlatdar's Court Act.

70. During the year under report 17 applications were filed under this Act against 10 in the last year. As the number of plaints received under this Act is yearly on the increase, the ryots seemed inclined to avail themselves of the speedy remedy provided by that Act. Out of 17 applications, 13 were decided in favour of plaintiffs and 4 in favour of defendants.

(h) Registration.

71. The registry-offices at work during the year were:—

- (1) The District Registrar (Sub-Judge), Akalkot.
- (2) The Sub-Registrar, Akalkot.
- (3) Do. Pilio (Mahalkari).
- (4) Do. Kurla (Mahalkari).

72. The total number of documents presented for registration during the year under report was 890 against 889 in the preceding year. The number of documents registered during the year was 891 including one document of Pilio, remaining unregistered at the close of the year 1893-94. The aggregate value of property affected by the deeds registered during the year was Rs. 1,45,848-10-3, against Rs. 1,35,779-9-6 in the year before. The total income was Rs. 1,320-5-0, against Rs. 1,385-5-0.

73. The following table gives details of receipts and expenditure on account of registration in the year under report as contrasted with those of the last year:—

DESCRIPTION.	1893-94.			1894-95.		
	No. of Deeds.	Value of Property.	Fees Realized.	No. of Deeds.	Value of Property.	Fees Realized.
		Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.		Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.
Mortgage-deeds ...	396	59,218 0 0	614 14 0	484	84,814 14 0	689 0 0
Sale-deeds ...	350	43,583 15 8	417 3 0	336	46,301 14 0	377 4 0
Wills ...	1	300 0 0	2 12 0	...	.....	.....
Money-bonds ...	...	.....	.....	...	.....	.....
Miscellaneous ...	141	32,677 9 10	256 8 0	121	14,731 14 3	188 4 0
Fees for safe custody ...	...	.....	61 5 0	...	.....	60 4 0
Copying fee ...	...	.....	2 11 0	...	.....	5 9 0
Total ...	888	1,35,779 9 6	1,385 5 0	891	1,45,848 10 3	*1,320 5 0
Deduct Expenditure ...	...	.....	366 8 6	...	.....	† 250 2 8
Net Profits ...	...	.....	1,018 12 6	...	.....	1,070 2 4

* Out of this amount Rs. 55-13-0 being for Kurla are not included in the accounts in Appendix XVII.

† Out of this amount Rs. 4-15-0 being for Kurla are not included in the accounts in Appendix XVII.

74. The number of mortgage-deeds and the value of property affected thereby have vastly increased, and so is the case with the sale-deeds, though their number has decreased, while in the case of miscellaneous deeds reverse is the case. Last year there was enormous increase in the value of property affected by such deeds. It was due to the fact that one deed of gift of the value of Rs. 20,000 was presented for registration. As there was a rise in the number of mortgage-deeds and fall in that of other deeds, the increase in the total number is only by 3.

75. The total expenditure during the year was Rs. 245-2-10, against Rs. 356-13-10, excluding that of Kurla, and the decrease is partly due to slight reduction made in the establishment during the year and partly to the non-requirement of furniture for the Sub-Registry Office, as last year.

(i) *Municipal Administration.*

76. There are no constituted Municipalities in this State, but sanitation of the town of Akalkot is looked after by the Health Officer, aided by a sufficient establishment maintained for that purpose, and the cost of maintaining which was Rs. 2,428-11-10 in the year under report against Rs. 3,206-0-6 in the last year. It is met from Local Funds. The increase in the last year is due to the fact that some carts were purchased for carrying away the night-soil and filth of the town of Akalkot, and secondly to the fact that some reductions in the establishment were made during the year under report.

CHAPTER IV. PRODUCTION AND DISTRIBUTION.

(a) *Agriculture, Weather, and Crops.*

77. The total rainfall during the year was 28·33 against 32·78 in the last year. The fall was below the average, which is 32 inches. As the showers in the months of June, July, and August were slight and untimely, the Kharif crop suffered much, while those during the months of September and October being timely and sufficient, the Rabi crops were in a better condition. The estimated yield of Kharif and Rabi crops during the year under review were respectively Re. 0-1-3 and Re. 0-14-9 against Re. 0-4-3 and Re. 0-14-3 in the last year. Many cultivators deepened their old wells and some sunk new wells. Fodder was dearer.

Agricultural Stock.

78. The details relating to Agricultural Stock are given below :—

	1893-94.	1894-95.
Bullocks and cows	50,213	49,873
Buffaloes	10,327	10,491
Horses and ponies	1,285	1,215
Asses	512	370
Sheep	25,411	25,532
Ploughs... ..	3,471	3,578
Carts	687	730

79. The increase and decrease, with the exception of asses, are slight and call for no explanation. The large decrease in the number of asses is owing to the owners having taken back to Sholapur the asses that were brought for work in the Public Works Department last year.

(b) *Wages and Labour, &c.*

80. There were no fluctuations in the wages of labour during the year. The average rate of unskilled labourers was from 3 to 4 annas, while that of skilled labourers from 8 to 12 annas per day. The rate for hire of carts was from 12 annas to one Rupee per day.

Price of Food-grains.

81. The rates of food-grains were :—

							1893-94.	1894-95.
							lbs.	lbs.
Javari	...	...	...	...	...	Per Rupee	38	56
Rice	...	...	...	...	...	"	19	20
Jagree or Gur	...	...	...	...	...	"	15	16
Gram...	...	...	...	...	...	"	37	26
Wheat	...	...	...	...	...	"	25	31
Linseed	...	...	...	...	...	"	20	20
Kardi	...	...	...	...	...	"	63	36

Excepting Gram and Kardi, the rates of other food—grains especially Javari were better during the year. The Kardi crops almost failed. The dearness in Gram is due to the fact that the Tur crops having suffered on account of the deficiency of rainfall in the months of July and August, their yield was less, and hence during the year there was a rise in the value of Gram, as compared with that of the last year.

(c) *Forests.*

82. The forests of the Akalkot State were administered by the State Karbhari throughout the year. There are no protected forests here, all lands in the possession of the Forest Department having been declared reserved forests. Four survey Nos. as reported in para. 82 of the last year's Administration Report, being notified under Section 6 in 1892-93, were dealt with under Section 19 during the year under review. No additions to or reductions in the Forest area occurred during the year, so that that area remained the same at the close as at the commencement of the year, viz., 31,101—14 acres. The survey assessment on the whole land under forests was Rs. 21,443-14-11.

83. The strength of the Protective Establishment has remained the same as in the previous year, and the sub-joined table gives the details of the Establishment entertained and its monthly cost :—

No.	Range.	Forest- er.	Forest Guards.					Total No.	Total cost.	REMARKS.
		Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.				
	Pay...	20	9	8	7	6				
1	Akalkot.....	1	1	1	7	1	11	92		
2	Pilio	...	...	1	1	...	2	15		
	Total...	1	1	2	8	1	13	107		

84. In the following table the forest receipts are detailed and contrasted with those of the last year:—

Receipts.	1893-94.	1894-95.	Increase.	Decrease.
	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.
<i>I.—Timber and other produce removed from the forests by Government Agency.</i>				
1. Firewood	112 4 0	126 0 0	13 12 0	.....
2. Other minor produce	8 8 0	13 0 0	4 8 0	.....
<i>II.—Timber and other produce removed from the forests by consumers and purchasers.</i>				
1. Firewood	15 5 3	7 2 0	.....	8 3 3
2. Grazing and fodder-grass	5,786 3 4	5,486 8 7	.....	299 10 9
3. Other minor produce	6 10 0	45 1 0	38 7 0	.....
<i>III.—Confiscated drift and Waif wood.</i>	3 14 0	2 14 9	.....	0 15 3
<i>IV.—Miscellaneous</i>	95 2 2	79 0 4	.....	16 1 10
Total.....	6,027 14 9	5,759 10 8	56 11 0	324 15 1

85. From the above figures it will appear that the forest revenue fell from Rs. 6,027-14-9 to Rs. 5,759-10-8 during the year under report. The decrease is particularly in grazing and fodder-grass, which was less in the beginning for want of rain. The increases and decreases under the remaining heads being slight, need no remarks.

86. The following is the statement showing the expenditure incurred during the year as compared with the previous year:—

Expenditure.	1893-94.	1894-95.	Increase.	Decrease.
	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.
A.—Conservancy and works	237 15 5	336 9 1	98 9 8	.....
B.—Establishments.	1,881 3 11	1,777 4 5	.....	103 15 6
Total.....	2,119 3 4	2,113 13 6	98 9 8	103 15 6

87. The increase under "A—Conservancy and Works" is due to the fact that clothing was provided to the forest subordinates during the year under report. The expenditure under "B—Establishments," together with the remuneration paid to the village servants amounts to Rs. 1,777-4-5 showing a decrease of Rs. 103-15-6 only. Deducting the total expenditure on establishment and conservancy from the total forest income, the net income during the year was Rs. 3,645-13-2 against Rs. 3,908-11-5 in the previous year, showing a decrease of Rs. 262-14-3.

88. Of the subordinate protective establishment nobody was either degraded or fined departmentally for neglect of duty.

89. No free grants were made during the year. According to the new grazing rules the only forest produce enjoyed, free of purchase, for the use of agricultural and milch cattle, is grass of forest reserves, opened to grazing, of those villages which have contributed *gairan* to forests. There are in all 49 villages in the Akalkot State in which forests exist, and of these, 5 villages situated in the Akalkot Range, possess *gairan* lands.

90. There was no necessity to entertain special establishment for the protection of forest reserves against fire; the Beat Guards did this in addition to their other duties. Fire traces were burnt for 5 miles in the Akalkot Range and 4 miles in the Pillo Range on forest boundaries, the traces along the Railway line being 100 feet and in other places 33 feet in width. No fire occurred in the year under report.

91. The following statement shows the results of cases in which criminal prosecution was deemed necessary in the year under report as compared with that of the last year:—

YEAR.	Cases pending for the last year.	New cases of the year.					Total cases.	Disposed of during the year.						Cases pending at the close of the year.	REMARKS.		
		Injury to forests by fire.	Unauthorized selling or appropriation of wood and other minor forest produce.	Grazing without permission or in tracts in which grazing is prohibited.	Other offences.	Total new cases of the year.		Convicted.		Acquitted or discharged.		Total.					
								Cases.	Persons.	Cases.	Persons.	Cases.	Persons.			Cases.	Persons.
1893-94	...	1	4	4	...	6	5	6	1	2	6	8	...				
1894-95	...	...	2	4	...	6	6	10	...	...	6	10	...				

92. The number of persons prosecuted under the Forest Act was 10 against 8, and that of convicted was 10 against 6 in the last year.

93. The cases compounded under Section 67 of the Forest Act were 119 during the year against only 80 in the year before. The damages collected were Rs. 221-11-6 against Rs. 142-9-0 in the previous year. All the 119 cases were of illicit grazing in closed forests.

(d) *Trade and Manufacture.*

94. The export and import duties being abolished in the State, it was not possible to ascertain their values. Factories as such, there are none in the State; but there are some hand-loom of saris, &c., and they are not in a thriving condition. All the surplus agricultural produce javari, bajri, wheat, gram, tur, tobacco, jagree, linseed, &c., and of the manufactures, saris and dhotars with silk borders, saris and dhotars of cotton, *camblis* and oil pressed from linseed, khorasni, and earth-nuts, as well as hides and horns are exported. In the imports are included salt, rice, sugar, fresh and dried coconuts, groceries, bangles, hardware, copper and brass utensils, cloths of European manufacture, kerosine oil, &c.

(e) *Fairs.*

95. Small religious fairs are annually held at the villages of Haidre, Barhanpur, Vaghdari, Karaggi, Mangrul and Jeur, and they add to the prospects of trade to a certain extent.

(f) *Public Works.*

96. The following statement gives the details of the amounts expended during the year on Public Works:—

WORKS.						State Funds.	Local Funds.	Total.
						Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.
<i>I.—Original.</i>								
Dharmshallas	...	...	...	...	...	...	398 13 4	398 13 4
Buildings	...	...	...	...	...	9,217 7 0	508 1 7	9,725 8 7
Chowdees	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Roads	...	...	...	...	...	392 0 0	...	392 0 0
Wells	...	...	...	...	...	...	1,056 10 0	1,056 10 0
Miscellaneous	...	...	...	...	...	75 1 5	239 11 9	314 13 2
Total original work...						9,684 8 5	2,203 4 8	11,887 13 1
<i>II.—Repairs.</i>								
Dharmshallas	...	...	...	...	...	...	433 10 6	433 10 6
Buildings	...	...	...	...	...	3,879 8 8	644 1 5	4,523 10 1
Chowdees	...	...	...	...	...	20 0 0	...	20 0 0
Roads	...	...	...	...	...	...	4,542 7 7	4,542 7 7
Road-side trees	...	...	...	...	...	...	1,268 0 8	1,268 0 8
Wells	...	...	...	...	...	...	714 11 6	714 11 6
Miscellaneous	...	...	...	...	...	2,611 4 6	148 11 11	2,760 0 5
Total repairs...						6,510 13 2	7,751 11 7	14,262 8 9
<i>III.—Conservancy</i>						...	2,428 11 10	2,428 11 10
Total...						16,195 5 7	12,383 12 1	28,579 1 8
Establishment.						800 0 0	630 8 3	1,430 8 3
GRAND TOTAL...						16,995 5 7	13,014 4 4	30,009 9 11

97. The expenses of the repairs to be made to the Akalkot-Karbgaoon and Akalkot-Karjal roads will be charged to the State Funds from this year (1895-96) instead of to the Local Funds as desired by the Political Agent, Sholapur, in his para. 21 of the remarks on the last year's Administration Report.

CHAPTER V.

REVENUE AND FINANCE.

98. The year opened with a balance of Rs. 1,55,019-7-10. The receipts were Rs. 3,28,251-5-10, while the expenditure Rs. 3,02,891-14-7 thereby leaving a balance of Rs. 1,80,378-15-1 (*vide* Appendix XVII.). Comparing the actuals of the year under report with those of the three previous years, the following results occur:—

Statement I.

Years.	Opening balance.	Receipts.	Expenditure.	Closing balance.
	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.
1891-92	1,64,443 9 6	2,99,280 9 7	3,29,125 10 5	1,34,598 8 8
1892-93	1,34,598 8 8	2,81,947 15 1	3,03,624 2 10	1,12,922 4 11
1893-94	1,12,922 4 11	3,37,505 4 1	2,95,408 1 2	1,55,019 7 10
1894-95	1,55,019 7 10	3,28,251 5 10	3,02,891 14 7	1,80,378 15 1

99. The decrease in income, as compared with that of the last year, is due to the fact that though there was a large increase under "Land Revenue" and "Local Funds," the other fiscal items yielded less revenue and the reasons thereof, together with those for the increase in expenditure, are stated in para. 102 *infra*.

100. The balance of Rs. 1,80,378-15-1, at the close of the year 1894-95, consisted of Rs. 1,09,378-15-1 in cash and Rs. 71,000 in Promissory Notes.

101. In addition to the above, there is a balance of Rs. 64,230-14-4 in Promissory Notes and in cash set apart and preserved in the General Treasury to defray the marriage expenses of the two Princesses Gajra Raja and Putla Raja, and a yearly provision of Rs. 20,000 is made in the budget on that account till Rs. 2,00,000 are laid by for that purpose:

Statement II.

102. Abstract Statement of Income :—

No.	Item.	1891-92.	1892-93.	1893-94.	1894-95.
		Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.
1	Land Revenue ...	1,95,512 1 2	1,96,307 0 4	2,06,006 14 11	2,24,515 10 8
2	Local Fund ...	18,696 12 3	19,209 8 1	21,033 11 8	24,094 12 7
3	Sayar ...	31,304 7 2	25,250 8 1	52,758 6 7	38,412 5 7
4	Judicial, ...	1,210 14 4	1,252 9 7	1,174 7 6	972 14 7
5	Registration ...	943 15 2	1,161 9 6	1,313 3 6	1,264 8 0
6	Stamps ...	9,465 12 0	8,582 11 0	10,384 13 0	10,437 15 0
7	Educational ...	5,109 10 0	5,203 12 7	5,317 7 6	5,363 6 4
8	Jail ...	359 5 3	277 3 6	269 15 6	131 9 5
9	Private Establishment (Property) ...	1,917 7 7	5,746 11 6	1,897 14 7	1,689 10 4
10	Miscellaneous ...	11,903 14 2	7,242 14 7	21,013 13 10	9,168 0 4
11	Forests ...	4,878 3 9	6,501 6 11	6,027 14 9	5,759 10 8
12	Police ...	531 14 11	403 2 2	414 0 5	301 13 7
13	Advances, Deposits, &c. ...	17,446 3 10	4,808 13 3	9,889 1 11	4,706 14 7
14	Revision Survey ...	.....	.....	3 6 5	1,432 2 2
	Total.....	2,99,280 9 7	2,81,947 15 1	3,37,505 4 1	3,28,251 5 10

(a) The increase of Rs. 18,508-11-9 under "Land Revenue" is due to large receipts under the revised assessment of land.

(b) The increase of Rs. 3,061-0-11 under "Local Funds" is mainly due to the recovery of one anna cess in proportion to the recovery of the revised land revenue and to the higher biddings of tolls, &c.

(c) The increase of Rs. 1,428-11-9 under (14) "Revision Survey" is due to the recovery of Survey charges from the holders of Dumala villages of Dhanore and Kurla.

(d) The decrease of Rs. 14,346-1-0 under (3) "Sayar" is due to the recovery of arrears of a large amount of Mokasbab from the Sholapur and Pandharpur Talukas last year. This year no arrears were left.

(e) The decrease of Rs. 11,845-13-6 under (10) "Miscellaneous" is due to the fact that Rs. 10,110-2-1 were refunded last year by the Executive Engineer, Sholapur, on account of State roads and other causes.

(f) The decrease under (13) "Advances, &c." is Rs. 5,182-3-4. The amounts of adjustment only are entered under this head and they being fluctuating require no remark for decrease.

(g) The decrease of Rs. 268-4-1 under (11) "Forests" has been accounted for in para. 85 above.

(h) The increases and decreases under the remaining heads are slight and, therefore, need no remark.

Statement III.

103. Abstract Statement of Expenditure :—

No.	Item.	1891-92.	1892-93.	1893-94.	1894-95.
		Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.
1	Expenses of the Raja, Relations, Dependants and private establishments ...	1,17,256 2 7	92,698 9 4	94,552 1 2	96,921 11 6
1A	Stipend of families at Poona.	14,600 0 0	12,110 0 0	12,120 0 0	7,574 12 0
1B	Raje Saheb's Investiture ...	25,613 2 6	.....	.....	.....
2	Religious and Charitable Allowances ...	6,354 2 9	5,167 15 5	2,724 0 3	4,096 1 6
3	Hereditary allowances ...	5,994 4 0	5,333 2 5	4,703 3 0	4,815 13 0
4	District Hereditary officers.	11,139 3 9	11,950 8 8	10,720 13 11	11,818 10 11
5	Village do. do.	12,377 5 9	12,756 4 8	12,220 9 5	11,963 10 8
6	Village servants and expenses ...	2,401 4 11	2,556 13 6	2,512 2 2	2,328 7 2
7	Political Establishment ...	233 14 5	268 2 9	902 15 6	291 15 1
7A	Huzur (Raje Saheb's) office.	1,342 7 7	2,578 8 2	2,961 4 9	2,422 5 8
8	Civil Court ...	6,209 6 2	5,893 8 7	5,726 14 9	4,499 12 9
9	Revenue establishment ...	15,276 12 7	13,858 6 5	13,548 2 5	15,632 3 3
10	Jail ...	2,814 8 11	3,027 13 4	2,411 3 11	1,846 11 2
11	Police ...	9,917 2 3	10,000 11 2	10,182 0 10	10,476 4 3
12	Shibandi ...	4,951 1 4	4,418 4 8	3,920 14 2	4,771 2 2
13	Judicial expenses ...	817 11 3	875 14 6	632 12 11	650 3 3
14	Stamps ...	363 2 3	356 1 6	705 7 1	612 10 0
15	Commuted payment to British Government in lieu of Akalkot contingent ...	14,592 0 0	14,592 0 0	14,592 0 0	14,592 0 0
16	Pensions ...	14,267 5 8	9,961 5 6	6,743 8 3	7,274 13 11
17	Medical ...	3,920 1 2	3,085 14 10	3,476 3 11	3,823 14 6
18	Educational ...	9,479 3 10	9,428 0 9	9,952 15 6	9,605 8 8
19	Local Funds ...	13,404 14 9	15,984 9 11	12,875 3 7	13,576 12 10
20	Public Works ...	26,040 11 6	27,259 12 2	28,828 2 2	17,637 2 7
21	Registration accounts ...	398 1 7	344 12 7	356 13 10	245 2 10
22	Forest accounts ...	2,575 8 2	2,489 15 5	2,119 3 4	2,113 13 6
23	Miscellaneous ...	983 15 9	6,697 11 10	4,271 13 0	19,024 9 11
24	Advances, deposits, &c. ...	5,755 13 11	5,111 0 6	2,444 6 2	3,755 12 10
25	Imperial Census ...	46 1 1	552 10 11	.....	.....
26	Revision Survey ...	.....	3,096 8 10	9,203 1 2	4,521 12 8
27	Provision for the marriage expenses of the two Princesses of the Raje Saheb ...	.....	21,228 14 6	20,000 0 0	20,000 0 0
	Total...	3,29,125 10 5	3,03,024 2 10	2,95,408 1 2	3,02,891 14 7

(a) The increase of Rs. 2,369-10-4 under (1) "Expenses of the Raja, Relations, &c." is due to the expenditure incurred on account of the Raja Saheb's severe illness in the year under report.

(b) The increases of Rs. (1,372-1-3 under (2) "Religious and Charitable Allowances" and of Rs. 112-10-0 under (3) "Hereditary Allowances" are due to the arrears paid during the year as the payment was withheld in some cases under inquiry according to the Inam Rules in force in the State.

(c) The increase under (4) "District Hereditary Officers" is due to arrears paid.

(d) The increase of Rs 2,084-0-10 under (9) "Revenue Establishment" is due to the acting allowance granted to the Acting State Karbhari, the permanent incumbent being on sick leave.

(e) The increases under (11) "Police" and (12) "Shibandi" have been accounted for in paras. 29 and 26 respectively.

(f) The increase under (16) "Pensions" is due to the payment of arrears of pension contribution of Mr. Anant Vishnu Godbole, Head Clerk, Huzur Office, into the Sholapur Huzur Treasury as per G. R. No. 4970, dated 11th August 1894, Political Department.

(g) The cause of increase under (17) "Medical" has been given in para. 111 below.

(h) The increase of Rs. 6,701-9-3 under (19) "Local Funds" is mainly due to the greater expenditure on the construction and repairs of roads, buildings, wells, &c., during the year under review, and to the fact that the whole expenditure on the conservancy was debited to this head.

(i) The large increase of Rs. 14,752-12-11 under (23) "Miscellaneous" is partly due to the expenses incurred in rendering hospitality to His Excellency the Governor of Bombay and other guests, who paid visits to the State during the year, and partly to the donations granted to Lord Harris' Memorial Fund, and the Maharashtra Female Education Society, Poona, and to the payment of compensation to the Southern Maratha Railway Company, for the land relinquished by them.

(j) The increase of Rs. 1,311-6-8 under (24) "Advances, &c." is due to amounts advanced to the State subordinates.

(k) The decrease under (1A) "Stipend of Families at Poona" is due to the death of Lady Kamaljabai *alias* Banabai Saheb, Rajé Bhosle.

(l) The decrease of Rs. 256-14-9 under (5) "Village Hereditary Officers" is due to the fact that a few village officers failed to be present at the State Treasury to receive their remuneration.

(m) The decrease under (7) "Political Establishment" is due to the fact that no new furniture was purchased, as was done last year, for the Political Agent's bungalow.

(n) The decrease of Rs. 538-15-1 under (7A) "Huzur Office" is partly due to the less amount paid on account of travelling allowances, &c., to the establishment.

(o) The decrease of Rs. 1,227-2-0 under (8) "Civil Court" is due to the appointments of an acting Sub-judge on a reduced salary.

(p) The cause of decrease under (10) "Jail" has been explained in para. 50 above.

(q) The decrease under (18) "Educational" has been accounted for in para. 126 below.

(r) The decrease under (20) "Public Works" is partly due to the transfer of the item of expenditure under conservancy from the "State Fund" to the "Local Fund" and partly to the fact that the amount spent on account of construction and repairs of roads, buildings and wells, &c., was rather small.

(s) The cause of decrease under (21) "Registration Accounts" has been given in para. 75 above.

(t) The decrease of Rs. 4,681-4-6 under (26) "Revision Survey" is due to the Survey work being completed.

(u) The increases and decreases under the remaining heads, being slight, need no explanation.

104. No salt is allowed to be produced in the State. Government pays Rs. 142-0-10 as compensation for the prohibition, but no such amount was paid to the State during the year under report. It was since received. The Abkari revenues are under the management of the British Government, which pays Rs. 6,609-15-10 in two instalments, *i. e.*, on 10th January and 10th July of each year, as per new agreement approved and confirmed by G. R. No. 4058, dated 4th July 1894. The opium contract is given by the State, but the opium is bought from the Government Dépôts in the British Territory. One-fifth of the amount of the duty leviable on any opium conveyed into the State Territory, is refunded by the British Government to this State. No Takavi remissions were made during the year. Customs and transit duties are not levied in this State.

Alienations.

105. For particulars under this head, please *vide* para. 11 *supra*.

CHAPTER VI.

VITAL STATISTICS AND MEDICAL RELIEF.

106. There is one Charitable Dispensary at the capital town of Akalkot, and it was in charge of Mr. R. S. Poredi, L. M. & S., throughout the year.

107. The Medical Officer reports that lately the services of the Nurse and Midwife are being appreciated by the public, especially by the female class, and the undersigned makes no doubt, but, that in course of time, the prejudice taken by people against her, will pass away, and that her services will be largely availed of.

108. The following table shows the number of patients treated and the expenditure incurred in the year under report, as contrasted with those of the previous two years:—

Dispensary.	No. of patients treated.		Results.				Expenditure.	Daily average.
	In-door.	Out-door.	Discharged.	Absent-ed.	Died.	Remain-ing under-treat-ment.		
<i>Akalkot.</i>								
1892-93	84	10,003	8,205	1,776	6	100	3,086	95.38
1893-94	96	12,286	9,408	2,867	1	102	3,476	112.29
1894-95	69	12,984	9,743	3,211	1	98	3,823	112.96

109. The increase in the number of patients treated during the year was largely due to the general unhealthiness of the season, there being prevalence of malarial fevers and cough. The Raje Saheb occasionally visited the dispensary, which is liberally supported by the Raje Saheb, so that medical aid may be within the easy reach of all classes.

110. The prevailing diseases were fevers, conjunctivitis, bronchitis, intestinal worms and skin affections.

111. The total cost of maintaining this charitable institution, was Rs. 3,823 in the year under report, against Rs. 3,476 in the preceding year. The increase is partly due to the appointment of the Midwife and Nurse, and partly to the purchase of some medicines that were indented upon on account of the unhealthy season of the year.

112. Five *post-mortem* examinations were held during the year under report as in the last year. There were 14 major and 370 minor operations performed during the year against 18 and 438 respectively in the preceding year.

Vital Statistics.

113. The number of births and deaths for the year under report, as compared with that of the previous year, is shown in the following table:—

	1893-94.	1894-95.	Increase. *	Decrease.
Births	2,718	2,997	279	.....
Deaths	1,619	1,482	.....	137

114. Out of 2,997 children born during the year, 1,548 were males and 1,449 females. The birth-rate per *mille* of population was 39.4 against 35.8 last year.

115. The deaths from the principal diseases in the year under report and the previous year were :—

								1893-94.	1894-95.
Cholera	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	49	143
Fever	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	946	819
Small-pox	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	20	32
Dysentery	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	196	189

116. Though there was prevalence of malarial fevers, still the number of persons died of its effect, was smaller than in the previous year, while the number of persons died of cholera and small-pox was greater than that in the last year. The death-rate per *mille* of population was 19.4 against 21.3 in the past year.

117. There were 17 accidental deaths, out of which 7 were from drowning, 6 by snake bites, 3 by hanging and 1 by murder. The number of such deaths last year was 19.

118. Of late the duty of testing the accuracy of the birth and death registers, has been entrusted to the Revenue and Police Officers. The State *Karbhari* also has tested most of these registers and fined some Patils and Kulkarnis who were found irregular in keeping such registers to ensure reliabilities in them.

Vaccination.

119. As in the last year, the Vaccination Department was in charge of the Deputy Sanitary Commissioner, Central Division. There is one Vaccinator for the State under the supervision of the Inspector of Sanitation and Vaccination, Sholapur, who gets a monthly remuneration of Rs. 5 from the State in return for his services. The monthly pay of the vaccinator is Rs. 14, and is paid by the State. The total cost of vaccination, which is debited to the Local Funds, was Rs. 247. against Rs. 312 in the preceding year.

120. The following table shows the work of vaccination performed during the year under report :—

Operation by whom performed.	No. of persons vaccinated in 1893-94.	No. of persons vaccinated in 1894-95.	Results.			
			Successful.		Unsuccessful.	
			1893-94	1894-95	1893-94	1894-95
By the Vaccinator of Akalkot	1,668	1,535	1,490	1,213	178	41
Do. do. of Malsiras in Pilio Mahal.	198	122	146	102	52	...
Do. do. of Khatao in Kurla Mahal.	89	74	57	69	32	1
Total ...	1,955	1,731	1,693	1,384	262	42

The reason as to why the total of columns 5 and 7 does not tally with column 3 is explained by absence of persons vaccinated at the time of inspection. During the year under report 1,712 were primarily vaccinated, and 19 re-vaccinated, against 1,935 and 20, respectively, in the previous year. Of the 1,712 primary cases, 852 were males and 860 females; and of the 19 re-vaccinated cases, all were males. The percentage of successful cases in primary operations was 79, and in re-vaccination 84, against 86 and 60, respectively, in last year.

CHAPTER VII.

INSTRUCTION.

121. The subjoined table gives the details regarding the number and description of the Schools:—

No.	Description of School.	No. of Pupils on the Roll on 31st March 1894.		No. of Pupils on the Roll on 31st March 1895.		Daily Average Attendance.	
		Boys.	Girls.	Boys.	Girls.	Boys.	Girls.
1	First Grade Anglo-Vernacular School at Akalkot	51	.....	57	.....	47.6	.....
28	Vernacular Primary Boys' Schools ..	1,677	71	1,671	74	1330.1	49.4
1	Do. Girls' School ...	.....	65	.....	73	.....	51.4
0	Do. Night School ...	30	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
1	Do. Low-caste Boys' School ...	.....	.....	11	.....	9.8	.....
5	Primary Hindustani Schools ...	154	37	132	37	115	26.6
	Total ...	1,912	173	1,871	184	1502.5	127.4

122. During the year under report the number of schools was 36, while it was 37 last year. In the year under review, the night-school at Akalkot and four vernacular schools at (1) Khanapur, (2) Karjal, (3) Kurnur, and (4) Hanoor were closed for want of proper attendance, and four new schools were opened instead at the following villages, viz., at (1) Andewadi Budruk, (2) Darshanhal, (3) Kegaon Budruk, and (4) Jeur. But with the reduction of one school, the number of scholars on the rolls on 31st March 1895 fell from 2,085 to 2,055.

123. The undersigned begs to add that the statistics as regards the number of pupils who attend the school are thoroughly reliable and perfectly accurate. The large increase is explained by the opening up of 5 new village and one branch school in the centre of Akalkot, which alone secured not less than 200 attendance. The Raje Saheb is much anxious for the spread of

primary education, especially among the backward classes and with his ever willing readiness to meet the wishes of the people by placing primary education within their easy reach, if they only show a desire for it. The girls' school at Akalkot is progressing favourably.

124. The daily average attendance of boys and girls was 1502·5 and 127·4 against 1473·4 and 109·4, respectively, and this is in a way satisfactory, though the attendance is decreased.

125. The State Karbhari visited most of the schools when out in the Districts. Mr. Jogalekar inspected all the schools in the State, but his own school was examined by the State Karbhari, Sub-Judge, and State Overseer, and the results were up to the Standards.

126. The Educational Department was maintained at a cost of Rs. 9,605 in the year, against Rs. 9,952 in the last year. The decrease is partly due to the closing of the school at Khanapur, and partly due to the fact that furniture of a less amount was ordered this year than in the previous year. Of the sum spent on education, Rs. 4,334 were defrayed from the Local Funds.

127. The Raje Saheb distributed prizes to the successful boys and girls of the schools at Akalkot and other village schools.

128. The Raje Saheb evinced the same amount of interest in matters educational.

129. It is really pleasant to note that the general progress of the Raje Saheb's eldest daughter Shrimant Gajra Raja Saheb during the last year was excellent. She continues to be under the training of Miss Moxon. The Raje Saheb's youngest daughter has also begun to learn *Marathi*, and is a promising little princess and intelligent. Both these princesses have a native tutor to teach them *Marathi*.

CHAPTER VIII.

MISCELLANEOUS.

Destruction of Wild Animals, &c.

130. The country not being much infested with wild animals and snakes, no measures were taken for their extermination. The scale of paying rewards for their destruction is similar to that in force in the British Territory. No rewards were however paid in the year.

Post and Telegraph Office.

131. There is one combined Sub-Post and Telegraph Office at Akalkot, three branch offices at Waghdari, Karajgi and Kurla. One experimental Branch Post Office is also opened at Pilio for a period of one year from the 1st July 1894. All these offices are under the direct management of the British Government.

Record.

132. During the year under report the general State record was sorted and arranged till the year 1893-94.

Printing Press and Library.

133. There was no printing press in the State during the year. The long felt want of the public was supplied by the Raje Saheb by the grant of a site in the centre of the town, and last year new Library, called after the Raje Saheb's name, in view of the large contribution given by him towards that institution, has been built up. It is a fine building and commands a good view. It was opened in April last under the auspices of the Raje Saheb and it promises to prosper well.

Taxes and Trade.

134. The only tax that is levied by the State is the License Tax (*vide* G. R. No. 4107, dated 19th July 1886) and the income derived therefrom was Rs. 7,990 against Rs. 6,299 in the preceding year. From the year 1895-96 the License Tax will be revised, and minimum taxable limit will be fixed at Rs. 500 with no superior limit as under the Income Tax Act.

135. There is one Municipal Toll Naka at Akalkot, which realised Rs. 1,060 against Rs. 905. With the abolition of export and import duties the trade has been showing signs of prosperity year after year.

Concluding Remarks.

136. The most important event of the year and one that will be ever remembered in the annals of the State was the visit paid by His Excellency Lord Harris to Akalkot in October last.

137. For a time much uneasiness and anxiety were felt for the Raje Saheb's illness by the members of his family and his loyal servants and subjects, and much kind sympathy was expressed by his numerous European and native friends during his serious illness. But, thank God, he fully recovered and regained his strength and vigor. As regards the administration of the year under review it continued to be in a very good condition. The Revision Survey was completed and new rates were announced and introduced in the last year. The rainfall was below the average, *i.e.*, rather scanty, and consequently the first crops suffered a little, but the second crops were prosperous. Justice—Civil and Criminal—was administered with sufficient promptness and regularity. The Police show signs of improvements year by year. The balance in the Treasury has increased and the finances continue to improve. The Medical and Educational Departments received the due attention they deserved, and these institutions are becoming more popular with the advance of years. All these appear very hopeful signs for the future.

VITHAL TIKAJI.

State Karbhari, Akalkot.

Akalkot, 22nd June 1895.

Appendix I.

POLITICAL RELATIONS OF NATIVE STATES.

Name of State.	Tribute in men or money.		Estimated population.	Schools.	Persons being taught.	Persons who have been vaccinated.	Prevailing diseases.	Supposed gross revenue.	Military force.	Transit dues levied or not.	Principal articles of production, manufacture and mines.
	Amount.	To whom payable.									
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
Akalkot Rs. 14,592 (commuted payment in lieu of contingent of horse). British Government. 75,774 (as per Census of 1891). 1 First Grade Anglo-Vernacular School. 28 Vernacular Primary Boys' Schools. 1 Vernacular Primary Girls' School. 1 Vernacular Primary School for low-caste boys. 5 Primary Hindustani Schools. 86 Boys, 1,871 Girls, 184 Total, 2,055 1,731 (1) Fevers; (2) Conjunctivitis; (3) Bronchitis; (4) Intestinal worms; and (5) Skinf diseases. Rs. 3,23,544-7-3 Jamadar 1 Havaldars 2 Naiks 2 Sepoys 41 Total 46 Artillery men 3 Grand Total 49 Transit duties have been abolished (<i>vide</i> G. R. No. 4107, dated 19th July 1896). Agriculture being the sole occupation, jowari, bajri, wheat, gram, rice, linseed and sugar-cane are the principal products; saddies, coarse or common shelas, chokies and common turbans are the manufactures. There are no mines.											

VITHAL TIKAJI,

State Kārbhāri, Akalkot.

Akalkot, 22nd June 1895.

Appendix II.
POLITICAL RELATIONS.
Native Chiefs, Principal Male Members of their Families and Principal Members of their Courts.

No.	Name of individual, state and family to which he belongs.	Residence.	Present position.	Caste, race and religion.	Age.	How and where educated.	How employed.	Has sanad authorizing adoption or not.	Family follows primogeniture or not.	Has male heirs or not.	REMARKS.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
1	Shahaji Maloji <i>alias</i> Baba Saheb Raje, Bhosle, Akalkot.	Akalkot.	Ruling Raja of the State.	Maratha Hindu.	Y. M. 27	In the Rajkumar School at Kolhapur.	Administers the affairs of the State.	Has a sanad authorizing adoption.	Follows primogeniture.	Not.	Has two daughters, one aged 8 years and 5 months and the other 5 years, 4 months and 17 days on the 31st March 1895.
2	Tulaji Fattasing <i>alias</i> Raje Saheb, Bhosle.	Poona.	Resides at Poona, with his family, on a monthly allowance of Rs. 500.	Do.	43	Privately and at Poona High School.	Looks after his own affairs.	.....	Do.	Do.	Had a daughter; she was married in December 1889 and she died in April 1895.

VITHAL TIKAJI,

State Kārbhāri, Akalkot.

Akalkot, 22nd June 1895.

CIVIL DIVISIONS OF TERRITORY UNDER POLITICAL CONTROL, 1894-95.

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State Kârbhârî, Akalkot.

Akalkot, 22nd June 1895.

Appendix IV.

POPULATION OF NATIVE STATES, AKALKOT STATE, 1894-95.

Commissionership.	District.	Inhabited houses.	Population as per general Census of 1891.						Classification of Population.										Occupation.	Prevailing Languages.	Emigration or immigration during the year.	
			Men.	Women.	Children under 15 years.		Total.	Number per square mile.	Europeans.	East Indian and other mixed races.	Natives.	Hindus.	Mahomedans.	Parsis.	Buddhists and Jains.	Aborigines.	Others.	Total male agriculturists, including landlords, cultivators and agricultural labourers.				Total non-agricultural males.
					Male.	Female.																
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	
Central Division.	Akalkot State including detached Mahals of Pillo and Kuria.	11,002	24,105	23,215	14,510	13,944	73,774	152	1		1	65,034	10,230		568			24,401	14,214	Marathi and Canarese.	None.	

Akalkot, 22nd June 1895.

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State Kārkhari, Akalkot.

Appendix V.

STATEMENT showing the Strength, Cost and other particulars of the Military Force in the Akalkot State, 1894-95.

Arm of Service.	Total number of fighting Officers and men.							Details of Force at the end of the year.					REMARKS.			
	Remain- ing at the end of last year.	Recruited this year (a).	Died.			Invalided.	Discharged, deserted, &c. (b).	Remain- ing at the end of the year.	Number of Regi- ments, Battalions or Batteries.	Number of guns.	Number of men.				Total cost of pay and allowances of Officers, Non-Commissioned Officers and men, includ- ing Followers.	
			In action.	Otherwise.	Total.						European Com- missioned Officers.	Native Commis- sioned Officers.		Non-Com mis- sioned Officers.		Fighting men.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17
Cavalry .....	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	.....	†Details of guns (52)— 45 Smooth bore mus- kets. 3 Small cannons fit for use. 4 Small cannons not fit for use. <u>52</u>
Sappers .....	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	.....	
Artillery	3	..	..	..	..	..	..	3	..	7	..	..	..	3		* Details of Infantry Force. 1 Jamadar. 2 Havaldars. 2 Naiks. 41 Sepoys. Total...46
Infantry	46	..	..	..	..	..	..	*46	..	45	..	..	..	*46	Establishment Rs. 3,865-9-10 Extra Expendi- ture, Rs. 905-8-4	
Total..	49	..	..	..	..	..	..	49		†52	..	..	..	49	4,771-2-2	

Akalkot, 22nd June 1895.

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State Kârbhâri, Akalkot.

Appendix VI.

STATEMENT showing the Strength, Cost, Discipline, and Education of the Police, 1894-95.

Description of Office.	Number.	Pay of the Grade.	Total Expenditure.	Punishment.			Rewards.		Education.		REMARKS.
				Dismissed.	Fined, degraded or suspended departmentally.	Judicially punished.	By promotion.	By money rewards.	Number able to read and write.	Number under instruction.	
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
Chief Police Officer	...	Rs.	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	* A big theft of Rs. 2,740 was committed at Pilo in the year 1893-94 and as the Chief Constable with the help of his subordinates succeeded in detecting the offence, a reward of Rs 250 offered by the complainant was distributed among the Police. Some portion of the reward was given to 2 men of the Malsiras Police, and 3 villagers of Pilo.
Inspector of Police	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
Chief Constable, 3rd Class.	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
Head-Constable, 1st "	1	65	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	...	
Do. 2nd "	1	30	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
Do. 3rd "	1	20	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
Do. 4th "	2	15	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
Constable 1st Class	5	12	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
Do. 2nd "	11	10	...	...	2	...	...	2	...	1	
Do. 3rd "	15	9	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	1	
Do. 4th "	10	8	...	...	3	...	...	2	...	1	
Do. 4th "	8	7	...	...	2	...	...	...	4	3	
Mounted Police.			Rs. 9,066 12 5	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
Daffedar	1	30	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	
Sowars...	4	25	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	
Total...	59	...	Rs. 10,476 4 3	...	7	...	...	* 6	20	6	

VITHAL TIKAJI,
State Kârbhârî, Akalkot.

Akalkot, 22nd June 1895.

Appendix VII.

Statement showing the Results of the Working of the Police in the Akalkot State during the year ending with 31st March 1895.

Name of State.	Number of Offences.		Number of accused arrested.		Number of accused sent for trial.		Number of accused convicted.		Number of accused acquitted or discharged.		Percentage convicted of accused sent for trial.				REMARKS.
	1893-94.	1894-95.	1893-94.	1894-95.	1893-94.	1894-95.	1893-94.	1894-95.	1893-94.	1894-95.	1893-94.	1894-95.	1893-94.	1894-95.	
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16
Akalkot...	99	63	61	53	61	46	38	23	23	20	62-2	43-3	62-2	62-0	Of the 63 accused arrested (column 1) 51 were convicted (col. 9), 24 were discharged (col. 11), 18 brought to trial, 6 not brought to trial, 24 1 with the Police, 9 under trial before the Magistrates.
Pilho ...	1	6	3	9	3	9	2	5	1	4	66-6	55-5	66-6	55-5	
Kurla ...	2	1	...	1	...	1	...	1	...	...	...	100-0	...	100-0	
Total ..	102	75	64	63	64	56	40	29	24	24	62-5	46-0	62-5	61-7	

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Akalkot, 22nd June 1895.

Appendix VIII.

Statement shewing the Value of Property Stolen and Amount of Recoveries in the Akalkot State during the year ending with 31st March 1895

State.	Amount stolen.		Amount recovered.		Percentage of recoveries of property stolen.*		REMARKS.
	1893-94.	1894-95.	1893-94.	1894-95.	1893-94.	1894-95.	
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8
Akalkot ...	Rs. a. p. 8,055 12 6	Rs. a. p. 504 13 4	Rs. a. p. 6,399 1 6	Rs. a. p. 388 7 4	79-4	76 9	
Pilho ...	25 15 0	...	...	...	...	...	
Kurla ...	50 12 0	51 14 6	...	51 14 6	...	100-0	
Total ...	8,132 7 6	556 11 10	6,399 1 6	440 5 10	78-6	79-1	

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Akalkot, 22nd June 1895.

Appendix

Statement showing the number of crimes committed, number of
1894-95, ending with

No.	Description of Crime or Offence.	Number of Crimes.			Number of cases disposed of during the year 1894-95.	Number of cases undisposed of during the year 1894-95.	Number of persons apprehended.	Number of persons convicted.	Number of persons			
		Balance on 1st April 1894.	Committed during the year 1894-95.	Total.					Imprisonment.		Imprisonment and Fine.	
									Simple.	Rigorous.	Simple.	Rigorous.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13
1	Offences against the Public tranquillity, Chapter VIII. ...	...	1	1	1	...	8	...	...	...	...	...
2	Contempt of the lawful authority of Public Servants, Chapter X. ...	...	1	1	1	...	1	1	...	...	...	1
3	False Evidence and offences against Public Justice, Chapter XI, ...	...	1	1	1	...	1	1	...	...	...	...
4	Offences affecting the human body, Chapter XVI.—											
	1 Murder ...	...	2	2	2	...	5	1	...	...	...	...
	2 Culpable homicide not amounting to murder ...	...	1	1	...	1	4	...	...	...	...	...
	3 Voluntarily causing hurt ...	...	53	53	53	...	99	10	...	...	...	...
	4 Voluntarily causing grievous hurt.	...	1	1	1	...	2	...	...	...	...	...
	5 Voluntarily causing grievous hurt by dangerous weapons or means.	...	1	1	...	1	1	...	...	...	...	...
	6 Voluntarily causing hurt to deter a public servant from his duty..	...	1	1	1	...	3	...	...	...	...	...
	7 Administering stupefying drug with intent to cause hurt, &c. ...	...	2	2	2	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	8 Wrongful restraint ...	...	3	3	3	...	3	1	...	...	...	...
	9 Criminal force and assault ...	...	4	4	4	...	5	1	...	...	...	...
	10 Kidnapping ...	...	1	1	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	11 Rape ...	...	1	1	1	...	1	1	...	1	...	...
5	Offences against property, Chap. XVII.—											
	(1) Theft ...	5	49	54	48	6	36	18	...	6	2	10
	(2) Dishonest misappropriation of property ...	...	1	1	1	...	2	1	...	1	...	...
	(3) Cheating ...	...	1	1	1	...	4	...	...	...	...	...
	(4) Mischief ...	...	8	8	8	...	25	3	...	...	...	3
	(5) Criminal Trespass ...	...	11	11	11	...	12	2	...	...	1	...
	(6) Lurking, house trespass ...	7	16	23	22	1	9	5	...	...	...	1
6	Offences relating to Marriage, Chapter XX	...	4	4	4	...	9	...	...	...	...	...
7	Defamation, Chapter XXI.	...	1	1	1	...	1	...	...	...	...	...
8	Criminal intimidation, insult and annoyance, Chapter XXII. ...	...	3	3	3	...	5	...	...	...	...	...
9	Forest Act of 1878 ...	...	6	6	6	...	10	10	...	...	...	...
10	District Police Act VII. of 1867 ...	1	152	153	153	...	153	151	...	...	...	...
11	Abkari Act V. of 1878 ...	...	4	4	3	1	5	...	...	...	...	...
12	Cattle Trespass Act I. of 1871 (India)	...	4	4	4	...	11	1	...	...	...	...
13	Arms Act XI. of 1878 ...	...	1	1	1	...	1	1	...	1	...	...
14	Criminal Procedure Code, Section 109 ...	...	2	2	2	...	2	...	...	...	...	...
	Total ...	13	336	349	339	10	418	208	...	9	3	15

Note No. 1.—Of the number of persons apprehended (column 8).—

208 were convicted (column 9).

199 were acquitted or discharged (column 8).

9 awaiting trial before the Magistrate as noted down in the last column.

1 with the Police.

1 absconded.

Total... 418

Akalkot, 22nd June 1895.

Appendix X.

STATEMENT showing the number of offences reported and offences dealt with in the Akalkot State during the year ending with 31st March 1895.

Name of Court.	Number of offences reported during the year.		Number of persons dealt with.										Persons disposed of.					REMARKS.
	1893-94.	1894-95.	Remaining at the end of the last year.	Arrested by Police.	Upon Warrant.	On Summons.	Voluntarily.	Brought to trial in 1894-95.		Total.		Discharged without trial.	Acquitted.	Convicted.	Committed or referred.	Died, escaped or transferred.	Persons remaining at the end of the year.	
								Arrested in the presence of the Magistrate.		1893-94.	1894-95.							
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	
Political Agent	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	2	...	...	2	...	...	...	...	
District Magistrate...	...	4	...	...	...	4	...	...	...	4	...	3	1	...	...	...	...	
Sub-Divisional Magistrate...	135	74	...	20	23	23	...	2	59	68	6	58	2	2	3	5	...	
2nd Class Magistrate	199	226	1	30	21	198	...	28	248	278	...	77	197	...	...	4	...	
3rd do.	11	20	...	5	...	29	...	...	24	34	...	29	5	...	...	...	...	
5rd do.	4	12	...	1	...	13	13	...	1	27	...	26	1	...	...	...	...	
Total	349	336	1	56	44	267	13	30	332	411	6	193	206	2	1	9	...	
GRAND TOTAL	*349	336	1	56	44	267	13	30	333	413	6	193	208	2	1	9	...	

* This figure includes the balance of 25 cases (vide total of columns 3 to 5 of Appendix IX., of the last year's report).

Akalkot, 22nd June 1895.

VITHAL TIKAJI,
State Kār bhāri, Akalkot.

Appendix XI.

STATEMENT showing the results of appeals against decisions passed by the Criminal Courts in the Akalkot State during the year ending with 31st March 1895.

Tribunals.	Number of Persons and Cases.																			
	Number of applications.		Applications rejected.				Sentences.				Proceedings quashed.				Referred.		Further inquiry, &c., ordered.		Pending.	
							Confirmed.		Modified.		Reversed.									
	Persons.	Cases.	Persons.	Cases.	Persons.	Cases.	Persons.	Cases.	Persons.	Cases.	Persons.	Cases.	Persons.	Cases.	Persons.	Cases.	Persons.	Cases.	Persons.	Cases.
State.	1893-94	1894-95	1893-94	1894-95	1893-94	1894-95	1893-94	1894-95	1893-94	1894-95	1893-94	1894-95	1893-94	1894-95	1893-94	1894-95	1893-94	1894-95	1893-94	1894-95
	1893-94	1894-95	1893-94	1894-95	1893-94	1894-95	1893-94	1894-95	1893-94	1894-95	1893-94	1894-95	1893-94	1894-95	1893-94	1894-95	1893-94	1894-95	1893-94	1894-95
	1893-94	1894-95	1893-94	1894-95	1893-94	1894-95	1893-94	1894-95	1893-94	1894-95	1893-94	1894-95	1893-94	1894-95	1893-94	1894-95	1893-94	1894-95	1893-94	1894-95
	1893-94	1894-95	1893-94	1894-95	1893-94	1894-95	1893-94	1894-95	1893-94	1894-95	1893-94	1894-95	1893-94	1894-95	1893-94	1894-95	1893-94	1894-95	1893-94	1894-95
Akalkot.	1893-94	1894-95	1893-94	1894-95	1893-94	1894-95	1893-94	1894-95	1893-94	1894-95	1893-94	1894-95	1893-94	1894-95	1893-94	1894-95	1893-94	1894-95	1893-94	1894-95
	1893-94	1894-95	1893-94	1894-95	1893-94	1894-95	1893-94	1894-95	1893-94	1894-95	1893-94	1894-95	1893-94	1894-95	1893-94	1894-95	1893-94	1894-95	1893-94	1894-95
	1893-94	1894-95	1893-94	1894-95	1893-94	1894-95	1893-94	1894-95	1893-94	1894-95	1893-94	1894-95	1893-94	1894-95	1893-94	1894-95	1893-94	1894-95	1893-94	1894-95
	1893-94	1894-95	1893-94	1894-95	1893-94	1894-95	1893-94	1894-95	1893-94	1894-95	1893-94	1894-95	1893-94	1894-95	1893-94	1894-95	1893-94	1894-95	1893-94	1894-95
1 The Raja Saheb ...	7	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
2 The District Magistrate ...	4	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
3 The Sub-Divisional Magistrate ...	6	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Total...	17	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...

VITHAL TIKAJI,
State Kárbhári, Akalkot.

Akalkot, 22nd June 1895.

Appendix XII.

Statement showing the number of persons convicted or confined in the Jail in the Akalkot State during the year 1894-95, ending with 31st March 1895.

STATIONS.	Number of Prisoners.	Number of Prisoners.					Daily average in Jail.		Number of Prisoners remaining at the end of the year.	Total cost of Jail and Prisoners.	Remarks showing mortality among Convicts in the Jail.
		Remaining from last year.	Admitted during the year.	Total.		1893-94.	1894-95.				
				1893-94.	1894-95.						
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	
Akalkot	34	10	24	52	34	15.5	9.2	10	Rs. a. p. 1,846 11 2	The general health of the prisoners was good. There was no casualty.	
Pilho	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...			
Karla	1	...	1	...	1	...	0.5	...			
Total	35	10	25	52	35	...	...	10			

VITHAL TIKAJI,
State Kārbhāri, Akalkot.

Akalkot, 22nd June 1895.

Appendix XIII.

Civil Work.—Nature and Value of Original Suits filed and disposed of during the year 1894-95.

Number.	TRIBUNAL.	Suits filed in 1894-95.						Suits disposed of in 1894-95.																							
		Opening Balance.		Filed during the year.		Total.		Disposed of during the year.		Closing Balance.		Value.				Nature of Suits.				Valuation of Suits.				How disposed of.				Value.		REMARKS.	
		1893-94.	1894-95.	1893-94.	1894-95.	1893-94.	1894-95.	1893-94.	1894-95.	1893-94.	1894-95.	Suits regarding lands and houses, &c.	Suits for money trans- actions.	Suits for other rights, &c.	No. of suits under Rs. 100.	No. of suits above Rs. 100 and under Rs. 500.	No. of suits above Rs. 500 and under Rs. 1,000.	No. of suits above Rs. 1,000 and under Rs. 5,000.	No. of suits above Rs. 5,000.	Ex parte.	Admitted and compromises- ed, &c.	Struck off the file, &c.	No. of suits under the Specific Relief Act.	Otherwise disposed of.	Years.	Months.	Days.				
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14																		
1	Akalkot	38	47	450	485	488	532	441	495	47	37	38,012 14 2	43	439	3	403	72	8	2	...	68	399	77	...	51	31,097 0 3	216	...			
2	Pilho	...	2	22	18	22	20	20	18	2	2	1,086 3 3	4	14	...	16	2	...	...	...	...	17	...	...	1	821 2 6	129	...			
3	Kurla	...	2	...	5	22	7	22	7	...	...	1,409 14 9	2	20	...	18	4	...	...	...	...	1	5	...	16	1,449 14 9	16	...			
Total...		40	49	477	525	517	574	468	535	49	39	40,509 0 2	49	473	3	437	78	9	3	...	68	317	82	...	68	33,368 1 6	120	...			

VITHAL. TIKAJI,
State Kârbhâri, Akalkot.
Akalkot, 22nd June 1895.

Appendix XIV.

Civil Work.—Results of Applications for Execution of Decrees during the year 1894-95.

Number.	TRIBUNAL.	Opening Balance.		Value of Opening Balance for 1894-95.	Applications brought to the Register.			Total.			Disposed of.			Closing Balance.			Nature of Applications pending disposal at the close of 1894-95.			REMARKS.
		1893-94.	1894-95.		1893-94.	1894-95.	Value for 1894-95.	1893-94.	1894-95.	Value for 1894-95.	1893-94.	1894-95.	Value for 1891-95.	1893-94.	1894-95.	Value for 1894-95.	Below 6 months.	Below 12 months.	Above 12 months.	
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	
1	Akalkot Sub-Judge...	79	59	11,547 11 8	378	444	30,895 2 1	457	508	42,442 13 9	398	454	88,454 4 8	59	49	8,988 9 1	26	7	16	
2	Pilio do. ...	4	1	47 4 3	20	9	789 13 0	24	10	837 1 3	23	8	475 0 2	1	2	362 1 1	...	1	1	
3	Kuria do. ...	1	...	.....	1	4	704 1 9	2	4	704 1 9	2	4	704 1 9	...	...	.....	...	...	...	
	Total...	84	60	11,594 15 11	399	457	32,889 0 10	488	517	43,984 0 9	423	466	84,633 6 7	60	51	9,350 10 2	26	8	17	

VITHAL TIKAJI,
State Karkhari, Akalkot.

Akalkot, 22nd June 1895.

Appendix XV.

Registration of Documents 1894-95.

Number.	Sub-Registry Office.	Nature of Documents presented.										Documents registered.		Value of Documents registered.		Documents refused to be registered.		Documents remaining unregistered pending inquiry at the close of the year.		
		Documents presented for Registration.		Mortgages.		Sale-deeds.		Wills.		Money-bonds.		Miscellaneous.		Documents Registered.	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	Documents refused to be registered.			
		1893-94.	1894-95.	1893-94.	1894-95.	1893-94.	1894-95.	1893-94.	1894-95.	1893-94.	1894-95.	1893-94.	1894-95.							
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12									
1	Akalkot...	785	865	338	379	325	319	1	...	...	121	107	785	805	1,19,984	5 10	1,34,594	2 0	...	...
2	Pilho	50	46	30	34	19	12	...	...	...	1	...	49	47	7,802	0 0	5,412	4 0	...	1
3	Kurla	54	39	29	20	6	5	...	...	...	19	14	54	39	7,993	3 8	5,842	4 3	...	...
	Total...	889	890	397	433	350	336	1	..	..	141	121	888	891	1,35,779	9 6	1,45,848	10 3	..	1

* This includes the number of documents presented for registration during the year together with one remaining unregistered at the close of 1893-94 (vide column 12).

Akalkot, 22nd June 1895,

VITHAL TIKAJI,

State Kārbhāri, Akalkot.

Appendix XVI.

Statement shewing Agricultural Stock in the Akalkot State during the Year 1894-95.

Number.	District.	Cattle and other Quadrupeds,										Ploughs.		Carts.	
		Bullocks.	Cows.	Buffaloes.		Horses.	Mares.	Fools.	Asses.	Sheep and Goats.	With two bullocks.	With four bullocks.	Riding Carts.	Carts used in carry- ing.	
				Male.	Female.										
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	
1	Akalkot...	28,726	16,886	3,020	6,798	574	383	126	300	21,851	861	2,407	58	575	
2	Pilho ...	1,692	1,142	123	214	35	54	15	10	3,192	20	227	6	46	
3	Kurla ...	823	604	137	199	5	16	7	.....	549	.....	63	4	41	
	Total...	31,241	18,632	3,280	7,211	614	453	148	370	25,532	881	2,697	68	662	

VITHAL TIKAJI,
State Kharbhari, Akalkot,

Akalkot, 22nd June 1895.

Appendix XVII.

INCOME.						EXPENDITURE.					
No.	Heads of Receipt.	A. D. 1893-94.	A. D. 1894-95.	Increase.	Decrease.	No.	Heads of Expenditure.	A. D. 1893-94.	A. D. 1894-95.	Increase.	Decrease.
1.	2	3	4	5	6	1	2	3	4	5	6
1	Balance in the Treasury on 1st April ...	1,12,922 4 11	1,55,019 7 10	42,097 2 11		1	Expenses of the Raja, Relations, Dependents, and Private Establishment ...	94,552 1 2	96,931 11 6	2,369 10 4	
1	Land Revenue—					1 A	Stipend of families at Poona.	12,130 0 0	7,574 12 0		4,555 4 0
	1. Recoveries on account of former years ...	324 13 6	377 0 6	52 3 0		2	Religious and Charitable Allowances—				
	2. Do. do. current year ...	2,00,679 4 5	2,18,567 9 2	17,888 4 9		1.	Devastan allowances ...	1,823 12 3	1,836 3 6		17 8 9
	3. Rent of Sheri Land ...	5,002 13 0	5,571 1 0	568 4 0		2.	Varchasandars ...	900 4 0	2,389 14 0	1,389 10 0	
2	Local Funds ...	2,06,006 14 11	2,24,515 10 8	18,508 11 9				2,724 0 3	4,096 1 6	1,389 10 0	17 8 9
3	Sayer—	21,033 11 8	24,094 12 7	3,061 0 11		3	Hereditary Allowances—				
	1. Recoveries of license tax on account of former years ...	33 0 0	1,288 4 0	1,255 4 0		1.	Nemankdars ...	4,703 3 0	4,703 3 0		
	2. Do. do. current year ...	6,266 7 0	6,702 0 6	435 9 6		2.	Dengidars ...		38 4 0	38 4 0	
	3. Mokasbab ...	32,909 1 1	13,932 13 2		18,976 3 11	3.	Tashridars ...		74 6 0	74 6 0	
	4. Customs, commuted allowance in lieu of ...	9,606 4 0	9,606 4 0					4,703 3 0	4,815 13 0	112 10 0	
	5. Miscellaneous receipt ...					4	District Hereditary Officers—				
	6. Compensation on account of liquor contract due by the British Government ...	2,633 9 8	5,082 2 3	2,448 8 7		1.	Hakdar District Hereditary Officers ...	10,090 11 7	11,466 8 7	1,075 13 0	
	7. Opium contract ...	878 0 0	1,181 7 3	303 7 3		2.	Sardeshmukhi Umal paid to British Government ...	630 3 4	652 2 4	22 0 0	
	8. Bhang, Ganja contract ...	248 0 0	401 6 5	243 6 5				10,750 13 11	11,818 10 11	1,067 13 0	
	9. Compensation for the Salt Revenues relinquished by the State ...	142 0 10			142 0 10	5	Village Hereditary Officers—				
	10. Chandoli ...	42 0 0	123 0 0	81 0 0		1.	Patels' Allowances ...	4,703 13 7	4,729 15 1		83 14 6
	11. Boja ...		5 0 0	5 0 0		2.	Kulkarnes' Allowances	7,456 11 10	7,233 11 7		223 0 3
		52,758 6 7	38,412 5 7	4,772 3 9	19,118 4 9			12,220 9 5	11,963 10 8		256 14 9

Appendix XVII.—*contd.*

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INCOME.					EXPENDITURE.						
No.	Heads of Receipt.	A. D. 1893-94.	A. D. 1894-95.	Increase.	Decrease.	No.	Heads of Expenditure.	A. D. 1893-94.	A. D. 1894-95.	Increase.	Decrease.
1	2	3	4	5	6	1	2	3	4	5	6
4	Judicial— 1. Fines ... 2. Unclaimed property ... 3. Intestate estate ... 4. Batta ... 5. Fees in Civil Court ... 6. Miscellaneous ...	Rs. a. p. 776 12 0 0 11 0 321 15 3 31 11 4 43 5 11	Rs. a. p. 738 13 6 32 6 6 128 12 1 52 6 9 20 7 9	Rs. a. p. 31 11 6 20 11 5	Rs. a. p. 37 14 6 193 3 2 22 14 2	6	Village Servants and Expenses— 1. Shetsanadi Sepoys ... 2. Khatib Allowances ... 3. Contingent expenses, oil, &c. ...	Rs. a. p. 1,780 7 2 725 11 0	Rs. a. p. 1,597 2 2 729 5 0	Rs. a. p. 3 10 0	Rs. a. p. 189 5 0 189 5 0
5	Registration fees ...	1,174 7 6	972 14 7	52 6 11	253 15 10	7	Political Establishment— 1. Establishment ... 2. Extra Expenditure ...	190 8 0 712 7 6	232 14 5 59 0 8	42 6 5	653 6 10
6	Stamps ...	10,384 13 0	10,437 15 0	53 2 0	.....	7 A	Huzur Office— 1. Establishment ... 2. Extra Expenditure ...	902 15 6	291 15 1	42 6 5	653 6 10
7	Educational ...	5,317 7 6	5,363 6 4	45 14 10	.....						
8	Jail ...	269 15 6	131 9 5	.....	138 6 1						
9	Private Establishment ...	1,897 14 7	1,689 10 4	.....	208 4 3						
10	Miscellaneous— 1. Profit account ... 2. Jaminadar's Haks ... 3. Political Establishment ... 4. Huzur Office account ... 5. Public Works ... 6. Civil Court account ... 7. Revenue Establishment account ... 8. Shibaudi account ... 9. Medical accounts ... 10. Miscellaneous account s...	6,693 3 7 198 7 6 27 10 3 0 2 0 11,865 13 6 105 0 6 82 2 9 86 9 6 1,000 12 4 1,018 15 11	5,157 3 11 151 5 6 0 3 0 1,567 4 8 108 8 6 55 4 6 0 8 0 1,011 4 1 1,116 6 2	 0 1 0 3 8 0 10 7 9 97 6 3	1,538 15 8 47 2 0 27 10 3 10,298 8 10 26 14 3 18 1 6	8	Civil Court— 1. Sub Judge's Establish- ment ... 2. Nazir's Establishment... 3. Extra Expenditure ...	2,961 4 9	2,422 5 8	80 6 10	619 5 11
						9	Revenue Establishment— 1. Karbharia Establish- ment ... 2. Mahakari, Pilib, do. ... 3. Extra Expenditure ... 4. Naikwadi's pay ...	4,276 9 3 1,320 10 1 129 11 5	3,066 3 8 1,229 0 9 210 8 4	 80 12 11	1,216 5 7 91 9 4 1,307 14 11
								5,726 14 9	4,499 12 9	80 12 11	
								19,063 1 6 1,003 14 9 2,359 10 3 121 8 0	12,362 13 1 856 15 11 2,190 14 3 121 8 0	2,299 11 7	 46 14 10 168 11 11
11	Forests ...	6,027 14 9	5,759 10 8	.....	268 4 1			13,548 2 5	15,632 3 3	2,299 11 7	215 10 9
12	Police ...	414 0 5	301 13 7	.....	112 2 10						

[illegible]

Appendix XVII.—*contd.*

INCOME.						EXPENDITURE.					
No.	Heads of Receipt.	A. D. 1893-94.	A. D. 1894-95.	Increase.	Decrease.	No.	Heads of Expenditure.	A. D. 1893-94.	A. D. 1894-95.	Increase.	Decrease.
1	2	3	4	5	6	1	2	3	4	5	6
		Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.		<i>Educational—</i>	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.
						18	1. Establishment ...	9,185 7 8	9,003 13 7	.....	181 11 1
							2. Extra Expenditure ..	767 7 10	601 12 1	.....	165 11 9
								9,932 15 6	9,605 8 8	.....	347 6 10
						19	<i>Local Fund—</i>				
							1. Establishment ...	348 2 7	630 8 8	282 5 8	.....
							2. Remunerations to Cattle pound-keepers ...	439 14 3	514 6 6	84 8 3	.....
							3. Contribution to Schools.	4,334 0 0	4,334 0 0	.....	.....
							4. Do. to Dispensary ...	1,000 0 0	1,000 0 0	.....	.....
							5. Conservancy ...	1,009 0 0	2,428 11 10	1,428 11 10	.....
							6. Vaccination ...	312 12 5	247 8 3	.....	65 4 2
							7. Refunds, &c. ...	4 3 0	1 11 0	.....	2 8 0
							8. Roads and road-side trees ...	2,432 4 1	5,810 8 3	3,378 4 2	.....
							9. Dharmashallas ...	1,589 9 2	832 7 10	.....	757 1 4
							10. Wells ...	798 8 4	1,771 5 6	972 13 2	.....
							11. Buildings ...	.....	1,152 3 0	1,152 3 0	.....
							12. Extra Expenditure ...	625 13 9	853 6 5	227 8 8	.....
								12,875 3 7	19,576 12 10	7,526 6 9	824 13 6
						20	<i>Public Works—</i>				
							1. Establishment ...	1,209 0 0	800 0 0	.....	409 0 0
							2. Chowdees ...	870 8 10	20 0 0	.....	850 8 10
							3. Roads ...	1,854 10 6	892 0 0	.....	1,462 10 6
							4. Wells ...	9 0 0	.....	.....	9 0 0
							5. Conservancy ...	2,206 0 6	.....	.....	2,206 0 6
							6. Repairs to constructions of State and Rajah Sahab's buildings ...	21,164 11 10	13,996 15 8	.....	8,067 42 2
							7. Miscellaneous ...	1,523 2 6	3,328 2 11	1,805 0 5	.....
								28,828 2 2	17,637 2 7	1,805 0 5	12,996 0 0
						21	<i>Registration Accounts</i>	356 13 10	245 2 10	.....	111 11 0

22	Forest Account—	1,881 3 11	1,777 4 5	.....	103 15 6
	1. Establishment ...	237 15 5	836 9 1	98 9 8	.....
	2. Extra Expenditure ...				
23	Miscellaneous—	2,119 3 4	2,113 13 6	98 9 8	103 15 6
	1. Loss (including remis-				
	sions) income tax, &c.	916 9 0	180 8 6	.....	736 0 6
	2. Refunds ...	787 15 10	75 5 6	.....	712 10 4
	3. Extra Expenditure ...	2,537 4 2	18,768 11 11	16,201 7 9	.....
		4,271 13 0	19,024 9 11	16,201 7 9	1,448 10 10
24	Advances, Deposits, &c.—				
	1. Takavi ...	100 0 0	.....	.....	100 0 0
	2. Advances recoverable...	782 8 0	1,816 2 1	1,033 10 1	.....
	3. Deposits ...	1,561 14 2	1,939 10 9	377 12 7	.....
		2,444 6 2	3,755 12 10	1,411 6 8	100 0 0
25	Imperial Census ...	.....	.....	.....	.....
26	Revision Survey ...	9,203 1 2	4,521 12 8	.....	4,681 4 6
27	Provisions for marriage ex-				
	penses of the two princesses	20,000 0 0	20,000 0 0	.....	.....
	of the Raja Sahab				
	Total Expenditure ...	2,95,408 1 2	3,02,891 14 7	36,999 5 2	29,515 7 9
	Balance in the Treasury ...	1,55,019 7 10	1,80,378 15 1	25,359 7 8	.....
	GRAND TOTAL...	4,50,427 9 0	4,83,270 13 8	62,358 12 5	29,515 7 9

VITHAL TIKAJI,

Akalkot, 22nd June 1895.

State Kārbbhāri, Akalkot.

No. 99 OF 1895-96.

FROM

THE RAJE SAHEB. OF AKALKOT;

TO

THE POLITICAL AGENT,

SHOLAPUR.

Akalkot, 25th June 1895.

SIR,

I have the honor to forward herewith the Administration Report of the Akalkot State for the year 1894-95, and to inform you that a copy of the Report has been sent to the Education Society's Press, Bombay, for getting it printed, and the usual printed copies of the same will be sent to you for submission to Government as soon as they will be ready.

I have the honor to be,

Sir,

Yours sincerely,

(Sd.) SHAHAJI RAJA,

Raje Saheb.

(True copy.)

VITHAL TIKAJI,

State Kârbhâri, Akalkot.

25th June 1895.

ANNUAL
ADMINISTRATION REPORT
OF THE
AKALKOT STATE
FOR THE
YEAR ENDING 3rd MARCH 1896.

Bombay:
PRINTED AT THE
EDUCATION SOCIETY'S STEAM PRESS.

1896.

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VITHAL TIKAJI,

State Karbhari, Akalkot.

Akalkot, 25th June 1896.

THE ANNUAL ADMINISTRATION REPORT OF THE AKALKOT STATE FOR THE YEAR ENDING 31ST MARCH 1896.

Nos. I to XVII.

1. The usual Statements as per margin accompany.

CHAPTER I.

POLITICAL.

2. The State is allied with the British Government by the Treaty of 1820. Rs. 14,592 are annually paid to the Paramount Power in lieu of the Akalkot Contingent of Horse.

3. The State has been under the entire management of the Raje Saheb since November 1891. The Raje Saheb took active and intelligent part in the administration of his State. The relations of the State with the British Government were very cordial as usual.

4. The year under review will be remembered in connection with the visit of His Highness Maharajah Sayajirao Gaikwar, Sena Khas Khel Samsher Bahadur, G. C. I. E., Maharajah of Baroda, with the Maharani Saheb and Princes, on the 6th August 1895. His Highness and the party arrived at the Karabgaon Railway Station by the morning train and were received by the Raje Saheb and the State officials. His Highness, after staying two days, left Akalkot for Poona on the 8th idem, by the night train, when the Raje Saheb, with all the State officials, was present at the Railway Station to see the Maharajah off.

5. The Honourable Mr. J. K. Spence, I. C. S., Commissioner, C. D., paid a visit to the State in November 1895. He remained here only for a day. Mr. L. G. Deshmukh, B. A., Acting Collector and Political Agent, Sholapur, also paid his annual visit to the State in the month of June 1895, and stayed here for nearly a week. The Commissioner and the Political Agent, Sholapur, during their stay at Akalkot, inspected the Jail, the Dispensary, the First Grade Anglo-Vernacular School, the Marathi Schools, including the Girls' School, and visited the State Karbhari Office and the Sub-Judge's Court. They seemed pleased with all they saw.

Surgeon-Major A. W. F. Street, Deputy Sanitary Commissioner, C. D., visited Akalkot on the 6th of January 1896, and inspected the town. He suggested the desirability of establishing a Municipality at Akalkot. This subject is under consideration.

Mr. Playford Reynolds, M. I. C. E., Superintending Engineer, also visited Akalkot in connection with the Water-supply project, in the month of November 1895. Mr. K. R. Godbole, B. A., M. C. E., Executive Engineer, Sholapur, in the months of September and November 1895 visited Akalkot, to see how far the contemplated project of Water-supply to the town of Akalkot would be successful.

6. The Raje Saheb went to Mahabaleshwar on the 10th of April 1895 and stayed there during the hot weather, till the 7th June 1895, returning back to Akalkot on the 13th June. On the 29th August 1895 he left for Pona on account of the races, and remained there till 1st October, as he could not soon return to Akalkot owing to the breaks on the Railway line. On the 30th November 1895 the Raje Saheb went to Bombay, and thence to Baroda in January next, to pay a visit to H. H. the Maharajah of Baroda, and returned to Akalkot in February 1896. The Raje Saheb had his office with him, and did his office-work during his absence from Akalkot each time.

7. The Raje Saheb went on tour in the District, and visited several villages in the State. He did *Jamabandi* of 95 villages, and examined the Daftars of 17 villages and 2,176 Ryots' receipt-books. He inspected 11 schools, and paid occasional visits to the Jail, Dispensary, and the schools at Akalkot. The Offices of the State Karbhari and the Sub-Judge were also examined during the year.

8. No domestic event, worthy of report, occurred in the Raje Saheb's family during the year under review.

Changes in the Administration.

9. Rao Bahadur Vithal Tikaji held the charge of the State Karbhari and District Magistrate's office from the commencement of the year till 30th November 1895. As the Raje Saheb wished to effect certain other reforms in the Khasgi Department and to introduce certain laws into the State, he deputed Rao Bahadur Vithal Tikaji on special duty, and appointed Mr. D. N. Phansalker as Acting State Karbhari and District Magistrate, who held the charge till the close of the year. The place of Mr. Phansalker as Sub-Judge and Magistrate First Class, being vacant, was temporarily conferred on Mr. D. S. Kale, who has passed the District Pleader's Examination. He continued to be in charge of the same office till the end of the year. Mr. R. S. Poredi, L. M. & S., Medical Officer, Akalkot, having got an appointment of Assistant Surgeon in the British Service, was relieved of his duty on the 1st April 1895, and Mr. V. N. Rege, L. M. & S. of the Bombay University, was appointed in his place on the 10th April. With this exception the *personnel* of the Administration remained unchanged.

CHAPTER II.

ADMINISTRATION OF THE LAND.

10. The revision survey of the whole of the State being completed in the year 1894-95, the enhanced Survey rates were announced in July 1894, and guaran-

teed for 30 years from that year. The total average increase of revised assessment is 27·9 per cent., including *Patsthal* rates. As in the last year, concessions in the case of individual enhancements over 25 per cent. were accorded during the year under report, in accordance with G. R. No. 3541, dated 4th May 1885. The figure of remission thus granted during the year has come up to Rs. 10,793. The work of *Inam Wadhawa* and of fixing the scale of remuneration of the village officers according to the Revision Survey rates, is in progress during the year under review. The total cost incurred for the purpose during the year amounted to Rs. 651-1-9, against Rs. 4,522 in the last year. The decrease is due to the fact that the establishment entertained in the last year was greater than that of the year under review.

The assessment is recovered in two instalments (the first in February and the second in April). The Ryots paid both the instalments easily.

Land Tenures.

11. The special tenures in force in the State were the same as in the last year :—

1. Inam.
2. Makta.
3. Kowli.
4. Khalsa or Survey Tenure.

Inam Settlements.

12. During the year under report only one case relating to Inam land measuring acres 20-20, assessed at Rs. 45, was inquired into and disposed of, against 2 in the year before. In this case full assessment was levied on the Inam land.

Makta.

13. The six villages of, (1) Borgaon, (2) Khairat, (3) Kumte, (4) Nimbgaon, (5) Ramtirth, and (6) $\frac{2}{3}$ of Rampur were held by Sardeshmukhs, &c., during the year under report, against five in the last year. The village of Rampur, which was under attachment, as per Political Agent, Sholapur's Vernacular No. 326, dated 1st October 1887, had been resumed in the year 1891-92 by the order of the Raje Saheb, the Maktedars having failed to furnish proper security for timely payment of the State dues. This order of resumption was cancelled by the Raje Saheb under Section 162 of the Land Revenue Code on a reference from the Political Agent, Sholapur, and the management of the $\frac{2}{3}$ share of the village was restored to the Maktedars, as per Raje Saheb's Vernacular Order No. 1181, dated 12th November 1895, the remaining $\frac{1}{3}$ share of the village having lapsed to the State in the year 1886-87. The Maktedars have to pay 9 annas in the rupee of the Survey assessment for the time being, as per G. R. No. 5598, dated 30th November 1878. The total assessment on the above 6 villages is Rs. 8,862-15-6, out of which Rs. 4,908-6-6 are received by the State. Besides, the one-anna cess is levied on the whole assessment.

Raje Saheb's Lands.

14. The subjoined table shows the lands of the Raje Saheb. Those, that are rent-free, are managed by the Khasgi Department of the Raje Saheb, and the rest by the State, the revenue of which comes to the State :—

Description of land.	Survey No.	Area.		Assessment.	Rent.
		Acres.	G.	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.
I. Rent-free lands	36	2,959	14	5,138 12 0	.....
II. Land sold and leased by auction by the State	113	2,888	24	4,438 8 0	6,824 8 0

Kowls.

15. There was only one kowl running in the year under report. Owing to this kowl the loss to the State during the year under report was only 14 annas against Rs. 1-6-0 in the last year. It expires at the end of the year 1897-98.

Waste Lands.

16. The subjoined table shows the area of waste lands taken up for cultivation during the year as compared with that of the previous year :—

Extent of waste cultivable area for		Taken up in		Waste remaining at the end of the year		Percentage of cultivable land lying waste.	
1894-95.	1895-96.	1894-95.	1895-96.	1894-95.	1895-96.	1894-95.	1895-96.
742	595	274	60	468	535	0.18	0.22

17. From the above statement it is apparent that less land was taken up for cultivation by the Ryots during the year under report as compared with the previous year. Acres 127-16 being absolutely relinquished by the occupants were added to the State waste. And hence the area of land remaining waste during the year was little more than that in the last year. The quality of the remaining waste is very inferior. The assessment on land taken up for cultivation and relinquished is respectively Rs. 67-12-0 and Rs. 97-0-0, while that on the remaining waste was Rs. 386.

Revenue Accounts.

18. Symond's forms of revenue accounts are in force in all the villages of the State.

19. There is only one Huzur Treasury at Akalkot in charge of the State Karbhari, and one Sub-Treasury at Pilio in charge of the Mahalkari thereof.

The Sub-Treasury is yearly examined by the State Karbhari at the time of Jama-bandi of Pilio Mahal. The accounts of the State Karbhari office were examined and audited by an officer specially appointed by the Raje Saheb.

20. When on tour, the State Karbhari examined the daftars, boundary marks, &c., of 43 villages and 2,676 Ryots' receipt books.

Boundary Disputes.

21. Twelve cases of the boundary disputes were pending from the last year. 49 fresh applications were received during the year under report, thus making a total of 61. Of these, 52 were disposed of during the year, leaving a balance of 9 at its close.

Wards' Estates.

22. The wards under the care of the State Karbhari in the year under report were as shown in the subjoined table:—

No.	Name.	Age.	Place of Birth.	Place of Education.	Balance in the beginning of the year.	Receipts.	Disbursement.	Balance at the end of the year.		Value of moveable property in hand.	Area of land under management.
								In cash.	In Government securities.		
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
1	Sambhaji Bhosle.	18	Kurla ..	Satara ..	Rs. a. p. 203 8 11	Rs. a. p. 5,066 2 4	Rs. a. p. 5,246 0 1	Rs. a. p. 23 11 2	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p. 2,719 10 0	Acres. Guntha 219 23
2	Maruti ...	18	Akalkot.	Akalkot	1,166 15 8	Principal. 37 11 4 Interest. 44 3 1 House-rent 9 0 0 Total. 90 14 5	152 12 5	605 1 8	500 0 0	130 2 4	20 20
3	Shanti ..	15									
4	Maibai ...	21									
			Badole Budruk	Looks after household affairs, and lives with her husband.	3 0 0	233 2 0	237 13 0	1 5 0	.....	228 15 0	190 27
5	Somanna ..	18	Wagh-dari.	Akalkot.	1,957 0 6	51 13 1	51 8 2	357 10 5	1,500 0 0	280 12 0	.....

23. The number of wards under the care of the State last year was six. One Shiwaji Bhosle, the elder brother of Sambhaji (Minor No. 1), given in adoption in the eldest branch of the family, having attained majority during the year under review is dropped from the statement; the subject of handing over all his estate to him is under consideration.

24. The $\frac{1}{4}$ share of Sambhaji in the gross revenue of Kurla is held in mortgage by the Akalkot State. In order to make Sambhaji's account more intelligible, the debt due by him at the commencement and close of the year, together with the amount paid to the State during the year, is shown below:—

Name.	Debts due at the commencement of the year.			Amount paid to the State during the year.			Debts due at the close of the year.		
	Principal.	Interest.	Total.	Principal.	Interest.	Total.	Principal.	Interest.	Total.
	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.
Sambhaji	27,033-9-5	1,027-2-3	28,060-11-8	1,779-14-11	2,588-3-1	4,368-2-0	25,253-10-6	58-1-11	25,311-12-5

The State is at a loss to see any way for improving Sambhaji's position, as his income is very small in proportion to the debt contracted by his father. He was married during the year, all the expenses of the marriage ceremony were borne by his father-in-law, who paid a dowry of Rs. 2,000 besides. The amount of dowry was credited to Sambhaji's account by the State towards his debt.

The minor attends the Satara High School. His progress during the year has been reported to be unsatisfactory by the Head Master of that School as in the last year.

The administration of the Kurla Estate is carried on through a Mahalkari appointed by the Raje Saheb. The Mahalkari exercises the 3rd Class Magistrate's powers and is also the Civil Court Judge having original jurisdiction up to Rs. 500. At times he also visits Satara with the object of knowing how the minor is going on with his studies.

25. As regards other minors, Nos. 2, 3 and 5 on the above list, the former two attend the vernacular school and the latter the English School at Akalkot, and their progress is fair. All of them are looked after by the Nazir of Akalkot.

26. No. 4 is a married Brahmin girl and lives with her husband. Her caste prejudices preclude her from attending the school. Her estate is also encumbered with debts.

27. Due care and attention have been bestowed on all the minors with respect to their education, health and general training, and their estates were managed very economically.

CHAPTER III.

PROTECTION.

(a) Legislation.

28. The laws in force in the State are—

Revenue Acts.

Bombay Act III of 1869—Local Fund Cess Act.

- „ VIII of 1866—An act to regulate and restrict the sale of poisons in the Bombay Presidency.
- „ VII of 1873—Salt Act.
- „ III of 1874—Wattan Act.
- „ V of 1886—Amending do.
- „ III of 1875—The Toll Act.
- „ III of 1876—Mamlatdar's Court Jurisdiction.
- „ V of 1878—Relating to Liquor and Drugs.
- „ III of 1892—An Act to Amend do.
- „ V of 1879—Land Revenue Code.
- „ IV of 1886—An Act to Amend do.
- „ X of 1870—Land Acquisition Act.
- „ I of 1878—Opium Act.
- „ VI of 1878—Treasure Trove Act.
- „ VII of 1873—The Indian Forest Act as amended by the Forest Act V of 1890.
- „ XIX of 1883—Land Improvement Loans Act.

Criminal Acts.

- Act XLV. of 1860—Indian Penal Code.
- „ X. of 1891—An Act to Amend Indian Penal Code and Code of Criminal Procedure, 1882.
- „ XXVII. of 1870—Amending Indian Penal Code.
- „ XIX. of 1872.— Do. do.
- „ I. of 1871—Cattle Trespass.
- „ X. of 1882—Criminal Procedure Code.
- „ X. of 1886—Amending Criminal Procedure Code.
- „ V. of 1887— Do. do. do.
- „ IV. of 1891— Do. do. do.
- „ XI. of 1878—Arms Act.
- „ XVIII. of 1850—Protection of Judicial Officers.
- „ VI. of 1864—Whipping Act (Bombay).
- „ XIII. of 1885—Indian Telegraph Act.
- Bombay Acts VII. & VIII. of 1867—(District and Village Police Acts).
- Bombay Act I. of 1876—Amending Act VIII. of 1867 (Village Police).

Civil Regulations and Acts.

- Regulations VIII. of 1827—Relating to formal recognition of heirs, &c.
- Act XX. of 1864—Minors' Act.
- „ VII. of 1866—Liability of Heirs for debts (Bombay).
- „ X. of 1866—General Clauses Act (Bombay).
- „ I. of 1868— Do. do. (Government of India).
- „ I. of 1872—Indian Evidence Act.
- „ XVIII. of 1872—Amending do.
- „ III. of 1887— Do. do.
- „ III. of 1891—An Act to amend Indian Evidence Act and the Criminal Procedure Code.
- „ IX. of 1872—Indian Contract Act.
- „ IV. of 1886—Amending Indian Contract Act.
- „ VII. of 1870—Court Fees Act.
- „ X. of 1873—Judicial Oaths.
- „ IX. of 1875—Indian Majority Act.
- „ I. of 1879—The General Stamp Act.
- „ I. of 1888—Amending the General Stamp Act.
- „ X. of 1877—Civil Procedure Code as amended by Act XII. of 1879.
- „ XIV. of 1882—The Code of Civil Procedure.
- „ VIII. of 1888—Civil Procedure Amendment Act.
- „ X. of 1888—Amending Code of Civil Procedure and Presidency Small Cause Court Act 1882.
- „ XV. of 1877—Limitation Act.
- „ VIII. of 1880—Amending Limitation Act.

- Act XII. of 1879—Amending Act only so far as it amends Limitation Act.
 „ VI. of 1892—An Act to amend the Indian Limitation Act, 1877, and the Code of Civil Procedure.
 „ VI. of 1888—Debtors' Act.
 „ I. of 1877—Specific Relief Act.
 „ II. of 1882—Indian Trusts Act.
 „ V. of 1882—Indian Easements Act.

29. No fresh legislative enactments were introduced into the Akalkot State during the year under report. However, a list of certain acts, proposed to be introduced into the State, has been submitted to the Political Agent, Sholapur, for sanction of the Government of Bombay.

(b) *Military.*

30. The total strength of the Military or rather *Shibandi* Force of the State is only 46, consisting of one Jamadar and 45 Sepoys. Of these men, the former wears a sword, while the latter all use the smooth bore muskets marked ¹⁸⁵⁹ Tower. They furnish guard at the Treasury, the Raje Saheb's Palace, and the Jail. There are 9 Marathas and 37 Mahomedans in the force, of which only 14 are able to read and write. There is no special school for them. All of them as a body are not efficient in drill, as they have received no regular training. In addition to this force, there are three artillery men, who serve as peons, when not actually engaged in firing guns on ceremonial occasions.

31. The total cost incurred by the State for the maintenance of this force during the year under report was Rs. 4,347 against Rs. 4,771 in the last year. The decrease in expenditure during the year is due to the fact that woollen clothes were supplied to the infantry last year.

(c) *Police.*

32. The total strength of the Police Force employed in the State during the year under report was 59 (54 foot and 5 mounted men). Of these, 17 are Marathas, 1 Brahmin, 6 Berads, 1 Koli, 1 Bandedhanagar, and the rest are Mahomedans. Of the whole number, 19 men are able to read and write; 9 are under instruction. For details, *vide* Appendix VI.

33. There are in all 6 outposts in the State, at each of which there is one Head Constable and 3 constables, except at Akalkot and Pilio, where there are 6 and 4 constables, respectively.

34. The entire cost of the Police Administration incurred during the year was Rs. 9,757-11-1 against Rs. 10,476-4-3 in the last year. The decrease in expenditure is due to the fact that woollen clothes were not supplied to the force during the year.

35. During the year under review 7 persons were departmentally fined and one was degraded for neglect of duty. No Police Constable was either dismissed or judicially punished on account of misconduct, &c.

36. From Appendix VII. it will be noticed that out of 86 persons arrested, 68 were sent for trial, of whom 51 were convicted, 15 were acquitted or discharged and 2 remained as under-trial prisoners at the close of the year. The percentage convicted of accused sent for trial was 75.0 during the year against 61.7 in the last year.

37. The alleged value of the stolen property was Rs. 2,581-1-6 against Rs. 556-11-10 in the previous year. The Police have succeeded in recovering property amounting to Rs. 993-6-6 or 38.4 per cent. against Rs. 440-5-10 or 79.1 per cent. in the previous year (*vide* Appendix VIII).

Village Police.

38. For every village in the State there is a Police Patil and one or two *Shetsanadis*. The total number of such men employed in the State during the year was 206 against 205 in the last year. A new *Shetsanadi* was appointed for the village of Jainapur during the year under review. The total cost of maintaining these *Shetsanadis* was Rs. 5,761-8-0 in land and Rs. 2,141-1-0 in cash.

(d) Criminal Justice.

39. The following Courts were at work during the year under report :—

1. District Magistrate, Akalkot.
2. Sub-Divisional 1st Class Magistrate, Akalkot.
3. Second Class Magistrate, Akalkot.
4. Third Class Magistrate, Pilio.
5. Do. do. Kurla.

40. The Sessions Court of the Political Agent, whose jurisdiction extends over offences triable exclusively by a Court of Sessions, was also at work at Sholapur. Two cases were committed to that Court for trial during the year; and in both the cases the conviction was secured.

41. Appendix X. shows in detail the work done by the different Magistrates.

42. There were 10 cases pending before the Criminal Courts when the year opened. The total number of new cases brought to trial during the year was 308 against 336 in the preceding year. Out of the total number for disposal (*viz.* 318), 309 were disposed of during the year, leaving 9 cases undisposed at its close. Including the balance from the previous year, the total number of accused persons dealt with by the Courts was 398 against 411 in the last year. Out of the 398 persons, excepting 9 remaining at the end of the last year, 68 were arrest-

ed by the Police and 321 otherwise. The 9 persons, remaining at the end of the last year, were arrested by the Police. Out of the total number of 398 persons dealt with by the Courts, 194 or 48·7 were convicted, 202 or 50·7 were acquitted or discharged and 2 remained under trial at the end of the year. Of the 321 persons arrested otherwise, or by Magistrates, 134 or 41·7 per cent. were convicted and 187 or 58·2 were acquitted or discharged. Of the 187 acquitted or discharged, 126 or 67·5 were acquitted under section 345 Criminal Procedure Code.

43. The nature of crimes committed during the year under report is described in Appendix **IX**. One case of murder, another of an attempt to murder, two cases of dacoity, one case of robbery and one case of an attempt to commit suicide were the crimes of serious nature reported during the year under review.

44. The murder was committed at Badole Budruk in the Akalkot State. The two accused, one being an uncle to the other, murdered the lover of the latter's sister. Both of them being committed to the Sessions Court under section 302, Indian Penal Code, the one was charged under the same section and sentenced to transportation for life and the other under section 325 to two years' rigorous imprisonment by the Political Agent, Sholapur. The former having preferred an appeal against this sentence to the Commissioner, C. D., who forwarded it for orders to the Bombay Government, was charged under section 304 and his sentence was commuted to 10 years' rigorous imprisonment under G. R. No. 721, dated 28th January 1896, Political Department. In the case of an attempt to commit suicide the accused was convicted and sentenced to two months' simple imprisonment. While in other cases the Police were unable to trace the whereabouts of the offenders, and consequently the cases having remained undetected, were disposed of by a summary sent in the vernacular form of the final order of a Magistrate in the form of Appendix E. attached to G. R. No. ~~1888~~⁶²⁷² (Judicial Department).

45. The following Courts of Appeal were at work during the year under report:—

1. The Raje Saheb's Court.
2. The District Magistrate's Court.
3. The Sub-Divisional Magistrate's Court.

46. Fifteen appeals involving 18 persons were dealt with by the Courts during the year under report against 5 appeals involving 6 persons in the last year. Out of these, in 10 cases the sentences of 12 persons were confirmed against one case involving one person in the last year; in 3 cases sentences were modified against one case in the preceding year; in one case sentence was reversed against 3 cases in the previous year; and in one case the proceedings were quashed. There was no appeal pending at the close of the year (*vide* Appendix **XI**).

(e) *Extradition.*

47. During the year under report the State surrendered 11 offenders to the British Government, 3 to the Sangli State of the Patwardhan Territory and one to H. H. the Nizam's Government. Out of 4 offenders demanded by the State from the Sholapur Taluka, 3 were handed over to the State by the British authorities, as the remaining one could not be found. There is no want of reciprocity on the part of the neighbouring States or the British Territory in the extradition of offenders.

(f) *Prisons.*

48. There is one Central Jail at Akalkot in charge of the State Medical Officer as a Jail Superintendent, who visits the jail daily. There are also two sub-jails, one at Pilio and the other at Kurla, under the charge of the respective Mahalkaris there. Convicts, whose term of imprisonment does not exceed one month, are confined there.

49. At the Jail of Akalkot, there is a guard of 12 sepoy of Infantry. The building contains two barracks 111×29 feet each and a cook-room. The building is strong and airy, and is always kept perfectly clean.

50. Including the balance (10) of the previous year, the number of prisoners confined was 67 against 35 in the last year. Of these, 37 were released during the year and 30 remained in confinement at its close. The daily average number of prisoners in the Jail rose from 9·2 to 19·4 during the year under report (*vide* Appendix XII).

51. One convict, Bhima wd. Shettapa, confined in the Akalkot Jail under sentence of transportation for life under section 302, Indian Penal Code, and having undergone 17 years and 3 months of his sentence, had earned under the mark and remission system and in other ways 2 years and 8 months. Under rule 11, chapter XXXIII. of the Jail Manual, he was recommended to the Government of Bombay for an additional remission of $\frac{1}{12}$ for every year of his approved service as a convict warder and was released during the year as per Government Resolution No. 7823, dated 17th December 1895, Political Department.

52. The following statement shows the number, religion and other detail with regard to the prisoners in the Jail at Akalkot during the year under report :—

Remaining at the close of the year 1894-95.	Imprisoned during the year.	Total.	Sex.		Religion.		Whipping.	Confined under one month.	Under three months.	Under six months.	Under one year.	Under three years.	Under seven years.	Under ten years.	Transportation.	How disposed of.	
			Male.	Female.	Hindus.	Musalmans.										Released during the year.	Remaining at the end of the year.
10	54	64	63	1	54	10	1	16	8	20	8	5	4	1	1	34	30

53. The number of prisoners confined in the Jail during the year under report was in excess by 32 of the previous year. In 58 cases the imprisonment was rigorous and in 8 it was simple. The remaining one was of flogging. The number of admissions of re-convicted prisoners was 11 against 3 in the last year.

54. No prisoner escaped during year under report. The general conduct, of the prisoners continued to be satisfactory on the whole.

55. There were a few cases of illness, the prisoners suffered from ague, colic, bronchitis, headache, diarrhoea, etc.; all of them recovered. The daily average of sick prisoners for the year was 0·94 against 0·23 in the previous year. The general health of the prisoners during the year was fairly good on the whole, there being no mortality or an outbreak of any epidemic. The sanitation of the Jail continues to be satisfactory.

56. The convicts were employed on public conservancy and other works. The proceeds of convicts' labour were Rs. 311 against Rs. 131 in the previous year. The increase is due to the fact that the number of prisoners admitted during the year was larger than that in the previous year.

57. During the year under review the total cost of maintenance charge including that of 7 convicts at the Andaman Settlements amounted to Rs. 2,031 against Rs. 1,846 in the preceding year, showing an increase of Rs. 185. It is due to the larger number of prisoners during the year than in the past year.

58. The Jail was visited and inspected at times by the Raje Sahib and daily by the Jail Superintendent. The District Magistrate and the Sub-Divisional Magistrate also visited the Jail regularly.

Lock-ups.

59. There are only two lock-ups for under-trial prisoners at Akalkot; one is attached to the Chief Constable's office, and the other to the Second Class Magistrate's Court. The first is 20 by 15½ feet, and the second is 21 by 15½ feet. The second lock-up consists of 2 rooms, one for males and the other for females, while the first has only one. Both the lock-ups have been properly secured. The persons to be surrendered by the State under the Extradition Act are also confined in the Magistrate's lock-up. The number of such offenders and under-trial prisoners admitted into the lock-up was 71. The average period of confinement in the Magistrate's lock-up was 21 days against 17 days in the preceding year. The increase in the average period of confinement was due to the delay caused in the demand under the Extradition Act for the surrender of some persons, who had to be kept in custody awaiting the requisition by the States concerned.

One Pandu bin Vyankoo of Shiraval, who was confined in the lock-up for being surrendered to H. H. the Nizam's Government, was taken out at about 8 P. M. on the 6th March 1896 to make water. But he at once escaped from the custody

of a Police Constable in charge, who has been suspended since that date. The Police has been tracing his whereabouts, but has not yet succeeded in re-arresting him.

(g) *Civil Justice.*

60. The following Civil Courts were at work during the year under report :—

1. The Appellate Court of the Raje Saheb.
2. The Sub-Judge's Court, Akalkot.
3. Munsiff's Court, Pilio.
4. Do. do. Kurla.

61. The supervisional Court of the Political Agent, Akalkot, was also at work at Sholapur.

62. The Courts of the Raje Saheb and the Sub-Judge have been constituted under the authority of the Government of India and are continued by that authority.

63. The jurisdiction of the Appellate Court of the Raje Saheb is unlimited. He can entertain appeals of any amount, and the decisions passed by him are final.

64. The jurisdiction of the Sub-Judge, Akalkot, extends to suits of any amount, and Small Cause Court powers up to Rs. 100 are exercised by that Court. In addition to their revenue work, the Mahalkaris of Pilio and Kurla exercise original jurisdiction up to Rs. 500.

65. Appendix XIII. shows the nature and valuation of original suits filed and disposed of during the year under report. The opening balance of undisposed of suits at the commencement of the year was 39. The total number of suits filed during the year was 561 against 525 in the previous year. There were thus 600 suits in all for disposal, as compared with 574 in the last year. Of these, 563 were disposed of during the year, leaving a balance of 32 suits. Of the total number (563) of suits disposed of, 79 were decided *ex-parte*, 355 admitted and compromised, etc., 71 struck off the file, and 63 otherwise disposed of.

66. The aggregate value of property forming the subject-matter of the 561 suits filed during the year was Rs. 46,603-8-1 against Rs. 40,509-0-2 of 525 suits of the last year. Of these, 49 suits were regarding lands, houses, &c., 503 for money and the remaining 9 regarding other rights. The value of suits disposed of during the year was Rs. 32,827-1-7 against Rs. 33,368-1-6 of the 535 suits disposed of during the last year. The average duration of suits disposed of during the year, was one month and 25 days against one month and 20 days.

67. From the subjoined table giving the number and value of suits, it will be observed that the number of suits of immoveable property is the same as that of the last year, *viz.*, 49, while their value decreased by Rs. 2,648-8-8. The

number and value of money suits have respectively increased by 30 and by Rs. 8,496-5-11, as compared with the last year :—

Name of Court.	Suits for Immoveable Property.				Money Suits.			
	1894-95.		1895-96.		1894-95.		1895-96.	
	No.	Value.	No.	Value.	No.	Value.	No.	Value.
		Rs. a. p.		Rs. a. p.		Rs. a. p.		Rs. a. p.
Akalkot	43	9,560 12 11	45	7,191 9 3	439	27,882 11 11	459	34,047 15 3
Pilho... ..	4	484 13 0	...	.....	14	601 6 3	29	2,778 11 4
Kurla	2	80 0 0	4	285 8 0	20	1,329 14 9	15	1,483 12 3
Total...	49	10,125 9 11	49	7,477 1 3	473	29,814 0 11	503	38,310 6 10

Execution of Decrees.

68. At the commencement of the year there were 51 unexecuted decrees against 60 in the last year. During the year under report 531 new applications for execution of decrees were filed against 457 in the previous year. The total number of applications for execution of decrees to be dealt with by the Courts, was 582. Out of these, 534 applications were disposed of against 466 in the preceding year, leaving a balance of 48 at the close of the year. Of the 48 applications, pending disposal at the close of the year, 31 were of a duration below 6 months, 7 below 12 months, and 10 above 12 months against 26, 8 and 17 respectively in the previous year (*vide* Appendix **XIV**). The number of applications, pending disposal above one year, has fallen down from 17 to 10. Of these 10 applications, 5 are for attachment of the periodical income.

Miscellaneous Applications.

69. Ten applications for certificates of heirship were received during the course of the year by the Raje Saheb. All of them were disposed of, 2 against, and 5 in favour of the applicants; while the remaining three were struck off the file, owing to the absence of the parties concerned.

70. Two applications under the Wattan Act were presented to the State Karbhari, who enquired into the matter and issued certificates under Section 10 of the said Act in favour of applicants. One appeal under this Act was received by the Raje Saheb and disposed of against the Appellant.

71. There were two miscellaneous applications under Section 622 of the Civil Procedure Code for disposal, of which one was disposed of against, and one in favour of, applicants.

Civil Appellate Work.

72. Including the balance from the previous year, the total number of appeals for disposal during the year was 10 against 21 in the last year; all of them were disposed of by the Courts of Appeal.

74. From the decisions of the Sub-Judge, Akalkot, the appeal lies to Raje Saheb, and from the decisions of the Munsiffs of Pilio and Kurla, the first appeal lies to the Sub-Judge and the second to the Raje Saheb.

75. The increase in the average duration of appeals filed in the Appellate Courts during the year is due to the fact, that some of the parties concerned, applied for postponement from time to time, and consequently such postponement caused a considerable delay.

Working of the Mamlatdar's Court Act.

76. There were three Mamletdars' Courts in the State, viz., at Akalkot, Pilio, and Kurla. The number of plaints received under this Act during the year under review was 24, out of which 20 were duly inquired into and disposed of, and 4 were rejected. Out of 20 disposed of, 12 were in favour of plaintiffs and 8 in favour of defendants. As the number of plaints received under this Act is yearly on the increase, the Ryots seem inclined to avail themselves of the speedy remedy provided by that Act.

77. The Raje Saheb received an application of revision in one case under the extraordinary jurisdiction and the case was remanded for retrial.

(b) Registration.

78. The following Registry Offices were at work during the year under report:—

- (1) The District Registrar (Sub-Judge), Akalkot.
- (2) The Sub-Registrar, Akalkot.
- (3) Do. Pilio (Mahalkari).
- (4) Do. Kurla (Mahalkari).

79. The total number of documents presented for registration during the year under report, was 921 against 890 in the previous year. All the documents received this year were registered. The aggregate value of property affected by the deeds registered during the year was Rs. 1,57,164-1-9 against Rs. 1,45,848-10-3 in the last year.

80. The following table gives details of receipts and expenditure on account of registration in the year under report as contrasted with those of the last year:—

Description,	1894-95.			1895-96.		
	No of deeds.	Value of property.	Fees realised.	No of deeds.	Value of property.	Fees realised.
		Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.		Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.
Mortgage deeds ...	434	84,814 14 0	689 0 0	405	94,156 2 6	694 4 0
Sale deeds ...	336	46,301 14 0	377 4 0	372	49,950 6 3	441 4 0
Wills ...	...	.....	.....	...	.....	.....
Money bonds ...	...	.....	.....	...	.....	.....
Miscellaneous ...	121	14,731 14 3	188 4 0	144	13,057 9 0	179 10 0
Fees for safe custody ...	...	.....	60 4 0	...	.....	52 3 0
Copying fee... ..	...	.....	5 9 0	...	.....	1 10 6
Total ...	891	1,45,848 10 3	1,320 5 0	921	1,57,164 1 9	1,368* 15 6
Deduct Expenditure...	...	.....	250 2 8	...	.....	†240 6 10
Net Profits ...	...	.....	1,070 2 4	...	.....	1,128 8 8

* Out of this amount Rs. 79-8-8 being for Kurla are not included in the accounts in Appendix XVII.

† Out of this amount Rs. 8-11-8 being for Kurla are not included in the accounts in Appendix XVII.

81. The number of mortgage deeds registered during the year has decreased by 29, while the amount affected thereby increased ; in the case of miscellaneous deeds reverse is the result. The number and value of sale deeds increased during the year as compared with the previous year. The total number of documents registered has, however, increased by 30, and the value affected thereby also increased by Rs. 11,315-7-6.

82. The total expenditure during the year was Rs. 231-11-7 against Rs. 245-2-10 excluding that of Kurla ; the slight decrease needs no remark.

(i) *Municipal Administration.*

83. There are no constituted Municipalities in this State. The sanitation of the town of Akalkot is looked after by the Health Officer, aided by a sufficient establishment maintained for that purpose. The cost of maintaining this establishment during the year under report was Rs. 2,549-3-5 against Rs. 2,428-11-10 in the last year. The increase in expenditure is due to the purchase of dust-bins during the year under report.

CHAPTER IV.

PRODUCTION AND DISTRIBUTION.

(a) *Agriculture, Weather and Crops.*

84. The total rainfall during the year was 35·51 against 28·33 in the last year. The fall was above the average, which is 32 inches. The showers in September were very heavy, and consequently the rivers Bhima, Sina and Borl were in high floods, causing some damage to the villages situate on their banks. The number of granaries spoilt was 54, and that of houses washed away 143. The number of human lives lost was only one, while that of cattle was 33. As the fall was untimely and slight in the months of June, July and August, the kharif crop suffered to a certain extent. There being no showers in November and December, the staple crop (jowari) also suffered to a little extent. The estimated yield of kharif and rabi crops during the year under report was respectively Re. 0-2-0 and Re. 0-14-0, against Re. 0-1-3 and Re. 0-14-9 in the last year. Many cultivators deepened their old wells and some sunk new ones. Fodder was not dearer as in the year 1894-95.

Agricultural Stock.

85. The details relating to Agricultural Stock are given below :—

	1894-95.	1895-96.
Bullocks and Cows	49,873	50,180
Buffaloes	10,491	10,828
Horses and Ponies	1,215	1,273
Asses	370	112
Sheep and Goats	25,532	26,755
Ploughs	3,578	3,658
Carts	730	744

86. The steady annual increase in the number of cattle, ploughs, and carts excepting asses indicates the gradual improvement in the condition of the people. The decrease in the number of asses is due to the fact that the owners of asses travel about from one district to the other in search of work.

(b) *Wages and Labour, &c.*

87. There were no fluctuations in the wages of labour during the year. The average rate of unskilled labourers was from 3 to 4 annas, and that of skilled labourers from 8 to 12 annas a day. The rate of hire for cart was from 12 annas to one rupee per day.

Price of Food grains.

88. The average rates of food-grains were as under :—

								1894-95.	1895-96.
								lbs.	lbs.
Jawari	...	...	...	...	...	...	per rupee	56	56
Rice	...	...	...	...	...	...	"	20	24
Jagree or gur	...	...	...	...	...	...	"	16	16
Gram	...	...	...	...	...	...	"	26	36
Wheat	...	...	...	...	...	...	"	31	32
Linseed	...	...	...	...	...	...	"	20	21
Kardi	...	...	...	...	...	...	"	36	40

Though the rainfall in 1895-96 was not regular and beneficial to almost all the crops, still the prices of all the food-grains were good.

(c) *Forests.*

89. The State Karbhari was in charge of the Forest Department throughout the year. There are no protected forests in the State; all lands in the possession of the Forest Department being declared reserved forests. No further additions to or reductions in the Forest area occurred during the year, the area remained the same at the close of the year as at its commencement, viz., 31,101-14 acres. The survey assessment on the whole land under forests is Rs. 21,443-14-11.

90. The following table gives the details of the protective establishment entertained and its monthly cost :—

No.	Range.	Pay	Forester.	Forest Guards.					Total No.	Total Cost.	Remarks.
			Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.				
			20	9	8	7	6				
1	Akalkot	..	1	1	2	4	3	11	91	The total monthly cost entered in the last year's Administration Report is... ..Rs. 107	
2	Pilio	..	...	...	...	2	...	2	14	Deduct pay of two Guards reduced from Rs. 7 to Rs. 6. Rs. 2	
Total...			1	1	2	6	3	13	105	Hence the total Rs. 105.	

91. In the following table the forest receipts are detailed and contrasted with those of the past year :—

Receipts.	1894-95.	1895-96.	Increase.	Decrease.
	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.
<i>I.—Timber and other produce removed from the forests by Government Agency.</i>				
1 Firewood	126 0 0	146 0 0	20 0 0	.....
2 Other minor produce	13 0 0	15 0 0	2 0 0	... ..
<i>II.—Timber and other produce removed from the forests by consumers and purchasers.</i>				
1 Firewood	7 2 0	20 4 9	13 2 9	.....
2 Grazing and fodder grass	5,486 8 7	5,761 4 0	274 11 5	.....
3 Other minor produce	45 1 0	193 4 6	148 3 6	.....
<i>III.—Confiscated drift and waif wood</i> ...	2 14 9	0 15 6	.....	1 15 3
<i>IV.—Miscellaneous</i>	79 0 4	80 0 0	0 15 8	.....
Total...	5,759 10 8	6,216 12 9	459 1 4	1 15 3

92. The above figures show that the forest revenue rose from Rs. 5,759-10-8 to Rs. 6,216-12-9, showing an increase of Rs. 457-2-1. It is partly due to the amount of fee recovered during the year on account of Royalty on the stones quarried from the State forests by the Railway Contractor for Railway purposes, and partly to the fact that grazing and fodder grass, &c., fetched more price during the year under report than in the previous year.

93. The following statement shows the expenditure incurred during the year as compared with that of the preceding year :—

Expenditure.	1894-95.	1895-96.	Increase.	Decrease.
	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.
A.—Conservancy and works	336 9 1	168 7 6	.....	168 1 7
B.—Establishments	1,777 4 5	1,730 3 0	.....	47 1 5
Total...	2,113 13 6	1,898 10 6	.....	215 3 0

94. The decrease under “A.—Conservancy and Works” is partly due to the fact that clothing was provided to the forest subordinates in the last year, and partly to the fact that a large amount of arrears of remuneration was paid to the village officers under the new Grazing Rules last year. There being a very slight decrease under “B.—Establishments,” it is not necessary to account for the same. Deducting the total expenditure on “Conservancy” and “Establishments” from the total forest revenue, the net income during the year was Rs. 4,318-2-3 against Rs. 3,645-13-2 in the previous year, showing an increase of Rs. 672-5-1.

95. No free grants were made during the year. The only forest produce enjoyed, free of purchase, for the use of agricultural and milch cattle, is grass of forest reserves, opened to grazing, of those villages which have contributed *gairan* to forests.

96. No special establishments were entertained for the protection of forest reserves against fire. The beat guards did this in addition to their other duties. Fire traces were burnt for six miles in the Akalkot Range and three miles in the Pilio Range on forest boundaries, the traces along the Railway line being 100 feet and in other places 33 feet in width. There were two fires in the course of the year; the area burnt was about 13.5 acres, and the loss caused thereby was about Re. 0-5-0.

97. The following statement shows the results of cases in which criminal prosecution was deemed necessary in the year under report as compared with that of the last year : —

Year.	Cases pending for the last year.	New cases of the year,						Disposed of during the year.						Cases pending at the close of the year.	REMARKS.
		Injury to forests by fire.	Unauthorized felling or appropriation of wood and other minor forest produce.	Grazing without permission or in tracts in which grazing is prohibited.	Other offences.	Total new cases of the year.	Total cases.	Convicted.		Acquitted or discharged		Total.			
								Cases.	Persons.	Cases.	Persons.	Cases.	Persons.		
1894-95.	...	...	2	4	...	6	6	6	10	...	...	6	10	...	
1895-96.	...	...	5	7	1	13	13	10	16	3	3	13	19	...	

98. The number of persons prosecuted under the Forest Act was 19 against 10, and that of persons convicted was 16 against 10 in the year before.

99. The cases compounded under section 67 of the Forest Act were 132 during the year against 119 in the last year. The damages collected were Rs. 350-6-5 against Rs. 221-11-6 in the previous year. Out of 132 cases, 131 cases were of illicit grazing in closed forests, and one was regarding unauthorized cultivation of the forest land. The increase in the number of criminal cases, as well as in the cases compounded, goes to prove that there was no laxity in protecting the forests on the part of the protective establishment.

(d) *Taxes and Trade.*

100. There is no record to show the values of exports and imports as the State does not levy import or export duties. All surplus agricultural produce

jowari, bajri, wheat, gram, tur, tobacco, jaggery, &c., and of the manufactures, sadis and dhotars with silk borders, sadis and dhotars of cotton, khadis, kambliis and oil pressed from kurdi, khorasani and earth-nuts, &c., as well as hides and horns are exported. The imports comprise salt, rice, sugar, fresh and dried cocoanuts, groceries, bangles, hardware, copper and brass utensils, cloths of European manufacture, kerosine oil, &c. There are no factories in the State except some local industries such as hand-weaving of *saries*, *kambliis*, common turbans, &c. They are not in a thriving condition.

(e) *Fairs.*

101. In the month of March 1896 a religious fair was newly held at Akalkot in honour of God Mallikarjun. The fair was attended by thousands of people, and considerable business was transacted in the sale and purchase of cloth, pots and other sundry articles. An exhibition of cattle, needle and embroidery work, best kinds of grains, and fruits, and several other things, was held in a pandal, specially erected for the purpose, in the vicinity of the temple of Mallikarjun, which was almost surrounded to a great length by shops of various kinds. At the exhibition the Raje Saheb was pleased to distribute rewards among the owners of the abovementioned cattle and things. This fair continued for 10 days. Small religious fairs were also held this year as usual at Haidre, Burhanpur, Vaghdari, Karajgi, Mangrul and Jeur.

(f) *Public Works.*

102. The following Statement gives the details of the amounts expended during the year on Public Works:—

WORKS.	State Funds.	Local Funds.	Total.
<i>I.—Original.</i>	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.
1. Dharmshallas ... ..	.....	321 6 6	321 6 6
2. Buildings	8,837 13 9	79 8 0	8,917 5 9
3. Wells ... ..	.....	1,769 9 6	1,769 9 6
4. Miscellaneous	64 15 9	.....	64 15 9
Total original work...	8,902 13 6	2,170 8 0	11,073 5 6
<i>II.—Repairs.</i>			
1. Dharmshallas ... ..	.....	2,572 12 6	2,572 12 6
2. Buildings	4,647 9 0	59 4 0	4,706 13 0
3. Chowdees	586 9 4	.....	586 9 4
4. Roads	1,177 7 10	929 0 3	2,106 8 1
5. Road-side trees ... ..	.....	1,210 3 4	1,210 3 4
6. Wells ... ..	.....	1,462 6 5	1,462 6 5
7. Miscellaneous	2,283 2 5	256 15 0	2,540 1 5
Total repairs...	8,694 12 7	6,490 9 6	15,185 6 1
<i>III.—Proposed scheme of water-supply to the town of Akalkot</i>	2,047 7 10	.....	2,047 7 10
<i>IV,—Conservancy</i>	.....	2,549 3 5	2,549 3 5
Total...	19,645 1 11	11,210 4 11	30,855 6 10
Establishment...	800 0 0	666 14 2	1,466 14 2
GRAND TOTAL...	20,445 1 11	11,877 3 1	32,322 5 0

103. As reported in para. 97 of the last year's Administration Report, the expenses of the repairs made to the Akalkot-Karabgaon Station and Akalkot-Karjal roads have been charged to the State Funds instead of to the Local Funds.

CHAPTER V.

REVENUE AND FINANCE.

104. Appendix **XVII.** shows the actual income and expenditure of the State. The opening balance at the commencement of the year was Rs. 1,80,378-15-1, total receipts Rs. 3,88,075-5-5, and expenditure Rs. 3,37,012-14-7, leaving a balance of Rs. 2,31,441-5-11 at its close. The actuals of the year under report are compared with those of the three previous years as follows :—

STATEMENT I.

Year.	Opening Balance.			Receipts.			Expenditure.			Closing Balance.		
	Rs.	a.	p.	Rs.	a.	p.	Rs.	a.	p.	Rs.	a.	p.
1892-93	1,34,598	8	8	2,81,947	15	1	3,03,624	2	10	1,12,922	4	11
1893-94	1,12,922	4	11	3,37,505	4	1	2,95,408	1	2	1,55,019	7	10
1894-95	1,55,019	7	10	3,28,251	5	10	3,02,891	14	7	1,80,378	15	1
1895-96	1,80,378	15	1	3,88,075	5	5	3,37,012	14	7	2,31,441	5	11

105. From the above statement it will be seen that there is an abnormal increase in income during the year; the receipts under "Land Revenue," "Local Funds," "Miscellaneous," "Advances, and Deposits," "Forests," &c., have increased as compared with those of the past year, though the income from "Sayer," "Private Establishment Property," &c., has decreased. The increases and decreases have been fully explained in para. 111 below. The increase in expenditure especially under "Public Works," "Provision for the marriage expenses of the two Princesses," "Advances, &c.," has also been abnormal. The reasons for the same have been fully given in para. 112 below.

106. The closing balance of Rs. 2,31,441-5-11 includes the amount of Promissory Notes, *viz.*, Rs. 86,000.

107. Besides this, there is a balance of Rs. 1,03,833 in Promissory Notes, and in cash set apart and preserved in the general Treasury to defray the marriage expenses of the two Princesses, Gajra Raja and Putla Raja. This year, Promissory Notes of the value of Rs. 40,000 were purchased; the reason for the same has been given in para. 112 (i) below.

108. From the commencement of the year under review, a separate account of Local Funds has been kept as per Raje Saheb's Vernacular Order No. 1997, dated 19th October 1894. Though the accounts are separately kept, still they have been incorporated in Appendix **XVII.**, and the Statements Nos. I., II. and III. in this chapter.

109. The subjoined table shows the receipts and expenditure under this head :—

Opening balance on 1st April 1895.	Receipts in 1895-96.	Total.	Expenditure in 1895-96.	Closing balance on 31st March 1896.
Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.
.....	24,479 2 2	24,479 2 2	18,852 3 5	5,626 14 9

110. As this is the first year in which the Local Fund account was opened, the opening balance is not shown. The amount of Local Fund for collection during the year under report was Rs. 24,479-2-2 against Rs. 24,094-12-7 in the previous year. The total expenditure under this head was Rs. 18,852-3-5, the details of which will be found in Appendix **XVII**.

STATEMENT II.

111. Abstract Statement of Income—

No.	Item.	1892-93.	1893-94.	1894-95.	1895-96.
		Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.
1	Land Revenue	1,96,307 0 4	2,06,006 14 11	2,24,515 10 8	2,41,352 3 1
2	Local Fund	19,209 8 1	21,033 11 8	24,094 12 7	24,479 2 2
3	Sayar	25,250 8 1	52,758 6 7	38,412 5 7	34,785 7 9
4	Judicial	1,252 9 7	1,174 7 6	972 14 7	1,174 11 4
5	Registration	1,161 9 6	1,313 3 6	1,264 8 0	1,289 6 10
6	Stamps	8,582 11 0	10,384 13 0	10,437 15 0	10,160 7 0
7	Educational	5,203 12 7	5,317 7 6	5,363 6 4	6,319 11 6
8	Jail	277 3 6	269 15 6	131 9 5	311 11 9
9	Private Establishment Pro- perty	5,746 11 6	1,897 14 7	1,689 10 4	1,299 14 1
10	Miscellaneous	7,242 14 7	21,013 13 10	9,168 0 4	16,425 0 3
11	Forests	6,501 6 11	6,027 14 9	5,759 10 8	6,216 12 9
12	Police	403 2 2	414 0 5	301 13 7	323 9 7
13	Advances, Deposits, &c. ...	4,808 13 3	9,889 1 11	4,706 14 7	43,799 9 6
14	Revision Survey ... ..	.....	3 6 5	1,432 2 2	137 9 10
	Total	2,81,947 15 1	3,37,505 4 1	3,28,251 5 10	3,38,075 5 5

(a) The increase of Rs. 16,836-8-5 under "Land Revenue" is due to increased receipts under the revised assessment of land.

(b) The increase of Rs. 384-5-7 under "Local Funds" is mainly due to the recovery of one anna cess in proportion to the recovery of the revised land revenue, and to the higher biddings of tolls, &c., in the auction sales.

(c) The increase of Rs. 956-5-2 under "Educational" is due to a larger amount of contribution having been paid to this Department from "Local Funds" this year.

(d) The cause of increase under (8) "Jail" has been given in para. 56 above.

(e) The increase of Rs. 7,256-15-11 under (10) "Miscellaneous" is due to the amount of interest received on the Promissory Notes and on the debts due by Kurleker Bhosles, one of whom paid off all the State dues.

(f) The increase under (11) "Forests" has been accounted for in para. 92 above.

(g) The large increase of Rs. 39,992-10-11 under (13) "Advances, deposits, &c.," is partly due to the recovery of the State dues from Shiwaji Bhosle Kurleker, and partly to the fact that the amount of Mokasbab received from Sangola Taluka was credited to the State Treasury as deposits for want of certain information regarding the year to which it appertains.

(h) The decrease of Rs. 3,626-13-10 under (3) "Sayar" is due to the less amount recovered under the License Tax as the minimum taxable limit was raised from Rs. 100 to Rs. 500.

(i) As the income realized from gardens and sheri lands managed by the Khasgi Department was less than that of last year, there is a decrease of Rs. 389-12-3 under (9) "Private Establishment (Property)" during the year.

(j) The decrease under (14) "Revision Survey" is due to the fact that a large amount on account of Survey charges was recovered from the holders of the Dumala villages in the State in the last year.

(k) The increases and decreases under the remaining heads being slight need no remark.

STATEMENT III.

112.—Abstract Statement of Expenditure :—

No.	Item.	1892-93.	1893-94.	1894-95.	1895-96.
		Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.
1	Expenses of the Raja, Relations, Dependants and private establishments	92,698 9 4	94,552 1 2	96,921 11 6	93,611 0 9
1A	Stipend of families at Poona ...	12,110 0 0	12,120 0 0	7,574 12 0	6,036 10 2
2	Religious and Charitable Allowances	5,167 15 5	2,724 0 3	4,096 1 6	3,016 2 0
3	Hereditary Allowances	5,333 2 5	4,703 3 0	4,815 13 0	5,265 3 0

STATEMENT III—continued.

No.	Item.	1892-93.	1893-94.	1894-95.	1895-96.
		Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.
4	District Hereditary Officers ...	11,950 8 8	10,720 13 11	11,818 10 11	11,954 12 2
5	Village do. do. ..	12,756 4 8	12,220 9 5	11,963 10 8	13,082 3 7
6	Village Servants and Expenses...	2,556 13 6	2,512 2 2	2,326 7 2	2,559 15 0
7	Political Establishment...	208 2 9	902 15 6	291 15 1	213 7 11
7A	Huzur (Raje Saheb's) Office ...	2,578 8 2	2,961 4 9	2,422 5 8	3,063 6 5
8	Civil Court	5,893 8 7	5,726 14 9	4,499 12 9	5,365 14 4
9	Revenue Establishment...	13,858 6 5	13,548 2 5	15,632 3 3	15,749 13 11
10	Jail	3,027 13 4	2,411 3 11	1,846 11 2	2,031 8 2
11	Police	10,000 11 2	10,182 0 10	10,476 4 3	9,757 11 1
12	Shibandi	4,418 4 8	3,920 14 2	4,771 2 2	4,347 8 10
13	Judicial Expenses	875 14 6	632 12 11	650 3 3	1,170 8 11
14	Stamps	356 1 6	705 7 1	612 10 0	1,271 14 10
15	Commuted payment to British Government in lieu of Akalkot Contingent	14,592 0 0	14,592 0 0	14,592 0 0	14,592 0 0
16	Pensions	9,961 5 6	6,743 8 3	7,274 13 11	6,619 8 8
17	Medical	3,085 14 10	3,476 3 11	3,823 14 6	3,253 14 1
18	Educational	9,428 0 9	9,952 15 6	9,605 8 8	9,698 9 3
19	Local Funds	15,984 9 11	12,875 3 7	19,576 12 10	18,852 3 5
20	Public Works	27,259 12 2	28,828 2 2	17,637 2 7	20,445 1 11
21	Registration Accounts	344 12 7	356 13 10	245 2 10	231 11 7
22	Forest Accounts... ..	2,489 15 5	2,119 3 4	2,113 13 6	1,898 10 6
23	Miscellaneous	6,697 11 10	4,271 13 0	19,024 9 11	17,422 2 8
24	Advances, deposits, &c....	5,111 0 6	2,444 6 2	3,755 12 10	24,850 1 8
25	Imperial Census... ..	552 10 11	.....	.....	.....
26	Revision Survey	3,096 8 10	9,203 1 2	4,521 12 8	651 1 9
27	Provision for the marriage expenses of the two Princesses of the Raje Saheb	21,228 14 6	20,000 0 0	20,000 0 0	40,000 0 0
	Total...	3,03,624 2 10	2,95,408 1 2	3,02,891 14 7	3,37,012 14 7

(a) The increases under item Nos. 3 to 6 are due to the arrears of allowances having been paid up during the year.

(b) The increase of Rs. 641-0-9 under (7a) "Huzur (Raje Saheb's) Office" is mainly due to the increase in the staff and promotions granted to the establishment.

(c) There is an increase of Rs. 866-1-7 under (8) "Civil Court." It was due to the appointment of a new Sub-Judge, the permanent incumbent being allowed to act as Acting State Karbhari and his pay being debited to the "Civil Court," and to the fact that the amount of travelling allowance paid to the establishment during the year was rather more than in the last year.

(d) The cause of increase under (10) "Jail" has been explained in para. 57 above.

(e) The increase of Rs. 520-5-8 under (13) "Judicial expenses" is due to the payment of batta to witnesses in the two Sessions' cases and that of fee to the State Prosecutor in the Sessions Court, &c.

(f) The increase of Rs. 659-4-10 under (14) "Stamps" is mainly due to printing charges incurred for adhesive and impressed Court Fee Stamps printed by Messrs. F. P. Baker and Co. of London.

(g) The increase of Rs. 2,807-15-4 under (20) "Public Works" is partly due to the extra expenditure incurred during the year for the proposed scheme of water-supply to the town of Akalkot, and partly to the fact that the expenses of maintaining the Akalkot-Karabgaon Station and Akalkot-Sholapur roads were allowed to fall on the State Funds instead of on Local Funds as before.

(h) The large increase under (14) "Advances, &c.," is due to the fact that the amount of Rs. 22,054-4-8 was advanced to the Khasgi Department during the year, but the adjustment of it was not made in the same year.

(i) There is an increase of Rs. 20,000 under (27) "Provision for the marriage expenses of the two Princesses." It is due to the fact that as there was an increase in income during the year under report, promissory notes of the value of Rs. 40,000 were purchased to make up the amount of two lacs required for the marriage expenses of the Princesses.

(j) The decrease under (1) "Expenses of the Raja, relations, &c.," is due to the fact that the amount of expenditure incurred in the last year was larger owing to the severe illness of the Raje Sahab in that year.

(k) The decrease under "(1. A) Stipend of families at Poona" is due to the death of Lady Kamaljabai *alias* Banabai Sahab Raje Bhosle in the last year.

(l) The decrease of Rs. 1,079-15-6 under (2) "Religious and Charitable allowances" is to the fact that arrears were paid last year.

(m) The decreases under (11) "Police" and (12) "Shibandi" have been respectively accounted for in paras. 34 and 31 above.

(n) The decrease under (16) "Pensions" is due to the death of some of the pensioners in the year under report.

(o) The decrease under (17) "Medical" has been explained in para. 121 below.

(p) The decrease of Rs. 724-9-5 under (19) "Local Funds" is partly due to the fact that the amount spent on account of repairs on roads and buildings was small and partly to no arrears on account of remuneration to cattle-pound keepers were paid this year.

(q) The decrease under (22) "Forests" has been explained in para 94 above.

(r) The decrease under (23) "Miscellaneous" is due to the fact that the amount of expenditure incurred under this head in the last year was larger owing to the visit of H. E. the Governor of Bombay and other guests.

(s) The decrease under (26) "Revision Survey" has been explained in para. 10 above.

(t) The increases and decreases under the remaining heads are slight, and therefore need no remark.

Takavi, Customs, Salt, Opium and Abkari.

113. No salt is allowed to be manufactured in the State. Government pays Rs. 142-0-10 per annum as compensation for the prohibition. As the arrears for the year 1894-95 were received in the year under report, the income under this is Rs. 284-1-8. The Abkari revenues are under the management of the British Government, which pays Rs. 6,609-15-10 in two instalments (one on the 10th of January, and the other on the 10th of July each year) as per agreement approved and confirmed by G. R. No. 4058, dated 4th July 1894. The fact of the instalment due on the 10th January 1896 not having been received by the State till the close of the year accounts for the less income under this head. The opium contract is given by the State, but the opium is brought from the Government Depôts in the British Territory. One-fifth of the amount of duty leviable on any opium imported into the State Territory is refunded by the British Government to this State. No Takavi remissions were made during the year. Customs and transit duties are not levied in this State.

Alienations.

114. The particulars under this head are furnished in para. 12 above.

CHAPTER VI.

VITAL STATISTICS AND MEDICAL RELIEF.

115. During the year under review, there was only one Dispensary open in the State at the capital town of Akalkot in charge of a competent medical officer, Mr. V. N. Rege, L.M. & S. He also looks after the sanitation of the town of Akalkot.

116. The midwife and nurse at the Akalkot Dispensary having got a good appointment at Nasik, resigned her post, and the vacancy has not yet been filled up.

117. The following table shows the number of patients treated, and the expenditure incurred during the year under report as compared with those of the previous two years :—

Dispensary.	No. of patients treated.		Results.				Expenditure.	Daily average.
	In-door.	Out-door	Discharged	Absented.	Died.	Remaining under treatment.		
<i>Akalkot.</i>							Rs.	
1893-94	90	12,286	9,408	2,867	1	102	3,476	112.29
1894-95	69	12,984	9,743	3,211	1	98	3,823	112.96
1895-96	66	11,134	8,768	2,367	3	62	3,253	100.93

118. The decrease in the number of patients treated during the year was evidently due to the better sanitary condition of the District than that of last year. The Raje Saheb visited the Dispensary occasionally, and took much interest in the charitable institutions.

119. The maladies, from which relief was sought, were fevers, conjunctivitis, bronchitis, intestinal worms, and skin-affections. There was no other epidemic of any kind, except cholera, which made its appearance in some of the villages of the State during the year under report ; but it was not of a virulent type. The general health of the town of Akalkot was good throughout the year. Akalkot town itself was free from cholera or any other epidemic.

120. There were three *post mortem* examinations held during the year under report as against 5 in the preceding year, and number of medico-legal cases reported upon, was 10 against 27. There were 12 major and 332 minor operations performed during the year, against 14 and 370 respectively in the last year.

121. This Dispensary has been maintained partly by the State and partly by the Local funds. The total cost was Rs. 3,253 in the year under report, against Rs. 3,823 in the year before. The decrease is partly due to the fact that the midwife and nurse resigned her post, and partly to the appointment of the present Medical Officer on a reduced salary.

Vital Statistics.

122. The figures relating to births and deaths for the year under report, as contrasted with those of the previous year, are given below :—

				1894-95.	1895-96.	Increase.	Decrease.
Births	...	...	...	2,997	3,196	199	.....
Deaths	...	...	...	1,482	1,421	.....	61

123. Out of 3,196 children born during the year, 1,651 were males and 1,545 females. The birth-rate per *mille* of population was 40·4 against 39·4 last year.

124. Out of 1,421 deaths registered during the year, 739 were males and 682 females. The death-rate per *mille* of population was 17·9 against 19·4 in the preceding year.

125. The general health of the public was good, and hence the decrease in the number of deaths. Deaths from the principal diseases in the year under report and the previous year were as under.—

				1894-95.	1895-96.
Cholera	...	...	...	143	122
Fever	...	...	...	819	796
Small-pox	...	...	...	32	7
Dysentery	...	...	...	189	196

126. Out of the total number of deaths, 14 were accidental deaths, of which 9 were caused by drowning, 2 from snake-bites, 2 by murder, and one by hanging. The number of such deaths last year was 17.

127. The duty of testing the accuracy of the birth and death registers has been assigned to the Revenue and Police Officers when on tour, as in the British Territory.

Vaccination.

128. The Vaccination Department was in charge of the Deputy Sanitary Commissioner, Central Division. There is one Vaccinator for the State at Akalkot under the supervision of the Inspector of Sanitation and Vaccination, Sholapur, whose annual remuneration amounting to Rs. 60 is remitted into the Huzur Treasury, Sholapur, every year. The monthly pay of the Vaccinator is Rs. 14, and is paid by the State. The total cost of vaccination, which is debited to the Local funds, was Rs. 323 against Rs. 247 in the preceding year. The increase in expenditure is due to the fact that last year the annual sum of Rs. 60 on account of the remuneration of the Inspector of Sanitation and Vaccination, Sholapur, was not remitted into the Huzur Treasury, Sholapur, and to the fact that dress was given to the Akalkot Vaccinator's peon during the year.

129. The following table shows the work of vaccination performed during the year under report as compared with that of the preceding year :—

Operation by whom performed.	No. of persons vaccinated in 1894-95.	No. of persons vaccinated in 1895-96.	Results.			
			Successful.		Unsuccessful.	
			1894-95.	1895-96.	1894-95.	1895-96.
By the Vaccinator of Akalkot	1,535	1,923	1,213	1,446	41	18
Do. do. Malsiras in Pilio Mahal.	122	159	102	140	.....	3
Do. do. Khatao in Kurla Mahal.	74	82	69	77	1	1
Total...	1,731	2,164	1,384	1,663	42	22

130. The reason as to why the total of columns 5 and 6 does not tally with column 3 is explained by the absence of persons vaccinated at the time of inspection. During the year under review the number of persons primarily vaccinated was 2,125 and of those re-vaccinated 39 against 1,712, and 19 respectively in the previous year. Of the 2,125 primary cases, 1,059 were males and 1,066 were females; and of the 39 re-vaccinated cases, 38 were males and 1 was a female. The percentage of successful cases in primary operations was 77, and in re-vaccination 74 against 79, and 84 respectively in the last year.

CHAPTER VII.

INSTRUCTION.

131. The details regarding the number and description of the schools are given in the subjoined table :—

No.	Description of School.	Number of pupils on the Roll on 31st March 1895.		Number of pupils on the Roll on 31st March 1896.		Daily average attendance.	
		Boys.	Girls.	Boys.	Girls.	Boys.	Girls.
1	First Grade, Anglo-Vernacular School at Akalkot ...	57	.....	65	.....	55.8	.....
28	Vernacular Primary Boys' School	1,671	74	1,629	60	1329.2	35.1
1	Do. do. Girls' School	.....	73	.....	73	.....	47.8
1	Do. do. Low Caste Boys' School.	11	.....	29	4	20.2	2.7
5	Primary Hindustani Schools ...	132	37	123	29	95.0	33.4
36	Total...	1,871	184	1,846	166	1,500.2	119.0

132. There were in all 36 schools during the year under report, as in the last year. The number of scholars on the rolls of the State Schools was 2,012 against 2,055 during the previous year, showing a small decrease of 43. The daily average attendance of boys and girls was 1,500.2 and 119.0 against 1,502.5 and 127.4 respectively, during the last year.

133. Of the total number of pupils under instruction in the State, 307 were Brahmins, 1,305 other Hindus, 69 of Low Caste, and 331 Mahomedans.

134. The results of the annual examination of the schools are tabulated below :—

Description of Schools.	Number of Scholars examined.	Number of Scholars passed.					
		Standard I.	Standard II.	Standard III.	Standard IV.	Standard V.	Total.
1 English School ...	55	6	6	5	6	.....	23
25 Marathi Boys' Schools ...	851	144	102	61	30	13	350
1 Girls' School ...	25	6	7	.....	4	.....	17
5 Hindustani Schools ...	16	4	4	1	.....	.....	9
32 Total...	947	160	119	67	40	13	399

135. Out of 36 schools, one Low Caste School and 3 Marathi Schools being newly opened in the year 1894-95, were not examined.

136. The State Karbhari visited most of the schools when out in the Districts. Mr. Joglekar in his capacity as the Assistant Deputy Educational Inspector, Akalkot, inspected almost all the schools in the State, but his own School (English School) was examined by the State Karbhari, Sub-Judge, and the Medical Officer during the year under report, and the results were up to the standards.

137. The total cost of education was Rs. 9,698 in the year under report, against Rs. 9,605 in the preceding year. Of the sum spent on education, Rs. 5,166 were defrayed from Local Funds.

138. The general progress of the two Princesses, Gazra Raja and Putla Raja during the year was most satisfactory. Both of them passed in their annual examination, and much credit is due to Miss Moxon and the Native tutor, Mr. Dole, for the pains they took in giving tuition to the princesses.

CHAPTER VIII.

MISCELLANEOUS.

Destruction of Wild Animals, &c.

139. Rules regarding destruction of wild animals and venomous snakes are in force in the State. As there were no snakes and noxious wild beasts killed and brought for reward, no rewards were paid.

Post and Telegraph Office.

140. There is one combined sub-post and 3rd class Telegraph Office at Akalkot; besides this, there are four branch Post Offices at Waghdari, Karajgi, Pilio, and Kurla. The branch Post Office, which was opened at Pilio experimentally from the 1st July 1894 for a period of one year, having proved self-supporting, was made a permanent one. All these offices are under the direct control of the British Government.

Records.

141. The general records of the State are in the charge of the State Karbhari. The rules for the systematic classification and preservation of useful records as well as for the periodical destruction of useless papers have been observed. The general State records were sorted and arranged till the year 1894-95, during the year under report. The village record was sorted and arranged up to the year 1893-94.

Printing Press and Library.

142. There is only one Lithographic Press in the State newly opened during the year under report, by one Revanshidappa bin Ramalingappa Antad, who edits and publishes a weekly newspaper called *Veer Shaivmat Prakash*. The circulation of this paper appears to be very poor, as it is not well edited and printed.

There is one Library at Akalkot under the patronage of the Raje Sahab called "Shabaji Library." It is situated in a fine and suitable building in the centre of the town. Its condition is improving.

Taxes and Trade.

143. The only tax on trade is the License Tax levied as per G. R. No. 4,107, dated 19th July 1886. During the year under review the rates were revised, the minimum taxable limit having been raised from Rs. 100 to Rs. 500 with no maximum limit. The income derived from this tax was Rs. 4,548, against Rs. 7,990 in the last year. The decrease is due to the fact that many traders were exempted from the levy of this tax, as their annual income fell short of Rs. 500.

144. There is one Municipal Toll Naka at Akalkot, which realised Rs. 800 against Rs. 1,060 in the preceding year. The export and import duties not being levied, the trade has been showing signs of prosperity year after year.

Concluding Remarks.

145. On the whole, the year under review was a good one. The rainfall was sufficient, and the crops were good. The balance in the Treasury has increased considerably, and the finances continued to improve. Justice—Civil and Criminal—was administered with due promptness and regularity. The Medical and Educational Departments are becoming more popular year after year.

VITHAL TIKAJI,

State Karbhari, Akalkot.

Akalkot, 25th June 1896.

APPENDIX I.

POLITICAL RELATIONS OF NATIVE STATES.

Name of State.	Tribute in men or money.		Estimated population.	Schools.	Persons being taught.	Persons who have been vaccinated.	Prevailing diseases.	Supposed gross revenue.	Military Force.	Transit dues levied or not.	Principal articles of production, manufacture and mines.
	Amount.	To whom payable.									
I	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
Akalkot.	Rs. 14,592 (commuted payment in lieu of Contingent of Horse).	British Government.	75,774 (as per census of 1891).	36 1 First Grade Anglo-Vernacular School. 28 Vernacular Primary Boys' Schools. 1 Vernacular Primary Girls' School. 1 Vernacular Primary School for low-caste boys. 5 Primary Hindustani Schools.	Boys 1,846 Girls 166 Total 2,012	2,164	(1) Fevers. (2) Conjunctivitis. (3) Bronchitis. (4) Intestinal worms. (5) Skin diseases.	Rs. 3,44,275-11-11.	Jamadar 1 Havaldars 2 Naiks 2 Sepoys 41 Total 46 Artillery men 3 Grand Total 49	G. R. No. 4107, dated 19th July 1886). Transit duties have been abolished, (vide	Agriculture being the sole occupation, jowar, bajri, wheat, gram, rice, linseed and sugar-cane are the principal products. Saddies, coarse or common shelas, chollies and common turbans are the manufactures. There are no mines.

VITHAL TIKAJI,

State Karbhari, Akalkot.

Akalkot, 25th June 1897.

APPENDIX II.

POLITICAL RELATIONS.

Native Chiefs, Principal Male Members of their Families and Principal Members of their Courts.

No.	Name of individual, State and Family to which he belongs.	Residence.	Present position.	Caste, race and religion.	Age.	How and where educated.	How employed.	Has sanad authorizing adoption or not.	Family follows primogeniture or not.	Has male heirs or not.	Remarks.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
1	Shahaji Maloji <i>alias</i> Baba Saheb Raje Bhosle, Akalkot.	Akalkot.	Ruling Raja of the State.	Maratha, Hindu	Y. M. 28 4	In the Rajkumar School at Kolhapur.	Administers the affairs of the State.	Has a sanad authorizing adoption.	Follows primogeniture.	Not.	Has two daughters, one aged 9 years and 5 months and the other 6 years, 4 months and 17 days on the 31st March 1896.
2	Tulaji Fattasing <i>alias</i> Raje Saheb Bhosle.	Poona.	Resides at Poona with his family on a monthly allowance of Rs. 500.	Do.	44 0	Privately, and at Poona High School.	Looks after his own affairs.	.....	Do.	Do.	

VITHAL TIKAJI,

State Karbhari, Akalkot.

Akalkot, 25th June 1896.

APPENDIX III.

Civil Divisions of Territory under Political control, 1895-96.

1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17
Division.	Executive District.	Number of Executive Sub-Divisions.	Area in square miles.	Population	Chief Town, with Population.	Population.	Number of Villages.	Number of Civil Judges.	Number of Sundry Magistrates.	Maximum distance in miles of Villages from nearest Court.	Average distance in miles of Villages from nearest Court.	Number of Police.	Total Cost of Officials and Police of all kinds.	Land.	Gross.	REMARKS.
Central Division.	Akalkot.	1 Akalkot. 2 Pitho. 3 Kuria.	498	75,774 as per general census of 1891.	Akalkot.	6,551	108	3	5	23 miles.	10 miles.	59	Rs. 57,240 10 6	Rs. 2,41,352 3 1	Rs. 3,44,275 11 11	

VITHAL TIKAJI,
State Karbhari, Akalkot.

Akalkot, 25th June 1896.

APPENDIX IV.

POPULATION OF NATIVE STATES, AKALKOT STATE, 1895-96.

Central Division.	Akalikot State including detached Mahals of Pihio and Kuria.	11,002	24,105	23,215	14,510	13,944	75,774	152	Population as per general census of 1891.										Classification of population.										Occupation.		Prevailing languages.	Emigration or immigration during the year.
									Men.	Women.	Children under 15 years.		Total.	Number per square mile.	Europeans.	Christians.			Hindus.	Mahomedans.	Parais.	Buddhists and Jains.	Aborigines.	Others.	Total male agriculturists including landlords, cultivators and agricultural labourers.	Total non-agricultural males.						
											Male.	Female.				East Indian and other mixed races.	Natives.															
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22											
									1	.....	1	65,034	10,230	.....	508	.....	.....	24,401	14,214	Marathi and Canarese.	None.											

VITHAL TIKAJI,
State Karbhari, Akalkot.

Akalkot, 25th June 1896.

APPENDIX V.

Statement showing the Strength, Cost, and other Particulars of the Military Force in the Akalkot State, 1895-96.

Arm of Service.	Total number of Fighting Officers and Men.								Details of Force at the end of the year.					REMARKS.		
	Remain- ing at the end of the last year.	Recruited this year (a).	Died.			Invalided.	Discharged, deserted, &c. (b).	Remain- ing at the end of the year.	Number of Regi- ments, Battalions or Batteries.	Number of Guns.	Number of Men.				Total Cost of Pay and Allowances of Officers and Non-Commissioned Offi- cers and Men, including Followers.	
			In action.	Otherwise.	Total.						European Com- missioned Officers	Native Commis- sioned Officers.	Non-Com mis- sioned Officers.			Fighting Men.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17
Cavalry	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Rs. a. p.	• Details of Infantry Force— 1 Jamadar. 2 Havaldars. 2 Naiks. 41 Sepoys. — 46 —
Sappers	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
Artillery	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	3	...	7	...	...	...	3	Establishment— Rs. 3,856-8-11. Extra expenditure —Rs. 490-15-11.	+ Details of Guns (52)— 45 smooth-bore muskets. 3 small cannons fit for use. 4 small cannons not fit for use. — 52 —
Infantry	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	*46	...	45	...	...	...	*46	...	
Total...	49	...	...	...	...	...	...	49	...	+52	...	...	...	49	4,347 8 10	

VITHAL TIKAJI,
State Karblari, Akalkot.

Akalkot, 25th June 1896.

APPENDIX VI.

Statement showing the Strength, Cost, Discipline, and Education of the Police, 1895-96.

Description of Office,	Number.	Pay of the grade.	Total expenditure.	PUNISHMENTS.			REWARDS.		EDUCATION.		REMARKS.
				Dismissed.	Fined, degraded or suspended departmentally.	Judicially punished.	By promotion.	By money rewards.	Number able to read and write.	Number under instruction.	
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
Chief Police Officer ...	...	....	Establishment ... Rs. 9,185 5 7 Extra Expenditure ... Rs. 286 1 6 Police Fund Account ... Rs. 286 4 0 Total...Rs. 9,757 11 1	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	
Inspector of Police ...	...	....		....	....	....	....	....	....	....	
Chief Constable, 3rd Class...	1	65		....	....	....	....	....	1	....	
Head Constable, 1st Class...	1	80		....	....	....	....	....	1	....	
Do. 2nd Class...	1	20		....	....	....	....	....	...	....	
Do. 3rd Class...	2	15	Mounted Police.	....	1	....	....	....	2	1	
Do. 4th Class...	5	12		....	....	....	....	....	2	....	
Constable, 1st Class ...	11	10		....	....	....	....	....	4	1	
Do. 2nd Class ...	15	9		....	1	....	....	....	2	1	
Do. 3rd Class ...	10	8		....	5	....	....	....	2	3	
Do. 4th Class ...	8	7		....	1	....	....	....	3	3	
Dafedar ...	1	30		....	....	....	....	....	1	....	
Sowars ...	4	25		....	....	....	....	....	1	....	
Total.....	59	....		....	8	....	....	....	19	9	

VITHAL TIKAJI,

Akalkot, 25th June 1896.

State Karbhari, Akalkot.

APPENDIX VII.

STATEMENT showing the Results of the Working of the Police in the Akalkot State during the Year ending with 31st March 1896.

Name of State.	Number of Offences.		Number of accused arrested.		Number of accused sent for trial.		Number of accused convicted.		Number of accused acquitted or discharged.		Percentage convicted of accused (Cols. 4 & 5).		Percentage convicted of accused sent for trial.		REMARKS.
	1894-95.	1895-96.	1894-95.	1895-96.	1894-95.	1895-96.	1894-95.	1895-96.	1894-95.	1895-96.	1894-95.	1895-96.	1894-95.	1895-96.	
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16
Akalkot	68	74	53	85	46	67	23	51	20	32	43.3	60.0	62.0	76.1	Of the 86 accused arrested (column 5):— 51 were convicted (column 9). 33 were discharged (column 11)— 15 brought to trial. 18 not brought to trial.
Pilho	6	6	9	...	9	...	5	...	4	...	55.5	...	55.5	...	33
Kurla	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	...	...	1	100.0	...	100.0	...	2 under trial before the Magistrate, 1st Class.
Total	75	81	63	86	56	68	29	51	24	33	46.0	59.3	61.7	75.0	86

VITHAL TIKAJI,
State Karbhari, Akalkot.

Akalkot, 25th June 1896.

APPENDIX VIII.

STATEMENT showing the Value of Property stolen and amount of Recoveries in the Akalkot State during the Year ending with 31st March 1896.

STATE.	Amount stolen.		Amount recovered.		Percentage of recoveries of property stolen.		REMARKS.
	1894-95.	1895-96.	1894-95.	1895-96.	1894-95.	1895-96.	
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8
Akalkot	Rs. a. p. 504 13 4	Rs. a. p. 1,534 10 6	Rs. a. p. 388 7 4	Rs. a. p. 986 6 6	76.9	64.28	
Pilho ... ..	.....	1,010 0 0	.....	7 0 0	.....	0.69	
Kurla	51 14 6	86 7 0	51 14 6	.....	100.0	.....	
Total...	556 11 10	2,581 1 6	440 5 10	993 6 6	79.1	38.4	

Akalkot, 25th June 1896.

VITHAL TIKAJI,
State Karbhari, Akalkot.

APPENDIX IX.

STATEMENT showing the number of crimes committed, number of cases disposed of, and cases awaiting trial in the Akalkot State during the Year ending with 31st March 1896.

Q. The two accused on whom charges were brought under Section 302, P. U., and sentenced to the transportation for life were the Political Agent, Bombay, and the Political Agent, Madras, but not an agent belonging to the Government of Bombay he was charged under Section 304 and his sentence was reduced to 10 years' rigorous imprisonment as per G. O. No. 731, Political Department. The other accused was convicted under Section 325 and sentenced to two years' rigorous imprisonment by the Political Agent, Madras.

APPENDIX IX—*contd.*

No.	Description of crime or offence.	Number of crimes.		Number of cases disposed of during the year 1895-96.		Number of cases undisposed of during the year 1895-96.		Number of persons apprehended.		Number of persons convicted		Number of persons sentenced to						Terms of imprisonment.								REMARKS.			
		Balance on 1st April 1895.	Committed during the year 1895-96.	Total.	Number of persons apprehended.	Number of persons convicted	Imprisonment.		Fine only.	Whipping.	Total.	Number of persons acquitted or discharged.	Number of persons confined being insane.	Number of persons died during or before trial.	Under 1 month.	From 1 to 2 months.	From 2 to 3 months.	From 3 to 6 months.	From 6 to 12 months.	From 1 to 2 years.	From 2 to 3 years.	From 3 to 5 years.	Above 5 years.						
							Simple.	Rigorous.																					
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28	29	
5	Offences relating to marriage—Chapter XX...	...	4	4	4	...	6	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	6	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
6	Criminal intimidation, insult and annoyance—Chapter XXII	...	3	3	3	...	3	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	3	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
7	Criminal Procedure Code, Sections 109 and 110...	...	5	5	5	...	5	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
8	District Police Act VII of 1867	...	97	97	97	...	97	...	...	...	...	...	91	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
9	Opium Act I of 1878	...	1	1	1	...	2	...	...	...	...	...	6	...	...	2	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
10	Cattle Trespass Act I of 1871 (India).	...	1	1	1	...	6	...	...	...	...	...	4	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
11	Abkari Act V of 1878	...	1	2	3	...	4	...	...	...	...	...	16	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
12	Indian Forest Act VII of 1878	...	13	13	13	...	19	...	...	...	...	...	3	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
13	Arms Act XI of 1878	...	3	3	3	...	3	...	...	...	...	...	2	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
14	Rule No. 111 (d) under Section 214 of Land Revenue Code	...	2	2	2	...	2	...	...	...	...	...	2	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
	Total...	10	308	318	309	9	416	194	6	25	3	23	136	1	194	220	...	...	11	15	1	17	8	1	1	...	3		

NOTE No. 1.—Of the number of persons apprehended (column 8)—
194 were convicted (column 9).
220 were acquitted or discharged (column 17).
2 awaiting trial before the Magistrate as noted down in the last column.

Total... 416

Akalkot, 25th June 1896.

VITHAL TIKAJI,
State Karbhari, Akalkot.

APPENDIX X.

STATEMENT showing the number of offences reported and offences dealt with in the Akalkot State during the year ending with 31st March, 1896.

Name of Court.	Number of offences reported during the year.		Remaining at the end of the last year.	Number of persons dealt with.								Persons disposed of.					Persons remaining at the end of the year.	REMARKS.
	1894-95.	1895-96.		Arrested by Police.	Upon War-rant.	On Summons.	Voluntarily.	Arrested in the presence of the Magistrate.	Total.	Discharged without trial.	Acquitted.	Convicted.	Committed or referred.	Died, escaped or transferred.				
i	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	
Political Agent ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	2	6	...	...	6	...	...	...	...	
District Magistrate ...	4	37	...	11	...	...	...	...	4	11	4	1	10	...	...	...	...	
Sub-Divisional Magistrate ...	74	63	5	27	24	27	...	2	68	85	14	46	31	6	...	2	...	
2nd-Class Magistrate ...	226	188	4	30	...	227	...	...	273	261	...	119	141	...	...	...	...	
3rd do. Pilio ...	20	13	...	...	...	28	...	...	34	28	...	27	1	...	...	...	...	
Do. do. Kurla ...	12	7	...	...	4	9	...	...	27	13	...	9	4	...	...	...	...	
Total ...	336	308	9	68	28	291	...	2	411	398	18	202	188	6	...	2	...	
GRAND TOTAL ...	336	308	9	68	28	291	...	2	413	404	18	202	194	6	...	2	...	

Akalkot, 25th June 1896.

VITHAL TIKAJI,

State Karbhari, Akalkot.

APPENDIX XI.

STATEMENT showing the results of appeals against decisions passed by the Criminal Courts in the Akalkot State during the year ending with 31st March, 1896.

Tribunals.		No. of applica-tions.		Number of persons and cases.																											
				Applications rejected.				Sentences.								Proceedings quashed.				Referred.				Further inquiry, &c., ordered.				Pending.			
								Confirmed.				Modified.																				Reversed.
				Persons.	Cases.	Persons.	Cases.	Persons.	Cases.	Persons.	Cases.	Persons.	Cases.	Persons.	Cases.	Persons.	Cases.	Persons.	Cases.	Persons.	Cases.	Persons.	Cases.	Persons.	Cases.	Persons.	Cases.				
State.	1894-95.	1895-96.	1894-95.	1895-96.	1894-95.	1895-96.	1894-95.	1895-96.	1894-95.	1895-96.	1894-95.	1895-96.	1894-95.	1895-96.	1894-95.	1895-96.	1894-95.	1895-96.	1894-95.	1895-96.	1894-95.	1895-96.	1894-95.	1895-96.							
	...	3	...	...	...	2	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...							
Akalkot.	4	6	...	...	...	1	5	1	...	...	1	...	...	2	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...							
	1	6	...	...	...	3	4	...	...	...	3	1	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...							
Total ...	5	15	...	...	...	1	12	1	10	1	3	1	3	4	2	3	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...							
	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...							

VITHAL TIKAJI,

State Karbhari, Akalkot.

Akalkot, 25th June, 1896.

APPENDIX XII.

STATEMENT showing the number of persons convicted or confined in the Jail in the Akalkot State during the year ending with 31st March 1896.

Stations.	Number of prisoners.	Number of prisoners.					Daily average in jail.		Number of prisoners remaining at the end of the year.	Total cost of jail and prisoners.	Remarks showing mortality among convicts in the jail.
		Remaining from last year.	Admitted during the year.	Total.		1894-95.	1895-96.				
				1894-95.	1895-96.						
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	
Akalkot ...	64	10	54	34	64	9.2	19.4	30	Rs. a. p. 2,081 8 2	The general health of the prisoners was good. There was no casualty.	
Pilho ...	.....	... ..	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....			
Kurla ...	3	.....	3	1	3	0.05	0.19	.....			
Total...	67	10	57	35	67	.....	.....	30			

Akalkot, 25th June 1896.

VITHAL TIKAJI,
State Karbhari, Akalkot.

APPENDIX XIII.

Civil Work,--Nature and Value of Original Suits filed and disposed of during the year 1895-96.

Suits filed in 1895-96.										Suits disposed of in 1895-96.										Remarks.																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																									
Number.	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	Value.				How disposed of.				Average duration.																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																							
														Nature of Suits.				Valuation of Suits.				Admitted and compromised.				No. of suits under the Specific Relief Act.				Years.				Months.				Days.																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																							
														Suits regarding lands and houses, &c.				Suits for money transactions.				Suits for other rights, &c.				No. of suits under Rs. 100.				No. of suits above Rs. 100 and under Rs. 500.				No. of suits above Rs. 500 and under Rs. 1,000.				No. of suits above Rs. 1,000 and under Rs. 5,000.				No. of suits above Rs. 5,000				Struck off the file, &c.				No. of suits under the Specific Relief Act.				Otherwise disposed of.																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																							
TRIBUNAL.														Opening Balance.				Filed during the year.				Total.				Disposed of during the year.				Closing Balance.																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																															

Akalkot, 25th June 1896.

VITHAL TIKAJI,
State Karbhari, Akalkot.

APPENDIX XIV.

Civil Work.—Results of Applications for Execution of Decrees during the Year 1895-96.

Number.	TRIBUNAL.	Opening Balance.		Value of Opening Balance for 1895-96.	Applications brought to the Register.			Total.			Disposed of			Closing Balance.			Nature of applications, pending disposal at the close of 1895-96.			REMARKS.
		1894-95.	1895-96.		1894-95.	1895-96.	Value for 1895-96.	1894-95.	1895-96.	Value for 1895-96.	1894-95.	1895-96.	Value for 1895-96.	Below 6 months.	Below 12 months.	Above 12 months.				
1	2	3	4	5			6			7			8			9	10			
				Rs. a. p.			Rs. a. p.			Rs. a. p.			Rs. a. p.			Rs. a. p.				
1	Akalkot	59	49	8,988 9 1	444	502	42,830 6 4	503	551	51,818 15 5	454	512	45,446 6 11	49	39	6,372 8 6	22	7	10	
2	Pilho...	1	2	362 1 1	9	15	2,633 8 0	10	17	2,995 9 1	8	12	2,294 7 2	2	5	701 1 11	5	...	...	
3	Kurla	...	...	.....	4	14	1,065 13 1	4	14	1,065 13 1	4	10	563 7 11	...	4	502 5 2	4	...	...	
	Total...	60	51	9,350 10 2	457	531	46,529 11 5	517	582	55,880 5 7	466	534	48,304 6 0	51	48	7,575 15 7	31	7	10	

VITHAL TIKAJI,
State Kārbhāri, Akalkot.

Akalkot, 25th June 1896.

APPENDIX XV.

Registration of Documents, 1895-96.

Number.	Sub-Registry Office.	Nature of Documents presented.										Documents presented for Registration.		Value of Documents registered.		Documents refused to be Registered.	Documents remaining unregistered, pending inquiry at the close of the year.						
		Mortgages.			Sale Deeds.		Wills.		Money Bonds.		Miscellaneous.		Documents Registered.	Rs.	a. p.		Rs.	a. p.					
		1894-95.	1895-96.	1894-95.	1895-96.	1894-95.	1895-96.	1894-95.	1895-96.	1894-95.	1895-96.	1894-95.							1895-96.				
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12												
1	Aalkot...	805	812	379	350	319	337	...	...	...	...	107	125	805	812	1,34,594	2 0	1,23,333	0 10	...	...	...	...
2	Pilio ...	46	54	34	24	12	27	...	...	...	...	...	3	47	54	5,412	4 0	10,234	9 11	...	...	...	...
3	Kurla ...	39	55	20	31	5	8	...	...	...	...	14	16	39	55	5,842	4 3	28,596	7 0	...	...	...	...
Total...		890	921	433	405	336	372	...	...	...	...	121	144	891	921	1,45,848	10 3	1,57,164	1 9	...	...	...	...

VITHAL TIKAJI,

State Kârbhâri, Akalkot.

Akalkot, 25th June 1896.

APPENDIX XVI.

Statement showing Agricultural Stock in the Akalkot State during the Year 1895-96.

Number.	District.	Cattle and other Quadrupeds.										Ploughs.		Carts.	
		Bullocks.	Cows.	Buffaloes.		Horses.	Mares.	Ferals.	Asses.	Sheep and Goats.	With two bullocks.	With four bullocks.	Riding carts.	Carts used in carrying.	
				Male.	Female.										
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	
1	Akalkot ...	28,815	16,951	3,294	6,837	602	405	137	100	21,870	879	2,456	68	587	
2	Pilho ...	1,782	1,214	129	224	36	50	16	12	4,145	18	235	5	45	
3	Kurla ...	835	583	147	197	4	13	10	.....	740	.....	70	3	36	
	Total...	31,432	18,748	3,570	7,258	642	468	163	112	26,755	897	2,761	76	668	

VITHAL TIKAJI,

State Kârbhâri, Akalkot.

Akalkot, 25th June 1896.

APPENDIX XVII.

No.	INCOME.				No.	EXPENDITURE.			
	Heads of Receipt,	A. D. 1894-95.	A. D. 1895-96.	Increase.		Heads of Expenditure.	A. D. 1894-95.	A. D. 1895-96.	Increase.
1	2	3	4	5	6	2	3	4	5
1	Balance in the Treasury on 1st April ...	1,55,019 7 10	1,80,378 15 1	25,359 7 3	Rs. a. p.	Expenses of the Raj, Relations, Dependents and Private Establishment ...	96,921 11 6	98,611 0 9	.....
1	Land Revenue—					Stipend of Families at Poona ...	7,574 12 0	6,986 10 2	.....
1	1. Recoveries on account of former years ...	377 0 6	232 15 7	.....	94 0 11	Religious and Charitable Allowances—	1,806 8 6	1,832 10 0	26 6 6
2	2. Do. do. current year ...	2,18,567 9 2	2,36,181 10 9	17,614 1 7	683 8 3	1. Deosthan allowances ...	2,289 14 0	1,183 8 0	.....
3	3. Rent of Sheri land ...	5,571 1 0	4,887 8 9	.....	777 9 2	2. Varshasandars ...	4,096 1 6	3,016 2 0	26 6 6
2	Local Funds ...	2,24,515 10 8	2,41,352 3 1	17,614 1 7	.....				1,106 6 0
3		24,094 12 7	24,479 2 2	384 5 7	.....				
3	Savay—								
4	1. Recoveries of license tax on account of former years ...	1,288 4 0	2,147 4 0	859 0 0	.....	Hereditary Allowances—	4,708 3 0	4,530 3 0	.....
	2. Do. do. current year ...	6,792 0 6	2,491 6 10	.....	4,300 9 8	1. Nannukdars ...	38 4 0	306 0 0	267 12 0
	3. Mokasbab ...	13,932 13 2	14,782 9 0	799 11 10	.....	2. Dengidars ...	74 6 6	429 0 0	364 10 0
	4. Customs, commuted allowance in lieu of ...	9,606 4 0	9,606 4 0	.....	.....	3. Tashridars ...	4,815 13 0	5,265 3 0	622 6 0
	5. Miscellaneous receipt ...	.....	.....	.....	.....				173 0 0
	6. Compensation on account of liquor contract due by the British Government ...	5,082 2 3	3,200 15 11	.....	1,881 2 4	District Hereditary Officers—	11,168 8 7	11,208 9 2	42 0 7
	7. Opium contract ...	4,181 7 3	1,636 12 9	455 5 6	.....	1. Hakdar District Hereditary Officers ...	652 2 4	746 3 0	94 0 8
	8. Bhag, Ganja contract ...	491 6 5	681 1 7	189 11 2	.....	2. Sardeshmukhi Amal paid to British Government ...	11,818 10 11	11,954 12 2	136 1 3
	9. Compensation for the Salt Revenues ...	.....	284 1 8	284 1 8	.....				.....
	10. Chandel ...	123 0 0	95 0 0	.....	28 0 0	Village Hereditary Officers—	4,729 15 1	4,971 14 0	241 14 11
	11. Poja ...	5 0 0	.....	.....	5 0 0	1. Patels' allowances ...	7,238 11 7	8,110 5 7	876 10 0
		83,412 5 7	84,785 7 9	2,587 14 2	6,214 12 0	2. Kulkarnis allowances ...	11,963 10 8	13,082 3 7	1,118 8 11

4	Judicial—	738 13 6	633 10 0	349 2 6	55 3 6	6	Village Serrants and Expenses—	1,597 2 2	1,809 11 0	212 8 10	.....
	1. Fines	32 6 6	381 9 0	.....	.....		1. Shetnandi Sepoys ..	729 5 0	750 4 0	20 15 0	.....
	2. Unclaimed property ..	123 12 1	47 11 6	.....	81 0 7		2. Contingent expenses, oil, &c.	236 7 2	2,559 15 0	233 7 10	.....
	3. Intestate estate ..	52 6 9	53 7 10	.....	12 2 9						
	4. Fees in Civil Court ..	20 7 9	8 5 0	.....	148 6 10						
	5. Miscellaneous ..	952 14 7	1,174 11 4	350 3 7	.....						
5	Registration Fees	1,264 8 0	1,259 6 10	24 14 10	.....	7	Political Establishment—	232 14 5	210 0 0	.....	22 14 5
6	Stamps	10,437 15 0	10,160 7 0	.....	277 8 0		1. Establishment ..	59 0 9	3 7 11	.....	55 8 9
7	Educational	5,363 6 4	6,319 11 6	956 5 2	.....		2. Extra Expenditure ..	291 15 1	213 7 11	.....	78 7 2
8	Jail	131 9 5	311 11 9	180 2 4	.....	7 A	Iluzur Office—	1,859 2 10	2,236 15 0	377 12 2	.....
9	Private Establishment ..	1,089 10 4	1,280 14 1	.....	389 12 3		1. Establishment ...	563 2 10	826 7 5	263 4 7	.....
10	Miscellaneous—	5,157 3 11	11,033 1 6	5,924 13 7	.....		2. Extra Expenditure ..	2,422 5 8	3,063 6 5	641 0 9	.....
	1. Profit account	151 5 6	223 7 9	73 2 3	.....	8	Civil Court—	4,239 4 5	5,027 2 3	737 13 10	.....
	2. Jaminidars' Haks ...	.....	0 12 0	0 12 0	.....		1. Sub-Judge's and Nazir's Establishment ..	210 8 4	338 12 1	128 3 9	.....
	3. Political establishment ..	0 3 0	349 6 1	.....	717 14 7		2. Extra Expenditure ..	4,489 12 9	5,365 14 4	866 1 7	.....
	4. Iluzur Office account ...	1,567 4 8	121 15 6	13 7 0	.....	9	Revenue Establishment—	12,362 13 1	13,073 5 0	710 7 11	.....
	5. Public Works	108 8 6	102 11 1	47 6 7	.....		1. Karthari's establishment ..	956 15 11	956 13 5	.....	0 2 6
	6. Civil Courts account ...	55 4 6	1,000 0 0	.....	11 4 1		2. Mahalkari Pilio establishment ..	2,190 14 3	1,598 3 6	.....	592 10 9
	7. Revenue establishment account ...	1,011 4 1	3,044 10 4	1,928 4 2	.....		3. Extra Expenditure ..	131 8 0	121 8 0	.....	.....
	8. Shibandi account	9168 0 4	16,425 0 3	7,986 13 7	729 13 8		4. Naikwadis' pay ...	15,632 3 3	15,749 13 11	710 7 11	592 13 3
	9. Medical accounts	5,769 10 8	6,216 12 9	457 2 1	.....	10	Jail—	480 14 2	524 0 0	43 1 10	.....
	10. Miscellaneous accounts.	301 13 7	323 9 7	21 12 0	.....		1. Establishment ...	1,332 7 11	1,326 7 1	192 15 2	.....
11	Forests	106 8 0	141 0 0	34 8 0	.....		2. Subsistence to prisoners	57 3 6	91 5 0	34 1 6	.....
12	Police	2,88 8 8	10,303 2 3	16,519 9 7	.....		3. Clothing expenses ...	175 1 7	89 12 1	.....	85 5 6
13	Advances, deposits, &c.—	1,811 13 11	24,350 7 3	22,538 9 4	.....		4. Extra Expenditure ..	1,846 11 2	2,031 8 2	270 2 6	85 5 6
	1. Recoveries on account of Takavi	4,706 14 7	43,799 9 6	39,092 10 11	.....	11	Police—	9,063 12 5	9,185 5 7	118 9 2	.....
	2. Do. advances	1,432 2 2	137 9 10	.....	1,291 8 4		1. Establishment ...	568 15 1	286 1 6	282 13 7	.....
	3. Do. deposits	3,28,251 5 10	3,88,075 5 5	69,656 5 10	9,832 6 3		2. Extra Expenditure ..	840 8 9	286 4 0	554 4 9	.....
14	Revision Survey ... ..	.....	.....	.....	.....		3. Police Fund account ...	10,476 4 3	9,757 11 1	118 9 2	837 2 4
	Total Receipts ... ..	.....	.....	.....	.....						

APPENDIX XVII—contd.

No.	INCOME.				No.	EXPENDITURE.				
	Heads of Receipt.	A. D. 1894-95.	A. D. 1895-96.	Increase.		Decrease.	Heads of Expenditure.	A. D. 1894-95.	A. D. 1895-96.	Increase.	Decrease.
1	2	3	4	5	6	2	3	4	5	6
		Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	<i>Shidandi—</i>	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.
						1. Establishment ..	3,865 9 10	3,856 8 11	.....	9 0 11
						2. Extra Expenditure ..	905 8 4	490 15 11	.....	414 8 5
							4,771 2 2	4,347 8 10	.....	423 9 4
13						<i>Judicial Expenses—</i>				
						1. Fines remitted, &c. ...	104 8 0	22 0 0	.....	82 8 0
						2. Batta to witnesses ...	305 4 0	533 8 0	228 4 0	.....
						3. Prosecutors' fees ...	101 8 0	467 2 0	365 10 0	.....
						4. Miscellaneous ...	138 15 3	147 14 11	8 15 8	.....
							650 3 3	1,170 8 11	602 13 8	82 8 0
14						<i>Stamps</i> ...	612 10 0	1,271 14 10	659 4 10	.....
15						<i>Commuted Payment to British Government in lieu of Akalkot contingent</i> ...	14,592 0 0	14,592 0 0	.....	.....
16						<i>Pensions—</i>				
						1. Pensions to Akalkot contingent ...	1,620 0 0	1,506 15 6	.....	113 0 6
						2. Pensions ...	5,654 13 11	5,112 9 2	.....	542 4 9
							7,274 13 11	6,619 8 8	.....	655 5 3
17						<i>Medical</i> ...	3,823 14 6	3,253 14 1	.....	570 0 5
18						<i>Educational—</i>				
						1. Establishment ...	9,003 12 7	9,053 10 0	49 13 5	.....
						2. Extra Expenditure ...	601 12 1	644 15 3	43 3 2	.....
							9,605 8 8	9,698 9 3	93 0 7	.....

APPENDIX XVII—*concl.*

INCOME.						EXPENDITURE.					
No.	Heads of Receipt.	A. D. 1894-95.	A. D. 1895-96.	Increase.	Decrease.	No.	Heads of Expenditure.	A. D. 1894-95.	A. D. 1895-96.	Increase.	Decrease.
1	2	3	4	5	6	1	2	3	4	5	6
		Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	24	Advances, deposits, &c.—	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.
							1. Takavi ... ..	.....	.....	.....	.....
							2. Advances recoverable..	1,816 2 1	23,023 6 11	21,207 4 10	.....
							3. Deposits	1,939 10 9	1,826 10 9	.....	113 0 0
								3,755 12 10	24,850 1 8	21,237 4 10	113 0 0
						25	Imperial Census—	.....	.....	.....	.....
						26	Revision Survey	4,521 12 8	651 1 9	.....	3,870 10 11
						27	Provision for marriage ex- penses of the two Princesses of the Rajp Sahab	20,000 0	40,000 0 0	20,000 0 0	.....
							Total Expenditure ..	3,02,891 14 7	3,37,012 14 7	56,745 9 6	22,624 9 6
							Balance in the Treasury	1,80,378 15 1	2,31,441 5 11	51,062 6 10	.....
	GRAND TOTAL...	4,83,270 13 8	5,68,454 4 6	95,015 13 1	9,832 6 3		GRAND TOTAL...	4,83,270 13 8	5,68,454 4 6	1,07,808 0 4	22,624 9 6

VITHAL TEKAJI,

State Kārbhārī, Akalkot.

Akalkot, 25th June 1896.

No. 74 of 1896-97.

FROM

THE RAJE SAHEB OF AKALKOT,

TO

THE POLITICAL AGENT, SHOLAPUR.

Poona, 28th June 1896.

SIR,

I have the honor to forward herewith the Administration Report of the Akalkot State for the year 1895-96, and to inform you that a copy of the Report will shortly be sent to the Education Society's Press, Bombay, for getting it printed, and the usual printed copies of the same will be sent to you for submission to the Government as soon as they will be ready.

I have the honor to be,

Sir,

Yours sincerely,

SHAHAJI RAJA,

Raje Saheb.

(True Copy.)

(Sd.) VITHAL TIKAJI,

State Karbhari, Akalkot.

30th June 1896.

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VITHAL TIKAJI,

Administrator, Akalkot State.

Akalkot, 23rd June 1897.

No. 322 OF 1897-98.

FROM

RAO BAHADUR VITHAL TIKAJI,

Administrator, Akalkot State,

TO

W. T. MORISON, Esq., I.C.S.,

Political Agent, Sholapur.

Akalkot, 23rd June 1897.

SIR,—I have the honor to submit the Annual Administration Report of the Akalkot State for the year ending with 31st March 1897.

Nos. I. to XVII.

2. The usual Statements as per margin accompany.

CHAPTER I.

POLITICAL.

3. The State pays no tribute, but in lieu of keeping up the contingent of horse, as stipulated in the agreement of 1820 with the East India Company, pays a commuted allowance of Rs. 14,592 annually to the British Government.

4. It is with extreme regret that I have to refer to the recent calamity that has befallen the State by the sudden and untimely demise of Shrimant Shahaji Maloji *alias* Baba Saheb Raje Bhosle, Raje Saheb of Akalkot, which took place at his palace in Akalkot on the 31st December 1896.

5. The Raje Saheb was taken ill with slight fever on the evening before his 29th birth-day, the 23rd of December last. He was able to attend his birth-day Darbar, but that was his last public function, as the fever increased so much that on the 24th of December Dr. Rege, L. M. & S., the Medical Officer at Akalkot, who had been in constant attendance, advised consultation with Dr. Scroggie, Civil Surgeon, Sholapur, who considered the case serious. The late Surgeon-Major Robert Manser, 1st Physician of J. J. Hospital, Bombay, who was telegraphed for on 29th December by Dr. Scroggie's advice, arrived on the 30th December and diagnosed the disease as acute inflammation of liver and owing to complication a desperate case. These medical gentlemen used their utmost skill, but in spite of all their efforts, the Raje Saheb passed away peacefully on the evening of December 31st at 8-30 p.m. He was conscious to the very last moment of his life, and while speech remained to him, he tried to make provision for his wife and children and commended them to Government.

6. The funeral took place at 9-30 A. M. on January 1st in the Thadge Bag or sepulchral garden. More than twenty thousand of the Raja's loving subjects came to attend it from all the neighbouring villages, as during the night the

news of his death was spread. The grief of the Raje Saheb's family and friends knew no bounds. Within and without the palace the young and old of both sexes mourned most sincerely for one who had indeed been their friend and benefactor.

7. In character he was very affectionate and most generous and kind-hearted. The inhabitants of the State, who had seen some of the former Rajas, acknowledged that none of them were like their late Chief and used to worship him almost as a divinity. The love, which the people felt for their ruler, is best illustrated by the fact that the whole of Akalkot observed mourning for three months, and the town has not yet even recovered from its depression. The Raje Saheb never thought it below him to speak with the poor and acquaint himself with their grievances, which he always did his utmost to remedy. He was approachable to all his subjects, and will, therefore, be specially remembered by them for ever. He was equally liked and respected by all his friends, both European and Native, to whom he had endeared himself by his agreeable manners and amiable disposition. He had a great liking for European society, and was very widely known in Bombay, Poona and Mahableshwar, to members of Government and other gentlemen, who all entertained a very high opinion of him. Many messages of sympathy and regret in her sad loss have been received by his widowed Rani from European gentlemen and ladies, among whom are their Excellencies the Governor and Commander-in-Chief and Lady Reay and Lady Harris. H. H. the Maharajah Gaikwar of Baroda, the Rajas of Dhar, Dewas, Mudhol, and the chiefs of Kurundwad and others showed their respect and regard by closing all offices and schools in their own States, and in addition to letters of condolence, sent their relatives, sardars and officers to Akalkot to express sympathy at the sad bereavement. Almost all the principal newspapers of the Presidency, English, Marathi and Guzerathi, have unanimously extolled the merits of the young Raje Saheb as a good, wise and promising ruler.

8. The Raje Saheb was born on 14th December 1867. Having lost his parents during his infancy, he was brought up under the care of the late Colonel Baumgartner, the then Political Superintendent in Akalkot. He received his education at the Rajaram College at Kolhapur under Mr. Candy and won golden opinions of his tutors and Principals before he left that Institution.

9. After his return to Akalkot in 1886 he was placed under my supervision and studied law with Mr. G. N. Kelkar, B. A., LL.B., who was specially appointed as tutor. After the completion of his law studies in 1887, Mr. Fleet, the then Political Agent, Sholapur, thought it advisable to allow him to manage his Khasgi Department, which he did satisfactorily and most economically till his death. In the year 1888 the Government decided to give him a hand in the Administration of the State by establishing a joint court. In the year 1891 it was found that the interests of his subjects would be quite safe in the hands of their ruler, and Mr. F. L. Charles, the then Political Agent, recommended the young Raje Saheb for full

powers with which he was accordingly invested in November 1891 under the Government of Lord Harris. By this time the principles of free trade had been so much impressed upon his mind that on attaining powers, he voluntarily allowed the abolition of octroi duties.

10. During his short reign of five years the Raje Saheb won the confidence of his people by many improvements in all departments of the State, Medical, Educational, Public Works, &c. The town of Akalkot itself was considered one of the best in point of sanitary arrangements. The dispensary was placed under the management of eminent medical graduates. A midwife was appointed for the benefit of female patients. A travelling dispensary, for rendering medical aid to people in villages, was established in December last, just a few days before the Raje Saheb's death.

He took a personal interest in education. Every facility was afforded even for the education of low caste boys, such as *Mahars* and *Chambhars*. In female education he took a special interest, and by way of encouragement, an amount of money was spent every year in distributing prizes.

In Public Works, the school-building, the library, the three markets, the new jail, the stables, the guest-house and the palace, not to speak of other works in the town of Akalkot itself, and wells, dharamshallas and many improvements of roads, &c., all over the State were completed during his reign. The late Raje Saheb had much at heart a project to supply fresh water to the people of Akalkot, and the scheme was approaching completion at the hands of the British Government, but he was not fortunate enough to see it terminated.

11. The Raje Saheb's policy of governing the State was praised by more than one Political Agent. The late Governors, Lord Reay and Lord Harris, both showed him marked attention, as has also the present Governor, Lord Sandhurst, in spite of the short time during which he had known him. The approbation of Government was shown by the visit of three days paid him in October 1894 by Lord Harris (an honor which had never been before done to any previous Raja of Akalkot) and by a prospective visit from Lord Sandhurst, which was only postponed on account of the famine.

12. The late Raje Saheb was the best that Akalkot has known since Fatterising, the first ruler, who acquired the State from Shahu Chhatrapati, the grand son of Shivaji the Great. The Raje Saheb has left a widow and three daughters the eldest of whom is $10\frac{1}{2}$ years old, the second $7\frac{1}{2}$ years and the youngest 9 months only.

13. In the person of Raja Shahaji, Akalkot has certainly sustained a terrible and irreparable loss.

14. The State was, up to 31st December 1896, under the entire management of the Raje Saheb. On his death the Political Agent, Sholapur, took charge of the State.

15. Mr. J. W. A. Weir, I.C.S., acting Political Agent, Sholapur, came down to Akalkot on the 1st January 1897. He inspected and checked the late Raje Saheb's treasury, ornaments, jewellery, &c. He found everything in order, and was much pleased with the arrangement. You also paid a visit to Akalkot on the 21st February 1897 to express the deepest feeling of sympathy with the Rani Saheb and her daughters.

Surgeon-Major J. W. Clarkson, Sanitary Commissioner to the Government of Bombay, along with Mr. J. C. Pottinger, A.M.I.C.E., Sanitary Engineer and Member of the Sanitary Board, Poona, visited Akalkot in August 1896, for testing the water of the river Bori and Kesar Nullah. Mr. Pottinger re-visited the State in December 1896 for the very purpose.

16. The late Raje Saheb made a trip to Mahableshwar in April 1896 and left it on the 27th May for Poona, where he had to make a long stay owing to the Rani Saheb's confinement. He returned to Akalkot on the 7th August 1896.

17. The late Raje Saheb visited several villages affected by famine. He paid occasional visits to the jail, dispensary and the schools at Akalkot. The offices of the State Karbhari, Sub-Judge and the Mamlatdar were also examined during the year.

18. In addition to the demise of the Raje Saheb, the domestic event in the Rajesaheb's family during the year under review was that the Ranisaheb gave birth to a daughter named Tara Raja at Poona, on the 27th June 1896.

Changes in the Administration.

19. I being appointed by the late Rajesaheb on special duty for effecting certain reforms in the Khasgi Department and for introducing certain laws, &c., into the State, Mr. D. N. Phansalkar acted for me as State Karbhari and District Magistrate from the commencement of the year till 18th May 1896, on which date he proceeded to Radhanpur, having been appointed there as Judicial Assistant on Rs. 350 a month. He was allowed to keep his lien on the substantive post of the Sub-Judge he held in this State. Mr. Hiraji Framji Pastagia, who has qualified himself for the post by passing the Higher Standard Departmental examination in the British Territory, was appointed Mamlatdar of Akalkot by the late Rajesaheb in the month of May 1896, the place being newly created owing to the Revenue work having enormously increased, and was directed to look after the duties of the State Karbhari and District Magistrate during my absence. I resumed my duties on the 5th of September 1896, and consequently Mr. Hiraji Framji reverted to his post of Mamlatdar. On the death of the Rajesaheb, the Government of Bombay was graciously pleased to appoint me as Administrator, and to invest me with the powers of Assistant Judge and Sessions Judge for the Akalkot State, pending the decision of the Government of India regarding the succession to the *Gauli*.

CHAPTER II.

ADMINISTRATION OF LAND.

20. The survey rates were revised in 1894-95 and guaranteed for 30 years. The total average increase of revised assessment is 27·9 per cent., including *Patasthal* rates. In accordance with Government Resolution No. 3541, dated 4th May 1885, concessions in the case of individual enhancements over 50 per cent. were accorded during the year under report. The amount of remission thus granted has come up to Rs. 448-4-0. The work of *Inam Wadhawa* was nearly completed and that of fixing the remuneration of the village officers according to the Revision Survey rates was over during the year under review. The total cost incurred in the year for the purpose amounted to Rs. 1,089-10-7 against Rs. 651-1-9 in the last year. The increase is due to the payment of rent to the Revenue Survey Department for the instruments lent to the State by that Department for measuring purposes, &c.

21. The revenue assessment is recovered in two instalments, *i. e.*, in February and April. The instalment of April was easily recovered. But owing to the failure of crops, especially in the southern part of the State and in *Pilho Mahal* the instalment of February has not been fully recovered. The sum of Rs. 37,241 remained as the outstanding balance of Land Revenue at the end of the year under report. The same is being recovered during the current year, but it is likely that some portion of it will be left uncollected owing to distress, and postponements will have to be granted until next year.

Land Tenures.

22. The special tenures in force in the State were the same as in the preceding year, *viz.* :—

1. Inam.
2. Makta.
3. Kowli.
4. Khalsa or Survey tenure.

Inam Settlements.

23. No case relating to Inam lands was inquired into and disposed of during the year under report. Two Inamdars died in this year, and their lands measuring acres 84-2 assessed at Rs. 101 were resumed. The first one was resumed under the orders of the late Baje Saheb, as the Inamdar had no issue, and the other one was resumed as per Collector and Political Agent Sholapur's Vernacular No. 160, dated 15th September 1885, as it was liable to be forfeited to the State after the death of the Inamdar. The area of such lands resumed last year was acres 20-20 assessed at Rs. 45.

Makta.

24. The six villages of (1) Bargaon, (2) Khairat, (3) Kumte, (4) Nimbgaon, (5) Ramtirth, and (6) Rampur, are held by Sardeshmukhs and Deshpandes, subject to a payment of annas nine in the rupee of the survey assessment, for the time being, as per Government Resolution No. 5598, dated 30th November 1878. The total assessment on these villages is Rs. 9,114-13-8, of which the State receives Rs. 5,035-2-1. Besides, the one anna cess is paid by the holders of these Makta villages on the whole assessment.

Raje Sahab's Lands.

25. The subjoined table shows the lands of the Raje Sahab. Those, that are rent-free, are managed by the Khasgi Department, and the rest by the State, the revenue of which comes to the State:—

Description of Land.	Survey Nos.	Area.		Assessment.	Rent.
		Acres.	G.	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.
I. Rent-free lands	36	2,959	14	5,138 12 0	.....
II. Land sold and leased by auction by the State	113	2,888	24	4,438 8 0	6,961 8 0

Kowls.

26. There was only one *kowl* in running during the year under report, which will expire at the close of the year 1897-98. The loss to the State on account of this *kowl* was only Re. 0-6-0 during the year under review against Rs. 0-14-0 in the last year.

Waste Lands.

27. The area of waste land, taken up for cultivation during the year under report, as contrasted with that of the previous year, is as shown in the subjoined table:—

Extent of waste cultivable area for		Taken up in		Waste remaining at the end of the year		Percentage of cultivable lands lying waste.	
1895-96.	1896-97.	1895-96.	1896-97.	1895-96.	1896-97.	1895-96.	1896-97.
Acres.	Acres.	Acres.	Acres.	Acres.	Acres.	Acres.	Acres.
595	2,404	60	72	535	2,332	0-22	0-89

28. The increase in the area lying waste during the year under report is chiefly due to the fact that land measuring 1,823 acres under forests was disforested under the orders of Government, and was handed over to the Revenue Department at the end of the year, and hence it has added to the State waste. The land

absolutely relinquished by the occupants measured acres 46 assessed at Rs. 33. The lands transferred from the Forest Department are being brought under cultivation during the year 1897-98. The assessment of land taken up for cultivation was Rs. 47-8-0, while that on the remaining waste is Rs. 1,960-8-0.

Revenue Accounts.

29. All the village accounts have been kept in Symond's forms.

30. There is only one Sub-Treasury at Pilio in charge of the Mahalkari thereof, and one Huzur Treasury at Akalkot in charge of the Mamlatdar. Except in cases of fixed salaries and allowances, no payment is made from the Huzur or Sub-Treasury without the orders of the Administrator. The accounts of the Huzur Treasury were examined and audited during the year by an officer specially appointed by the late Raje Saheb.

31. As usual the village accounts and Ryots' receipt-books were examined by the General Duty Karkoons, Mahalkari and Mamlatdar. When on tour, I also examined the Daftars, boundary marks, &c., of 49 villages and 2,757 Ryots' receipt-books.

Boundary Disputes.

32. Including the balance of 9 at the end of the last year, and the number received during the year (114), the number of boundary disputes for settlement, was 123, of which 116 were disposed of during the year, leaving a balance of 7 at the close of the year.

Wards' Estates.

33. The number of wards under the care of the State was 7, during the year under report, against 5 in the last year. One Maibai of Badole Budruk, a Brahmin girl, having attained majority during the year under review is dropped from the statement; while three more came under the charge of the State during the year and hence their names have been added to the list. The particulars of such wards are given in the subjoined table :—

No.	Name.	Age.	Place of birth.	Place of education.	Balance in the beginning of the year.	Receipts.	Disbursement.	Balance at the end of the year.		Value of moveable property in hand.	Area of land under management.
								In cash.	In Government securities.		
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
1	Sambhaji Bhosle.	19	Kurla ...	Satara	Rs. a. p. 23 11 2	Rs. a. p. 3,108 9 8	Rs. s. p. 2,983 4 3	Rs. a. p. 149 0 7	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p. 2,719 10 0	Acres. Guntas. 219 23, 1
2	Maruti ...	19	Akalkot.	Akalkot	1,105 1 8	Principal Rs. a. p. 35 15 5	157 15 0	537 0 9	500 0 0	130 2 4	20 20 1
3	Shanti ...	16				Interest 19 14 8 Horse rent 9 0 0 Advance recovered 25 0 0 Total 89 14 1					
4	Somanna ...	19	Waghdari	Waghdari	1,857 10 5	61 0 11	81 12 6	336 14 10	1,500 0 0	280 12 0	.....
5	Shiopadappa	9	Do.	Do	... ..	459 12 10	.....	459 12 10	.....	.....	.....
6	Basappa ...	6									
7	Bakhoobai ..	10	Chungi	Lives with her paternal uncle at Chungi.	... ..	144 9 9	.....	144 9 9	.....	.....	26 16

* Note I.—The increase in expenditure is due to the expenses incurred in connection with suits filed against the private persons to whom the money of the minors is lent.

† Note II.—The increase in expenditure is due to the expenses incurred in repairing the house of the minor.

34. The first minor is one of the *Bhaubands* of the Akalkot Raja's family. He attends the Satara High School and is in Standard IV. The Head Master of that School reports that his progress during the year under report was indifferent, and he was irregular in attendance, though his behaviour was good. A Karkun and the Mahalkari look after his education, household affairs and physical training.

Sambhaji holds four annas share in the gross revenue of Kurla, which is a detached village in the Satara District, and the administration of which is carried on through a Mahalkari. The minor's share is held in mortgage by the Akalkot State for the debt contracted by his father. The debt due by him at the commencement and close of the year, together with the amount paid to the State during the year is shown below :—

Debts due at the commencement of the year.			Amount paid to the State during the year.			Debts due at the close of the year.		
Principal.	Interest.	Total.	Principal.	Interest.	Total.	Principal.	Interest.	Total.
Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.
25,253-10-6	58-1-11	25,311-12-5	985-14-6	1,521-15-4	2,507-13-10	24,267-12-0	33-14-3	24,301-10-1

The instalments received from Sambhaji's estate in liquidation of the debt due by him are set off first against the interest and the remaining amount, if any after paying the interest against the principal as per Government Resolution No. 495, dated the 31st of January 1883, Political Department.

35. The minors Nos. 2 and 3 are brothers. They are *Kasars* by caste and live with their paternal uncle. Maruti has turned out a bad boy ; steps are being taken to improve him. He still attends the Vernacular School while Shanti attends the English school at Akalkot. Shanti's progress is fair.

36. Somanna, Minor No. 4, has left the School and is living with his maternal uncle at Waghdari. He is receiving training in his hereditary occupation, viz., weaving, &c., and is doing well in that line.

37. The last three minors have lately come under the charge of the State and the final arrangements as regards the management of their estate are not yet completed.

38. Due care and attention was bestowed on all the minors with respect to their education, health and general training, and their estates were managed very economically.

39. The laws in force in the State are—

Bombay Act III. of 1869—Local Fund Cess Act.

IV. of 1886.—An act to amend do.

XIX. of 1883—Land Improvement Loans Act.

XIII. of 1885—Indian Telegraph Act.

Bombay Act I. of 1876.—Amending Act VIII. of 1867—(Village Police).

Civil Regulations and Acts.

- Regulations VIII. of 1827—Relating to formal recognition of heirs, &c.
 Act XX. of 1864—Minors' Act.
 „ VII. of 1866—Liability of heirs for debts (Bombay).
 „ X. of 1866—General Clauses Act (Bombay).
 „ I. of 1868— Do. do. (Government of India).
 „ I. of 1872—Indian Evidence Act.
 „ XVIII. of 1872—Amending Indian Evidence Act.
 „ III. of 1887— Do. do. do.
 „ III. of 1891—An Act to amend Indian Evidence Act and Criminal
 Procedure Code.
 „ IX. of 1872—Indian Contract Act.
 „ IV. of 1886—Amending Indian Contract Act.
 „ VII. of 1870—Court Fees Act.
 „ X. of 1873—Judicial Oaths.
 „ IX. of 1875—Indian Majority Act.
 „ I. of 1879—The General Stamp Act.
 „ I. of 1888—Amending the General Stamp Act.
 „ X. of 1877—Civil Procedure Code as amended by Act XII. of 1879.
 „ XIV. of 1882—The Code of Civil Procedure.
 „ VIII. of 1888—Civil Procedure Amendment Act.
 „ X. of 1888—Amending Code of Civil Procedure and Presidency
 Small Cause Court Act of 1882.
 „ XV. of 1877—Limitation Act.
 „ VIII. of 1880.—Amending Limitation Act.
 „ XII. of 1879.—Amending Act only so far as it amends Limitation Act.
 „ VI. of 1892.—An Act to amend the Indian Limitation Act of 1877,
 and the Code of Civil Procedure.
 „ VI. of 1888.—Debtors' Act.
 „ I. of 1877.—Specific Relief Act.
 „ II. of 1882.—Indian Trusts Act.
 „ V. of 1882.—Indian Easements Act.

40. No new Act was introduced into the Akalkot State during the year under report. Some Acts proposed to be introduced into the State have not been sanctioned by Government, although a list for the same was submitted in March 1896.

(b) Military:

41. The total strength of the Military or rather *Shibandi* Force of the State is only 46, consisting of one Jamadar and 45 Sepoys; the former wears a sword, while the latter use the smooth bore muskets marked ¹⁸⁵⁰ Tower. They furnish guard at the Treasury, the Raje Saheb's Palace and the Jail. There are 10 Marathas and 36 Mahomedans in this force, of which 9 are able to read and write,

There is no special school for them. As they have received no regular training, all of them as a body are not efficient in drill. Besides this Military Force, there are 3 Artillery men, who serve as peons and attend to the guns on ceremonial occasions.

42. The entire cost of the maintenance of this force during the year under report was Rs. 4,458 against Rs. 4,347 in the preceding year. The increase is due to the fact that there was some addition made to the uniforms of the Infantry by the late Raje Sahib, and hence the uniforms ordered during the year under report cost more than what they did in 1895-96.

(c) *Police.*

43. The total strength of the Police Force on duty in the State was 59 (54 foot and 5 mounted men) during the year as detailed in Appendix VI. Of these, 17 are Marathas, 1 Brahmin, 6 Berads, 1 Koli, 1 Bandedhangar, and the rest are Mahomedans. Of the whole number, 19 are able to read and write and 9 are under instruction.

44. There are in all 6 outposts in the State, at each of which there is one Head Constable and 3 Constables, except at Akalkot and Pilio, where there are 6 and 4 Constables respectively.

45. The total cost of maintaining this force was Rs. 10,103-12-3 against Rs. 9,757-11-1 in the preceding year. The increase is partly due to the entertainment of extra Police Constables on account of famine, and partly to the supply of new boots, &c., to the force.

46. During the year under report 1 Police Constable was dismissed, 8 were departmentally fined, and 2 were degraded. No Police Constable was judicially punished.

47. Appendix VII. shows that out of 163 persons arrested, 146 were sent for trial and 17 were discharged without trial. Of 146 persons sent up for trial, convictions of 112 persons were secured and the rest were discharged or acquitted. The percentage convicted of accused sent for trial was 76.71 against 75.0 in the last year.

48. Appendix VIII. shows that the value of the property, alleged to have been stolen, was Rs. 2,620-5-6 against Rs. 2,581-1-6 in the preceding year. The amount of property recovered was Rs. 1,787-4-1 or 68.20 per cent. against Rs. 993-6-6 or 38.4 per cent. in the last year. The percentage of recovered property is satisfactory.

Village Police.

49. Every village in the Akalkot State has a Police Patil, and one or two *shetsanadis*. The number of the latter is 206, and is maintained at a cost of Rs. 2,172-3-0 in cash and Rs. 5,761-8-0 in land.

(d) Criminal Justice.

50. The following courts were at work during the year under report :—

1. District Magistrate, Akalkot.
2. Sub-Divisional Magistrate, Akalkot.
3. First Class Magistrate, Akalkot.
4. Second Class Magistrate, Akalkot.
5. Third Class Magistrate, Pilio.
6. Third Class Magistrate, Kurla.

51. The number of such courts last year was 5. The increase is due to the creation of the Mamlatdar's post in the State. As the Mamlatdar of Akalkot was invested by the late Rajesahab with the powers of a Sub-Divisional Magistrate, which were formerly exercised by the Sub-Judge of Akalkot, the latter was allowed to exercise the powers of a First Class Magistrate only.

52. The Sessions Court of the Political Agent, whose jurisdiction extends over offences triable exclusively by a Court of Sessions, was also at work at Sholapur. Five cases were committed to that Court for trial. Of the six accused tried by that Court, 5 were convicted and one was acquitted and discharged.

53. Appendix X. shows in detail the work done by the Magistrates. The year under report opened with a balance of 9 cases before criminal courts. The number of offences reported during the year was 280 against 308 in 1895-96. Of the total number for disposal (289), 266 were disposed of during the year, leaving 23 cases undisposed of at its close. The total number of persons brought to trial was 499 against 398 in the preceding year. Out of 499 persons minus the two remaining at the end of the last year, 146 were arrested by the Police and 351 otherwise. The two persons, remaining at the end of the last year, were arrested by the Police. Out of the total number of 499 persons dealt with by the Courts, 212 or 42·48 were convicted, 283 or 56·71 were acquitted or discharged, and 4 remained under trial at the end of the year. Of the 351 persons arrested otherwise or by Magistrates, 100 or 28·49 were convicted and 249 or 70·94 were acquitted or discharged. Of the 249 acquitted or discharged, 177 or 71·08 per cent. were acquitted under Section 345, Criminal Procedure Code.

54. The nature of crimes committed during the year is described in Appendix IX. The number of dacoities reported to have occurred in the State during the year under report was 7, of which 4 were left undetected at the close of the year and three were duly investigated. Of these, two cases were enquired into, and the accused concerned therein were acquitted and discharged by the committing Magistrate for want of proper evidence. One accused in the remaining case of the dacoity committed to the Sessions Court was convicted and sentenced to 7 years' rigorous imprisonment by that Court. All the dacoities were committed in the villages close to H. H. the Nizam's Dominions. Most

of the dacoits being the residents of that State, they have not yet been traced out. A robbery was committed in the forests of Navindgi, and that case was under police investigation at the close of the year under report. The accused concerned therein have lately been apprehended. There were two cases of rape during the year under review. One was committed at Akalkot and the other at Karajgi. In the former the accused, who was convicted and sentenced by the Political Agent, Sholapur, had appealed against that decision to the Commissioner, C. D., but the appeal was rejected, and in the latter the two accused were acquitted and discharged by the committing Magistrate for want of evidence. One case of culpable homicide not amounting to murder was alleged to have been committed at Kini-Wadi in the State, but the accused sent up for trial were acquitted and discharged for want of evidence. A Brahmin widow, having brought forth a child, threw it on a dung-hill in the village of Gholasgaon with the intention of wholly abandoning it. She was committed to the Sessions Court for trial and was sentenced to 9 months' rigorous imprisonment by the Political Agent, Sholapur.

55. The following Courts of Appeal were at work during the year under report:—

1. The late Raje Saheb's Court.
2. The Political Agent, Sholapur's Court.
3. The District Magistrate's Court.
4. The Sub-Divisional Magistrate's Court.

56. There was no appeal pending at the close of the last year. Seven appeals involving 10 persons were dealt with by the Courts during the year under review against 15 appeals, involving 18 persons in 1895-96. Out of these, 3 appeals relating to 3 persons were rejected, and in one case the sentence of one person was confirmed against 10 cases, involving 12 persons in the previous year. In one case the sentence of two persons was modified, against 3 cases, involving 3 persons in the past year. In one case the sentence of three persons was reversed against one case, involving 2 persons in the preceding year. In one case the proceedings were quashed as in the year before (*vide* Appendix **XI**).

(e) *Extradition.*

57. During the year under report four offenders were surrendered to the British Government and one to H. H. the Nizam's Government by the State. Four offenders were handed over to the State by the British authorities. Out of 17 offenders of dacoity cases demanded by the State from H. H. the Nizam's Government, only four were surrendered after a long time from the date of their requisition.

tion, and the rest were declined to be handed over. Consequently other under-trial prisoners concerned in the same case had to be detained for a considerable period, and were discharged for want of evidence, as the property in evidence handed over to the authorities of H. H. the Nizam's Dominions along with the accused was also not produced before the trying Magistrate.

(f) *Prisons.*

58. There is one Central Jail at Akalkot under the supervision of the State Medical Officer as the Jail Superintendent. The Jail Building contains 2 barracks 111 × 29 feet each, with a cook-room, has a tiled roof, and is strong, spacious and airy. It is kept perfectly clean. There is a guard of 12 Infantry at the Jail.

59. There are also two Sub-Jails, one at Pilio and the other at Kurla under the charge of the respective Mahalkaries there. Convicts, whose term of imprisonment does not exceed one month, are confined there.

60. Appendix XII shows that there were 30 prisoners remaining in the Jail at the end of the last year. The number of persons admitted in the year under review was 85 against 57 in the year before. Thus the convicts confined in the Jail were 115; of these, 98 were released during the year, leaving a number of 17 prisoners in the Jail at its close. The daily average of prisoners in the Akalkot Jail was 17·19 against 19·4 in the previous year. Although there is a rise in the number of prisoners, still many being sentenced to a very short duration, the daily average number has decreased.

61. The following statement shows the number, religion, and other details with regard to the prisoners in the Jails of the State during the year under report:—

Remaining at the close of the year 1895-96.	Imprisoned during the year.	Total.	Sex.		Religion.		Confined under one month.	Under three months.	Under six months.	Under one year.	Under three years.	Under seven years.	Under ten years.	Whipping.	How disposed of.	
			Males.	Females.	Hindus.	Musalmans.									Released during the year.	Remaining at the end of the year.
30	85	115	110	5	104	11	75	3	10	11	3	6	1	6	98	17

62. The number of prisoners confined during the year under report was in excess by 48 of the preceding year. In 102 cases the imprisonment was rigorous and in 5 it was simple. Two accused were sent to the prison for their failure in paying the fines inflicted on them. The remaining six were of a sentence of

flogging. The number of admissions of re-convicted prisoners was 12 against 11 in the previous year.

63. There were no escapes from the Jail in the year under review. The general conduct of the prisoners was satisfactory, and no prisoner was punished for breach of Jail rules.

64. The convicts were employed on public and conservancy works, &c. The proceeds of the convict labour was Rs. 324 against Rs. 311 in the year before.

65. The total cost of maintenance charges, together with that of the 8 convicts at the Andaman Settlements, amounted to Rs. 2,541-10-11 during the year under report against Rs. 2,031-8-2 in the last year. The increase is mainly due to the rise in the total number of prisoners.

66. The general health of prisoners during the year was good on the whole, there being no casualty or an outbreak of any epidemic. The sanitation of the Jail continues to be satisfactory. There were a few cases of common illness, such as fabricula, neuralgia, ague, ophthalmia, &c. The daily average of sick prisoners for the year was 0.58 against 0.94 in the previous year.

67. The Raje Sahab inspected the Jail occasionally. It was also visited by the Jail Superintendent daily and by the Sub-Divisional Magistrate, 1st Class Magistrate, and by me regularly.

Lock-ups.

68. There are two Lock-ups, one attached to the Chief Constable's office, and the other to the 2nd Class Magistrate's Court. The first is $20 \times 15\frac{1}{2}$, and the second is $21 \times 15\frac{3}{4}$ feet. The second Lock-up consists of two rooms, one for males and the other for females. Both the Lock-ups are properly secured and sufficiently, airy and spacious. The average period of detention in the Magistrate's Lock-up, was 20 days against 21 days in the preceding year. Though the average detention for the year is less than that of the last year, still it exceeds the period of previous years. The reason for the same has been accounted for in para. 57 above. The offenders to be surrendered under the Extradition Act by the State were also confined in the Magistrate's Lock-up. The number of such offenders and under-trial prisoners admitted into the Lock-up was 113 against 71. No prisoner escaped during the year under report. One offender, who escaped in 1895-96, when taken out to make water, was not re-arrested, though the Police tried their best to do so during the year under report. The Police Constable, from whose custody the said offender escaped, was dismissed and was criminally prosecuted.

(g) *Civil Justice.*

69. The following Civil Courts were at work during the year under report:—

- (1) The Appellate Court of the Raje Saheb, from 1st April to 31st December 1896.
- (2) The Appellate Court of the Political Agent, Sholapur, from 1st January to 31st March 1897.
- (3) The Sub-Judge's Court, Akalkot.
- (4) The Munsiff's Court, Pilio.
- (5) Do. Kurla.

70. The jurisdiction of the Sub-Judge, Akalkot, extends to suits of any amount, and Small Cause Court powers up to Rs. 100 are exercised by that Court. The Munsiffs of Pilio and Kurla exercise original jurisdiction ~~up~~ to Rs. 500.

71. Appendix XIII. shows the nature and valuation of original suits filed and disposed of during the year under review. The year under report opened with a balance of 32 undisposed of suits. The total number of suits instituted during the year was 414 as against 561 in the preceding year. There were thus 446 suits in all for disposal, as compared with 600 in the previous year. Of these 413 were disposed of during the year, leaving a balance of 33 suits. Of the total number (413) of suits disposed of, 45 were decided *ex-parte*, 233 admitted and compromised &c., 46 struck off the file, and 89 disposed of otherwise.

72. The decrease in the number of suits filed during the year under review was due to the advent of famine, as the creditors did not think it advisable to resort to the Law Courts.

73. The average duration of suits disposed of during the year was 1 month and 23 days, against 1 month and 25 days in the last year.

74. The aggregate value of property forming the subject-matter of the 414 suits instituted during the year was Rs. 46,148-5-1, against Rs. 46,603-8-1 of 561 suits of the last year. Of these, 71 were regarding lands, houses &c., 337 for money, and the remaining 6 regarding other rights. The value of 413 suits disposed of during the year was Rs. 30,464-6-7 against Rs. 32,827-1-7 of the 568 suits during the last year.

75. From the subjoined table giving the number and value of suits it will be observed that the number and value of suits relating to immoveable property

have respectively increased by 22 and by Rs. 14,826-5-4. The number and value of money suits have, however, decreased by 166 and Rs. 14,770-8-4 respectively as compared with the last year : —

Name of Court.	Suits for immoveable property.				Money Suits.			
	1895-96.		1896-97.		1895-96.		1896-97.	
	No.	Value.	No.	Value.	No.	Value.	No.	Value.
		Rs. a. p.		Rs. a. p.		Rs. a. p.		Rs. a. p.
Akalkot ...	45	7,191 9 3	67	21,190 1 3	459	34,047 15 3	315	22,295 5 10
Pilho ...	...	.....	2	313 5 4	29	2,778 11 4	18	535 12 2
Kurla ...	4	235 8 0	2	800 0 0	15	1,483 12 3	9	708 12 6
Total...	49	7,477 1 3	71	22,303 6 7	503	38,310 6 10	337	23,539 14 6

Execution of Decrees.

76. The results of applications for execution of decrees are shown in Appendix XIV. The opening balance of unexecuted decrees at the commencement of the year was 43 against 51 in the preceding year. The applications filed in the year were 405 against 531 in the year before. The total number of applications for execution of decrees to be dealt with by the Courts in the year under report was 453, out of which 400 were disposed of, against 534 in the previous year, leaving a balance of 53 at the close of the year. Of the 53 applications pending disposal at the close of the year, 26 were of a duration below 6 months, 16 below 12 months, and 11 above 12 months, against 31, 7 and 10 respectively in the previous year. Of the 11 applications pending disposal above one year 4 are for attachment of periodical income.

Miscellaneous Applications.

77. The number of applications for certificates of heirship received during the year by the late Raje Saheb was 3 against 10 in the last year. Of these 3 applications, one was disposed of against the applicant and the other was referred to the Sub-Judge of Akalkot for enquiry and report by the late Raje Saheb, while the remaining one was disposed of by the Political Agent, Sholapur.

78. Three appeals against the orders of the acting State Karbhari under the Watan Act were preferred to the late Raje Saheb. All of them were disposed of,—two against, and one in favour of, the applicants.

79. There were two miscellaneous applications under section 622 of the Civil Procedure Code for disposal, of which one was disposed of against, and one in favour of, applicants.

Civil Appellate Work.

80. The following table shows the work done by the Appellate Courts during the year under report :—

NAME OF COURT.	Opening Balance.	Filed during	Total.	Disposed of during	Closing Balance.	Value of Appeals filed during	How disposed of.						Average duration.					
							Decisions confirmed.	Decisions reversed.	Decisions amended.	Cases remand- ed for re-trial.	Cases com- promised and otherwise disposed of.	Years.	Months.	Days.	Years.	Months.	Days.	
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	
The Raja Sahab from 1st April to 31st December 1896 ..	1895-96	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	1896-97	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	1895-96	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	1896-97	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
The Political Agent Sholapur, from 1st January to 31st March 1897	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	1895-96	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	1896-97	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	1895-96	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
The Sub-Judge of Akalkot	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	1895-96	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	1896-97	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	1895-96	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Total ...	2	8	12	10	12	10	1,267	13	11	670	1	6	8	5	1	...	...	...

81. There was no appeal pending disposal at the close of the last year. The number of appeals filed in the year was 12, of which 6 were disposed of during the year, leaving a balance of 6 at its close with the Political Agent, Sholapur.

82. From the decisions of the Sub-Judge, Akalkot, the appeal lies to the Court of the Raje Saheb, now that of the Political Agent, Sholapur, and from the decisions of the Munsiffs of Pilio and Kurla, the first appeal lies to the Sub-Judge and the second to the Raje Saheb, and at present to the Political Agent, Sholapur.

Working of the Mamlatdar's Court Act.

83. There were three Mamlatdar's courts in the State, viz., at Akalkot, Pilio, and Kurla. The total number of plaints filed during the year was 29 against 24 in the last year. Of 29 plaints, 18 were duly inquired into and disposed of and 5 were rejected for want of appearance of plaintiffs before the Court on the day appointed. The remaining six were admitted and compromised. Out of 18 disposed of, 16 were in favour of plaintiffs and 2 in favour of defendants. The number of such plaints being yearly on the increase, it seems that the people are gradually taking advantage of the speedy and easy relief given by this Act. No complaints against the decisions of the Mamlatdars were received.

(h) Registration.

84. The Registry officers at work during the year were :—

1. District Registrar (Sub-Judge) Akalkot.
2. The Sub-Registrar, Akalkot.
3. Do. (Mahalkari), Pilio.
4. Do. (Mahalkari), Kurla.

85. The total number of documents presented for registration during the year under review was 960 against 921 in the previous year. Out of the 960 documents, 959 were registered this year, leaving a balance of one only. (*Vide* Appendix XV). The aggregate value of property affected by the deeds registered during the year was Rs. 1,52,380-7-9 against Rs. 1,57,164-1-9 in the last year.

86. The following table gives details of the receipts and expenditure on account of the registration for the years 1895-96 and 1896-97 :—

Description.	1895-96.			1896-97.		
	No. of deeds.	Value of property.	Fees realised.	No. of deeds.	Value of property.	Fees realised.
		Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.		Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.
Mortgage deeds	405	94,156 2 6	694 4 0	431	70,052 8 0	641 8 0
Sale deeds	372	49,950 6 3	441 4 0	375	48,209 2 0	437 0 0
Wills ... ..	...	.....	.....	...	.....	.....
Money bonds ... ..	...	.....	.....	...	.....	.....
Miscellaneous deeds	144	13,657 9 0	179 10 0	153	34,118 13 9	233 8 0
Fees for safe custody ... ..	...	.....	52 3 0	...	.....	24 4 0
Copying fee ... ..	...	.....	1 10 6	...	.....	2 1 6
Miscellaneous receipts ... ..	...	.....	.....	...	.....	44 0 6
Total	921	1,57,164 1 9	1,368 15 6	959	1,52,380 7 9	*1,382 6 0
Deduct Expenditure ... ..	...	.....	240 6 10	...	.....	†265 14 11
Net Profits ... ..	...	.....	1,123 8 8	...	.....	1,116 7 1

* Out of this amount, Rs. 124-6 0 being for Kurla are not included in the accounts in Appendix XVII.

† Out of this amount, Rs. 14-12-4 being for Kurla are not included in the accounts in Appendix XVII.

87. The number of mortgage and sale deeds registered during the year has increased, while the amount affected thereby decreased considerably. Both the number and value of miscellaneous deeds have increased during the year as compared with the previous year. The total number of documents registered has increased by 38, while the value affected thereby has decreased by Rs. 4,783-10-0.

88. The total expenditure during the year was Rs. 251-2-7 against Rs. 231-11-7, excluding that of Kurla. The decrease being slight, needs no remark.

(i) *Municipal Administration.*

89. There being no constituted Municipalities in this State, the sanitation of the town of Akalkot is being looked after by the conservancy establishment, the cost of maintaining which was Rs. 2,584-3-3 against Rs. 2,549-3-5. The increase being slight, calls for no remark.

CHAPTER IV.

PRODUCTION AND DISTRIBUTION.

(a) *Agriculture, Weather and Crops.*

90. The rainfall in the State was only 14.45 inches against 35.51 in the last year, the average being 32 inches. As the rain-fall was untimely and scanty in June, July and August, the *Kharif* crops almost failed. In September and October, although there was very little rain, and not enough of moisture in the ground for sowing purposes, the ryots of the northern villages and a few of the eastern and western portions of the State, without waiting for more rain, completed the sowing operations of the *Rabi* crops. The rain, which came in November, did immense good to these *Rabi* crops, and at the end they reaped a good harvest. The southern portion was not favoured with sufficient showers in November, and hence the ryots of that side did not sow seeds for want of moisture in their lands, which remained unsown till the last. If the rain in November had not at all fallen, there would have been a total failure of crops. The out-turn of *Kharif* and *Rabi* crops, during the year under report, was Re. 0-1-6 and Re. 0-6-0 respectively against Re. 0-2-0 and Re. 0-14-0 in the last year. Almost all the cultivators deepened their old wells and many sunk new ones with the aid of Takavi advances granted to them. Fodder was very dear.

Famine relief-works were opened for the distressed in southern portion of the State owing to failure of crops in that part.

Agricultural Stock.

91. The details relating to Agricultural Stock are given below:—

Agricultural Stock.										1895-96.	1896-97.
Bullocks and cows	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	50,180	38,433
Buffaloes	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	10,828	8,013
Horses and Ponies	..	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1,273	922
Asses	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	112	96
Sheep and goats	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	26,755	22,598
Ploughs	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	3,658	2,940
Carts	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	744	668

92. The statistics for the year under review show a great loss of cattle from the drought. Many animals with carts were taken to the surrounding fertile parts of H. H. the Nizam's Dominions by the agricultural class in order to feed and keep their cattle alive, with the intention of bringing them back to their home when better time comes.

(b) Wages and Labour.

93. There was a fall in the wages of labour during the year on account of famine. The average rate of unskilled labourers was 2 annas and that of skilled labourers was 6 to 10 annas a day. The rate of hire for cart was from 10 to 12 annas per day.

Price of Food-grains.

94. The average rate of principal food-grains was as under:—

Food-grains.						1895-96.	1896-97.
						lbs.	lbs.
Jowari	...	...	...	...	Per Re.	56	22·5
Rice	...	...	...	...	"	24	15
Jagree or gur	...	...	...	...	"	16	12
Gram	...	...	...	...	"	36	18
Wheat	...	...	...	...	"	32	15
Linseed	...	...	...	...	"	21	21
Karadi	...	...	...	...	"	40	33

95. Excepting linseed, there has been a considerable increase in the prices of all the food-grains. This is due to famine.

(c) Forests.

96. The forests of the Akalkot State were administered by the State Karbhari, and now Administrator, during the year under review. There are no protected forests in the State, all lands in the possession of the Forest Department having been declared as reserved forests. No addition to the forest area

was made in the year under report ; but forest land measuring acres 1,823-16, assessed at Rs. 1,589 according to Revision Survey, was disforested under Section 26 of the Forest Act at the end of the year under review, and the same is being brought under cultivation during the current year as per Political Agent Sholapur's letter No. 620, dated 24th February 1897, conveying the Government of Bombay's sanction accorded to the disforestation of the said land in their Resolution No. 1129, dated 13th February 1897, Political Department. The total area under forests was acres 29,277-38 in the year under report against acres 31,101-14 in the year before. The survey assessment on the whole land under forests at the end of the year under review was Rs. 20,201-14-11 against Rs. 21,443-14-11 in the preceding year according to the old survey rates.

97. The following table shows in detail the strength of the establishment entertained and its monthly cost :—

No.	Range.	Forester.	Forest Guards.					Total Number.	Total Cost.	REMARKS.
		Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.				
	Pay.	20	9	8	7	6				
1	Akalkot ...	1	1	2	4	3	11	91	The number of Forest servants was the same as in the year 1895-96.	
2	Pilio ...	...	...	...	2	...	2	14		
Total...		1	1	2	6	3	13	105		

98. In the subjoined table the forest receipts are detailed and contrasted with those of the preceding year :—

Receipts.	1895-96.	1896-97.	Increase.	Decrease.
	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.
<i>I.—Timber and other produce removed from the forests by Government Agency.</i>				
1. Firewood ...	146 0 0	26 12 0	.....	119 4 0
2. Other minor produce ...	15 0 0	.....	.....	15 0 0
<i>II.—Timber and other produce removed from the forests by consumers or purchasers.</i>				
1. Firewood ...	20 4 9	90 14 3	70 9 6	.....
2. Grazing and fodder grass ...	5,761 4 0	4,754 5 4	.....	1,006 14 8
3. Other minor produce ...	193 4 6	127 9 6	.....	65 11 0
<i>III.—Confiscated drift and waif wood</i>	0 15 6	2 1 0	1 1 6	.....
<i>IV.—Miscellaneous</i>	80 0 0	78 7 10	.....	1 8 2
Total...	6,216 12 9	5,080 1 11	71 11 0	1,208 5 10

99. From the above figures it will appear that the forest revenue fell from Rs. 6,216-12-9 to Rs. 5,080-1-11 during the year under report owing to famine. The full amount of auction sales in some cases not being recoverable, Rs. 1,112-8-0 remained as out-standing balance at the end of the year, and the same is being collected now.

100. The following is the statement showing the expenditure incurred during the year as compared with that of the previous year :—

Expenditure.	1895-96.	1896-97.	Increase.	Decrease.
	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.
(A) Conservancy and works	168 7 6	179 0 5	10 8 11	.....
(B) Establishments	1,730 3 0	1,741 0 1	10 13 1	.....
Total...	1,898 10 6	1,920 0 6	21 6 0	.....

101. The increases under “(A) Conservancy and Works” and “(B) Establishments” being very slight, need no remarks.

102. Three Beat Guards were departmently fined for negligence of duty during the year.

103. Owing to the scarcity of fodder in this year, the late Raje Saheb was pleased to throw open the forest area of acres 1,961 and gunthas 34 in four villages for free grazing. Besides this, under the new grazing rules, the grass of forest reserves opened to grazing was made use of free by those villages which have contributed *gairan* to forests. There are in all 48 villages in the Akalkot State in which forests exist, and of these, 5 villages, situate in the Akalkot Range, possess *gairan* lands.

104. No special establishment was entertained for the protection of forest reserves against fire; the Beat Guards have done this work in addition to their other duties. There being no grass in the forests during the last three months of the year, no fire-traces were burnt on forest boundaries. No fire took place in the forests in the year under report as in the last year.

105. The following statement shows the results of cases in which criminal prosecution was deemed necessary in the year under report as compared with those of the previous year:—

YEAR.	Cases pending for the last year.	New cases of the year.					Total cases.	Disposed of during the year.						Cases pending at the close of the year.	REMARKS.
		Injury to forests by fire.	Unauthorized felling or appropriation of wood and other minor forest produce.	Grazing without permission or in tracts in which grazing is prohibited.	Other offences.	Total new cases of the year.		Convicted.		Acquitted or discharged.		Total.			
								Cases.	Persons.	Cases.	Persons.	Cases.	Persons.		
1895-96	...	...	5	7	1	13	13	10	16	8	8	13	19	.....	
1896-97	...	...	5	...	3	8	8	6	20	2	2	8	22	.....	

106. The number of cases and persons prosecuted under the Indian Forest Act was respectively 5 and 18 against 13 and 19 in the year before. All the persons prosecuted during the year were convicted. There were three cases involving 4 persons tried under the Cattle Trespass Act. Of these, 2 were convicted and 2 were acquitted or discharged.

107. The cases compounded under Section 67 of the Forest Act were 150 during the year against 132 in the last year. The damages collected were Rs. 404-11-3 against Rs. 350-6-5 in the preceding year. Out of 150 cases, one case was regarding unauthorised felling and the rest were of illicit grazing in closed forests. The increase in the number of such cases and decrease in criminal cases are due to the leniency shown to the villagers by the Forest Department owing to the scarcity of fodder.

(d) *Trade and Manufacture.*

108. There is no record to show the values of exports and imports, as the State does not levy import or export duties. There are no factories in the State, but there are some hand-loom for making saries, &c., which are not in a thriving condition this year. All the surplus agricultural produce jowari, bajri, wheat, gram, tur, tobacco, jagree, &c., and of the manufactures, saries and dhotars with silk borders, saries and dhotars of cotton, khadies, kambliies and oil pressed from karadi, khorasani and ground-nuts, &c., as well as hides and horns are exported. In the imports are included salt, rice, sugar, fresh and dried cocoanuts, groceries, bangles, hardware, copper and brass utensils, cloths of European manufacture, kerosine oil, &c. The weavers had a bad time this year, and many had to resort to famine relief works to earn their livelihood.

(e) *Fairs.*

109. The Akalkot fair was not held during the year under review, as the whole town was in mourning for the demise of the late Raje Saheb. Religious fairs were held not as usual but on a very small scale in this year at Haidre, Burhanpur, Waghdari, Karajgi, Mangrul and Jeur.

(f) *Public Works.*

110. The following statement gives the details of the amounts expended during the year on Public and Local Fund works:—

Works.	State Funds.	Local Funds.	TOTAL.
I.— <i>Original.</i>	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.
1. Dharmshallas	...	1,989 15 10	1,989 15 10
2. Buildings	22,565 6 8	15 0 0	22,580 6 8
3. Roads	1,859 2 0	.....	1,859 2 0
4. Wells ... ..	.....	875 14 6	875 14 6
5. Miscellaneous	2,858 5 11	.....	2,858 5 11
Total original work...	27,282 14 7	2,880 14 4	30,163 12 11

Works.	State Funds.	Local Funds.	TOTAL.
	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.
II.—Repairs.			
1. Dharmshallas ... ..	.....	39 11 0	39 11 0
2. Buildings	2,088 12 2	13 0 0	2,101 12 2
3. Chowdees	126 10 0	.....	126 10 0
4. Roads	1,131 2 6	2,107 5 3	3,238 7 9
5. Road-side trees ... ..	.....	1,026 5 9	1,026 5 9
6. Wells	20 0 0	815 11 10	835 11 10
7. Miscellaneous	324 4 2	19 13 3	344 1 5
Total repairs...	3,690 12 10	4,021 15 1	7,712 11 11
III.—Proposed scheme of water-supply to the town of Akalkot			
	3,344 12 2	.....	3,344 12 2
IV.—Conservancy....			
	.....	2,584 3 3	2,584 3 3
Total...	34,318 7 7	9,487 0 8	43,805 8 3
Add Establishment charges	1,000 0 0	863 9 10	1,863 9 10
GRAND TOTAL...	35,318 7 7	10,350 10 6	45,669 2 1

111. The amount spent on original works is much larger than that of the last year, viz., Rs. 11,073. Of the sum spent on original buildings, most of the amount was expended on the works of the Palace, such as story on the North Araba (wall), new cook-room, *pharaskhana* and some additions and alterations made therein and the Huzur stables as per orders of the late Raje Saheb. The main works undertaken for the relief of the distressed were the construction of the road from Tadval Station to Karajgi, putting earthen banks in the *Sheri* lands, repairs of several roads and breaking metal for Karabgaon Road. The minor relief works, such as construction of dharmshallas, sinking of new wells and other small works, chiefly of water-supply, were also undertaken.

CHAPTER V.

REVENUE AND FINANCE.

112. The year opened with a balance of Rs. 2,31,441-5-11. The receipts were Rs. 3,°0,252-15-0 while the expenditure was Rs. 3,50,052-9-5, thereby leaving a balance of Rs. 2,11,641-11-6 (*vide* Appendix XVII). Comparing the

actuals of the year under report with those of the three previous years, the following are the results :—

STATEMENT I.

Year.	Opening balance.	Receipts.	Expenditure.	Closing balance.
	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.
1893-94	1,12,922 4 11	3,37,505 4 1	2,95,408 1 2	1,55,019 7 10
1894-95	1,55,019 7 10	3,28,251 5 10	3,02,891 14 7	1,80,378 15 1
1895-96	1,80,378 15 1	3,88,075 5 5	3,37,012 14 7	2,31,441 5 11
1896-97	2,31,441 5 11	3,30,252 15 0	3,50,052 9 5	2,11,641 11 6

113. The decrease in income, as compared with that of the last year, is due to the famine. The decrease is in the main items such as "Land Revenue," "Local Funds," "Stamps," "Forests," &c. There is an abnormal increase in expenditure during the year especially under "Private Establishment Property," "Public Works," &c. The reasons for the increases and decreases in income and expenditure have been fully given in paras. 118 and 119 below.

114. The balance of Rs. 2,11,641-11-6 at the close of the year under review consisted of Rs. 1,11,641-11-6 in cash and Rs. 1,00,000 in Promissory Notes.

115. In addition to the above, there is a balance of Rs. 1,38,833 in Promissory Notes and in cash set apart and preserved in the General Treasury to defray the marriage expenses of the late Raje Saheb's daughters. In the year under report Promissory Notes of the value of Rs. 30,000 were purchased for the above purpose.

116. Though the accounts of Local Funds have been separately kept from the last year, still they have been shown in Appendix XVII. and the Statements Nos. I., II. and III in this Chapter. The receipts and expenditure under this head are shown in the subjoined table :—

Opening balance on 1st April 1896.	Receipts in 1896-97	Total.	Expenditure in 1896-97.	Closing balance on 31st March 1897.
Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.
5,626 14 9	21,567 1 1	27,193 15 10	19,047 12 8	8,146 3 2

117. There has been a decrease in income and increase in expenditure, the details of which will be found in Appendix XVII. The reasons for the same have been given in paras. 118 (e) and 119 (e) below.

STATEMENT II.

118. Abstract Statement of Income :—

No.	Item.	1893-94.	1894-95.	1895-96.	1896-97.
		Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.
1	Land Revenue	2,06,006 14 11	2,24,515 10 8	2,41,352 3 1	2,12,646 11 3
2	Local Fund	21,033 11 8	24,094 12 7	24,479 2 2	21,567 1 1
3	Sayar	52,758 6 7	38,412 5 7	34,785 7 9	38,094 13 7
4	Judicial	1,174 7 6	972 14 7	1,174 11 4	1,309 13 6
5	Registration	1,313 3 6	1,264 8 0	1,289 6 10	1,258 0 0
6	Stamps	10,384 13 0	10,437 15 0	10,160 7 0	8,733 6 6
7	Educational	5,317 7 6	5,363 6 4	6,319 11 6	6,692 3 6
8	Jail	269 15 6	131 9 5	311 11 9	324 10 0
9	Private Establishment Property	1,897 14 7	1,689 10 4	1,299 14 1	1,576 7 11
10	Miscellaneous	21,013 13 10	9,168 0 4	16,425 0 3	5,854 7 9
11	Forests	6,027 14 9	5,759 10 8	6,216 12 9	5,080 1 11
12	Police	414 0 5	301 13 7	323 9 7	345 12 6
13	Advances, Deposits, &c.	9,889 1 11	4,706 14 7	43,799 9 6	26,769 5 6
14	Revision Survey, ...	3 6 5	1,432 2 2	137 9 10	.....
	TOTAL...	3,37,505 4 1	3,28,251 5 10	3,88,075 5 5	3,30,252 15 0

(a) The increase of Rs. 3,309-5-10 under 3 "Sayar" is due to arrears recovered on account of Abkari compensation from the British Government.

(b) The increase of Rs. 135-2-0 under (4) "Judicial" is due to the recovery of large amount of fines inflicted on persons convicted of criminal offences.

(c) The increase of Rs. 372-8-0 under (7) "Educational" is due partly to the increase in the receipt of school fee, &c., and partly to more contribution granted in proportion to the Local Fund receipts.

(d) The increase of Rs. 276-9-10 under (9) "Private Establishment Property" is due to the recovery of arrears of the last year.

(e) The decreases of large amounts under (1) "Land Revenue" and (2) "Local Funds" are due to the fact that the full amounts of these items as per jamabandi were not recovered during the year owing to famine.

(f) The decrease of Rs. 1,427-0-6 under (6) "Stamps" is due to the existing famine.

(g) The decrease of Rs. 10,570-8-6 under (10) "Miscellaneous" is partly due to the non-recovery of interest on Promissory Notes in this year, and partly to the fact that in the last year a large amount of debt with interest due by Meherban Shivaji Bhosle Kurlekar was paid off by him.

(h) The cause of decrease under (11) "Forests" has been given in para. 99 supra.

(i) The decrease under (13) "Advances, Deposits, &c.," is due to the fact that a large amount received from the Sub-Treasury of Sangola last year as Mokasbab was credited in the accounts as deposits for want of certain information as to the years to which those amounts belonged.

(j) The decrease of Rs. 137-9-10 under (14) "Revision Survey" is due to the recovery of survey charges from the holders of the Dumala villages, in the State in the last year.

(k) The increases and decreases under the remaining heads being slight need no remark.

STATEMENT III.

119. Abstract Statement of Expenditure :—

No.	Item.	1893-94.	1894-95.	1895-96.	1896-97.
		Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.
1	Expenses of the Raja, relations, dependants and private establishment ...	94,552 1 2	96,921 11 6	93,611 0 9	1,15,461 5 1
1A	Stipend of families at Poona ...	12,120 0 0	7,574 12 0	6,036 10 2	6,262 0 0
2	Religious and charitable allowances ...	2,724 0 3	4,096 1 6	3,016 2 0	2,758 6 7
3	Hereditary allowances ...	4,703 3 0	4,815 13 0	5,265 3 0	4,774 11 0
4	District Hereditary Officers ...	10,720 13 11	11,818 10 11	11,954 12 2	11,769 10 4
5	Village do. do. ...	12,220 9 5	11,963 10 8	13,082 3 7	13,049 9 9
6	Village Servants and Expenses...	2,512 2 2	2,326 7 2	2,559 15 0	2,573 10 2
7	Political Establishment...	902 15 6	291 15 1	213 7 11	242 5 6
8	Huzur (Raje Saheb's now administrator's) Office ...	2,961 4 9	2,422 5 8	3,063 6 5	2,827 10 9
9	Civil Court ...	5,726 14 9	4,499 12 9	5,365 14 4	4,530 14 8
10	Revenue Establishment...	13,548 2 5	15,632 3 3	15,749 13 11	15,911 13 2
11	Jail ...	2,411 3 11	1,846 11 2	2,031 8 2	2,541 10 11
12	Police ...	10,182 0 10	10,476 4 3	9,757 11 1	10,103 12 3
13	Shibandi ...	3,920 14 2	4,771 2 2	4,347 8 10	4,458 0 11
14	Judicial Expenses ...	632 12 11	650 3 3	1,170 8 11	833 8 6
15	Stamps ...	705 7 1	612 10 0	1,271 14 10	406 7 6
16	Commuted payment to British Government in lieu of Akalkot Contingent ...	14,592 0 0	14,592 0 0	14,592 0 0	14,592 0 0
17	Pensions ...	6,743 8 3	7,274 13 11	6,619 8 8	5,916 9 1
18	Medical ...	3,476 3 11	3,823 14 6	3,253 14 1	3,175 9 0
19	Educational ...	9,952 15 6	9,605 8 8	9,698 9 3	9,895 9 7
20	Local Funds ...	12,875 3 7	19,576 12 10	18,852 3 5	19,047 12 8
21	Public Works ...	28,828 2 2	17,637 2 7	20,445 1 11	35,700 0 7
22	Registration Accounts ...	356 13 10	245 2 10	231 11 7	251 2 7
23	Forest Accounts...	2,119 3 4	2,113 13 6	1,898 10 6	1,920 0 6
24	Miscellaneous ...	4,271 13 0	19,024 9 11	17,422 2 8	12,077 14 2
25	Advances, deposits, &c. ...	2,444 6 2	3,755 12 10	24,850 1 8	17,880 11 7
26	Revision Survey ...	9,203 1 2	4,521 12 8	651 1 9	1,089 10 7
27	Provision for the marriage expenses of the three Princesses of late the Raje Saheb ...	20,000 0 0	20,000 0 0	40,000 0 0	30,000 0 0
	Total...	2,95,408 1 2	3,02,891 14 7	3,37,012 14 7	3,50,052 9 5

(a) The increase of Rs. 21,850-4-4 under (1) "Expenses of the Raja, relations, &c.," is due to the illness of the Raja Saheb and his family, the demise of the Raja Saheb and Rani Saheb's confinement.

(b) The increase of Rs. 225-5-10 under (1A.) "Stipend of families at Poona" is due to the house-rent paid to Meherban Tulaji Raje Bhosle at Poona in addition to his fixed allowance, the State *wada* building being under repairs.

(c) The increases under (11) "Jail," (12) "Police," (13) "Shibandi" have been explained in paras. 65, 45, and 42 *supra* respectively.

(d) The increase of Rs. 197-0-4 under (19) "Educational" is due partly to the opening of a Vernacular school at Hannoor and partly to the sundry expenses such as purchasing of new furniture, &c.

(e) The large increases under (20) "Local Fund" and (21) "Public Works" have been accounted for in para. 111 above.

(f) The cause of increase of Rs. 438-8-10 under (26) "Revision Survey" has been given in para. 20 above.

(g) The decrease under (2) "Religious and charitable allowances," (3) "Hereditary allowances," and (4) "District Hereditary officers" are due to the fact that some of the recipients of the allowances have failed to be present at the State Treasury to receive their dues.

(h) The decrease of Rs. 235-11-8 under (8) "Huzur Office" is due partly to a large amount of travelling allowance paid to the establishment and partly to the purchase of stationery, forms, &c., last year.

(i) The decrease of Rs. 834-15-8 under (9) "Civil Court" is due to the appointment of the acting Sub-Judge on a reduced salary.

(j) The decrease of Rs. 337-0-5 under (14) "Judicial expenses" is due to the fact that the amount of batta paid to witnesses and of fee paid to the Public prosecutor during the year under report was not so large as in the last year.

(k) The decrease of Rs. 865-7-4 under (15) "Stamps" is due to the payment of printing charges for the adhesive and impressed stamps to Messrs. F. P. Baker and Co., London, last year.

(l) The decrease under (17) "Pensions" is due to the deaths of some of the pensioners in the year under review.

(m) The decrease of Rs. 5,344-4-6 under (24) "Miscellaneous," is due partly to the purchase of Promissory Notes of less amount and partly to the payment of Income Tax on Mokasbab being much less during the year than in the previous year.

(n) The decrease under (25) "Advances, deposits, &c.," is due to the fact that a large amount was advanced last year to the Khasgi Department. This year the amount advanced, when compared with the figures of 1893-94 and 1894-95, is

also large, and the increase is due to the food-grains purchased under the orders of the late Raje Saheb for being sold to the poor at a cheaper rate. The adjustment of the amount advanced to the Khasgi Department last year was made in the year under review.

(o) The decrease of Rs. 10,000-0-0 under (27) "Provision for the marriage expenses of the Princesses" is due to the purchase of Promissory Notes of less amount during the year than in the previous year.

(p) The increases and decreases under the remaining heads are slight, and therefore call for no remark.

Alienations.

120. There are two kinds of Inams in the State—one in cash and the other in land. The total grants under the first head amounted to Rs. 3,631. The total Inam under the second head was Rs. 31,210.

Takavi Advances.

121. The amount of Takavi advanced during the year under report was Rs. 3,335. This amount will be recovered on the instalments fixed for its recovery becoming due.

Customs.

122. The British Government pays to the Akalkot State annually Rs. 9,603-4-0 as commuted allowance in lieu of customs.

Salt.

123. No salt is allowed to be produced in the State. Government pays Rs. 142-0-10 annually as compensation for this prohibition.

Opium.

124. The opium contract is given by the State, but the opium is brought from the Government Depôts in the British Territory. One-fifth of the amount of duty leviable on any opium imported into the State is refunded by the British Government to this State. The license fee for the Sale of opium together with $\frac{1}{2}$ opium duty amounted to Rs. 1,453-12-0 against Rs. 1,636-12-9.

Abkari.

125. The Abkari revenues are under the management of the British Government, which pays Rs. 6,609-15-10 in two instalments, *i. e.*, on 10th January and 10th July of each year as per agreement approved and confirmed by Government Resolution No 4058, dated 4th July 1894.

Excise.

126. No duty is levied on tobacco for its production, importation and sale. The license fees for the exclusive sale of ganja, chandel, &c., amounted to Rs. 532-12-6 against Rs. 776-1-7 in the previous year.

Stamps.

127. The receipts creditable to this head are shown under Main Head 6 in Appendix **XVII**, and the fall in the receipts has been accounted for in para. 113 (f) *supra*.

Tolls and Transit Duties.

128. The toll-fund levied by the State is only the Road Toll Fund which realised Rs. 3,021 against Rs. 3,047 in the last year. This amount is credited to the Local Funds. Transit duties are not levied in the State.

CHAPTER VI.**VITAL STATISTICS AND MEDICAL RELIEF.**

129. There was, as in the previous year, one charitable dispensary working in the State, *viz.*, at Akalkot itself, and it was under the charge of Dr. V. N. Rege, L. M. & S.

130. The midwife and nurse, appointed in September 1893, resigned her post in the State in 1895-96, she having got a better situation at Nasik. Very few female patients availed themselves of her services while she was here, and this was due to the ignorance of people themselves who, it appears, have more faith in Native medicines and nurses than in educated midwives. Under these circumstances it was thought advisable by the late Raje Saheb of Akalkot not to fill up her place for the present. A travelling dispensary was opened by the late Raje Saheb in the year under report and an Hospital Assistant on Rs. 40 a month was appointed on it in December 1896. It is to be seen hereafter how the people appreciate the benefits of this new institution.

131. The following table shows the number of patients treated and the expenditure incurred during the year under report as compared with those of the previous two years :—

Dispensary.	No of patients treated		Results.				Expenditure.	Daily average.
	In-door	Out-door.	Discharged	Absented.	Died.	Remain- ing under treatment.		
<i>Akalkot.</i>							Rs.	
1894-95	69	12,984	9,743	3,211	1	98	3,823	112-96
1895-96	66	11,134	8,768	2,367	3	62	3,253	100-93
1896-97	58	10,191	8,609	1,599	2	39	3,175	113-88

132. The decrease in the number of patients treated during the year was due to the fact that the number of cases of most common diseases such as worms, sore eyes, &c., was smaller than that of the last year. The increase in the daily average is due to the rise in the number of patients of chronic diseases during the year over that of the last year.

133. The prevailing diseases were fevers, conjunctivitis, bronchitis, intestinal worms, skin diseases, &c. Cholera broke out in the State at the end of February 1897 and continued till the close of the year under report. The epidemic was of a virulent type. It was especially due to the intense heat and scarcity of water. However, due steps were taken for the relief of the sufferers and for keeping villages clean. Cholera made its appearance in the town of Akalkot and 14 villages of the State. The number of attacks and deaths on the whole was respectively 325 and 170. The Mamlatdar of Akalkot worked very zealously at that time to check the epidemic.

134. There were no indigenous cases of Bubonic plague in the State. But two cases of this nature occurred during the year—one at Akalkot and the other at Kurla. Both of them were imported from Bombay. Quarantine was imposed on all 2nd and 3rd class passengers coming from Dhond and stations beyond on the G. I. P. Ry. line. The number of such detentions was only 4. A special establishment was entertained for the purpose at Karabgaon Railway Station.

135. The number of *post mortem* examinations held during the year under report was the same as in the preceding year, *viz*, 3, and that of *medico-legal* cases reported upon was 17 against 10. There were 8 major and 202 minor operations performed during the year against 12 and 332 respectively in the previous year.

136. The total cost of maintaining this charitable institution was Rs. 3,175 in the year under report against Rs. 3,253 in the year before. The decrease is due to the vacancy of the place of the midwife and nurse.

Vital Statistics.

137. The number of births and deaths for the year under report, as compared with that of the previous year, is shown in the following table :—

	1895-96.	1896-97.	Increase.	Decrease.
Births	3,196	2,976	..	220
Deaths	1,421	1,775	354	...

138. Out of 2,976 children born during the year, 1,480 were males and 1,496 females. The birth-rate per *mille* of population was 39.2 against 40.4 last year.

139. The deaths from the principal diseases in the year under report and the previous year were :—

	1895-96.	1896-97.
Cholera	122	170
Fever	796	995
Small-pox	7	7
Dysentery	196	173

140. The total number of deaths registered during the year was 1,575, of which 953 were males and 822 females. The increase in the number of deaths (354) is due to the general unhealthiness of the year. The death-rate per *mille* of population was 23·4 against 17·9 in the preceding year.

141. Out of the total number of deaths, 23 were accidental deaths, of which 16 were caused by drowning, 4 from snake-bites, 1 by hanging, 1 by the fall of lightning and 1 by the collapse of a house. The number of such deaths last year was 14.

142. As in the British Territory, the duty of testing the accuracy of the birth and death registers has been assigned to the Revenue and Police officers when on tour.

Vaccination.

143. As in the last year, the Vaccination Department was in charge of the Deputy Sanitary Commissioner, Central Division. There is one Vaccinator for the State at Akalkot under the supervision of the Inspector of Sanitation and Vaccination, Sholapur, whose annual remuneration amounting to Rs. 60 is remitted into the Huzur Treasury, Sholapur, every year. The monthly pay of the Vaccinator is Rs. 14 and is paid by the State. The total cost of vaccination, which is debited to the Local Funds was Rs. 333 against Rs. 323 in the previous year. The work of vaccination in the Mahals of Pilio and Kurla is performed by the vaccinators of Malsiras in Sholapur District and of Khatao in Satara District respectively.

144. The following table shows the work of vaccination performed during the year under report as compared with that of the preceding year :—

Operation by whom performed.	No. of persons vaccinated in 1895-96.	No. of persons vaccinated in 1896-97.	Results.			
			Successful.		Unsuccessful.	
			1895-96.	1896-97.	1895-96.	1896-97.
By the Vaccinator of Akalkot	1,923	2,706	1,446	2,175	18	531
Do. do. of Malsiras in Pilio Mahal.	159	128	140	105	3	23
Do. do. of Khatao in Kurla Mahal.	82	57	77	52	1	5
Total ...	2,164	2,891	1,663	2,332	22	559

145. During the year under review the number of persons primarily vaccinated was 2,825 and of those re-vaccinated 66, against 2,125 and 39 respectively in the last year. Of the 2,825 primary cases, 1,433 were males and 1,392 females; and of the 66 re-vaccinated cases, 64 were males and 2 females. The percentage of successful cases in primary operations was 81·2 and in re-vaccination 54·5, against 77 and 74, respectively in the year before. On the whole, the work of vaccination was very satisfactory.

146. Vaccination with calf-lymph was introduced in the State during the year under report.

CHAPTER VII.

INSTRUCTION.

147. The subjoined table gives the details regarding the number and description of the Schools :—

No.	Description of Schools.	No. of Pupils on the Roll on 31st March 1896.		No. of Pupils on the Roll on 31st March 1897.		Daily Average Attendance.	
		Boys.	Girls.	Boys.	Girls.	Boys.	Girls.
1	First Grade Anglo-Vernacular School at Akalkot...	65	.....	81	.....	66·5	.....
29	Vernacular Primary Boys' Schools ...	1,629	60	1,627	73	1300·8	57·1
1	Do. Girls' School ...	.....	73	.....	79	.....	49·8
1	Do. Low-caste Boys' School ...	29	4	24	4	24	2·2
5	Primary Hindustani Schools ...	123	29	110	32	88·8	25·6
37	Total...	1,846	166	1,842	188	1480·1	134·7

148. During the year under report the number of schools was 37, while it was 36 last year. One Vernacular School was opened at Hanneor during the year under review, and hence the increase. The number of scholars on the rolls of the State Schools was 2,030 against 2,012 in the preceding year, showing a small increase of 18. The daily average attendance of boys and girls was 1480·1 and 134·7 against 1500·2 and 119·0, respectively, during the last year. The decrease in the average attendance of scholars is due to famine.

149. Of the total number of 2,030 pupils under instruction in the State, 328 were Brahmins, 1,304 other Hindus, 81 of low-caste, and 317 Mahomedans.

150. The results of the Annual Examination of the Schools are tabulated below :—

No.	Description of Schools.	Number of Scholars examined.	Number of scholars passed.					
			Standard I.	Standard II.	Standard III.	Standard IV.	Standard V.	Total.
1	English School	67	20	15	6	6	4	51
28	Marathi Boys' School	850	181	124	97	48	22	472
1	Girls' School	24	7	4	2	...	...	13
1	Low-caste Boys' School	10	6	...	...	...	...	6
5	Hindustani Schools	30	7	3	1	...	...	11
36	Total...	981	221	146	106	54	26	553

151. Out of 37 schools, 36 schools were examined. The number of scholars passed in the year under review being much larger than that of the last year shows a marked improvement. The Vernacular School at Hanoor being newly opened was not examined during the year.

152. Mr. K. R. Joglekar, Head Master, English School at Akalkot and Assistant Deputy Educational Inspector, Akalkot, inspected almost all the schools in the State, while his own school was examined by the Committee composed of the State Karbhari, Sub-Judge, Medical Officer, and Raje Saheb's Private Secretary. The results were, on the whole, satisfactory. I also examined most of the village schools when on tour in the district.

153. Scholarships have been awarded by the late Raje Saheb to the scholars in the English and Marathi Boys' and Girls' Schools at Akalkot. The total expenditure incurred on this account during the year under review amounted to Rs. 168-0-0, of which Rs. 60-0-0 are paid from the State funds, Rs. 48-0-0 from the Rani Saheb, and Rs. 60-0-0 out of my own pocket. My scholarships are given to the boys of the backward classes, who keep their number high in the class. Of the Raje Saheb's and Rani Saheb's amount, viz., Rs. 108-0-0, Rs. 36-0-0 are annually paid to those scholars of the English School who keep their ranks high in their respective classes, and the remaining amount towards the Girls' School for encouraging and popularising female education as far as possible. The Rani Saheb takes great interest in female education, and she gives scholarships worth Rs. 48-0-0 from her own pocket.

154. I have great pleasure in bringing to your notice the fact that the general progress made by the Princesses Gazra Raja and Putla Raja during the year under report under the able training of Miss Moxon, was most satisfactory,

which is highly creditable to her. They are learning English, needlework, and music, and are very intelligent and clever. A native tutor teaches them Marathi and takes much pain in their tuition. They are in the 5th and 3rd standards, respectively, and both of them passed their annual examination with credit.

155. The total fee receipts during the year amounted to Rs. 1,083-0-0 against Rs. 1,041-0-0 of the last year. The total cost of education was Rs. 9,895 against Rs. 9,698 in the previous year. Of the sum spent on education, Rs. 5,500 were defrayed from Local Funds.

CHAPTER VIII.

MISCELLANEOUS.

Destruction of wild Animals and venomous Snakes.

156. Rules regarding destruction of wild animals and venomous snakes are in force in the State. During the year under report a small leopard was killed in the Raje Saheb's *sheri* land at Sangwi by one Tamanna Adweppa, a Police Constable in the State, who was granted a silver bangle worth Rs. 10 as a reward under the late Raje Saheb's orders. No other wild beasts or venomous snakes were destroyed and presented for rewards during the year.

Post and Telegraph Offices.

157. There is one combined Sub-Post and 3rd class Telegraph Office at Akalkot and four branch Post Offices at Waghdari, Karajgi, Pilio and Kurla. All these offices are managed and maintained by the British Government.

Records.

158. The general records of the State are preserved under the supervision of the Mamlatdar of Akalkot. The rules for the systematic classification and preservation of useful records as well as for the periodical destruction of useless papers have been observed. The general State records were sorted and arranged till the year 1895-96 during the year under report. The village record also was sorted and arranged up to the year 1895-96.

Printing Press and Library.

159. There is only one Lithographic Press in the State managed by one Revanshidappa bin Ramlingappa Antad. A weekly paper called *Veer Shivmat Prakash* is printed in the Press. The publication of this newspaper is very irregular and its circulation is very poor.

160. There is one Library at Akalkot called "Shahaji Library." It is located in a fine and suitable building. Its condition is fair.

Taxes and Trade.

161. The only tax that is levied by the State is the License Tax (*vide* Government Resolutin No. 4107, dated 19th July 1886). The minimum taxable limit is Rs. 500 as in the British Territory. The income from this tax was Rs. 1,612 against Rs. 4,548. The outstanding balance of License Tax at the end of the year was Rs. 1,989, which is being collected this year.

162. There is one Municipal Toll Naka at Akalkot, which realised Rs. 653 against Rs. 800. With the abolition of export and import duties the trade has been showing signs of prosperity year after year.

Concluding Remarks.

163. On the whole, the year under report was not a good one. The calamity that befell the State was the sudden and untimely demise of the Raje Saheb, who was very popular and kind-hearted, and his good name is not likely to be forgotten by his subjects for ages. The health of the Rani Saheb and her daughter was not also good owing to the sudden shock of the death of the Raje Saheb. The year was also visited by famine. The rainfall was quite insufficient, and hence the crops in most of the villages failed, consequently there was a fall in the receipts and the financial condition of the State was pretty fair. Criminal and civil justice was administered with due promptness. The Police have improved. The crimes on the whole have decreased, although the number of dacoities was unusually large owing to famine. Mr. Phansalkar, who acted as Karbhari for nearly 2 months, the Mamlatdar, Sub-Judge, Medical Officer, the Assistant Deputy Educational Inspector, &c., did their work satisfactorily.

I have the honor to be,

Sir,

Your most obedient Servant,

VITHAL TIKAJI,

Administrator,

Akalkot State.

APPENDIX I.

POLITICAL RELATIONS OF NATIVE STATES.

Name of State.	Tribute in men or money.		Estimated population.	Schools.	Persons being taught.	Persons who have been vaccinated.	Prevailing diseases.	Supposed gross revenue.	Military Force.	Transit dues levied or not.	Principal articles of production, manufacture and mines.
	Amount.	To whom payable.									
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
Akalkot.	Rs. 14,592 (commuted payment in lieu of Contingent of Horse).	British Government.	75,774 (as per census of 1891).	1 First Grade Anglo-Vernacular School. 29 Vernacular Primary Boys' Schools. 1 Vernacular Primary Girls' School. 1 Vernacular Primary School for low-caste boys. 5 Primary Hindustani Schools. 28	Boys 1,842 Girls 188 Total 2,030	2,891	(1) Fevers. (2) Conjunctivitis. (3) Bronchitis. (4) Intestinal worms. (5) Skin diseases.	Rs. 3,08,483-9-6.	Jamadar 1 Havaldars 2 Naiks 2 Sepoys 41 Total 46 Artillery men 3 Grand Total 49	Transit duties have been abolished (<i>vide</i> G. R. No. 4107, dated 19th July 1886.)	Agriculture being the sole occupation and sugar-cane are the principal products. Saddies, coarse or common shelas, chohies and common turbans are the manufactures. There are no mines.

VITHAL TIKAJI,

Administrator, Akalkot State.

Akalkot, 23rd June 1897.

APPENDIX II.

POLITICAL RELATIONS.

Native Chiefs, Principal Male Members of their Families and Principal Members of their Courts.

No.	Name of individual, State and family to which he belongs.	Residence.	Present position.	Caste, race and religion.	Age.	How and where educated.	How employed.	Has sanad authorizing adoption or not.	Family follows primogeniture or not.	Has male heirs or not.	Remarks.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
1	Shahaji Maloji alias Baba Saheb Raje Bhosle Akalkot.	Akalkot.	Was the ruling Raja of the State	Maratha, Hindu	Y. M. 29 1 till 31st December 1896.	In the Rajkumar School at Kolhapur.	Administered the affairs of the State till the end of the year 1896.	Has a sanad authorizing adoption.	Follows primogeniture.	Not.	Died on 31st December 1896. Has three daughters — 1st aged 10 years and 5 months, 2nd aged 7 years, 4 months and 17 days; and the 3rd aged 9 months and 4 days on the 31st March 1897.
2	Tulaji Fattasing alias Raje Saheb Bhosle.	Poona	Resides at Poona with his family on a monthly allowance of Rs. 500.	Do.	Y. M. 45 0	Privately, and at Poona High School.	Loks after his own affairs.	.....	Do.	Do.	

VITHAL TIKAJI,

Administrator, Akalkot State.

Akalkot, 23rd June 1897.

APPENDIX III.

Civil Divisions of Territory under Political control, 1896-97.

Division.	Executive District.	Number of Executive Sub-Divisions.	Area in square miles.	Population	Head-Quarter Town.	Chief Town, with population.	Number of Villages.	Number of Civil Judges.	Number of Stipendiary Magistrates.	Maximum distance in miles of villages from nearest Court.	Average distance in miles of villages from nearest Court.	Number of Police.	Total Cost of Officials and Police of all kinds.	Land.	Gross.	REMARKS
Central Division.	Akalkot.	1. Akalkot. 2. Pitho. 3. Kuria.	498	75,774 as per general census of 1891.	Akalkot.	6,551	108	3	6	23 miles.	10 miles.	59	Rs. 55,882-15-5	Rs. 2,12,646-11-3	Rs. 3,03,483-9-6	

VITHAL TIKAJI,

Administrator, Akalkot State.

Akalkot, 23rd June 1897.

APPENDIX IV:

POPULATION OF NATIVE STATES, AKALKOT STATE, 1896-97.

Central Division.	Akalkot State including detached Mahals of Pitho and Kuria.	11,002	24,105	23,215	14,510	13,944	75,774	152	1		1	65,034	10,230		508			24,401	14,214	Marathi and Canarese.	None.	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22		
																						Commissionership.	District.	Inhabited houses.	Men.	Women.	Children under 15 years.	Male.	Female.	Total.	Number per square mile.	Europeans.	East Indian and other mixed races.	Natives.	Hindus.	Mahomedans.	Parsis.	Buddhists and Jains.	Aboriginals.	Others.	Total male agriculturists including landlords, cultivators and agricultural labourers.	Total non-agricultural males.	Occupation.	Prevailing languages.	Emigration or immigration during the year.

VITHAL TIKAJI,
Administrator, Akalkot State.

Akalkot, 23rd June 1897.

APPENDIX V.

Statement showing the Strength, Cost, and other Particulars of the Military Force in the Akalkot State, 1896-97.

Arm of Service.	Total number of Fighting Officers and Men.								Details of Force at the end of the year.						REMARKS.		
	Remaining at the end of the last year.	Recruited this year (a).	Died.			Invalided.	Discharged, deserted, &c. (b).	Remaining at the end of the year.	Number of Regt-ments, Battalions or Batteries.	Number of Guns.	Number of Men.					Fighting Men.	Total Cost of Pay and Allowances of Officers Non-Commissioned Officers and Men, including Followers.
			In action.	Otherwise.	Total.						European Com-missioned Officers	Native Commis-sioned Officers.	Non-Com mis-sioned Officers.				
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	
Cavalry	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Rs. a. p.	• Details of Infantry Force— 1 Jamadar. 2 Havaldars. 2 Naiks. 41 Sepoys. — 46 —	
Sappers	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	† Details of Guns (52)— 45 smooth-bore muskets. 3 small cannons fit for use. 4 small cannons not fit for use. — 52 —	
Artillery	3	...	...	...	...	...	...	3	...	7	...	...	...	3	Establishment— Rs. 3,665-15-11. Extra expenditure —Rs. 792-1-0.		
Infantry	46	...	...	...	...	...	...	*46	...	45	...	...	...	*46	...		
Total...	49	...	...	...	...	...	...	49	...	52	...	...	...	49	4,458 0 11		

AKALKOT, 23rd June 1897. VITHAL TIKAJI, Administrator, Akalkot State.

APPENDIX VI.

Statement showing the Strength, Cost, Discipline, and Education of the Police, 1896-97.

Description of Office.	Number.	Pay of the grade.	Total expenditure.	PUNISHMENTS.			REMARKS.		EDUCATION.		REMARKS.
				Dismissed.	Fined, degraded or suspended departmentally.	Judicially punished.	By promotion.	By money rewards.	Number able to read and write.	Number under instruction.	
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
Chief Police Officer ...	...	....	Establishment ... Rs. 9,206 3 2 Extra Expenditure ... Rs. 464 15 1 Police Fund Account ... Rs. 432 10 0 Total...Rs. 10,103 12 3	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	
Inspector of Police ...	...	....		....	....	....	....	....	....	....	
Chief Constable, 3rd Class...	1	65		....	....	....	....	....	1	....	
Head Constable, 1st Class...	1	30		....	....	....	....	....	1	....	
Do. 2nd Class...	1	20		....	....	....	....	....	....	....	
Do. 3rd Class...	2	15		....	1	....	....	....	2	....	
Do. 4th Class...	5	12		....	1	....	....	....	2	1	
Constable, 1st Class ...	11	10		1	2	....	....	....	4	1	
Do. 2nd Class ...	15	9		....	....	....	....	....	2	1	
Do. 3rd Class ...	10	8		....	2	....	....	....	2	3	
Do. 4th Class ...	8	7		....	3	....	....	....	3	3	
Mounted Police.											
Dafedar ...	1	30		....	....	....	....	....	1	....	
Sowars ...	4	25		....	1	....	....	....	1	....	
Total.....	59	....		1	10	....	....	....	19	9	

VITHAL TIKAJI,

Administrater, Akalkot State.

Akalkot, 23rd June 1897.

APPENDIX VII.

STATEMENT showing the Results of the Working of the Police in the Akalkot State during the Year ending with 31st March 1897.

Name of State	Number of Offences.		Number of accused arrested.		Number of accused sent for trial.		Number of accused convicted.		Number of accused acquitted or discharged.		Percentage convicted of accused (Cols. 4 & 5.)		Percentage convicted of accused sent for trial.		REMARKS.	4 5
	1896-97.	1896-97.	1896-97.	1896-97.	1896-97.	1896-97.	1896-97.	1896-97.	1896-97.	1896-97.	1896-97.	1896-97.	1896-97.			
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	
Akalkot ...	74	90	85	135	67	138	51	107	32	48	60.0	69.03	76.1	77.53	Of the 163 accused arrested (column 5):—	
Pilho ..	6	9	...	6	...	6	...	4	...	2	...	66.6	...	66.6	112 were convicted (column 9).	
Kurla ...	1	2	1	2	1	2	...	1	1	1	...	50.0	...	50.0	51 were acquitted or discharged (column 11)—	
Total ...	81	101	86	163	68	146	51	112	33	51	59.3	68.7	75.0	76.71	34 brought to trial. 17 not brought to trial. — 163 51	

Akalkot, 23rd June 1897.

VITHAL TIKAJI,
Administrator, Akalkot State.

APPENDIX VIII.

STATEMENT showing the Value of Property stolen and amount of Recoveries in the Akalkot State during the Year ending with 31st March 1897.

STATE.	Amount stolen.		Amount recovered.		Percentage of recoveries of property stolen.		REMARKS.
	1895-96.	1896-97.	1895-96.	1896-97.	1895-96.	1896-97.	
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8
	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.			
Akalkot	1,534 10 6	2,535 7 0	986 6 6	1,745 5 7	64.28	68.93	
Pilto	1,010 0 0	76 2 6	7 0 0	33 2 6	0.69	43.42	
Kurla	36 7 0	8 12 0	.....	8 12 0	.....	100.0	
Total...	2,581 1 6	2,620 5 6	993 6 6	1,787 4 1	38.4	68.20	

Akalkot, 23rd June 1897.

VITHAL TIKAJI,
Administrator,
Akalkot State.

APPENDIX IX.

STATEMENT showing the Number of Crimes committed, Number of Cases disposed of, and Cases awaiting Trial in the Akalkot State, during the Year ending with 31st March 1897.

No.	Description of Crime or Offence.	Number of Crimes.		Number of Persons sentenced to										Terms of Imprisonment.							REMARKS.									
		Balance on 1st April 1896.	Committed during the Year 1896-97.	Total.		Number of Cases disposed of during the Year 1896-97.		Number of Persons convicted.		Imprisonment.		Fine only.		Whipping.		Total.		Number of Persons acquitted or discharged.	Number of Persons confined being insane.	Number of Persons died during or before Trial.		Under 1 month.	From 1 to 2 months.	From 2 to 3 months.	From 3 to 6 months.	From 6 to 12 months.	From 1 to 2 years.	From 2 to 3 years.	From 3 to 5 years.	Above 5 years.
				Simple.	Rigorous.	Simple.	Rigorous.	Imprisonment and Fine.	Simple.	Rigorous.	Whipping.	Total.																		
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28	29		
1	Offences against the Public Tran- quility—Chapter VIII. ...	...	6	6	5	1	48	38	...	24	...	14	...	...	38	10	...	...	38	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	One remained under trial before the Magistrate, First Class, Akalkot, at the end of the year.	
2	Offences by or relating to Public Servants—Chapter IX. ...	...	2	2	1	1	2	1	...	...	...	1	...	...	1	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
3	Contempts of the lawful authority of Public Servants—Chapter X. ...	...	2	2	1	1	3	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	2	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
4	False evidence and offences against Public Justice—Chapter XI. ...	...	1	1	1	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
5	Offences affecting the human body —Chapter XVI.— (1) Culpable homicide not amount- ing to murder ... (2) Attempt to commit suicide ... (3) Exposure of a child under 12 years of age by parent with in- tention of wholly abandoning it.	...	1	1	1	...	2	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	

APPENDIX X.

STATEMENT showing the number of offences reported and offences dealt with in the Akalkot State during the year ending with 31st March 1897.

Name of Court.	Number of offences re-ported during the year.		Number of persons dealt with.										Persons disposed of.					REMARKS.
	1895-96.	1896-97.	Remaining at the end of the last year.	Brought to trial in 1896-97.						Total.		Discharged with- out trial.	Acquitted.	Convicted.	Committed or re-ferred.	Died, escaped or transferred.	Persons remaining at the end of the year.	
				Arrested by Police.	Upon War-rant.	On Sum-mons.	Voluntarily.	Arrested in the presence of the Magis-trate.	1895-96.	1896-97.								
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	
Political Agent ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	6	6	...	1	5	...	...	...		
District Magistrate ...	37	8	...	6	1	1	...	...	11	8	4	3	5	...	...	...		
Sub-Divisional Magistrate ...	63	38	2	65	...	7	...	...	85	74	13	14	57	2	...	1		
1st-Class Magistrate, Akalkot ...	...	28	...	25	13	6	...	3	...	47	...	36	4	4	...	3		
2nd do. do. ...	188	178	...	43	2	250	...	33	261	328	...	206	122	...	...	...		
3rd do. do. Pilio ...	13	20	...	5	1	15	...	11	28	32	...	17	15	...	...	...		
Do. do. Kuria ...	7	8	...	2	...	8	...	...	13	10	...	6	4	...	...	...		
Total ...	308	280	2	146	17	287	...	47	398	499	17	282	207	6	...	4		
GRAND TOTAL ...	308	280	2	146	17	287	...	47	404	505	17	283	212	6	...	4		

Akalkot, 23rd June 1897.

VITHAL TIKAJI,

Administrator, Akalkot State..

APPENDIX XI.

STATEMENT showing the results of appeals against decisions passed by the Criminal Courts in the Akalkot State during the year ending with 31st March 1897.

Tribunals.	No. of applica- tions.	Number of persons and cases.																						
		Applications rejected.				Sentences.				Proceedings quashed.				Referred.				Further inquiry, &c., ordered.				Pending.		
		Persons.		Cases.		Confirmed.		Modified.		Reversed.		Persons.		Cases.		Persons.		Cases.		Persons.		Cases.		
State.	1896-96.	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	1896-97.	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
	1895-96.	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
	1896-97.	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
	1895-96.	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
	1896-97.	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
	1895-96.	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
	1896-97.	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
	1895-96.	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
	1896-97.	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
Akalkot.	1896-96.	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	1896-97.	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
	1895-96.	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
	1896-97.	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
	1895-96.	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
	1896-97.	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
	1895-96.	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
	1896-97.	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
	1895-96.	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
	1896-97.	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
Total		15	7	3	3	10	1	3	3	1	2	3	3	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	

VITHAL TIKAJI,

Administrator, Akalkot State.

Akalkot, 23rd June 1897.

APPENDIX XII.
STATEMENT showing the number of Persons convicted or confined in the Jail in the Akalkot State during the year ending with 31st March 1897.

Stations.	Number of prisoners.	Number of prisoners.				Daily average in jail.		Number of prisoners remaining at the end of the year.	Total cost of jail and prisoners.	Remarks showing mortality among convicts in the jail.
		Remaining from last year.	Admitted during the year.	1895-96.	Total. 1896-97.	1895-96.	1896-97.			
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11
Akalkot ...	109	30	79	64	109	19.4	17.19	16	Rs. a. p. 2,541 10 11 The general health of the prisoners was good. There was no casualty.	
Pilho ...	2	.....	2	.....	2	.....	0.04	.....		
Kurla ...	4	.....	4	3	4	0.19	0.42	1		
Total...	115	30	85	67	115	.....	.....	17		

VITHAL TIKAJI,
Administrator,
Akalkot State.

Akalkot, 23rd June 1897.

APPENDIX XIII.

Civil Work.—Nature and Value of Original Suits filed and disposed of during the year 1896-97.

Number.	TRIBUNAL.	Suits filed in 1896-97.						Suits disposed of in 1896-97.										REMARKS.																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																
		Opening Balance.			Filed during the year.			Closing Balance.			Value.			Nature of Suits.					Valuation of Suits.					How disposed of.					Value.	Years.	Months.	Days.																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																		
		1895-96.	1896-97.	1895-96.	1896-97.	1895-96.	1896-97.	Total.	1895-96.	1896-97.	1895-96.	1896-97.	1895-96.	1896-97.	1895-96.	1896-97.	1895-96.		1896-97.	1895-96.	1896-97.	1895-96.	1896-97.	1895-96.	1896-97.	1895-96.	1896-97.	1895-96.					1896-97.	1895-96.	1896-97.	1895-96.	1896-97.	1895-96.	1896-97.	1895-96.	1896-97.	1895-96.	1896-97.	1895-96.	1896-97.	1895-96.	1896-97.	1895-96.	1896-97.	1895-96.	1896-97.	1895-96.	1896-97.	1895-96.	1896-97.	1895-96.	1896-97.	1895-96.	1896-97.	1895-96.	1896-97.	1895-96.	1896-97.	1895-96.	1896-97.	1895-96.	1896-97.	1895-96.	1896-97.	1895-96.	1896-97.	1895-96.	1896-97.	1895-96.	1896-97.	1895-96.	1896-97.	1895-96.	1896-97.	1895-96.	1896-97.	1895-96.	1896-97.	1895-96.	1896-97.	1895-96.	1896-97.	1895-96.	1896-97.	1895-96.	1896-97.	1895-96.	1896-97.	1895-96.	1896-97.	1895-96.	1896-97.	1895-96.	1896-97.	1895-96.	1896-97.	1895-96.	1896-97.	1895-96.	1896-97.	1895-96.	1896-97.	1895-96.	1896-97.	1895-96.	1896-97.	1895-96.	1896-97.	1895-96.	1896-97.	1895-96.	1896-97.	1895-96.	1896-97.	1895-96.	1896-97.	1895-96.	1896-97.	1895-96.	1896-97.	1895-96.	1896-97.	1895-96.	1896-97.	1895-96.	1896-97.	1895-96.	1896-97.	1895-96.	1896-97.	1895-96.	1896-97.	1895-96.	1896-97.	1895-96.	1896-97.	1895-96.	1896-97.	1895-96.	1896-97.	1895-96.	1896-97.	1895-96.	1896-97.	1895-96.	1896-97.	1895-96.	1896-97.	1895-96.	1896-97.	1895-96.	1896-97.	1895-96.	1896-97.	1895-96.	1896-97.	1895-96.	1896-97.	1895-96.	1896-97.	1895-96.	1896-97.	1895-96.	1896-97.	1895-96.	1896-97.	1895-96.	1896-97.	1895-96.	1896-97.	1895-96.	1896-97.	1895-96.	1896-97.	1895-96.	1896-97.	1895-96.	1896-97.	1895-96.	1896-97.	1895-96.	1896-97.	1895-96.	1896-97.	1895-96.	1896-97.	1895-96.	1896-97.	1895-96.	1896-97.	1895-96.	1896-97.	1895-96.	1896-97.	1895-96.	1896-97.	1895-96.	1896-97.	1895-96.	1896-97.	1895-96.	1896-97.	1895-96.	1896-97.	1895-96.	1896-97.	1895-96.	1896-97.	1895-96.	1896-97.	1895-96.	1896-97.	1895-96.	1896-97.	1895-96.	1896-97.	1895-96.	1896-97.	1895-96.	1896-97.	1895-96.	1896-97.	1895-96.	1896-97.	1895-96.	1896-97.	1895-96.	1896-97.	1895-96.	1896-97.	1895-96.	1896-97.	1895-96.	1896-97.	1895-96.	1896-97.	1895-96.	1896-97.	1895-96.	1896-97.	1895-96.	1896-97.	1895-96.	1896-97.	1895-96.	1896-97.	1895-96.	1896-97.	1895-96.	1896-97.	1895-96.	1896-97.	1895-96.	1896-97.	1895-96.	1896-97.	1895-96.	1896-97.	1895-96.	1896-97.	1895-96.	1896-97.	1895-96.	1896-97.	1895-96.	1896-97.	1895-96.	1896-97.	1895-96.	1896-97.	1895-96.	1896-97.	1895-96.	1896-97.	1895-96.	1896-97.	1895-96.	1896-97.	1895-96.	1896-97.	1895-96.	1896-97.	1895-96.	1896-97.	1895-96.	1896-97.	1895-96.	1896-97.	1895-96.	1896-97.	1895-96.	1896-97.	1895-96.	1896-97.	1895-96.	1896-97.	1895-96.	1896-97.	1895-96.	1896-97.	1895-96.	1896-97.	1895-96.	1896-97.	1895-96.	1896-97.	1895-96.	1896-97.	1895-96.	1896-97.	1895-96.	1896-97.	1895-96.	1896-97.	1895-96.	1896-97.	1895-96.	1896-97.	1895-96.	1896-97.	1895-96.	1896-97.	1895-96.	1896-97.	1895-96.	1896-97.	1895-96.	1896-97.	1895-96.	1896-97.	1895-96.	1896-97.	1895-96.	1896-97.	1895-96.	1896-97.	1895-96.	1896-97.	1895-96.	1896-97.	1895-96.	1896-97.	1895-96.	1896-97.	1895-96.	1896-97.	1895-96.	1896-97.	1895-96.	1896-97.	1895-96.	1896-97.	1895-96.	1896-97.	1895-96.	1896-97.	1895-96.	1896-97.	1895-96.	1896-97.	1895-96.	1896-97.	1895-96.	1896-97.	1895-96.	1896-97.	1895-96.	1896-97.	1895-96.	1896-97.	1895-96.	1896-97.	1895-96.	1896-97.	1895-96.	1896-97.	1895-96.	1896-97.	1895-96.	1896-97.	1895-96.	1896-97.	1895-96.	1896-97.	1895-96.	1896-97.	1895-96.	1896-97.	1895-96.	1896-97.	1895-96.	1896-97.	1895-96.	1896-97.	1895-96.	1896-97.	1895-96.	1896-97.	1895-96.	1896-97.	1895-96.	1896-97.	1895-96.	1896-97.	1895-96.	1896-97.	1895-96.	1896-97.	1895-96.	1896-97.	1895-96.	1896-97.	1895-96.	1896-97.	1895-96.	1896-97.	1895-96.	1896-97.	1895-96.	1896-97.	1895-96.	1896-97.	1895-96.	1896-97.	1895-96.	1896-97.	1895-96.	1896-97.	1895-96.	1896-97.	1895-96.	1896-97.	1895-96.	1896-97.	1895-96.	1896-97.	1895-96.	1896-97.	1895-96.	1896-97.	1895-96.	1896-97.	1895-96.	1896-97.	1895-96.	1896-97.	1895-96.	1896-97.	1895-96.	1896-97.	1895-96.	1896-97.	1895-96.	1896-97.	1895-96.	1896-97.	1895-96.	1896-97.	1895-96.	1896-97.	1895-96.	1896-97.	1895-96.	1896-97.	1895-96.	1896-97.	1895-96.	1896-97.	1895-96.	1896-97.	1895-96.	1896-97.	1895-96.	1896-97.	1895-96.	1896-97.	1895-96.	1896-97.	1895-96.	1896-97.	1895-96.	1896-97.	1895-96.	1896-97.	1895-96.	1896-97.	1895-96.	1896-97.	1895-96.	1896-97.	1895-96.	1896-97.	1895-96.	1896-97.	1895-96.	1896-97.	1895-96.	1896-97.	1895-96.	1896-97.	1895-96.	1896-97.	1895-96.	1896-97.	1895-96.	1896-97.	1895-96.	1896-97.	1895-96.	1896-97.	1895-96.	1896-97.	1895-96.	1896-97.	1895-96.	1896-97.	1895-96.	1896-97.	1895-96.	1896-97.	1895-96.	1896-97.	1895-96.	1896-97.	1895-96.	1896-97.	1895-96.	1896-97.	1895-96.	1896-97.	1895-96.	1896-97.	1895-96.	1896-97.	1895-96.	1896-97.	1895-96.	1896-97.	1895-96.	1896-97.	1895-96.	1896-97.	1895-96.	1896-97.	1895-96.	1896-97.	1895-96.	1896-97.	1895-96.	1896-97.	1895-96.	1896-97.	1895-96.	1896-97.	1895-96.	1896-97.	1895-96.	1896-97.	1895-96.	1896-97.	1895-96.	1896-97.	1895-96.	1896-97.	1895-96.	1896-97.	1895-96.	1896-97.	1895-96.	1896-97.	1895-96.	1896-97.	1895-96.	1896-97.	1895-96.	1896-97.	1895-96.	1896-97.	1895-96.	1896-97.	1895-96.	1896-97.	1895-96.	1896-97.	1895-96.	1896-97.	1895-96.	1896-97.	1895-96.	1896-97.	1895-96.	1896-97.	1895-96.	1896-97.	1895-96.	1896-97.	1895-96.	1896-97.	1895-96.	1896-97.	1895-96.	1896-97.	1895-96.	1896-97.	1895-96.	1896-97.	1895-96.	1896-97.	1895-96.	1896-97.	1895-96.	1896-97.	1895-96.	1896-97.	1895-96.	1896-97.	1895-96.	1896-97.	1895-96.	1896-97.	1895-96.	1896-97.	1895-96.	1896-97.	1895-96.	1896-97.	1895-96.	1896-97.	1895-96.	1896-97.	1895-96.	1896-97.	1895-96.	1896-97.	1895-96.	1896-97.	1895-96.	1896-97.	1895-96.	1896-97.	1895-96.	1896-97.	1895-96.	1896-97.	1895-96.	1896-97.	1895-96.	1896-97.	1895-96.	1896-97.	1895-96.	1896-97.	1895-96.	1896-97.	1895-96.	1896-97.	1895-96.	1896-97.	1895-96.	1896-97.	1895-96.	1896-97.	1895-96.	1896-97.	1895-96.	1896-97.	1895-96.	1896-97.	1895-96.	1896-97.	1895-96.	1896-97.	1895-96.	1896-97.	1895-96.	1896-97.	1895-96.	1896-97.	1895-96.	1896-97.	1895-96.	1896-97.	1895-96.	1896-97.	1895-96.

APPENDIX XIV.

Civil Work.—Results of Applications for Execution of Decrees during the Year 1896-97.

Number.	TRIBUNAL.	Opening Balance.		Value of Opening Balance for 1896-97.	Applications brought to the Register.				Total.		Disposed of.		Closing Balance.		Nature of applications pending disposal at the close of 1896-97.															
		1895-96.	1896-97.		1895-96.	Value for 1896-97.	1896-97.	Value for 1896-97.	1895-96.	Value for 1896-97.	1895-96.	Value for 1896-97.	Below 3 months.	Below 12 months.	Above 12 months.															
1	Akalkot	...	49	39	6,372	8	6	502	386	32,028	11	3	551	425	38,401	3	9	512	376	31,098	12	4	39	49	7,802	7	5	22	16	11
2	Pilko...	...	2	5	701	1	11	15	5	534	15	7	17	10	1,236	1	6	12	10	1,236	1	6	5	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
3	Kurla	...	...	4	502	5	2	14	14	793	13	3	14	18	1,296	2	5	10	14	916	12	2	4	4	379	6	3	4	...	...
Total...		51	48	7,575	15	7	531	405	33,357	8	1	582	453	40,933	7	8	534	400	33,251	10	0	48	53	7,681	13	8	26	16	11	

VITHAL TIKAJI,
Administrator, Akalkot State.

Akalkot, 23rd June 1897.

APPENDIX XV.
Registration of Documents, 1896-97.

Number.	Sub-Registry Office.	Documents presented for Registration.	Nature of Documents presented.								Documents Registered.		Value of Documents registered.		Documents refused to be registered.		Documents remaining unregistered, pending inquiry at the close of the year.											
			Mortgages			Sale Deeds.		Wills.		Money Bonds.		Miscellaneous.		Documents Registered.	1895-96.	1896-97.	1895-96.	1896-97.										
			1896-97.	1895-96.	1896-97.	1895-96.	1896-97.	1895-96.	1896-97.	1895-96.	1896-97.	1895-96.																
1	3	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12																	
1	Akalkot..	...	812	817	350	368	337	338	...	...	...	...	125	111	812	816	1,23,333	0	10	1,33,752	4	6	...	1	...	...	1895-96.	1896-97.
2	Pilho	...	54	59	24	23	27	27	...	...	...	...	3	9	54	59	10,234	9	11	8,303	12	0	...	...	...	...	...	...
3	Kurla	...	55	84	31	40	8	10	...	...	...	...	16	34	55	84	23,596	7	0	10,324	7	8	...	...	...	...	...	...
	Total...	921	960	405	431	372	375	...	...	...	...	...	144	154	921	959	1,57,164	1	9	1,52,380	7	9	...	1	...	...	...	...

VITHAL TIKAJI,
Administrator, Akalkot State.
Akalkot, 23rd June 1897.

APPENDIX XVI.

Statement showing Agricultural Stock in the Akalkot State during the Year 1896-97.

Number.	District.	Cattle and other Quadrupeds.										Ploughs		Carts.	
		Bullocks.	Cows.	Buffaloes.		Horses.	Mares.	Foals.	Asses.	Sheep and Goats.	with two bullocks.	with four bullocks.	Riding carts.	Carts used in carrying.	
				Male.	Female.										
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	
1	Akalkot...	24,060	10,862	2,288	5,208	439	298	102	91	18,579	659	2,069	28	546	
2	Pilio ...	1,451	925	75	158	26	21	10	5	3,326	18	134	.....	43	
3	Kurla ...	663	472	110	174	7	12	7	.....	691	.....	60	.....	51	
	Total...	26,174	12,259	2,473	5,540	472	331	119	96	22,596	677	2,263	28	640	

VITHAL TIKAJI,

Administrator, Akalkot State.

Akalkot, 23rd June 1897.

APPENDIX XVII.

INCOME.						EXPENDITURE.					
No.	Heads of Receipt.	A. D. 1895-96.	A. D. 1896-97.	Increase.	Decrease.	No.	Heads of Expenditure.	A. D. 1895-96.	A. D. 1896-97.	Increase.	Decrease.
1	2	3	4	5	6	1	2	3	4	5	6
	Balance in the Treasury on 1st April ...	1,80,378 15 1	2,31,441 5 11	51,062 6 10							
1	Land Revenue—					1 A	Expenses of the Raj, Relations, Dependents and Private Establishment ...	93,611 0 9	1,15,461 5 1	21,850 4 4	
	1. Recoveries on account of former years ...	283 15 7	825 12 6	542 12 11				6,036 10 2	6,262 0 0	225 5 10	
	2. Do. do. current year. ...	2,33,181 10 9	2,05,510 7 6		30,671 3 3	2	Religious and Charitable Allowances—				
	3. Rent of Sheri land ...	4,887 8 9	6,310 7 3	1,422 14 6		1.	Deosthan allowances ...	1,882 10 0	1,665 9 10		167 0 2
						2.	Varshasandars ...	1,183 8 0	1,092 12 9		90 11 3
2	Local Funds ...	2,41,332 3 1	2,12,646 11 3	1,965 11 5	30,671 3 3			3,016 2 0	2,758 6 7		257 11 5
3	Sayer—	24,479 2 2	21,597 1 1		2,912 1 1	3	Hereditary Allowances—				
	1. Recoveries of license tax on account of former years ...	2,147 4 0	16 0 0		2,131 4 0	1.	Nemnakdars ...	4,530 3 0	4,703 3 0	173 0 0	
	2. Do. do. current year. ...	2,401 6 10	1,595 14 10		805 8 0	2.	Dengidars ...	305 0 0	71 8 0		234 8 0
	3. Moksabab ...	14,732 9 0	15,145 1 8	412 8 8		3.	Tashrifdars ...	429 0 0			429 0 0
	4. Customs, commuted allowance in lieu of ...	9,606 4 0	9,606 4 0					5,265 3 0	4,774 11 0	173 0 0	663 8 0
	5. Compensation on account of liquor contract due by the British Government ...	3,200 15 11	9,602 15 9	6,401 15 10		4	District Hereditary Officers—				
	6. Opium contract ...	1,636 12 9	1,453 12 0		183 0 9	1.	Hakdar District Hereditary Officers ...	11,208 9 2	11,039 8 4		169 0 10
	7. Bhang, Ganja contract. ...	681 1 7	471 12 6		209 5 1	2.	Sardeshmukhi Amal paid to British Government.	746 3 0	730 2 0		16 1 0
	8. Compensation for the Salt Revenues relinquished by the State ...	284 1 8	142 0 10		142 0 10			11,954 12 2	11,769 10 4		185 1 10
	9. Chandol ...	34,785 7 9	38,094 13 7	6,814 8 6	3,505 2 8	5	Village Hereditary Officers—				
						1.	Patels' allowances ...	4,971 14 0	4,867 14 71		103 15 1
						2.	Kulkarnis' allowances ...	8,110 5 7	8,181 10 10	71 5 3	
								13,032 8 7	13,049 9 9	71 5 3	103 15 1

15	4	Judicial—	683 10 0	1,043 3 6	359 9 6	315 0 0	1,809 11 0	1,860 12 0	51 1 0	.....
		1. Fines	381 9 0	66 9 0	.....	29 1 8	.....	.....	.....	.....
		2. Unclaimed property	47 11 6	18 9 10	.....	22 9 2	750 4 0	712 14 2	.....	37 5 10
		3. Intestate estate	53 7 10	30 14 8	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
		4. Fees in Civil Court	8 5 0	150 8 6	142 3 6	.....	2,559 15 0	2,573 10 2	51 1 0	37 5 10
		5. Miscellaneous	1,174 11 4	1,309 13 6	501 13 0	366 10 10	.....	.....	.....	.....
	5	Registration Fees	1,289 6 10	1,258 0 0	.....	31 6 10	210 0 0	210 0 0	.....	.....
	6	Stamps	10,160 7 0	8,733 6 6	.....	1,427 0 6	3 7 11	32 5 6	23 13 7	.....
	7	Educational	6,319 11 6	6,692 3 6	372 8 0	.....	213 7 11	242 5 6	28 13 7	.....
	8	Jail	311 11 9	324 10 0	12 14 3	.....	2,236 15 0	2,273 7 0	36 8 0	.....
	9	Private Establishment property.	1,299 14 1	1,575 7 11	276 9 10	.....	836 7 5	554 3 9	.....	272 3 8
	10	Miscellaneous—	11,082 1 6	2,368 6 5	.....	8,713 11 1	3,063 6 5	2,827 10 9	36 8 0	272 3 8
		1. Profit account	223 7 9	104 3 6	.....	119 4 3	.....	.....	.....	.....
		2. Jamindars' Haks	0 12 0	.....	62 13 1	0 12 0	5,027 2 3	4,165 0 11	.....	862 1 4
		3. Political Establishment .....	.....	.....	.....	.....	338 12 1	365 13 9	27 1 8	.....
		4. Huzur Office account	849 6 1	579 3 8	.....	270 2 5	.....	.....	.....	.....
		5. Public Works	121 15 6	119 3 1	.....	2 12 5	5,365 14 4	4,430 14 8	27 1 8	862 1 4
		6. Civil Court account	102 11 1	227 7 9	121 12 8	.....	13,073 5 0	12,933 2 3	.....	140 2 9
		7. Revenue Establishment account .....	.....	33 0 0	33 0 0	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
		8. Shibandi account	1,060 0 0	1,000 0 0	.....	.....	956 13 5	1,151 10 0	194 12 7	.....
		9. Medical accounts	3,044 10 4	1,360 2 3	.....	1,684 8 1	1,598 3 6	1,705 11 1	107 5 5	.....
		10. Miscellaneous accounts.	16,425 0 3	5,854 7 9	220 9 9	10,791 2 3	131 8 0	321 8 0	.....	.....
	11	Forests	6,216 12 9	5,080 1 11	.....	1,136 10 10	15,749 13 11	16,911 13 2	302 2 0	140 2 9
	12	Police	323 9 7	345 12 6	22 2 11	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
	13	Advances, deposits, &c.—	.....	.....	.....	.....	524 0 0	601 7 2	77 7 2	.....
		1. Recoveries on account of Takavi	141 0 0	.....	.....	141 0 0	1,325 7 1	1,655 9 2	329 2 1	.....
		2. Do. advances	19,308 2 3	25,810 9 1	6,502 6 10	.....	91 5 0	103 5 3	12 0 3	.....
		3. Do. deposits	24,350 7 3	958 12 5	.....	23,391 10 10	89 12 1	181 5 4	91 9 3	.....
		.....	43,799 9 6	26,769 5 6	6,502 6 10	23,532 10 10	2,031 8 2	2,541 10 11	510 2 9	.....
	14	Revision Survey	137 9 10	.....	.....	137 9 10	9,185 5 7	9,206 3 2	20 13 7	.....
		.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	285 1 6	464 15 1	178 13 7	.....
		.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	236 4 0	432 10 0	146 6 0	.....
		Total Receipts.....	8,88,075 5 5	3,80,252 15 0	16,089 4 6	74,511 10 11	9,757 11 1	10,103 12 3	346 1 2	.....

APPENDIX XVII—contd.

INCOME.						EXPENDITURE.					
No.	Heads of Receipt.	A. D. 1895-96.	A. D. 1896-97.	Increase.	Decrease.	No.	Heads of Expenditure.	A. D. 1895-96.	A. D. 1896-97.	Increase.	Decrease.
1.	2	3	4	5	6	1	2	3	4	5	6
13		Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	13	Shibandi—	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.
							1. Establishment..	3,856 8 11	3,817 5 8	.....	39 3 3
							2. Extra Expenditure ..	490 15 11	640 11 3	149 11 4	.....
								4,347 8 10	4,458 0 7	149 11 4	39 3 3
14						14	Judicial Expenses—				
							1. Fines remitted, &c.	22 0 0	7 0 0	.....	15 0 0
							2. Batta to witnesses	533 8 0	424 1 6	.....	109 6 6
							3. Prosecutors' fees	467 2 0	296 6 0	.....	170 12 0
							4. Miscellaneous ..	147 14 11	106 1 0	.....	41 13 11
								1,170 8 11	833 8 6	.....	337 0 5
15						15	Stamps ..	1,271 14 10	406 7 6	.....	865 7 4
16						16	Committed Payment to British Government in lieu of Akalkot Contingent ..	14,592 0 0	14,592 0 0	.....	.....
17						17	Pensions—				
							1. Pensions to Akalkot Contingent ..	1,506 15 6	1,479 6 5	.....	27 9 1
							2. Pensions ..	5,112 9 2	4,437 2 8	.....	675 6 6
								6,619 8 8	5,916 9 1	.....	702 15 7
18						18	Medical ..	3,253 14 1	3,175 9 0	.....	78 5 1
19						19	Educational—				
							1. Establishment ..	9,053 10 0	9,195 3 4	141 9 4	.....
							2. Extra Expenditure ..	644 15 3	700 6 3	55 7 0	.....
								9,698 9 3	9,895 9 7	197 0 4	.....

20	<i>Local Fund—</i>					
	1. Establishment	666 14 2	863 9 10	196 11 8	.....	.....
	2. Remuneration to cattle- pound keepers	484 7 9	377 4 0	.....	.....	107 3 9
	3. Contribution to schools.	5,166 0 0	5,500 0 0	334 0 0	.....	.....
	4. Do. to Dispensary.	1,000 0 0	1,000 0 0	.....	.....	.....
	5. Conservancy	2,549 3 5	2,584 3 3	34 15 10	.....	.....
	6. Vaccination	323 15 4	338 10 7	9 11 3	.....	.....
	7. Refunds, &c.	0 9 3	9 1 5	8 8 2	.....	.....
	8. Roads and road side trees	2,139 3 7	3,133 11 0	994 7 5	.....	.....
	9. Dharmshullas	2,894 3 0	2,029 10 10	.....	.....	864 8 3
	10. Wells	3,231 15 11	1,631 10 4	.....	.....	1,540 5 7
	11. Buildings	138 12 0	28 0 0	.....	.....	110 12 0
	12. Extra Expenditure ...	253 15 0	1,486 15 5	1,240 0 5	.....	.....
21	<i>Public Works—</i>	18,852 3 5	19,047 12 8	2,818 6 9	.....	2,622 13 6
	1. Establishment	800 0 0	1,000 0 0	200 0 0	.....	.....
	2. Chowdees	586 9 4	126 10 0	.....	.....	459 15 4
	3. Roads	1,177 7 10	2,990 4 6	1,812 12 8	.....	.....
	4. Repairs to and construc- tion of the state and the Raje Saheb's build- ings	13,485 6 9	24,654 2 10	11,168 12 1	.....	.....
	5. Proposed scheme of water-supply to the town of Akalkot	2,047 7 10	3,344 12 2	1,297 4 4	.....	.....
	6. Wells ... ..	.....	20 0 0	20 0 0	.....	.....
	7. Miscellaneous	2,348 2 2	3,564 3 1	1,216 0 11	.....	.....
		20,445 1 11	35,700 0 7	15,714 14 0	.....	459 15 4
22	<i>Registration Accounts</i>	231 11 7	251 2 7	19 7 0	.....	.....
23	<i>Forest Account—</i>				.....	.....
	1. Establishment	1,730 3 0	1,741 0 1	10 13 1	.....	.....
	2. Extra Expenditure ...	168 7 6	179 0 5	10 8 11	.....	.....
		1,898 10 6	1,920 0 6	21 6 0	.....	.....
24	<i>Miscellaneous—</i>				.....	.....
	1. Loss (including remis- sions) Income Tax, &c.	943 10 5	333 12 10	.....	.....	609 13 7
	2. Refunds	376 6 6	834 2 7	457 12 1	.....	.....
	3. Extra Expenditure ...	16,102 1 9	10,909 14 9	.....	.....	5,192 8 0
		17,422 2 8	12,077 14 2	457 12 1	.....	5,802 9 7

APPENDIX XVII—*concl.*

No.	INCOME.				EXPENDITURE.					
	Heads of Receipt.	A. D. 1895-96.	A. D. 1896-97.	No.	Heads of Expenditure.	A. D. 1895-96.	A. D. 1896-97.	Increase.	Decrease.	
1	2	3	4	5	6	1	2	3	4	5
		Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	25	<i>Advances, Deposits, &c.—</i>	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.
							1. Takavi ...			
							2. Advances recoverable...			
							3. Deposits...			
		Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	26	<i>Revision Survey ...</i>	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.
		Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	27	<i>Provision for marriage ex- penses of the three Princesses of the late Raje Sahab ...</i>	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.
		Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.		<i>Total Expenditure ...</i>	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.
		Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.		<i>Balance in the Treasury ...</i>	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.
	GRAND TOTAL...	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.		<i>GRAND TOTAL...</i>	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.

VITHAL TIKAJI,

Administrator, Akalkot State.

Akalkot, 23rd June 1897.



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